1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA		
2	WEST PALM BEACH DIVISION  CASE NO. 23-cr-80101-AMC		
3	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	Fort Pierce, Florida	
4	Plaintiff,		
5		June 21, 2024	
6	VS.	9:33 a.m 2:21 p.m.	
7	DONALD J. TRUMP, WALTINE NAUTA, CARLOS DE OLIVEIRA,		
8	Defendant.	Pages 1 to 197	
10	TRANSCRIPT OF MOTIONS		
11	BEFORE THE HONORABLE AILEEN M. CANNON UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE		
12	APPEARANCES:		
13	FOR THE GOVERNMENT:		
14		S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Y I. BRATT, ESQ.	
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21		Official Court Reporter to the Honorable Aileen M. Cannon
22		United States District Court Fort Pierce, Florida
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- 1 (Call to the order of the Court.)
- 2 THE COURT: Good morning. Please be seated. Let's
- 3 call the case.
- 4 COURTROOM DEPUTY: United States of
- 5 America v. Donald J. Trump, Waltine Nauta, and
- 6 Carlos De Oliveira.
- 7 Will counsel please make your appearances, starting
- 8 with Special Counsel.
- 9 MR. BRATT: Good morning, Your Honor. Jay Bratt,
- 10 James Pearce, and David Harbach on behalf of the United States.
- 11 THE COURT: Thank you.
- MR. BOVE: Good morning, Your Honor. Emil Bove,
- 13 Todd Blanche, and Chris Kise here for President Trump, who is
- 14 not here today with leave of the Court.
- 15 THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
- Who is here for Mr. Nauta?
- MR. WOODWARD: Good morning, Your Honor.
- 18 Stanley Woodward and Sasha Dadan on behalf of Mr. Nauta.
- 19 THE COURT: Thank you.
- 20 And who is here for Mr. De Oliveira?
- MR. IRVING: Good morning, Your Honor.
- John Irving and Donnie Murrell on behalf of
- 23 Mr. De Oliveira, who is also not here.
- 24 THE COURT: All right. Thank you, all. Good morning.
- 25 Good morning to everybody in the gallery.

- 1 As usual, I will make the reminders that there are no
- 2 electronic devices permitted in the courtroom. We have set up
- 3 the overflow room.
- 4 Ms. Cassisi, I don't see the live stream. Is that
- 5 functional?
- 6 COURTROOM DEPUTY: It should be, Your Honor. Give me
- 7 one second.
- 8 THE COURT: We may need to recess briefly to ensure
- 9 that anybody wishing to view these proceedings has that
- 10 ability. So I'm going to step off the bench momentarily to
- 11 make sure we have that access set up. Thank you.
- We are in a brief recess.
- 13 (A recess was taken from 9:35 a.m. to 9:37 a.m.)
- 14 THE COURT: All right. Thank you. Hello again. You
- 15 may be seated. I have been advised that the overflow room is
- 16 receiving the feed, both audio and video. So we are all set to
- 17 proceed.
- We have had appearances. I will then set forth the
- 19 motion that is to be heard today, which, as the parties are
- 20 aware, is entitled: Defendant Trump's motion to dismiss
- 21 indictment based on unlawful appointment of Special Counsel
- 22 Jack Smith.
- This is filed at entry 326. Defendants Nauta and
- 24 De Oliveira join the motion. There is a separate aspect to
- 25 this motion that will be covered on Monday.

- I have reviewed the Special Counsel's opposition, along
- 2 with the reply filed in support of the motion. The Court also
- 3 authorized the filing of three amicus briefs on the
- 4 Appointments Clause question. One of those briefs has been
- 5 filed by Former Attorneys General Meese and Mukasey, along with
- 6 law professors Steven Calabresi and Gary Lawson, an
- 7 organization, Citizens United and Citizens United Foundation.
- 8 There is a second amicus brief filed by
- 9 Professor Seth Tillman and Landmark Legal Foundation in support
- 10 of a motion to dismiss, and that can be found on the docket at
- 11 entry 410-2.
- 12 And finally, there is the amicus brief filed by the
- 13 constitutional lawyers, which consists of constitutional
- 14 lawyers, former government officials, and State Democracy
- 15 Defenders Action, which is at entry 429.
- 16 The Court also ordered and received supplemental
- 17 briefing addressing and eschewing the need for further factual
- development on the motion, at least as relates to the
- 19 Appointments Clause component.
- I understand we have the three presenting attorneys for
- 21 the amicus in the courtroom. And those individuals are:
- 22 Josh Blackman, Gene Schaerr, and Matthew Seligman.
- The plan for today is to begin with defense counsel
- 24 because it is their motion, then turn to the Special Counsel's
- 25 team, then likely break for lunch, depending on the time and

- 1 where we are.
- Is there an issue with the IT?
- 3 (Off-the-record discussion with IT.)
- 4 THE COURT: All right. Do we have confirmation that
- 5 it's streaming to the second floor?
- 6 COURT SECURITY OFFICER: Yes.
- 7 COURTROOM DEPUTY: Yes, Your Honor.
- 8 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you, Larry. Okay.
- 9 So that is the plan. After we hear from the amicus
- 10 parties, then I will be winding up with rebuttal from the
- 11 parties, as appropriate. I do want to just understand, in
- 12 terms of who is going to be presenting argument for the defense
- 13 side, who will that be today?
- 14 MR. BOVE: I will be arguing for President Trump.
- 15 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Woodward, do you plan on
- 16 presenting oral argument today?
- MR. WOODWARD: No, Your Honor.
- 18 THE COURT: Mr. Irving?
- MR. IRVING: No, Your Honor.
- 20 THE COURT: Okay. All right. Then let's start with
- 21 Mr. Bove.
- MR. BOVE: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
- 23 So this motion today, we are focused on two components
- 24 of the Appointments Clause. First, the part of the clause that
- 25 requires that a Special Counsel be appointed and an officer be

- 1 appointed by law; and that is what is addressed in our motions
- 2 with respect to several of the statutes in Title 28 that the
- 3 Special Counsel has argued in this case, and in previous cases,
- 4 justify the appointment. And then we're also relying on the
- 5 principal officer argument in the amicus brief filed by
- 6 Attorneys General Meese and Mukasey.
- 7 THE COURT: So am I correct that you're not taking the
- 8 position that the Special Counsel is merely an employee?
- 9 MR. BOVE: That is correct, Judge. That's a very
- 10 thoughtful amicus submission by Professors Tillman and Blackman
- 11 that raises some important points, we think. But
- 12 we're -- there is too much tension, from our perspective,
- 13 between the employee argument and the arguments that we're
- 14 presenting about the bylaw language and the principal officer.
- 15 THE COURT: So you're proceeding on the "he qualifies
- 16 at least as an inferior officer, and then also, potentially, in
- 17 your view, as a superior"; is that correct?
- MR. BOVE: Yes, Judge.
- 19 THE COURT: Okay. Continue.
- MR. BOVE: And so, with respect to the bylaw part of
- 21 this argument, I don't think that there is -- there is any
- 22 dispute that the Special Counsel regulations, the Reno
- 23 Regulations, do not qualify as a provision that would authorize
- 24 this appointment. And really, what's been put forward by the
- 25 Special Counsel's Office in this case are two provisions of

- 1 Title 28; they're Section 533 and Section 515. And
- 2 when -- when attention is drawn, when focus is given to the
- 3 text of those statutes, I don't think that there is much of a
- 4 question that that statutory text does not authorize the
- 5 Attorney General's appointment of the Special Counsel in this
- 6 case.
- 7 And we're mindful of the fact that we come before
- 8 Your Honor in the context of a record that involves some
- 9 litigation in the District of Columbia relating to a prior
- 10 Special Counsel. I don't think that even in those -- in many
- 11 of those proceedings, at least, those decisions, there was a
- 12 lot of careful analysis of the text of those statutes. And so
- 13 that is where I would like to begin this morning. And I would
- 14 like to start with Section 533-1.
- 15 This -- this is a provision that in litigation in the
- 16 District of Columbia, the Concord Management case,
- 17 Judge Friedrich said: That there are strong arguments that
- 18 this provision does not confer the authority at issue here.
- 19 And I think that the reason that -- that that Court found that
- 20 they were strong arguments, and the reason they are, in fact,
- 21 meritorious arguments, is that this is a provision that refers
- 22 to officials, not officers. It is not a provision that
- 23 authorizes the appointment of an officer as required by the
- 24 Appointments Clause.
- 25 And this is language, often -- distinction, "officers

- 1 versus officials," that Congress has drawn both in this
- 2 chapter, Chapter 33, and in the adjacent chapter, Chapter 31.
- 3 And so we can look to Section 535, where Congress makes
- 4 specific reference to officers and employees; 509, there is a
- 5 reference to other officers; 516, officers; and in 519 as well.
- 6 And that is a critical distinction in our mind because
- 7 this is a provision that is being relied on by the government
- 8 to justify this appointment, and it doesn't say what the
- 9 Constitution requires. It doesn't provide for the appointment
- 10 of an officer.
- 11 Congress also knows outside of the Attorney General DOJ
- 12 statutes how to authorize the appointment of officers. And
- 13 we've laid out some of those in our briefing, and it's also in
- 14 the Attorney General's amicus, that's in -- the Department of
- 15 Agriculture has a specific officer-appointing statute; so does
- 16 the Department of Education; HHS does; and the Department of
- 17 Transportation as well.
- In addition to all of that, there is a specific
- 19 officer-appointing provision in Title 18 relating to the Bureau
- 20 of Prisons only.
- 21 So with all of this context, Judge, we just do not
- 22 think that this term "may appoint officials" can be read to
- 23 authorize the appointment of an officer like the Special
- 24 Counsel in this case.
- 25 THE COURT: Are you aware of any other general vesting

- 1 clauses that use the word "official"?
- MR. BOVE: There is a Bureau of Prisons statute that we
- 3 cite, 18 U.S.C., 404(1) -- excuse me, use "official."
- 4 THE COURT: Correct.
- 5 MR. BOVE: I'm not, Judge.
- And so this -- this is why I say that the text of these
- 7 statutes really matters here. And this is not a provision that
- 8 authorizes the appointment of an officer. We think that this
- 9 is best read to authorize the appointment of employees, like
- 10 special agents of the FBI.
- 11 THE COURT: Would you agree that the word "official" is
- 12 used throughout the U.S. Code in various definitional sections,
- 13 for example, identified by the constitutional lawyer's brief?
- 14 What to be made of that?
- MR. BOVE: I think that it is used throughout the
- 16 U.S. Code, but not in a way that authorizes appointments, and
- 17 not in a way that would authorize this type of appointment to
- 18 create an office like the office of the Special Counsel. And
- 19 if -- if "officials" is read this way, then many of the other
- 20 parts of Chapter 33 and Chapter 31 don't make any sense with
- 21 the statutes -- the parts of the statute that authorize the
- 22 appointment of the Deputy Attorney General, the Assistant
- 23 Attorney General, the Associate Attorney General. All of those
- 24 provisions specifically refer to officers.
- 25 And so this -- if 533 is a general authorization to

- 1 appoint any type of inferior officer that the Attorney General
- 2 sees fit, then the rest of the carefully set-up structure of
- 3 this -- these two chapters doesn't make any sense.
- 4 THE COURT: What do you make of the reference to
- 5 "prosecute" in 533, where it references appointing officials to
- 6 detect and prosecute crimes against the United States?
- 7 MR. BOVE: I think that is a term that is
- 8 ambiguous in this setting. It's ambiguous, first, because it
- 9 is located in a chapter about the FBI. But second, because
- 10 there are times when that word "prosecute" is used in a
- 11 more -- doesn't necessarily mean criminal prosecution. It's
- 12 used in a manner that connotes pushing forward with a case,
- 13 with a litigation.
- 14 So, for example, a Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41
- 15 refers to a failure to prosecute, and it means to litigate.
- 16 And so there are employees and people within the FBI that have
- 17 the ability to litigate in that context. And so I don't think
- 18 that this is limited -- I don't think that this means,
- 19 necessarily, criminally prosecute. And I think that there are
- 20 attorneys at the FBI who do that type of work and assist in
- 21 prosecutions, in any event.
- 22 And so for both those reasons, this does not, from our
- 23 perspective, create the ability of the Attorney General to make
- 24 a general appointment of any type of inferior officer that he
- 25 sees fit.

- 1 THE COURT: Historically, can you shed any light on the
- 2 use of 533 as a basis for the appointment of an independent
- 3 counsel or a Special Counsel?
- 4 MR. BOVE: I can, Judge. And I think that that is
- 5 important. Because from -- from what I have seen, there is a
- 6 citation to 533 in the Supreme Court's Nixon decision that
- 7 I assume we are going to talk about at some point this morning.
- 8 And then it's really not relied on after that point, to my
- 9 mind, until the order in this case appointing Jack Smith.
- 10 And that holds even for -- the Mueller appointment
- order does not cite 533. And I take that as recognition that a
- 12 statute that references officials explicitly doesn't authorize,
- 13 pursuant to the Appointments Clause, the appointment of an
- 14 officer. And I certainly think that even in the Nixon case,
- 15 there is -- there is no analysis or thought put into what that
- 16 term means and what it authorizes. And I don't think that it's
- 17 been used again until this case.
- 18 THE COURT: Has it been used after this appointment
- 19 order?
- 20 MR. BOVE: Yes. It's also cited in the order
- 21 appointing Robert Hur.
- 22 THE COURT: So do you take the position that if a
- 23 general vesting statute doesn't use the word "officer," it
- 24 can't operate as a general vesting clause?
- 25 MR. BOVE: I think that's right textually, Judge, but I

- 1 don't think you need to -- I don't think you need to go that
- 2 far in the context of 533 to resolve this part of the motion in
- 3 our favor. Because in addition to what the -- the words of 533
- 4 actually say, there is a very important context here, a series
- 5 of provisions that precede 533 that are very specific about the
- 6 use of the word "officer."
- 7 There is a provision of Title 18 relating to the Bureau
- 8 of Prisons only that uses the word "officer." And then there's
- 9 this provision in a section relating to the FBI that says
- 10 "official." And so I think, yes, there is a strong categorical
- 11 argument that in a situation that is as important as whether or
- 12 not the Appointments Clause is satisfied, particularly when
- 13 Your Honor is interpreting the statute in light of what has
- 14 been increased focus by the Supreme Court, on this type of
- issue, and on textual analysis of this type of issue, that,
- 16 yes, categorically, that's required.
- But you don't need to go that far, because in the
- 18 context of everything else that's going on in Title 28 and
- 19 Title 18 here, to look -- to read this term to mean something
- 20 that it doesn't say doesn't fit with the rest of what's going
- 21 on in these provisions.
- 22 THE COURT: All right. Please turn to any other
- 23 statutes you wish to comment on.
- MR. BOVE: So I'm focusing this morning on the -- the
- 25 arguments that the Special Counsel's Office has made both in

- 1 this case and in the litigation in the District of Columbia
- 2 based on -- relating to Robert Mueller's appointment. And so
- 3 the other provision -- there was no argument about 533 in the
- 4 Mueller litigation, whether that -- in any of those cases.
- 5 The statute that drew a lot of the focus, as I
- 6 understand it, is 515. And so I would like to spend some time
- 7 there.
- 8 And I think where I'd like to start is with the
- 9 judicial analysis of 515 in the District of Columbia. This
- 10 Concord Management case was very clear. This 515 does not
- 11 explicitly empower the acting Attorney General to appoint or
- 12 retain anyone. In Re: Sealed case -- this is the D.C. circuit
- in 1987. I think a big part of why the District of Columbia
- 14 courts were inclined to deny Appointments Clause motions
- 15 relating to Mueller was this 1987 In Re: Sealed case. That
- 16 panel also said 515 does -- do not explicitly authorize this
- 17 appointment.
- And so, obviously In Re: Sealed case comes out against
- 19 us; it comes out the other way. But it's striking to me that
- 20 both -- both those courts, and I think others, acknowledge that
- 21 when you look at the text of 515, it doesn't say what the
- 22 Attorney General has said, in litigating positions, they think
- 23 that it means.
- 24 And so when you start with just -- just the plain
- 25 English, 515(a) is about restricting the scope of -- excuse

- 1 me -- expanding the scope of the authorities of properly
- 2 appointed special attorney. It is about setting the duties and
- 3 the responsibilities and, to some extent, the geographic
- 4 limitations on somebody who has already been appointed pursuant
- 5 to a statute that authorizes the appointment of an officer.
- 6 515(b) --
- 7 THE COURT: What do you take the meaning of a special
- 8 attorney to be in 515? Is it the same special attorney
- 9 referenced in 543 and in 519?
- 10 MR. BOVE: Thank you for asking, Judge. I think that's
- 11 so important to this argument, and I think that what you just
- 12 said is exactly right. And it gets back to why the textual
- 13 analysis is so important here.
- 14 There is -- there is -- 515(a) is specifically limited
- 15 to two types of attorneys, neither of which fits the bill for
- 16 what's going on in this courtroom.
- 17 There are attorneys who are assisting the Attorney
- 18 General; that's not what we have here. And I think, really,
- 19 when we get to the principal officer argument, it's quite the
- 20 opposite. And then you have this term, "special attorney,"
- 21 that is -- if -- if we're going to be focused on the text of
- 22 the statutes, as we must be, that term is then defined in 543,
- 23 the title of that provision is "special attorney."
- 24 THE COURT: You would agree there is no explicit
- 25 cross-reference, though, to 543 and 515?

- 1 MR. BOVE: I agree with that, Judge. But I think that
- 2 these -- these provisions are so closely -- just, their
- 3 proximity is so close within Title 28 that this is the most
- 4 obvious place to look. This is where -- I mean, there is a
- 5 statute several sections down that says this is what a special
- 6 attorney is.
- 7 If we are trying to figure out what Congress meant in
- 8 515 by that term, that is the most obvious place to look. And
- 9 it's -- you don't drop down all the way to Section 543. As you
- 10 pointed out, you look, I think, to 519, which also references
- "special attorney" and makes a point, in the same chapter as
- 12 515, to look down to 543.
- And so that is -- you know, these are the -- those are
- 14 the two types of attorneys that are referenced in 515.
- 15 THE COURT: So what is a special attorney? Is it any
- 16 different from --
- 17 MR. BOVE: It --
- 18 THE COURT: -- excuse me -- a special assistant?
- MR. BOVE: I think so, yes, Judge.
- THE COURT: What is the difference between a special
- 21 attorney to the Attorney General, perhaps, versus a special
- 22 assistant to the Attorney General?
- MR. BOVE: I think that there is a special assistant to
- 24 the Attorney General -- I think that both terms contemplate
- 25 somebody coming from outside of the government. I think a

- 1 special -- a special assistant to the Attorney General
- 2 contemplates a more direct reporting relationship, sort
- 3 of -- and I think this is part of the issue when you start to
- 4 try and stretch that term to reach a Special Counsel-type
- 5 position, because it's somebody who is more akin to a DAAG,
- 6 somebody reporting and assisting the Attorney General, somebody
- 7 who comes in from outside of the government to serve in that
- 8 capacity, who -- almost like a shadow DAAG, somebody at a high
- 9 level. I think that's what it means to be an assistant to the
- 10 Attorney General.
- 11 A special attorney, as defined in 543(a), I think -- I
- 12 think you look there and it says "to assist United States
- 13 attorneys." And so this -- clearly, the Special Counsel here
- 14 is not assisting a United States attorney. It's -- once again,
- and I think the Attorney General amicus does a very good job of
- 16 laying out this concern, that there is a -- basically, if you
- 17 read the statutes in this way, it comes -- it can lead to a
- 18 conclusion where the Attorney General has the ability to set up
- 19 a shadow government and to have people operating without, you
- 20 know, the specifics of the procedures that are laid out in
- 21 504 --
- 22 THE COURT: That sounds very ominous, this shadow
- 23 government, but what do you really mean?
- MR. BOVE: I mean, inferior officers who are not -- who
- 25 don't receive confirmation from the Senate and they serve in

- 1 positions that are akin to deputy attorney generals, as defined
- 2 in 504, or for a special attorney, somebody who's -- in the
- 3 same way, a U.S. attorney would be confirmed, this person is
- 4 not, and that is the risks that we're running.
- 5 THE COURT: But is that really a realistic risk when
- 6 you have, arguably, well-defined regulations and various other
- 7 statutes that delineate the positions of various other officers
- 8 within the Department?
- 9 MR. BOVE: I think that it's more than a realistic
- 10 risk. I think that it -- in many ways, that's what happened
- 11 here. There is a Special Counsel operating in a physical
- 12 building in the District of Columbia, convening and relying on
- 13 grand jury proceedings in the District of Columbia, in a case
- 14 here that could have never conceivably been venued any place
- but here, avoiding the judges of this bench, avoiding the grand
- 16 jury --
- 17 THE COURT: Well, I don't know if it's fair to draw
- 18 aspersions in that direction.
- 19 Focusing again on the text, though, what limitations
- 20 would exist within the framework of Title 28 to potentially
- 21 prevent this notion of a shadow government that you have
- 22 suggested?
- MR. BOVE: I think it is the Appointments Clause. I
- 24 think it is that without a careful focus on the text of what
- 25 these statutes do and do not authorize, you lead to these

- 1 risks. You lead to -- you run into situations where Special
- 2 Counsels can be appointed without the type of oversight and the
- 3 type of confirmation and interaction that -- that is required
- 4 so that they're accountable. I think that that's what the --
- 5 the lack of textual analysis has led us to this place, and that
- 6 is why the motion, I think, wins, because these statutes do not
- 7 do what the government says they do.
- 8 And the only way that they can get there is to rely on
- 9 cases that are either -- that did not engage with these issues,
- 10 as Nixon, or are not binding on Your Honor.
- 11 THE COURT: What is your view of the interplay between
- 12 515(a) and (b)? I take the Special Counsel's brief to be
- 13 relying, really, on (b). And I'm wondering what does (a) do,
- if anything, in the analysis?
- MR. BOVE: I think (a) provides context that supports
- our position, but it does no more than that. And when I say
- 17 that it provides context that supports our position, what I
- 18 mean is that (a) is crafted in terms of the past tense,
- 19 "appointed." It also -- it refers to a separate source of
- 20 authority for the appointment by the Attorney General under
- 21 law.
- 22 And so I think that these parts of 515(a) sort of
- 23 inform what -- what the past tense means, "retained" and
- "commissioned," in 515(b). And when the -- 515(b) says "under
- 25 authority of the Department of Justice." When you read these

- 1 two provisions together -- and I acknowledge some of the
- 2 history cited by the government that these provisions sort of
- 3 came from separate places and were merged. But for -- for
- 4 purposes of this motion, we need to go by what they say today
- 5 and what they authorized around the time of the appointment in
- 6 November of '22 of Jack Smith. And they do not say that --
- 7 these do not serve as independent bases for an appointment of
- 8 an officer. They -- they refer to other sources of authority,
- 9 which we don't think exist, that need to be relied on.
- 10 And so that's why -- that's why we think -- frankly,
- 11 assume that to -- the government, when it came time to appoint
- 12 Smith to shore up its position, to do the best they could, they
- 13 added 533 to try and get to another place with a textual
- 14 commitment of authority for an appointment.
- 15 Looking back to Nixon, that was a statute that was
- 16 cited in Nixon. We can't get around that; that's true. And so
- 17 that jumps back in -- 533 jumps back in when it wasn't in the
- 18 Mueller order.
- 19 THE COURT: What do you make of the terminology
- "specially retained" in 515(b)?
- 21 MR. BOVE: I think it's just -- it's another point,
- Judge, where, instead of using the terminology that is
- 23 consistent and required by -- consistent with and required by
- 24 the Appointments Clause, these ideas that people can be
- 25 retained in the sense of hiring from outside of the government

- 1 to serve in certain capacities to assist either the Attorney
- 2 General or the U.S. attorney.
- 3 THE COURT: Is there anything to draw from the word
- 4 "commissioned"?
- 5 MR. BOVE: I think that what I draw from it is it's
- 6 another past tense verb in this provision that, to me, points
- 7 in the direction of there needs to be a separate source of
- 8 authority because 515(b) contemplates somebody who has already
- 9 been properly appointed and is now at a point where the
- 10 commission needs to be entered.
- 11 THE COURT: Is the act of providing a commission more
- 12 consistent with officers?
- MR. BOVE: I'm not sure that that's right, Judge. I
- 14 would have to look back at that.
- 15 THE COURT: All right. So why don't you address the
- 16 history, which is treated in the Special Counsel's opposition;
- 17 and I know it's been addressed in other authorities. And by
- 18 that, I mean the history of the use of special prosecutors. I
- 19 want to be careful with the terminology.
- 20 And when we say "special prosecutor" or "independent
- 21 counsel" or "Special Counsel," we're carefully attuned to what
- 22 those individuals' roles actually were in comparison to what
- 23 we're addressing now.
- MR. BOVE: Thank you, Your Honor. And I will do my
- 25 best with the terminology; I think it shifted over time. And I

- 1 think that part of the reason that it shifted is that there
- 2 were -- in these previous cases, there were other sources of
- 3 authority relied on for the appointments at issue. And so I
- 4 will start with -- with Nixon, if I could, Judge.
- 5 THE COURT: Well, that -- but part of my question is:
- 6 Where do we start in that history? Do we focus on the modern
- 7 history starting in 1974, or do we go backwards, you know, all
- 8 the way to the 1800s where -- and it's hard to find some of
- 9 these sources -- where there is reference to the existence of
- 10 special prosecutors, what exactly their role was, and the
- 11 degree of their independence is not entirely clear?
- MR. BOVE: I think that for our purposes, for President
- 13 Trump's purposes, the last thing that you said is the most
- 14 important. There is a varied history and practice with respect
- 15 to bringing in attorneys, either from within the government, as
- 16 in the case of Patrick Fitzgerald, or from outside of the
- 17 government, as we have here. There are -- there is a history.
- 18 History and practice, though, can't overcome the text of these
- 19 statutes. And that is ultimately our position and what we're
- 20 relying on in this motion.
- 21 THE COURT: Is there something to be said, though --
- 22 this is referenced -- about Congressional acquiescence to this
- 23 practice?
- MR. BOVE: I really don't think so, Judge, because when
- 25 we talk -- I think it goes back to the point you made about

- 1 different terminology. When we talk about "this practice," the
- 2 practice has shifted over time, and the Supreme Court's focus
- 3 on the Appointments Clause has shifted over time. And so to
- 4 look to pre-Buckley practice, when I don't think that
- 5 the -- the Appointments Clause was getting this level of focus
- 6 and scrutiny, I don't think it can -- it can't inform a textual
- 7 analysis of what these statutes do and do not authorize.
- 8 That's the issue for us.
- 9 THE COURT: What about some of those other cases? The
- 10 Special Counsel refers to a prosecution in New York involving a
- 11 prosecutor or a defendant by the name of Rosenthal. And then
- 12 there is a subsequent case called Persico that, I think,
- 13 endeavors to discuss some of this history. Have you studied
- 14 those authorities, and what can you offer on them?
- 15 MR. BOVE: So I have looked at Rosenthal. And I think
- 16 that its relevance here is that that is what drove in large
- 17 measure the text of 515(a). It was a case where there were
- 18 concerns at a district court level about whether a -- I'm not
- 19 sure what the -- a special -- a special attorney had authority
- 20 to work in grand jury proceedings. And so Congress then came
- 21 in and -- the predecessor to 515(a) -- to fix that problem.
- 22 And that's why I said that I think today the right way to look
- 23 at 515(a) is to think about it as a statute that governs, in
- 24 part, a geography and, in part, sort of scope and duties of
- 25 what somebody who is properly appointed from a separate source

- 1 can handle.
- 2 THE COURT: So do you view that history as kind of
- 3 authorizing the assistant role, so to speak, that ultimately
- 4 features in the text of 515, or is it more akin to the
- 5 independent Special Counsel that we're faced with now?
- 6 MR. BOVE: I think to the extent that we're looking
- 7 at -- and we have to look at 515 as, you know, what's currently
- 8 on the books; and it's referencing this special attorney
- 9 concept. I think that's the way to frame it, is some -- that
- 10 what the statute currently authorizes, which is what matters,
- is someone who can assist a U.S. attorney or assist, in a
- 12 direct way, the Attorney General, but not someone with the
- independence that we see from the Special Counsel.
- 14 THE COURT: In your view -- and what would be the best
- 15 source, historical source, to review, kind of, like an overview
- of the history of special prosecutors?
- 17 MR. BOVE: Honestly, Judge, my candid answer to that
- 18 question would be Mr. Schaerr. I think that that is a brief
- 19 that reflects it -- an attention to detail on some of the
- 20 historical points and some of the real practical realities of
- 21 the expansion of this role, so we get to a place where there is
- 22 no more Ethics in Government Act. There is, I think, the Reno
- 23 Regulations that have limitations, and a sprawling Special
- 24 Counsel who is now conducting two prosecutions in two
- 25 districts.

1 THE COURT: I would like to focus on the regulations for a minute. What in the regulation speaks to the Attorney 2 3 General having the authority to direct the Special Counsel's decisions with respect to the exercise of his jurisdiction as 4 defined in the appointment order? 5 MR. BOVE: I think, you know, this sort of -- to my 6 7 mind trends over towards the principal officer argument in that 8 the parts of the regulation that we think are most relevant 9 there are at 600.7, where, in subparagraph B, it's clear that 10 the -- a Special Counsel acting in a way that's consistent with 11 those regulations is not subject to the day-to-day supervision 12 of the Attorney General. 13 That same paragraph says that, when there is sort of a 14 dispute or Attorney General review, that there is deference to 15 the Special Counsel's view, quote, "great weight to the views 16 of the Special Counsel," and that those are things that 17 emphasize that this really is sort of a free-floating principal 18 officer, as opposed to somebody who is subject to the oversight 19 and control of the Attorney General which is ultimately one of the key issues, if not the -- the key issue on the principal 20 21 officer argument. 22 THE COURT: But under the Edmond line of authority, 23 would you acknowledge that at least at some level, those 24 decisions really just speak in terms of whether you are

subordinate to a principal officer, and kind of end the

25

- 1 analysis at that point?
- 2 MR. BOVE: I do -- I think that -- that there are
- 3 readings of Edmond that are like that. I don't think that's an
- 4 unfair characterization; that, to be an inferior officer, there
- 5 must be a superior; right? I think that is the -- the logic of
- 6 what some people have taken out of Edmond. But I think, even
- 7 if you take that at face value, that's not what we have here,
- 8 at least right now.
- 9 When Attorney General Garland issued the order
- 10 appointing Jack Smith, he said he expected that Smith would
- 11 independently manage an investigation and prosecution -- I'm
- 12 quoting -- "to exercise independent prosecutorial judgment."
- And in Congressional testimony this month, Attorney
- 14 General Garland doubled-down on that and said that he appointed
- 15 Smith because he was independent.
- And then I think both in our papers and in the Attorney
- 17 General amicus, we cited to a motion in limine filing from
- 18 December of last year by the Special Counsel in the District of
- 19 Columbia where the prosecutors really scoffed at the idea that
- 20 there was coordination and oversight from, you know -- that was
- 21 framed in terms of the Biden administration, but Attorney
- 22 General Garland is very much a part of that.
- 23 And that -- that actually goes directly to the point
- 24 that you have a head of the department, under the Edmond line,
- 25 needs to be the superior, and Jack Smith, the inferior. When

- 1 we expressed concerns about that, the Special Counsel's Office
- 2 argued in response that there -- that there was -- that that
- 3 was wholly false, that coordination with the Biden
- 4 administration was nonexistent.
- 5 And so I think that in this case, in the way that the
- 6 Special Counsel has been authorized and is operating, that he
- 7 is -- he is a principal officer because of the way that the
- 8 Attorney General -- and even in the Special Counsel's Office is
- 9 staffed, and court filings, is holding him out to operate.
- 10 THE COURT: Zooming out, though, from this case and
- 11 just looking at the regulations, do you know if they would
- 12 require the Attorney General to sign off on the seeking of an
- 13 indictment?
- MR. BOVE: So this case prevent --
- 15 THE COURT: I'm just looking at the text of the
- 16 regulations.
- MR. BOVE: I don't think that's clear. I think that,
- in the litigation over Mueller's appointment, there was some
- 19 representations made about the extent of the coordination, and
- 20 I think that that's the kind of thing that hopefully will be
- 21 clarified today.
- 22 In -- at the hearing in the Concord Management case on
- 23 the Appointments Clause issue, the Special Counsel's Office
- 24 represented that we have regular meetings and consultations so
- 25 that he -- that is, the acting Attorney General at the time --

- 1 is aware of our conduct, and went a little bit further and said
- 2 that they did expect that decisions could be countermanded by
- 3 the Attorney General.
- 4 THE COURT: But you would agree -- I think the parties
- 5 are in agreement -- that no factual development is necessary on
- 6 this motion, because we can just focus on the text of the
- 7 regulations and the text of the appointment order without
- 8 concerning ourselves with what may or may not be happening in
- 9 reality?
- MR. BOVE: In response to Your Honor's order on that
- issue, what we understood "factual development" to mean was --
- 12 is live testimony necessary? And we understood that this type
- of issue has been resolved by crediting representations to the
- 14 government about how they are operating. I do think that those
- 15 types of representations about the relationship between the
- 16 Attorney General and the Special Counsel's Office and how
- 17 they're operating are necessary today to resolve that -- this
- 18 part of the motion, the principal officer argument, consistent
- 19 with what happened in the District of Columbia.
- 20 And I think what -- you know, we have had some
- 21 representations in this case about compliance with the Justice
- 22 Manual, and it's important in a couple of different ways. One
- 23 is the election interference provision. And I think that the
- 24 things that were said at the March 1st hearing about that
- 25 provision are not consistent with the text of that provision.

- 1 Another part of the Justice Manual that I think -- in terms of how it operates in a case with a U.S. Attorney that's 2 3 really important is NSD's approval authority on investigative steps and charges in a case involving national security. 4 5 THE COURT: What does that have to do with this motion, 6 though? 7 What that has to do with this motion is MR. BOVE: 8 whether or not the Special Counsel is complying with the 9 Justice Manual and operating subject to the Attorney General's 10 authority or, alternatively, operating separately as a 11 principal officer without that type of oversight, not engaging 12 in the types of procedural requirements that are necessary to 13 file these types of charges; as I said, if it was the U.S. 14 Attorney for the Southern District of Florida. In that 15 scenario, the U.S. Attorney, pursuant to Justice Manual
- scenario, the U.S. Attorney, pursuant to Justice Manual 9-90.020, would have to seek National Security Division
- 17 approval for a number of steps: The search warrant for the
- 18 charges to be filed, and I think that's both the 793 charges as
- 19 well as the charges that relate to classified information
- 20 issues.
- 21 And so that's the type of thing that, to the extent the
- 22 government's position here today -- and I think this is their
- 23 position -- is "we are operating under the -- the oversight of
- 24 the Attorney General." Well, what does that mean? Because
- 25 what was said, again, in the Mueller litigation was we are

- 1 having regular coordination with him, meetings and -- regular
- 2 meetings and consultations.
- 3 That certainly is not the defense's impression of the
- 4 level of coordination, at least from what's been said, between
- 5 the Attorney General's Office and the Special Counsel's Office.
- 6 That was an important representation in Concord Management, and
- 7 it's an important representation in the context of this
- 8 principal officer analysis. So I do think that some clarity on
- 9 that -- the level of engagement is important to resolve that
- 10 motion.
- 11 THE COURT: Now, let's just talk briefly. There is
- 12 some discussion in one of the amicus briefs about the absence
- of the establishment of an office, sort of, the secondary point
- 14 to the officer issue. And I'm wondering what is your view on
- 15 that? When Special Counsels are appointed, is there usually a
- 16 corresponding establishment of an office?
- MR. BOVE: I -- to -- to me, it's, sort of, a related
- 18 point to the bylaw requirement in the Appointments Clause.
- 19 You know, we have focused on whether there is the ability to
- 20 appoint the officer, the Special Counsel, but there is also
- 21 provisions in Title 28 that authorize offices to be created. I
- think 509(b) relates to a human rights component of the
- 23 Department of Justice; 509(a) relates to the National Security
- 24 Division, which I just -- I referenced a minute ago. And so
- 25 there is authority for the idea that Congress also knows how to

- 1 create offices and to populate them with appointments. And
- 2 that hasn't happened here either.
- 3 THE COURT: Is it necessary to go into that discussion,
- 4 sort of the statutory creation of an office?
- 5 MR. BOVE: To me, it's complementary to the textual
- 6 analysis that's required by the bylaw requirement for the
- 7 officer appointment. That there are examples of -- it just
- 8 goes to the point that Congress crafted, sort of, a careful set
- 9 of provisions here that call for very specific things. And
- 10 what they do not call for is an office of the magnitude that is
- 11 running on -- in D.C. right now to operate this case, or a
- 12 Special Counsel with the level of independent authority that we
- 13 see being wielded here.
- 14 THE COURT: Now, you would accept the reality that all
- of the circuit case law addressing whether U.S. attorneys
- 16 qualify as principal or inferior have decided that they fall on
- 17 the inferior line; correct?
- 18 MR. BOVE: I would accept that the Hilario decision in
- 19 the First Circuit reached a -- used language like that in a
- 20 situation where -- talking about interim U.S. Attorneys. I
- 21 don't think that they -- that that case addressed head on what
- 22 it means to deal with a U.S. Attorney appointed pursuant to
- 24 And so I think it's distinguishable on that grounds,
- 25 that they're talking about a, sort of -- almost like a

- 1 succession of the U.S. attorneys. And so there is language
- 2 from that First Circuit opinion. I don't think it's been
- 3 followed since then, and I think it's been distinguished on the
- 4 basis that I'm describing.
- 5 THE COURT: But to get to where you want to go with the
- 6 superior designation, wouldn't you have to broaden out the
- 7 Edmond test in a way that courts don't appear to have done?
- 8 MR. BOVE: I think that the -- the record here, in
- 9 terms of what the Attorney General has said about this Special
- 10 Counsel, is clear enough that the -- there is no superior for
- 11 Jack Smith, that he is operating independently. That's what's
- 12 been said repeatedly. We have been scoffed at when we suggest
- otherwise. And so I think that that's what factually takes
- 14 this case out -- it sort of -- it addresses that Edmond issue,
- 15 an inferior is someone who has a superior.
- 16 Jack Smith does not have a superior who is operating
- 17 with sufficient oversight authority over his decisions right
- 18 now.
- 19 THE COURT: All right. Now, address Nixon.
- 20 MR. BOVE: Look, I think Nixon did not address the
- 21 types of things that we're talking about. It was taken as a --
- 22 sort of, a foregone conclusion that the statutes that are cited
- 23 in Nixon, 509 and 510, which I don't think anybody is relying
- 24 on as authority to appoint a Special Counsel from outside of
- 25 the government.

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             And then, obviously, the Court referred to 515 and 533
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     without any discussion whatsoever. And so -- so what does that
 3
     mean, is obviously the question. I think the historical
     context is very, very important to that question. What was
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 5
     going on in Nixon was that the Attorney General, who was
 6
     appointing the special prosecutors, had agreed, as a condition
 7
     of his confirmation, to put people in that position, and felt
 8
     so strongly about that agreement, that when President Nixon
9
     asked him to terminate the first Special Counsel, he resigned.
10
             Ultimately, by the time the Supreme Court got the Nixon
11
     case, there was another Special Counsel in place. And it was
12
     on that record where there was this commitment in confirmation
     proceedings to have a Special Counsel with these certain
13
14
     authorities that the Court -- in a paragraph that -- again,
15
     it's factual; it skims right past what is the core of our
16
     arguments. There is no textual analysis. And that's because
     nobody was challenging the validity of that appointment,
17
18
     because it had received so much, sort of, both political and
19
     legal wrangling before that case. And the government has
     conceded that. They concede in their briefing here that
20
21
     President Nixon did not contest that statutory analysis; that's
22
     a quote from their brief. They conceded in -- the same thing
23
     in litigation relating to Mueller.
             And so these -- to take -- to stretch this, this
24
25
     paragraph from Nixon, into, you know, binding authority about
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- 1 the text of these statutes is -- is too much. And I don't
- 2 think that the D.C. circuit has gone there either.
- If you look at the Sealed case, the 1987 D.C. Circuit
- 4 decision, footnote 30 says that: "The Nixon decision
- 5 presupposed" -- presupposed -- "the validity of a regulation
- 6 appointing the special prosecutor." So I -- and I think
- 7 footnote 30 is, if not the -- if not the only, there is not
- 8 much other citation to Nixon in that whole decision by the D.C.
- 9 circuit case because there is nothing to rely on here.
- 10 And then --
- 11 THE COURT: What do you say to the Special Counsel's
- 12 point, though, that at least with respect -- like, on the
- 13 justiciability holding, that there -- that the Supreme Court,
- 14 arguably, was reasoning from that prior statement to reach
- 15 its -- its decision that the matter was -- I have trouble
- 16 saying that word -- justiciable?
- 17 MR. BOVE: I'm not even going to try, Judge, if I can
- 18 get away with it.
- 19 That's a stretch, Judge. That is absolutely a stretch
- 20 to say that an undisputed proposition that no one challenged,
- 21 that even the D.C. circuit recognized in '87 was presupposed,
- 22 was some sort of necessary component to the decision -- because
- 23 what's really going on at that point in the opinion, I submit,
- 24 is that there is an argument by President Nixon that this is a,
- 25 quote, "intrabranch conflict," meaning within the executive

- 1 branch.
- 2 And if you look at the very beginning of this paragraph
- 3 in Nixon, our starting point is the nature of the proceeding.
- 4 And what the Court is focused on is the fact that they're in
- 5 federal court, with a criminal prosecution. It's not
- 6 intrabranch anymore. They're out in public. There's an
- 7 Article 3 judge involved, and that's what mattered in terms of,
- 8 was there a case or controversy from a constitutional
- 9 perspective?
- They didn't spend any time at all, other than just
- observing factually, what led the special prosecutor to be in
- 12 the courtroom, sitting at the table that day. But that wasn't
- 13 core to the analysis at all.
- And I just -- it's self-evident, Judge. There is no
- discussion of what 515 means, of what 533 means. And I think
- 16 the 533 part is really significant because not even the
- 17 government, until this case, really relied on 533 as a basis
- 18 for this type of appointment. It's not in the Mueller
- 19 appointment.
- THE COURT: Well, you would agree that, just in
- 21 general, when we discussed dicta versus holding, that just the
- insufficiency of rationale isn't alone enough to designate
- 23 something merely as dictum; correct?
- MR. BOVE: I think that's right. But I think that it
- 25 goes a long way toward -- towards Your Honor interpreting what

- 1 to make of this single paragraph of that decision. And when
- 2 it's not necessary to even the -- I almost -- to the analysis
- 3 in that part of the opinion.
- 4 THE COURT: We'll just call that part 2.
- 5 MR. BOVE: It's not necessary to part 2, and it glosses
- 6 over the fundamental issues that are presented by this motion
- 7 to such an extent that when -- they're distinct, but similar
- 8 arguments were raised in the District of Columbia, not -- the
- 9 Court -- these courts did not -- they didn't look to -- there
- 10 is no citation to Nixon as "this is persuasive authority."
- 11 It's just they reference -- the Supreme Court has referenced
- 12 these statutes, and so we're going to gloss over the issue in
- 13 the same way.
- 14 And that's very much what we're urging Your Honor not
- 15 to do here, and that's why I started in the text of these
- 16 statutes because they -- whatever Nixon means as a factual
- 17 observation for why people were standing up in the courtroom,
- 18 seeking that evidence in that case, this is not analysis that
- 19 supports an appointment of someone operating as Jack Smith is
- 20 today.
- 21 THE COURT: All right. I think, sort of, my final
- 22 question would -- at this stage would just be, you would agree,
- 23 though, that the regulations -- the regulation in Nixon did not
- 24 address -- did not cite 533?
- 25 Am I correct about that?

- 1 MR. BOVE: I think that -- I'm not positive, Judge.
- 2 THE COURT: Okay. So -- so is it your view that this
- 3 statutory authorization piece just got lost and was -- was
- 4 assumed?
- 5 What do you make of that?
- 6 MR. BOVE: I think "assumed" is the right word. I
- 7 think the D.C. circuit said "presupposed." But in either
- 8 event, what happened here is, there was not careful attention
- 9 given to the Appointments Clause argument that we are making
- 10 here. And so Nixon is not binding authority -- I mean, it's
- 11 just absolutely not binding authority with respect to the
- 12 textual analysis that we put forward.
- And I think the question is: What does Your Honor do
- 14 with the D.C. circuit and district court decisions that sort of
- 15 built off of Nixon, based on this concept that the analysis
- 16 presupposed?
- 17 And what you see is that the 1987 case was dealing with
- 18 a special attorney who -- the decision turns on this idea that
- 19 he was already within the -- the Department of Justice.
- 20 And so that, from our perspective, brings that --
- 21 THE COURT: That decision came within the context of
- 22 the independent counsel statute?
- MR. BOVE: Well, there were alternative bases for that
- 24 appointment. There was the Ethics in Government Act and the
- 25 independent counsel statute, and a regulation specifically

- 1 promulgated to authorize a Special Counsel with respect to the
- 2 Iran-Contra investigation.
- 3 And so the Court was looking at the regulation, and the
- 4 Court -- there was already litigation about the Ethics in
- 5 Government Act at that point. And so the D.C. circuit is
- 6 looking to the regulation, but making the point in
- 7 foot- -- it's one of the footnotes -- footnote 29 -- that that
- 8 attorney was within DOJ.
- 9 And so that -- under that type of analysis, I think
- 10 that's a very important distinction. Once you're within DOJ,
- 11 that means there was another source of authority that
- 12 authorized the appointment. And then 515 starts to look a lot
- 13 more plausible as a -- as something to define scope of duties,
- 14 title, geographic limitations, things like that.
- 15 But that's not what we have here. That is not -- Jack
- 16 Smith was not within the U.S. government, and so
- 17 that's -- that's a reason -- you have these two features of the
- 18 1987 D.C. circuit case. One, treating Nixon as a case that
- 19 presupposed the very issues that we're raising here; and two,
- 20 analysis that focused on an attorney who was already within
- 21 DOJ.
- 22 And so for both of those reasons, as Your Honor sits
- 23 here outside of the D.C. circuit thinking about what to make of
- 24 that decision, I think what is to be made of that decision is
- 25 that it doesn't -- it should not even be persuasive to the

- 1 arguments that we're making here. There's no discussion,
- 2 again, of the textual arguments that we have raised and that
- 3 have been raised in the Attorney General amicus briefs.
- 4 And then you see courts -- as the Mueller challenges
- 5 happened, you see courts sort of struggling with what to make
- 6 of this. And Judge --
- 7 THE COURT: Well, I was just going to say the district
- 8 court in D.C. did do a fairly comprehensive review.
- 9 MR. BOVE: I'm not going to argue with that.
- Two points.
- 11 One, 533 was not -- not an issue. And two, I think if
- 12 you look at the specific part of the analysis in that opinion
- 13 that relates to 515, there is sort of two lines of logic or
- 14 analysis there. One is historical practice. My point, just to
- 15 reiterate it, is that historical practice can't overcome the
- 16 operative text of a statute that we're dealing with today.
- 17 Two, that the -- the Court is also looking at
- 18 dictionary definitions, instead of just what these terms mean
- in 515 relative to the -- the discussion we had about special
- 20 attorneys as defined in 543 and referenced in 519.
- 21 That -- that type of analysis, I don't think, is meaningfully
- 22 engaged with. And I think that that decision was affirmed by
- 23 the D.C. circuit; we acknowledge that. The D.C. circuit did
- 24 not engage or adopt, I don't think, in much, if any, of that
- 25 textual analysis.

- 1 Because what's really going on there is the D.C.
- 2 circuit treats dicta in a way that I don't see similar
- 3 authority in -- in the Eleventh Circuit with a very, sort of,
- 4 broad brush.
- 5 And I'm quoting here --
- 6 THE COURT: All right. Well, we're approaching 10:30.
- 7 I'd like to hear from whoever will be taking the lead on this
- 8 motion from the Special Counsel's Office.
- 9 So thank you.
- 10 MR. BOVE: Thank you, Judge.
- MR. PEARCE: Good morning, Your Honor. James Pearce
- 12 for the United States.
- 13 THE COURT: Good morning.
- 14 MR. PEARCE: The former president's argument that the
- 15 Attorney General lacked the statutory authority to appoint the
- 16 Special Counsel is foreclosed by precedent, finds no support in
- 17 text or history, and would have potentially pernicious
- 18 consequences.
- 19 The second argument, which I hear him adopt today, that
- 20 the Special Counsel is a principal officer, runs headlong into
- 21 the test from Edmond alongside a statutory and regulatory
- 22 framework that makes clear that the Special Counsel is inferior
- 23 to the Attorney General.
- I'd like to start on the statutory argument and kind of
- 25 go through in the order that I just suggested, sort of

- 1 precedent, text/history, and consequences. But, of course, if
- 2 the Court wants to take me any other direction, I'm happy to do
- 3 that. And, in fact, Nixon is where we just stopped the
- 4 conversation.
- 5 In Nixon itself -- and I should start by saying all
- 6 eight of the judges in four cases that have confronted this
- 7 issue -- so two from -- two decisions from the D.C. circuit, as
- 8 well as two of the district court judges in D.C. -- have all
- 9 uniformly concluded that United States v. Nixon did resolve
- 10 this question. Of course, it wasn't the principle issue. The
- 11 principle issue was whether the president could invoke a
- 12 presidential communications privilege to -- to -- in the face
- of a criminal trial subpoena.
- 14 THE COURT: What do you mean "this issue"?
- MR. PEARCE: The issue of whether the Attorney General
- 16 has the statutory authority to appoint a Special Counsel.
- 17 THE COURT: So in the Nixon record, what can you point
- 18 to to indicate that that question was presented and contested,
- or even just presented to the Court in a way in which we could
- 20 say that a principle of decision actually was reached on that
- 21 question?
- 22 MR. PEARCE: So we agree that it was not briefed by the
- 23 parties. We made that -- we made that acknowledgement in our
- 24 brief. I think that was part of the conversation you just had
- 25 with my friend on the other side.

- 1 But it is also the case, as Professor Garner cites in
- 2 his treatise on the law of judicial precedent, and as I think I
- 3 heard Your Honor indicate, that that's not, sort of,
- 4 dispositive of whether something is dicta or holding.
- 5 What matters is, is it a necessary antecedent to the
- 6 resolution of the case as a whole? And that is precisely on
- 7 the justiciability, part 2, the question of, sort of, was there
- 8 a case or controversy? President Nixon had argued, "Look, this
- 9 is just an intrabranch dispute. There's no reason the Court
- 10 should be involved. This is all the executive branch. I'm the
- 11 president. This is a prosecutor within the executive branch.
- 12 There is nothing for the Supreme Court to do here."
- So what the Court necessarily had to decide was, did
- 14 the Attorney General have the statutory authority to issue the
- 15 regulation under -- which created the special prosecutor, and
- 16 which also gave the special prosecutor the specific power to
- 17 contest any assertion of executive privilege, which, of course,
- 18 was the --
- 19 THE COURT: Why do you say the Supreme Court had to
- 20 necessarily decide that statutory question? Could it be that
- 21 they were looking at the scope of the regulation, acknowledging
- 22 that it was a grant -- a delegated grant of authority, and then
- 23 deciding, well, there is an adverse relationship created
- 24 between the president and the special prosecutor, given the
- 25 nature of the scope of the regulations, without actually going,

- 1 kind of, behind the curtain and questioning the uncontested
- 2 point that the regulation was validly issued?
- 3 MR. PEARCE: So I agree with everything except for that
- 4 last piece at the end. I think, of course, they were --
- 5 they're trying to determine whether the special prosecutor had
- 6 the authority to contest whether the regulation rested on some
- 7 kind of authority that the Attorney General had. But it
- 8 necessarily -- that the Supreme Court necessarily had to decide
- 9 that the Court -- excuse me -- that the Attorney General had
- 10 that authority. And, of course -- and we acknowledge that the
- 11 passage is brief. And it says the Attorney General is in
- 12 charge of all criminal litigation on behalf of the
- 13 United States, citing, I think, 28 U.S.C. 516. And then says:
- 14 And also has the authority under the four statutes that are
- 15 cited, Sections 509, 510, 515, and 533.
- 16 Though that is not a -- an extended discussion, as the
- 17 D.C. Circuit said in the In Re: Grand Jury decision, as both
- 18 Judge Friedrich, who I heard my friend on the other side rely
- 19 on quite a bit, characterized it. That was, as I said, a
- 20 necessary antecedent to deciding whether there was a case for
- 21 controversy.
- 22 THE COURT: Do you think when you use this terminology,
- 23 "necessary antecedent," is that -- is that how you characterize
- the footnote in the Sealed case where there is a reference to a
- 25 presupposition? What do you make of that?

- 1 MR. PEARCE: I think that confirms it. I mean, it's
- 2 true that what the -- in footnote 30, in the Sealed case, the
- 3 D.C. circuit describes the Supreme Court as presupposing. But
- 4 that -- whether it's a presupposition or whether it is the
- 5 product of extended textual analysis that doesn't make its way
- 6 into the opinion, in either instance, you cannot move past -- I
- 7 mean, you can't move past the justiciability question unless
- 8 you have that resolved, and you can't get to the merits of it.
- 9 And, again, that's -- I think that's why all eight of
- 10 the judges that have addressed this have concluded that it is
- 11 not dicta, but, in fact, a holding, or certainly a necessary
- 12 component of the case.
- I would add, though --
- 14 THE COURT: What do you make of the Verdugo-Urquidez
- 15 case -- if I have pronounced that correctly -- that says,
- 16 quote, "the Court often grants cert to decide particular legal
- 17 issues while assuming without deciding the validity of
- 18 antecedent propositions, and such assumptions, even on
- 19 jurisdictional issues, aren't binding in future cases that
- 20 directly raise the questions"?
- 21 MR. PEARCE: So -- and I think that kind of discusses
- 22 things like the, sort of, drive-by jurisdictional rulings. As
- 23 a technical matter, there is a difference between a
- 24 jurisdictional question and the justiciability question that
- 25 they were addressing. Of course, the first parts of the

- 1 opinion in Nixon addressed a question of jurisdiction.
- 2 But even beyond that, the Court's decision on the -- on
- 3 the -- whether there was a case or a controversy invokes the
- 4 specific statutes. And I do think it is relevant that all of
- 5 the judges and the courts that have looked at this question
- 6 have so concluded.
- 7 What I would add, however, is to the extent this Court
- 8 were not persuaded by that analysis and said, you know what, at
- 9 most, I think this is dicta, certainly the Eleventh Circuit has
- 10 said frequently, as I think most courts of appeals have said,
- 11 dicta from the Supreme Court is of an entirely different, sort
- of, genre than any other types of dicta. And it might be that
- 13 the Supreme Court, if it were ever to confront this issue,
- 14 would look at it afresh and might come to -- we certainly hope
- 15 not and think it should not -- but a different conclusion.
- 16 But I think for this Court, even if you were to treat
- 17 it as dicta, which, for the reasons I have given, I don't think
- 18 you should, I think that is entitled to the kind of deference
- 19 that certainly all of the other judges on all the other courts
- 20 that have looked at this have given it.
- 21 I'm happy to address anything else on Nixon.
- 22 THE COURT: Let's turn to the text, then, of the
- 23 statutes.
- Would you agree with Judge Ginsburg on the D.C. Circuit
- 25 that they don't explicitly authorize the statutory

- 1 authorization? I think it stated that. And then there is a
- 2 line about accommodating it with the citation to Nixon.
- 3 MR. PEARCE: So I think it's probably true it's not as
- 4 an -- explicit as an authorization as it could be. I believe
- 5 that particular language was actually in reference to the
- 6 delegation that existed there under the Ethics in Government.
- 7 So it was an independent counsel who, we would acknowledge, has
- 8 sort of greater independence and certainly far less oversight
- 9 than the Special Counsel does here; that is more relevant to
- 10 the second question about principal officer versus inferior
- 11 officer. But to answer sort of the nub of the question --
- 12 THE COURT: Well, can we turn to the In re: Sealed
- 13 reference? I just want to make sure that we're accurately
- 14 understanding it.
- MR. PEARCE: I'm happy to quote it or --
- 16 THE COURT: Yes, yes.
- 17 MR. PEARCE: So what I think the provision that the
- 18 Court has referred to is: While these provisions, that is 509,
- 19 510, and 515, do not explicitly authorize the Attorney General
- 20 to create an office of independent counsel virtually free of
- 21 ongoing supervision, we read them as accommodating the
- 22 delegation at issue here.
- 23 My point was, in referencing "an office of independent
- 24 counsel virtually free of ongoing supervision," that is, of
- 25 course, referring to the now no longer in existence -- in

- 1 existence independent counsel, which has a different framework
- 2 than what we have now.
- 3 So to the extent that the -- the opinion here
- 4 was --
- 5 THE COURT: But in terms of this differing framework,
- 6 what about the Special Counsel regulations provides more
- 7 supervision or more direction than what was previously afforded
- 8 in the Independent Counsel Act?
- 9 MR. PEARCE: So I'm happy to -- to talk about that.
- 10 That's going to take us sideways into the principal versus
- 11 inferior, as opposed to the statutory authorization question,
- 12 but if that's -- if that's the direction the Court --
- 13 THE COURT: I guess, yeah. Point me to the
- 14 regulations. I want to understand those well to understand
- where those regulations actually steer or command the Attorney
- 16 General to direct the litigation conduct of the Special
- 17 Counsel.
- MR. PEARCE: So there are -- there are a couple of
- 19 different points here. I mean, in terms of the Attorney
- 20 General's ability to direct litigation on behalf of the
- 21 United States, you don't even actually have to go to the
- 22 regulation. As the Supreme Court in Nixon cited, 28 U.S.C. 516
- 23 puts the Attorney General in charge of litigation on behalf of
- 24 the United States. There are similar other provision that make
- 25 that -- that -- that clear.

1 But turning specifically to the regulation, I think 2 Section 600.7, that talks about conduct and accountability in a couple of different provisions, it is true that the regulations 3 provide that there was not day-to-day supervision, and that was 4 part of the effort, as was made clear in the promulgation of 5 the regulation itself to strike a balance between, on the one 6 7 hand, some degree of independence, while on the other hand, not 8 having such an independent body like the independent counsel 9 itself, but have accountability that's still lodged in the 10 Attorney General. 11 Now, 600.7 makes clear a number of different things: 12 That the Attorney General can at any point ask the Special 13 Counsel to provide an explanation for any investigative or 14 prosecutorial step, and may conclude that any such step is so 15 inappropriate or unwarranted under established departmental practices as to not allow that to go forward. 16 17 THE COURT: But absent that determination that the --18 that the decision is so outside the bounds of standard 19 departmental policies, is there anything else in the 20 regulations that actually permits the Attorney General to 21 direct the conduct of the Special Counsel? 22 MR. PEARCE: I -- I don't necessarily think in the regulation itself. However, it is also true -- a point that we 23 make in our opposition and that is clear in a couple of -- of 24 25 the In re: Grand Jury cases, the Attorney General could at this

- 1 very moment, not liking my argument here from the podium,
- 2 revoke the regulation and automatically fire or terminate the
- 3 Special Counsel. So that is another piece where the Attorney
- 4 General retains that kind of ultimate control and
- 5 responsibility, again, relevant, really, for the principal
- 6 officer versus inferior officer.
- 7 THE COURT: But absent rescission of the regulation,
- 8 the degree of direction -- and I'm tracking it from Edmond
- 9 there -- is -- is different or nonexistent. Would you
- 10 agree with that, that there is really not direction going on
- 11 within the regulations between the Attorney General and the
- 12 Special Counsel?
- MR. PEARCE: So I -- I guess I have two -- two thoughts
- 14 in response. One is, I think what Edmond talks about, of
- 15 course, is: Is the individual in question ultimately
- 16 supervised -- guided -- I think, directed and supervised by
- 17 someone who is presidentially nominated and Senate confirmed?
- 18 While at the same time -- and this is at 565 -- or maybe 665,
- 19 in Edmond -- saying, of course an officer who is an inferior
- 20 will make many decisions that are -- that are not reviewed.
- 21 That isn't itself sufficient to turn that person into a
- 22 principal officer. And the Court has repeated that again in
- 23 cases like Arthrex and, I think, in Free Enterprise Fund as
- 24 well. So I'm not going to get up here and say that the Special
- 25 Counsel -- that every decision that is issued by the Special

- 1 Counsel is necessarily reviewed by the Attorney General. The
- 2 relevant question is, does the Attorney General have the
- 3 authority to review and, in fact, in the penultimate paragraph
- 4 of the Chief Justice's opinion in Arthrex makes that very
- 5 point. I think that that case is about the administrative
- 6 patent judges, and says something like, so long as the director
- 7 there, the director of the Patent and Trademark Office, has the
- 8 discretion or ability to review those decisions, that is enough
- 9 to make the APJs there inferior offices.
- 10 THE COURT: Would that be the case here, for example,
- in signing off an indictment?
- MR. PEARCE: So the -- there is not specific language
- in the -- in the regulations about, you know, this
- 14 investigative step versus that investigative step. There is,
- in Section 600.8 -- 600.8(b), as in Bravo, a notification of
- 16 significant events. I think it would be certainly fair to
- 17 think of an indictment as a significant --
- 18 THE COURT: But that's more of a notice piece.
- 19 MR. PEARCE: That's correct. I guess if the Court is
- 20 saying, do the regulations require the Attorney General to
- 21 approve an indictment, I don't see language like that here.
- 22 Would it be fair to --
- 23 THE COURT: There is statutory authority that would
- 24 require that sort of direction?
- 25 MR. PEARCE: I am not aware of any statute that would

- 1 require. Just like a U.S. attorney, there is no statute that
- 2 requires a U.S. attorney, before he or she seeks an indictment,
- 3 to consult with the Attorney General. I'm not aware of any
- 4 similar statute that would require this -- or that does,
- 5 rather, require the Special Counsel to --
- 6 THE COURT: Okay.
- 7 MR. PEARCE: That said, I think it would be a fair
- 8 inference in reading the regulations that a step of that
- 9 significance would be one the Attorney General reviews before
- 10 the step is taken.
- 11 THE COURT: All right. And I know I took you off
- 12 track. So let's back -- get back to the text of the statutes
- on which you're relying. And I leave it up to you whether you
- want to begin with 515 or 533.
- 15 MR. PEARCE: I'm happy to do it either way. I will
- 16 start with -- let me make one clarification about the place of
- 17 533, and then I will start with 515.
- But it is, actually, not the case that the government
- 19 did not -- I don't mean to use the double negative -- the
- 20 government did rely on 533 throughout the Mueller litigation.
- 21 It's true it was not in the appointment order. But the point
- that the Special Counsel's Office there made is the appointment
- 23 order, as the appointment order here, and including the
- 24 appointment order for Special Counsel Weiss and Special Counsel
- 25 Durham and Special Counsel Hur, et cetera, all say is: I, the

- 1 Attorney General, rely on the -- my authority, including...and
- 2 then listing specific statutes.
- 3 So the government did rely extensively on 533. And the
- 4 District Court opinions from Judge Howell and from
- 5 Judge Friedrich also relied and discussed 533 in significant
- 6 detail. So --
- 7 THE COURT: But why -- but then why was it omitted from
- 8 the appointment order?
- 9 MR. PEARCE: That is a question that I too have, and I
- 10 wish I could give the Court an answer. I mean, there is this,
- 11 kind of, weird historical gap where the -- the Supreme Court in
- 12 Nixon refers to it.
- 13 You asked the question to my friend on the other side
- 14 about whether it was in the regulation. I don't think that it
- 15 was -- excuse me. The regulation that appointed the Watergate
- 16 special prosecutor. I don't think that it was. But that also
- 17 then raises the question, why was the Court invoking it?
- 18 So I could be -- I could be mistaken.
- 19 THE COURT: So is there anything to be said about 533
- 20 really being, sort of, a recent addition to the statutory
- 21 options?
- MR. PEARCE: I don't -- I'm not sure exactly what -- I
- 23 mean --
- 24 THE COURT: In terms of the appointment orders and the
- 25 regulations -- the Nixon regulations, and the appointment

- 1 orders, all the way up to 2022.
- 2 MR. PEARCE: I think that the reliance on 533 is one
- 3 that, whether or not there is this historical lacuna where it
- 4 has not been -- was not cited as the basis for the appointment
- 5 order, nonetheless, is a valid and, in our view, a compelling
- 6 reason -- compelling statutory basis for an Attorney General to
- 7 appoint a Special Counsel.
- 8 THE COURT: Okay. So let's get to the text of 533,
- 9 then.
- 10 MR. PEARCE: Sure.
- I heard my friend on the other side make two arguments,
- 12 and I want to focus on each of them. The first is the term,
- "Officials can't encompass officers." I think that's mistaken
- 14 for a couple of different reasons.
- 15 First of all, if I understand the argument correctly,
- 16 it is -- "officials" must mean employees. But that seems to
- 17 create its own odd textual problem because if the Court --
- 18 excuse me -- if Congress wanted to say "employees," it could
- 19 just say "employees." I think what "officials" is, is a
- 20 catch-all phrase that includes both officers and employees.
- 21 And that's consistent with -- I think I heard the Court ask a
- 22 question about it -- a series of the statutes that the
- 23 constitutional lawyers cite at page 10, note 4.
- We provide one example in our brief, the -- 201, the
- 25 public -- the federal bribery statute. It says, "Government

- officials," and that includes officers as well as employees.
- 2 And so I think that the cleaner reading there is to say that
- 3 "officials" is capturing both officers and employees.
- And I heard my friend refer to Section 535. And it's
- 5 true that that provision cites "officers," but it says
- 6 "government officers and employees." So the point being, you
- 7 can imagine when Congress wants to say "officers," it will say
- 8 "officers." When it wants to say "employees," it will say
- 9 that. "Officials" does require some interpretative work. I
- 10 think the best interpretation is that it captures both officers
- 11 and employees.
- 12 THE COURT: Are you aware of any other vesting statutes
- that are framed in the way you say 533 is?
- 14 MR. PEARCE: So I -- I think I heard you ask my friend
- on the other side -- that uses the term "officials." That, I
- 16 don't know. In terms of -- that are framed as a general -- the
- 17 Attorney General or head of agency X may appoint such and such
- 18 and such and such, there are, I think, statutes like that.
- 19 THE COURT: But are there any other vesting clauses
- 20 that use the catch-all term "official" and have been
- 21 interpreted to be actual vesting clauses?
- MR. PEARCE: If by "vesting," you mean for purposes of
- 23 the Appointments Clause, the "by law" piece, I'm not aware of
- 24 any that do that, no. Doesn't mean they don't exist.
- 25 THE COURT: So, then, what do you make of the other

- 1 statutes that have been identified in the other departments
- 2 that use the word "officer" and operate like a general vesting
- 3 statute?
- 4 MR. PEARCE: I mean, I -- I don't see that there's
- 5 any -- any problem in -- between the two. Certainly those
- 6 other statutes for other agencies are clear as to "officers."
- 7 This one in 533 enables the -- the hiring and the use of both
- 8 the officers and the employees. And so I guess that's all I'd
- 9 have to say.
- 10 The other point that I think I heard is that the term
- 11 "prosecute," which -- in 533, subsection 1 -- which makes clear
- 12 that, in our view, that that is -- that -- not limited to
- 13 agents alone, that encompasses the kinds of things that the
- 14 Special Counsel Office does, what I'm doing right now, getting
- 15 up and litigating in court.
- 16 I think I heard, sort of, a stretch of an argument to
- 17 liken it to sort of "prosecute" used in the civil context.
- 18 That is certainly not the ordinary meaning of the term, and
- 19 particularly in a section that is involving, sort of, the
- 20 criminal investigative responsibilities of the United States.
- 21 I'm happy to address anything else on 533. Otherwise,
- 22 I would be inclined to address Section 515, but I don't want to
- 23 go there if the Court has any further questions on 533.
- 24 THE COURT: No. I think I'm satisfied on 533 for now
- 25 with respect to the argument. You can proceed to 515.

- 1 MR. PEARCE: Thank you.
- I think it is correct, as I believe I heard the Court
- 3 say, that we are principally relying on 515(b), the provision
- 4 that actually was enacted at the very creation of the Justice
- 5 Department in 1870. It was Section 17 of the Department of
- 6 Justice Act. Over the years, there have been, sort of, some
- 7 changes to the language, but it has been a through line since
- 8 the Justice Department came into existence.
- 9 And the very purpose of what is now 515(b), what was
- 10 then Section 17, was to enable a Attorney General, who
- 11 preexisted the Department of Justice, to come in and hire
- 12 special assistants. There was some conversation, in 1930,
- 13 Congress added the word "special attorneys." I think that's
- 14 relevant, partially for the Congressional acquiescence point
- and the historical argument, which I'm happy to address in a
- 16 moment.
- But for present purposes, what 515(b) does is it
- 18 enables the Department of Justice to specially retain attorneys
- 19 to come in and assist the Attorney General. It's different
- 20 from 543, which is a way for special assistants to, then,
- 21 assist United States attorneys, or what have previously been
- 22 called district attorneys. So it is a provision that allows
- 23 for the appointing of officers and the hiring of employees, for
- 24 the Attorney General, him or herself.
- 25 THE COURT: Wait. I want to make sure I understand

- 1 your argument. So you're drawing a distinction between the
- 2 special attorney in 515 and the special attorney in 543?
- 3 Please crystallize that for me.
- 4 MR. PEARCE: Sure. I think -- I will do my best. My
- 5 point was more of a -- not that there is a distinction between
- 6 the two on the word "special assistant." It was that what 515
- 7 does is enable the Attorney General to hire a special assistant
- 8 to operate for the Attorney General, whereas 543 allows the
- 9 Attorney General to hire -- to appoint a special assistant for
- 10 district attorneys, now called United States attorneys.
- 11 So one is a mechanism to bring in individuals who will
- 12 assist or operate as a Special Counsel or a special attorney
- 13 for the Attorney General; that's 515(b) on which we rely. The
- 14 other is a provision that allows for bringing in a, sort of,
- "SAUSA," essentially, for United States attorneys.
- 16 As the Court may know, there's a special provision that
- 17 statutorily authorizes the hiring of assistant United States
- 18 attorneys; I think that is 542, if I'm not mistaken.
- 19 THE COURT: And so, to be clear, you're not relying on
- 20 Section 543. That's not in the appointment order and I haven't
- 21 seen that brief; is that correct?
- 22 MR. PEARCE: That is absolutely correct, because the
- 23 Special Counsel here -- it was not appointed to assist a
- 24 United States attorney. So we are not relying on that here.
- 25 THE COURT: So, then, what do you make of the reference

- 1 to special attorneys in 519?
- 2 MR. PEARCE: So, if I'm not mistaken, that reference is
- 3 to the Attorney General supervision of various attorneys. And
- 4 it lists not only the -- let me -- so, you are right. "Direct
- 5 all United States attorneys assistant -- and special
- 6 appointed" -- it's enumerating three of the four categories
- 7 over which the Attorney General has supervisory litigation.
- 8 THE COURT: But -- so you're saying there is a fourth
- 9 category that's not listed here, and it's the type of special
- 10 attorney that you've described, separate and apart from the
- 11 special attorney conceived of in 543?
- MR. PEARCE: Yes, I think that's right. And that
- 13 supervision, nonetheless, still falls under 516, as the Supreme
- 14 Court in Nixon said.
- 15 THE COURT: These statutes, 515 -- 515, as it is
- 16 codified now, 519, and 543, were they all passed within the
- same public law, do you know?
- 18 MR. PEARCE: They were not. So I don't know
- 19 everything, but -- so what I can tell you for sure, 515(b), as
- 20 I mentioned a moment ago, was passed first in 1870. That was
- 21 section -- Section 17 of --
- 22 THE COURT: In its exact form that we see now?
- MR. PEARCE: No. So it's been modified in part over
- 24 times, including in 1930 when the term "special" -- I mixed
- 25 this up. I believe "special attorney" was added. "Special

- 1 assistant" was already there. But in its -- in its core
- 2 terminology, the specially retained, that was a product of
- 3 1870.
- 4 515(a) -- so even within 515 -- was enacted in 1906;
- 5 there was some discussion about this a moment ago. The
- 6 District Court in the Southern District of New York in the
- 7 Rosenthal case had concluded, essentially on a private attorney
- 8 who was briefly appointed and then started doing grand jury
- 9 work, there was no such authorization under 515.
- 10 Congress overrode that decision and created what is now
- 11 515(a), which allows for the kinds of specially retained
- 12 attorneys, Special Counsels, that is described in 515(b)
- 13 to -- to make crystal clear that those individuals could
- 14 practice before the grand jury, and also --
- 15 THE COURT: Were those individuals still, however, in
- 16 an assistant capacity?
- MR. PEARCE: So I don't know if you're asking that as a
- 18 historical empirical matter. I think the answer to that would
- 19 require some discussion of the history. And --
- 20 THE COURT: Just -- what about just as a textual
- 21 matter?
- MR. PEARCE: I mean, yes, I suppose so, insofar as the
- 23 term says "special assistant" or "special attorney." I guess
- 24 "special attorney" is a broader term than "special assistant."
- 25 I'm not familiar with anything in legislative history or

- 1 courts' decisions that say the idea that this individual would
- 2 always need to be an assistant or -- or an attorney or a
- 3 Special Counsel, not, kind of, giving particular prominence to
- 4 a textual difference between the two.
- 5 THE COURT: So, I guess, what's your best authority for
- 6 understanding 515's reference to special attorney as the
- 7 authorization of the type of independent Special Counsel that
- 8 we have in the current appointment order, who is not assisting,
- 9 but rather leading, I would say, the prosecution?
- MR. PEARCE: So I think the best way to answer that is
- 11 sort of a historical response, and then focus on the 1930, when
- 12 I believe "special attorney" was added. Because I think that's
- 13 relevant.
- 14 So you asked my friend on the other side for the
- 15 history. After the Department of Justice is created in 1870,
- 16 Ulysses S. Grant is the first president, appoints someone as a
- 17 special prosecutor to work on the whiskey -- Whiskey Ring
- 18 prosecutions. President Garfield then appoints a special
- 19 prosecutor in 1881 to prosecute the star route, which had to do
- 20 with sort of corruption in the post office.
- 21 Theodore Roosevelt appoints a couple of different
- 22 special prosecutors in 1903. There is the -- the infamous
- 23 Teapot Dome scandal, which, as I understand it, it involved the
- 24 sale of oil reserves that had been, sort of, set up for naval
- 25 use, being, sort of, taken over by the Department of The

- 1 Interior, and then, sort of, that -- the head of the
- 2 department, the Secretary of the Interior, using that as a way
- 3 to solicit bribes. There were three -- two special prosecutors
- 4 set up then.
- 5 So you have all of this history, and then Congress, in
- 6 1930, comes along and adds the term "special attorney."
- 7 Whether that meant it viewed what happened before as a special
- 8 attorney or a special assistant, I think the point is it
- 9 is -- it ratified a, at that point, nearly 50-year history
- 10 of -- in fact, 60-year history of the use of the special
- 11 prosecutors.
- 12 THE COURT: I guess I want to make sure that we're
- 13 being precise with our terminology. When we say that Congress
- 14 is ratifying a practice, is it ratifying what we have today or
- 15 is it ratifying some other function that was more of an
- 16 assistant, rather than somebody fully in charge of the
- 17 jurisdiction as defined?
- MR. PEARCE: So I think it was more of someone who has
- 19 the kind of freedom to go and prosecute. I mean, as a
- 20 practical matter, historically there wasn't the kind of direct
- 21 supervision -- in fact, there is far more supervision, I think,
- 22 today than there was historically of a lot of the different
- 23 special prosecutors that I have just described.
- 24 And so, I think when Congress passed the -- amended
- 25 what is now 515(b) in 1930, it was ratifying a practice that

- 1 probably involves more independence for a special prosecutor
- 2 than exists today.
- 3 THE COURT: So your argument is that the 1930 act is
- 4 really, sort of, that moment in time when Congress is -- is
- 5 blessing the practice of an independent Special Counsel?
- 6 MR. PEARCE: Yeah, I mean, I don't want to overfreight
- 7 it and say that our entire argument hangs on the Court agreeing
- 8 with me, but I do think that is a significant historical
- 9 marker that confirms our textual analysis. And I agree with my
- 10 friend on the other side, that, you know, if the text isn't
- 11 there, you know, history doesn't just, kind of, ride in and get
- 12 you to where you need to go. But where you have got the text
- 13 that we have here --
- 14 THE COURT: So then getting back to the text of 515,
- what do you make of the fact that 515(b), which is the main
- 16 provision you're relying on in 515, doesn't use the word
- 17 "appoint"?
- 18 MR. PEARCE: I -- I don't think that means much
- 19 of -- of anything. Certainly, more -- some of the more modern
- 20 statutes have used the word "appoint." But "specially
- 21 retained," nonetheless, refers to hiring by the Department of
- 22 Justice, who, at the time it was passed, was the Attorney
- 23 General. You know, "appointing" is, essentially, the hiring.
- 24 So I don't see any significant difference between "specially
- 25 retained" and "appoint."

- 3 naturally understood as the type of thing that an officer gets.
- 4 You know, again, this is, sort of, tilting over, I suppose, to
- 5 the arguments both on principal officer and employee. But
- 6 it's -- it's also relevant to say this is not someone viewed
- 7 as, sort of, assistant, someone who is a standby, but in --
- 8 but, in fact, has that kind of independent officer status.
- 9 THE COURT: What do you make, I think, of -- I think
- 10 it's maybe Edmond and Weiss, where the Supreme Court is
- 11 seemingly really insisting upon compliance with the text of the
- 12 Appointments Clause and use of words like "appoint"?
- MR. PEARCE: So I'm not sure that's entirely the -- an
- 14 accurate, sort of, description of what the court has done.
- 15 Certainly, in other cases, there are -- there is language that
- is less precise than "appoint." It's the -- it's the -- the
- 17 idea is, does the -- is the power to -- I will use the word
- 18 "appoint" -- but to hire or to bring in a particular
- 19 individual -- is that vested by law in either the president
- 20 alone, a court of law, or a head of department?
- 21 I'm certainly not aware of any place where the
- 22 Court -- or for that matter -- any court has said, you know,
- 23 what is dispositive is whether or not the word "appoint" was
- 24 used.
- Now, in Edmond, I acknowledge there was discussion of a

- 1 separate statute on which, I think, the petitioner there had
- 2 relied and suggested that that too provided the authority. The
- 3 Court rejected that because it said -- for two reasons: One,
- 4 it didn't like the use of the word "assign," but it wasn't
- 5 because there was something intrinsically wrong with "assign"
- 6 as I read the opinion. It was, that that was a term that had a
- 7 specific definition within the military context. And then,
- 8 probably, the larger problem, the authority that -- in whom
- 9 that assignment power was vested was not the president alone, a
- 10 court of law, or a head of department. It was a -- it was a
- 11 JAG.
- 12 So beyond that, I don't -- I'm not aware of an
- 13 authority that says, absent the magic word "appoint," the
- 14 statute isn't sufficiently clear to grant the, in our case,
- 15 Attorney General power to make that appointment.
- 16 THE COURT: Is there any concern to be had about the
- 17 fact that we're getting a bit farther from the text of the
- 18 Appointments Clause, "officer" -- or official is officer,
- 19 retained is appoint? At what point do you -- do you get in,
- 20 sort of, a more malleable reading of the Constitution?
- 21 MR. PEARCE: Well, to be clear, what we are
- 22 interpreting now are statutory terms consistent with the
- 23 Constitution. I don't think I have offered anything that is
- 24 malleable or at least not consistent with the ordinary meaning
- of the terms. I mean, I don't want to repeat the arguments,

- 1 but "official" to mean "officer and employee." I think giving
- 2 that a different reading would itself be malleable and just
- 3 make "official" into "employee" all of a sudden.
- 4 You know, I grant that "specially retained" -- it would
- 5 be a different argument if it said "specially appointed." But
- 6 I just don't see how one could understand that any differently
- 7 in light of the very purpose of what -- what is now 515(b) was
- 8 designed to do, and the long history of special prosecutors. A
- 9 history I should, of course, add, that I have -- that I have
- 10 left out, kind of the, you know, modern era of those
- 11 appointments as well.
- THE COURT: And by "modern era," you mean?
- MR. PEARCE: Watergate on, essentially.
- 14 THE COURT: Watergate on.
- MR. PEARCE: Yeah.
- 16 THE COURT: So what could you add to the -- to the
- 17 discussion on that more modern segment?
- 18 MR. PEARCE: Well, some of it -- and I don't want to
- 19 repeat anything I have said. But, of course, the Supreme Court
- 20 in Nixon itself, identifying the very statutory authorities on
- 21 which we rely here, and then a series of appointments.
- 22 You know, obviously there was the period from 1978 through
- 23 1992, then a short lapse, and then 1994 through 1999, where you
- 24 had the Ethics in Government Act and the Independent Counsel
- 25 Statute. But even in the interim of when the statute lapsed,

- 1 there was an appointment made of Robert Fiske, who was known as
- 2 the independent regulatory counsel, essentially, a forerunner
- 3 of the Special Counsel. Because at the time of Mr. Fiske's
- 4 appointment, there was no -- there was no Ethics in Government
- 5 Act by which to appoint him. Former Attorney General
- 6 Bill Barr, in his first pass-through, appointed three
- 7 independent regulatory counsels. And then there have been,
- 8 under the 1999 regulations, a series of individuals appointed:
- 9 John Danforth, who, by the way, was not at the time an Attorney
- 10 General -- excuse me -- a U.S. Attorney; Mr. Hur, who also
- 11 wasn't a U.S. Attorney.
- 12 And so all of this is, kind of, the accreted practice
- 13 alongside the -- sort of, that firms up just the textual
- 14 argument that I have been making.
- 15 THE COURT: Just a small point. Do you know why in the
- 16 CFR, you have regulations specific to the three particular
- 17 Special Counsels, Iran-Contra, Nofziger, and the Savings and
- 18 Loan, but then the various other Special Counsels do not
- 19 feature in a promulgated regulation but were either borne
- through an appointment order or maybe some other mechanisms?
- 21 MR. PEARCE: So I don't think I can give the Court a --
- 22 kind of, a fully comprehensive answer. I can give a couple of
- 23 reflections that may be useful.
- 24 With respect to Iran-Contra -- and I think there was
- 25 some of this discussion when you had a, sort of, colloquy with

- 1 my friend on the other side -- there, the -- that Attorney
- 2 General, Ed Meese, issued a regulation, same place -- the
- 3 regulation that's in the same chapter where the current Special
- 4 Counsel regulation is found. That was done with concern about
- 5 litigation as to the potential constitutional validity of the
- 6 independent counsel, obviously resolved in the Morrison
- 7 decision.
- 8 And so that was created specific to the Iran-Contra
- 9 independent counsel to give that individual parallel
- 10 investigative authority --
- 11 THE COURT: So those were like one-off regulations,
- 12 just in the event of adverse litigation?
- MR. PEARCE: That is my understanding with Iran-Contra.
- 14 I don't want to make that representation. I don't know that
- 15 for -- for the others. But then, maybe, to sort of fill out
- 16 the answer, certainly in 1999, as the independent counsel
- 17 statute was expiring, that 1999 regulation was promulgated to
- 18 create some mechanism to enable the appointment of someone, a
- 19 Special Counsel or a special prosecutor, in cases that
- 20 warranted it.
- 21 And that is something that Justice Kavanaugh, before he
- 22 was on the Court, recognized in the -- his article "Independent
- 23 Counsel and the President," something that then Attorney
- 24 General Reno recognized. It's a challenging problem to create
- 25 a position that has, on the one hand, sufficient independence,

- 1 but not so much independence that it created the kind of
- 2 concerns that led to the lapsing of the independent counsel
- 3 statute.
- 4 THE COURT: All right.
- 5 MR. PEARCE: Could I say a word about the -- sort of,
- 6 what I -- what I described at the top is the, sort of,
- 7 pernicious consequences of --
- 8 THE COURT: Yes.
- 9 MR. PEARCE: -- of the argument?
- 10 So if I understand the argument from the former
- 11 president, essentially there would be a series of other
- 12 officers or individuals at the Justice Department for whom
- there would also be no statutory authority, and who would have
- 14 been operating unconstitutionally for a number of years. So I
- 15 give this as, sort of, a primary example, Deputy Assistant
- 16 Attorney Generals, in government parlance, DAAGs. And these
- 17 are individuals who are below assistant attorney generals, and
- 18 have great responsibility and supervisory powers within the
- 19 Justice Department. And they are appointed and -- excuse me --
- 20 they -- the operating power for them, or the statutory
- 21 authority for them, is 515 -- to a certain extent, 510 if they
- 22 are already within the government, but if they are not, it's
- 23 515.
- 24 And if I understand the argument on the other side,
- 25 they also would -- would no longer be statutorily authorized to

- 1 carry out critical work on behalf of the Justice Department.
- 2 And that argument could, if, sort of, then extrapolated to
- 3 other agencies, could also have significant effects elsewhere
- 4 because of the operative understanding that -- well, I will
- 5 focus on 515 -- now, but understanding, certainly, of the
- 6 Justice Department that these are individuals whom the Attorney
- 7 General has the authority to -- to appoint.
- 8 THE COURT: Those individuals don't operate
- 9 independently, though; correct?
- MR. PEARCE: I mean, no, they don't operate any more
- 11 independently than your standard Justice Department attorney
- 12 who is, you know -- but -- but they -- yes, they are inferior
- 13 to the Attorney General, but they're -- the relevant question
- 14 is whether they have the -- when they -- when they act on
- 15 behalf of the Justice Department, they do exert significant
- 16 authority. And a consequence of the other side's position, I
- 17 think, would be to say that those are -- they are acting
- 18 invalidly.
- 19 THE COURT: What do you make of the Bureau of Prisons
- 20 reference?
- 21 MR. PEARCE: So I think that's in the past tense. But
- 22 the fact that Congress may have provided the specific
- 23 appointment power later in time for the director of the Bureau
- of Prisons, I don't think does anything to undermine our core
- 25 submission; particularly, again, when you understand that this

- 1 was created in 1870 with the very purpose of authorizing the
- 2 use of attorneys to come and assist the Attorney General.
- 3 THE COURT: So just so I understand, are you submitting
- 4 that the Special Counsel is an assistant? In what sense?
- 5 MR. PEARCE: I mean, I pause because, you know, whether
- 6 we say it's a special assistant or a special attorney, I think
- 7 "special attorney" is probably the better fit. Obviously, the
- 8 regulations designate the special counsel as a special counsel.
- 9 I'm not aware of an authority that draws a sharp distinction
- 10 between special assistant and special counsel. And for our
- 11 purposes, 515(b) includes them both. So, you know, I don't
- 12 think we have a developed position on that.
- 13 THE COURT: Okay. All right. Well, I think that
- 14 exhausts my questions for now. Thank you very much.
- MR. PEARCE: Okay. Thank you.
- 16 THE COURT: It is 11:13. I think, to keep things
- organized, we will break for one hour, until 12:15, and then
- 18 resume argument, starting first with the constitutional
- 19 lawyers, then with Mr. Blackman -- and I should rewind for a
- 20 minute. First, Mr. Seligman, and then Mr. Blackman, and then
- 21 Mr. Schaerr. So please prepare accordingly and enjoy your
- 22 lunch. We will resume after the break. Thank you.
- 23 (A recess was taken from 11:16 a.m.)
- 24 THE COURT: All right. Good afternoon. You may be
- 25 seated. We are back in session and prepared to hear argument,

- first, from Mr. Seligman.
- 2 MR. SELIGMAN: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 3 Matthew Seligman for a group of constitutional lawyers,
- 4 former government officials, and State Democracy Defenders
- 5 Action as amicus supporting the government. I would like to
- 6 start by thanking Your Honor for the opportunity to participate
- 7 in the argument today.
- 8 So the two issues before the Court today, as you're
- 9 aware, are whether the Special Counsel is an inferior officer
- 10 for the purposes of the Appointment Clause, and whether
- 11 Congress has vested the authority to appoint the Special
- 12 Counsel by statute. And the answer to both of those questions
- is yes.
- 14 Those conclusions are compelled by precedent. And even
- if they weren't, they would be correct. So in light of the
- 16 extensive argument Your Honor has already heard, I'm happy to
- 17 address the issues in whichever order would be most effective
- and helpful for you; but if not, I can just go in the order
- 19 that I just stated.
- 20 So the proposition that the Special Counsel is an
- 21 inferior officer is compelled by precedent on two levels.
- 22 First, the Supreme Court in the United States -- I'm
- 23 sorry -- in Morrison v. Olson said so. And it said that the
- 24 independent counsel who is, by every measure, either identical
- 25 to the Special Counsel or had even more independence than the

- 1 Special Counsel, was an inferior officer. And that was a
- 2 conclusion that eight justices agreed with. Now,
- 3 Justice Scalia dissented in that case, but as we see nine years
- 4 later in Edmond, his disagreement with the majority in Morrison
- 5 had nothing to do with the issues in this case. And the reason
- 6 is because his disagreement with the majority had to do with
- 7 the Congressional statute intervening into the internal
- 8 structure of the executive branch.
- 9 And so in the independent counsel statute, the Ethics
- in Government Act, there was a Congressional statute that
- imposed limitations on the removability of the independent
- 12 counsel. That is wholly absent here.
- And so whatever objection Justice Scalia had to the
- 14 Independent Counsel Act in Morrison is absent here. And we can
- 15 see that in Edmond, nine years later, when he drafts the
- 16 Court's opinion characterizing the judges of the Coast Guard
- 17 Court of Criminal Appeal as inferior officers.
- And so we can see that for the purpose of the type of
- 19 structure we see here, there was really a unanimous quorum in
- 20 Morrison that that would characterize the independent counsel,
- 21 or at least characterize the Special Counsel, as we see here,
- 22 as an inferior officer. So that case is directly on point, and
- 23 that should resolve that issue.
- 24 But even if we don't take Morrison to control the issue
- 25 and we, instead, look to the factors that the Court considered

- 1 in Edmond, which didn't purport to break new ground, it was
- 2 just applying the same tests that it -- had been applied
- 3 before, if we look to those factors in Edmond and apply them to
- 4 the Special Counsel here, it's pretty clear, I think, that the
- 5 Special Counsel is an inferior as opposed to principal officer.
- 6 Now, the most important factor that the Court has
- 7 considered -- this is in Edmond and this is also most recently
- 8 in the Arthrex -- is whether the officer at issue has a
- 9 superior -- an inferior officer has a superior officer; and,
- 10 relatedly, whether that inferior officer or purportedly
- 11 inferior officer has the authority to bind the executive branch
- 12 without any superior officer.
- And so, what the Court said in Arthrex and what the
- 14 Court didn't say in Edmond is that the officer could bind the
- 15 executive branch with no further stop. And so in Arthrex, you
- 16 had a situation where the patent judges -- administrative
- 17 judges, they would make a decision on what was called an inter
- 18 partes review and then there was no further executive branch
- 19 review. The next stop was judicial review in Article 3.
- By contrast, in Edmond we had a situation where the
- 21 judges of the Coast Guard Court of Criminal Appeals, there was
- 22 further review in the executive branch. And that further
- 23 review was deferential. And I think that's critically
- 24 important to understand here.
- 25 By statute, the further review within the executive

- 1 branch of the Court of Criminal Appeals in the Coast Guard was
- 2 compelled by statute to uphold those decisions if there was any
- 3 competent evidence to support quilt beyond a reasonable doubt.
- 4 It's a highly, highly deferential standard; and, again, by
- 5 statute, not by regulation. And in Edmond, Justice Scalia from
- 6 the Supreme Court characterized that as a sufficient amount of
- 7 oversight and review by a superior principal officer in the
- 8 executive branch.
- 9 THE COURT: So how does that map onto this context?
- 10 MR. SELIGMAN: By every measure, the Special Counsel is
- 11 subject to more review here.
- 12 So, first, the difference between statute and
- 13 regulation. Here, we don't have a statute that imposes any
- 14 kind of independence on the Special Counsel. What we have,
- 15 instead, is a combination of regulations and an order.
- 16 And so the way that structure works here is there's an
- order that says, "Mr. Smith, you're appointed as Special
- 18 Counsel, and the statutes in the 600 series are made applicable
- 19 to you."
- 20 And through accommodation of those internal executive
- 21 branch documents --
- 22 THE COURT: Does that mean -- the "made applicable," is
- that equivalent to "you're subject to the regulations"?
- MR. SELIGMAN: Yes, I believe it does. And the
- 25 implication of that combination of documents is that -- I think

- 1 there are actually two ways that the executive branch, the
- 2 Attorney General, could change things. One is by rescinding
- 3 the regulations. And there are no procedural requirements.
- 4 It's not like, you know, APA -- the APA imposes procedural
- 5 requirements about promulgating a notice or something like
- 6 that. The Attorney General, as far as I'm aware of, can just
- 7 rescind them.
- 8 But even if that --
- 9 THE COURT: Slow down just a tad, if don't mind.
- MR. SELIGMAN: Sure. Sorry.
- But even if that wasn't true, the order appointing Jack
- 12 Smith could just be changed. You know, Attorney General
- 13 Merrick Garland -- sorry about the speed here -- Attorney
- 14 General Merrick Garland could issue a new order that either
- 15 terminates Mr. Smith's appointment or says that these
- 16 regulations are no longer applicable, which would mean that he
- 17 could review any decision at any time.
- 18 THE COURT: But absent rescission of the regulation, he
- 19 can be removed only for misconduct or other violations of
- 20 department policy; is that generally right?
- 21 MR. SELIGMAN: Not quite. I think it's rescission of
- 22 the regulations or changing the order and saying, "Okay. New
- order. You're still appointed, but the regulations are no
- 24 longer applicable to you."
- 25 And so either way, I think, that would -- that

- 1 would --
- 2 THE COURT: But I think -- is it 600.7, maybe,
- 3 that's -- that speaks about the removability and sets some kind
- 4 of conditions?
- 5 MR. SELIGMAN: Yeah, that's absolutely correct. But I
- 6 think the reason -- so -- but the reason is: Why does that
- 7 regulatory provision apply to Special Counsel Smith? And the
- 8 answer is the order.
- 9 And so if the order is changed, then that -- you know,
- 10 600.7 would still exist on the books, but it would no longer be
- 11 made applicable to the Special Counsel. And the upshot of this
- 12 is that there are multiple avenues, completely within the
- 13 executive branch, at the discretion of the Attorney General of
- 14 principle --
- THE COURT: How would that work? We would have a new
- 16 appointment order that would pick up on some of the
- 17 regulations, but not all?
- 18 MR. SELIGMAN: Or none of them.
- 19 THE COURT: Okay.
- 20 MR. SELIGMAN: It's entirely within the discretion of
- 21 the Attorney General. And the reason why -- and, by the way,
- 22 there is -- there is historical precedent for this. So Special
- 23 Counsel Patrick Fitzgerald, who is one of the amici I
- 24 represent, was appointed as Special Counsel. But the order
- 25 from then Attorney General James Comey made clear that the

- 1 regulations didn't apply.
- 2 And so the mechanism --
- 3 THE COURT: And is that because he wasn't an outside
- 4 attorney?
- 5 MR. SELIGMAN: I'm not sure of the exact reason for
- 6 that, but the phrasing of the order that Attorney General Comey
- 7 issued was specific to saying that it wasn't limited, that his
- 8 jurisdiction wasn't limited in the ways that the --
- 9 THE COURT: But, I mean, the regulations expressly
- 10 require the Special Counsel to be drawn from outside the
- 11 Department of Justice, and that would have not have applied to
- 12 Mr. Fitzgerald; right?
- MR. SELIGMAN: Yeah, I think that's correct. We have
- 14 seen that in other cases as well, where there is somebody --
- 15 so, for example, Special Counsel Weiss is -- you know, he was
- 16 already a U.S. attorney. And so I think that's -- that's part
- of the reason why, but I want to say in addition to that, the
- 18 appointment order for Special Counsel Fitzgerald also made this
- 19 point about his jurisdiction not being limited in the way the
- 20 regulations -- the regulations would have.
- 21 THE COURT: Turning to Edmond, I know you have touched
- 22 on that. Do you -- what do you make of the language at
- 23 page 663 that refers to an officer being someone -- an inferior
- 24 officer being someone whose work is directed and supervised at
- 25 some level?

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             Is there anything to be made about the need for
     direction? And, if so, is there sufficient direction here?
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             MR. SELIGMAN: There is sufficient direction here. And
     I think that the application of that legal principle to the
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     facts of Edmond illustrates that fact. And so Edmond makes
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     clear, first of all, that the review by a higher executive
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     branch entity of the decisions of the Coast Guard Court of
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     Criminal Appeal was highly deferential. Again, it was, if
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     there was any competent evidence to support guilt beyond a
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     reasonable doubt.
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             But then the Court also makes clear that, although
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     there was the ability to remove the Coast Guard judges,
     they -- the higher -- the higher executive branch officials
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     couldn't reverse individual actions. And so the inability,
     again, by statute, not by regulation, the inability of higher
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     executive branch officials in Edmond to reverse the individual
     actions of the officials at issue was consistent with the
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     direction, at some level, that the Court said was necessary.
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             And so, I think the way to understand that statement
     from Edmond, as illustrated by its application to the facts of
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     Edmond itself, demonstrates that there is certainly sufficient
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     oversight here. Because, pursuant to the regulations, there
23
     has to be notification to the Attorney General of any
     significant investigative or prosecutorial steps, and then
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     there is a -- albeit deferential, but that's just like
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- 1 Edmond -- a deferential standard of review of sorts about
- 2 overruling the Special Counsel. But --
- THE COURT: You make a mention of that in the brief as
- 4 if there is, sort of, this commandeering-type authority the
- 5 Attorney General wields. But where is that in the actual
- 6 regulations?
- 7 MR. SELIGMAN: I'm sorry. "Commandeering authority"
- 8 means --
- 9 THE COURT: In terms of actual direction. There is a
- 10 notice requirement. There is a point in the regs where it says
- 11 the Special Counsel can, if it wants to, consult. There's a
- 12 point where it says the Special Counsel shall consult on
- 13 matters of department policy. And then there's a portion where
- 14 the Attorney General can, essentially, overrule a decision if
- 15 it's so inappropriate.
- 16 But -- but where in that scheme do you see, kind of,
- 17 more traditional direction of litigation conduct or strategy?
- 18 MR. SELIGMAN: I think that there is more -- a more
- 19 hands-off approach, and I think that's the entire point of the
- 20 Special Counsel regulation.
- 21 THE COURT: So it's not there?
- MR. SELIGMAN: So day-to-day supervision of litigation
- 23 is not there, and the regulations make that clear, yes.
- 24 THE COURT: And where is there actual direction of
- 25 litigation in the regulations?

- 1 MR. SELIGMAN: Well, so, I think the provisions that
- 2 you pointed out are the direction. Now, again, it's not
- 3 day-to-day direction, and I'm not claiming otherwise. But I
- 4 think the amount of direction that there is, is sufficient for
- 5 the purposes of --
- 6 THE COURT: But where is the direction at all?
- 7 MR. SELIGMAN: The direction is the authority within
- 8 the regulations to overrule decisions of the Special Counsel.
- 9 THE COURT: And where does that come from?
- 10 MR. SELIGMAN: That's -- so, Your Honor cited that --
- 11 THE COURT: The inappropriate --
- 12 MR. SELIGMAN: That's correct.
- 13 THE COURT: Okay. All right.
- 14 Let's turn to the -- to the statutes, to the inferior
- 15 question.
- MR. SELIGMAN: So to the statutes about the Attorney
- 17 General statutory authority?
- THE COURT: Yes.
- MR. SELIGMAN: So there are two bases of statutory
- 20 authority. The first is Section 515(b), and the second is
- 21 Section 533. They're both independently sufficient to provide
- 22 the authority here.
- THE COURT: Your brief focuses, really, on 533. Do you
- think that's a stronger source of authority than 515?
- 25 MR. SELIGMAN: I think they're both strong authorities.

- 1 I think that section, 533, is a textually crisper source of
- 2 authority for a couple of reasons. First -- so, before lunch
- 3 Your Honor was -- was asking questions about the absence of the
- 4 word "appoint." Session 533 uses the word "appoint." It says
- 5 that the Attorney General may appoint attorneys to dot, dot,
- 6 dot, prosecute crimes against the United States. That's
- 7 exactly what this is.
- Now, the use of the word "appoint" also answers another
- 9 question. So the defendant here has argued that "officials,"
- 10 as used in Section 533, doesn't include officers. Well, so,
- 11 what they would read the section to be is, the Attorney General
- 12 may appoint employees. You don't appoint employees. If we're
- 13 taking that word seriously as a term of art, you appoint
- 14 officers. And so I think the textual fit for Section 533 is
- 15 absolutely perfect here.
- Now, if there are --
- 17 THE COURT: Do you know of any other vesting statutes
- 18 that are phrased in the way 533 is?
- 19 MR. SELIGMAN: That have this -- that don't --
- 20 THE COURT: That say "appoint officials" and then are
- 21 treated as general vesting clauses.
- 22 MR. SELIGMAN: No, I don't. You know, so as you know,
- 23 in our brief we looked for where the word "officials" was used
- 24 in other statutes. I don't think any of the ones we
- 25 found -- but there were dozens. I don't think any of the ones

- 1 we found were these vesting ones, which I take it to mean,
- 2 you know, appointment authorizations. I don't think they were,
- 3 but I'm happy to go back and check.
- 4 THE COURT: Does that matter, though? I mean, we
- 5 could -- we could, I'm sure, I think, understand that the word
- 6 "official" is going to appear in the code, but in what context
- 7 is it appearing? And I guess my question is: If one were to
- 8 scour the U.S. Code, could you find a comparable vesting
- 9 statute that uses the term "official," but is, nevertheless,
- 10 treated as general inferior officer appointment authority?
- 11 MR. SELIGMAN: I'm not aware of that. I promise you I
- 12 will go back and look, because that would be very helpful if it
- 13 exists.
- 14 Now, I think it's also important to understand the
- 15 context of this -- so you're referring to Section 533, I think,
- 16 as a catch-all appointment vesting clause. And the question
- 17 is: Why would they do that? Why would Congress do that?
- And I think if you look at the structure of the
- 19 statute, that becomes clear. It is true that there are other
- 20 provisions of the code that give the Attorney General the
- 21 specific appointment authority for other -- I'm sorry -- that
- 22 give -- provide for the appointment of other Department of
- 23 Justice officials. That's the Deputy Attorney General, the
- 24 Associate Attorney General, the 11 assistant attorneys general,
- 25 and the Solicitor General, all of whom are principle officers.

- And so what we have here is a statute that says, Okay,
- 2 Congress is going to list the principal officers below the
- 3 Attorney General -- including the Attorney General -- and then
- 4 below the Attorney General --
- 5 THE COURT: So do you believe that, for example, a
- 6 Solicitor General is a principal officer?
- 7 MR. SELIGMAN: Yes. And --
- 8 THE COURT: So what about a U.S. Attorney?
- 9 MR. SELIGMAN: No. And I think that, you know -- so,
- 10 as Your Honor mentioned this morning, every case that's
- 11 addressed that issue has said that --
- 12 THE COURT: Well, why would we treat those differently
- if the mechanism is the same in the Code?
- 14 MR. SELIGMAN: Well -- and the reason is because -- so
- 15 the operation of the Appointments Clause for inferior officers
- 16 gives Congress an option. It doesn't compel Congress to vest
- 17 the appointment of the inferior officers in someone other than
- 18 the president. It just gives an option for convenience. And
- 19 Congress has taken that option with respect to some inferior
- 20 officers, but it hasn't with respect to U.S. attorneys. And
- 21 that's true in, I think, other circumstances as well.
- Now, another important point here is, as the government
- 23 pointed out, there is no other source of statutory authority
- 24 for the Attorney General to appoint inferior officers. So this
- 25 isn't just about the Special Counsel. This is about any other

- 1 inferior officers within the Department of Justice.
- Now, the government mentioned all of the DAAGs, the
- 3 deputy assistant attorneys general. And I would like to add
- 4 another to the list, which is the principal deputy solicitor
- 5 general. And so, Judge Srinivasan, in oral arguments in In Re:
- 6 Grand Jury Investigation brought this point up. And he was the
- 7 principal deputy solicitor general. So I guess it was an
- 8 example that was close to him.
- 9 Now, I think that this is a particularly important and
- 10 potentially disruptive appointment issue. And the reason is
- 11 because the principal deputy solicitor general is often the
- 12 acting solicitor general when there's an interregnum between
- 13 confirmed solicitors general.
- 14 And so the implication of the argument that the
- defendant is offering here is that the principal attorney
- 16 arguing before the United -- before the United States Supreme
- 17 Court on behalf of the United States is unlawfully appointed.
- 18 And that is an extreme --
- 19 THE COURT: So as of right now, the DAAGs and the
- 20 principal deputy solicitor general, the statutory appointment
- 21 authority is 533?
- 22 MR. SELIGMAN: A combination of 515(b) and 533. And
- 23 I'm happy to talk about how those two interact, if you would
- 24 like.
- 25 THE COURT: Okay. Yes, you may briefly.

- 1 MR. SELIGMAN: So briefly -- so the reason why
- 2 515(b) -- and I think Your Honor was discussing this, this
- 3 morning. It's an old statute. It dates back to the initiation
- 4 of the Department of Justice in the 1870s. It's been around
- 5 for a long time. It seems, you know, it's grammatically a
- 6 little bit cumbersome. It seems to presuppose the power of the
- 7 Attorney General to appoint attorneys, and then imposes some
- 8 restrictions on that appointment by saying that he has to set a
- 9 yearly salary, they have to be commissioned, they have to take
- 10 an oath, and so on.
- 11 Now, there would be no point in passing that statute if
- 12 there wasn't an authority to appoint the officer -- the
- 13 attorneys to whom it would apply in the first place. And
- 14 that's how Congress and everyone else has understood it for
- 15 154 years. So I think that the acquiescence canon that you
- 16 referred to before is particularly strong. Now, I think it's
- 17 even stronger still because of the context in which this
- 18 statute was used in a highly, highly, politically contentious
- 19 context, and that's Nixon.
- 20 So it is true that the -- it is true that Nixon says
- 21 that the appointment of the special prosecutor in that case was
- 22 lawful, and it lists the statute, including 533 and 515. Now,
- 23 if everyone was up in arms after that and said, actually, no,
- 24 there was never --
- 25 THE COURT: Well, does -- does the Nixon decision

- 1 actually comment on the legality of the appointment? Wasn't
- 2 that issue not contested?
- 3 MR. SELIGMAN: It wasn't contested, but it does state
- 4 that the appointment was lawful. And as the government
- 5 explained, that was an essential predicate of the -- of the
- 6 decision. And the reason is because, if the Special Counsel
- 7 was not lawfully appointed, then there would be no dispute. It
- 8 would be an interloper.
- 9 And more than that, the subpoena that was at issue
- 10 there, which is perhaps the most historically important
- 11 subpoena up until recent years, it would have been void
- 12 ab initio. And so the lawfulness of the special prosecutor's
- 13 appointment was critically important. And, you know, it's not
- 14 dicta. But even if it were dicta, it's something that was so
- 15 high profile that as the defense counsel pointed out, it was
- 16 discussed in confirmation hearings. This is not something that
- 17 people weren't paying attention to at the time.
- 18 So it's not something like: Well, nobody noticed that
- 19 there was an issue here; it wasn't briefed. And then, a couple
- 20 of years later, we realize, oh, actually, there is a potential
- 21 problem here.
- This is something that was addressed. It was essential
- 23 and integral to the decision, and it wasn't an oversight. It
- 24 was something that was the focus of an immense amount of
- 25 attention. And that further supports the Congressional

- 1 acquiescence argument.
- 2 THE COURT: Okay. All right. Let me just turn to your
- 3 brief to ensure I don't have any other questions.
- 4 Oh, what's your view on assistant U.S. attorneys? Are
- 5 they inferior officers?
- 6 MR. SELIGMAN: No, I don't think they are; I think
- 7 they're employees.
- 8 THE COURT: All right. Okay. So the footnote that you
- 9 have in your brief that lists out various statutes, you would
- 10 agree that none of those are vesting statutes?
- 11 MR. SELIGMAN: I -- I think you're correct, Your Honor.
- 12 But that footnote doesn't include all that we found and all
- 13 that exist.
- 14 THE COURT: Okay. So there might be some?
- MR. SELIGMAN: There might be some. That's correct,
- 16 yes.
- 17 THE COURT: Okay. Do you have any thoughts on the
- 18 Clear Statement Rule? That has featured somewhat in the
- 19 briefing; and I just wanted to give you an opportunity to
- 20 comment.
- 21 MR. SELIGMAN: I don't think there is a Clear Statement
- 22 Rule that applies, but if it did apply, it would be satisfied
- 23 by Section 533. It could not be clearer that the Attorney
- 24 General has the authority to appoint officials to prosecute
- 25 crimes against the United States.

- 1 THE COURT: Well, it's true that it says "officials,"
- 2 but I think that's the question, is: Does that term
- 3 "officials" encompass constitutionally appointed officers?
- 4 MR. SELIGMAN: So I think that -- so a Clear Statement
- 5 Rule is not a magic words requirement. And the Supreme Court
- 6 has said that over and over again, and particularly in
- 7 the context of statutes where, you know, for example, sovereign
- 8 immunity statutes, you give a certain amount of solicitude to
- 9 the powers of government.
- 10 So there's no magic words requirement. The word
- "officials" here -- and I think Your Honor was gesturing
- 12 towards this, this morning. The word "officials" here is used
- 13 precisely because it's an umbrella term; that includes both
- 14 officers -- inferior officers and employees. And the point is
- 15 to use one word that applies to both.
- 16 And the other statutes that we cite in that footnote
- 17 use it in exactly the same way. It's a -- and this is common
- in -- both in common language and in statutory drafting where
- 19 you use a single term that applies to multiple subcategories.
- 20 And so that --
- 21 THE COURT: But if it were so common, then why wouldn't
- there be more vesting statutes that use the word "official"?
- 23 This appears to be the only one, according to the position
- 24 you're taking. And I guess that's what my question is: If
- 25 it's -- if Congress knows how to legislate in this arena, then

- 1 why wouldn't it use the term "officer," if that's term in the
- 2 Constitution, and that is the term used, for example, in other
- 3 provisions of the Constitution, and then in other provisions of
- 4 the Code itself?
- 5 MR. SELIGMAN: I'm not sure of the answer of why
- 6 Congress used this umbrella term in its -- as you call it, the
- 7 vesting statute for the Department of Justice, but not --
- 8 again, as far as I'm aware, but I may not know, with respect to
- 9 vesting -- sort of, these umbrella vesting statutes for other
- 10 departments.
- Now, I can give a couple of historical thoughts about
- 12 this. One, is that the Department of Justice is both older
- 13 than a lot of other departments and has evolved over time in
- 14 ways that others haven't. And so, if you're talking about
- something like, for example, the Department of Homeland
- 16 Security, the -- you know, the organic statutes are much more
- 17 detailed than the Department of Justice because of modern
- 18 statutory drafting techniques. And so, it wouldn't surprise
- 19 me -- for example, like, if there were this, kind of, umbrella
- 20 vesting clause, I would imagine it would be in something like
- 21 the Department of Treasury rather than the Department of
- 22 Homeland Security, or EPA, or something like that. So that
- 23 might be the reason why.
- But the answer is I don't know. What's enough though,
- 25 is that the plain text of this statute uses the word

- 1 "officials," but says "appointed officials." And every piece
- 2 of statutory evidence that we have indicates that "officials"
- 3 is a capacious term that includes both inferior officers and
- 4 employees.
- 5 THE COURT: Thank you.
- 6 One last question. If it's correct, that the term
- 7 "official" is -- is the equivalent of "officer" for Appointment
- 8 Clause purposes, would that have any effect on any other
- 9 statutes in the Code that use the word "official"? In other
- 10 words, would there be, sort of, all of a sudden, new vesting
- 11 powers that would be implicitly borne, so to speak, as a result
- of an understanding that the word "official" captures
- 13 constitutional officers?
- MR. SELIGMAN: Not that I'm aware, no.
- THE COURT: All right. Well, thank you very much, sir.
- 16 I appreciate your assistance.
- 17 MR. SELIGMAN: Thank you.
- 18 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Blackman.
- MR. BLACKMAN: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor. May it
- 20 please the Court.
- 21 Josh Blackman for amicus, Professor Seth Barrett
- 22 Tillman and the Landmark Legal Foundation. And I'm grateful
- 23 for the chance to argue.
- I have four primary points I want to discuss today.
- 25 First, I want to reconcile any tension that may appear from my

- 1 position, that of Mr. Trump. Second, I want to talk about
- 2 Nixon v. United States. Third, I want to talk about what it
- 3 means to be a continuous officer under the precedence. Fourth,
- 4 why Mr. Smith cannot exercise the power that he is purporting
- 5 to exercise. And fifth, I want to turn to Section 515, which
- 6 has been discussed quite a lot today.
- 7 I am also happy to answer any other questions that Your
- 8 Honor may have.
- 9 THE COURT: Okay. I'm just going to ask that you speak
- 10 slowly for the benefit of our court reporter so we have a clean
- 11 record.
- MR. BLACKMAN: I will do my best. Thank you, Your
- 13 Honor.
- 14 First, I recognize that Mr. Trump's counsel says there
- 15 tensions between our positions. The way we look at it is there
- 16 is two steps of this inquiry. The first step is: How do we
- 17 characterize Mr. Smith? And the second step is: Can he
- 18 exercise the powers he is purporting to exercise?
- We agree with Mr. Trump on step 2 entirely; that he
- 20 can't exercise those powers. The only difference is that,
- 21 step 1, is he characterized as a principal, or inferior, or as
- 22 an employee? But these are parallel tracks that lead to the
- 23 exact same destination, which is that he can't exercise these
- 24 powers. We want to put that out at the outset.
- 25 With regard to the United States -- United States

- 1 against Nixon, we've talked a lot about the statute. You also
- 2 mentioned the regulations. I think you used the phrase,
- 3 "unique one-off regulations." That is very important.
- 4 Attorney General Bork, in 1973, appointed
- 5 Leon Jaworski, with a very specific set of regulations. And
- 6 the Court cites these at footnote 8 of the opinion, at page 694
- 7 to 695, footnote 8. The parties have discussed 694 to 695
- 8 quite a bit, but they haven't discussed footnote 8. What does
- 9 footnote 8 say?
- 10 Footnote 8 cites the code of -- I will give you a
- 11 moment to catch up. It's on page 694 to 695, Nixon,
- 12 footnote 8.
- 13 THE COURT: Okay. I see it.
- 14 MR. BLACKMAN: Okay. So the sentence begins, "Acting
- 15 pursuant to those statutes," which we've discussed a lot today,
- 16 "the Attorney General is delegated the authority to represent
- 17 the United States in these particular matters to a special
- 18 prosecutor with a" -- here is the key language -- "unique
- 19 authority and tenure." "Unique authority and tenure."
- 20 And I think Your Honor referred to the one-off
- 21 regulations earlier. That is quite astute.
- 22 Footnote 8 lists those regulations. The regulations
- 23 say that the Attorney General gives a special prosecutor the
- 24 greatest degree of independence that is consistent with the
- 25 AG's authority. Then it says, the next sentence, "The Attorney

- 1 General will not countermand or interfere with the special
- prosecutor's decisions."
- 3 By the way, you asked earlier where in the regs it says
- 4 you cannot interfere. That is in the Bork regulations; that
- 5 does not exist here. So one important difference.
- 6 Next sentence says, "In accordance with the assurances
- 7 given by the president," so on, "the president will not
- 8 exercise his removal power unless" -- and this is the sort of
- 9 striking part -- "he has the consent of eight members of
- 10 Congress." Eight members of Congress. The president or the AG
- 11 can only remove the Special Counsel with the consent of eight
- 12 members of Congress. That's significant because of a case
- 13 called Bowsher against Synar, 1986.
- 14 This was a case involving the comptroller general,
- where Congress vested the removal power of the comptroller in
- 16 Congress; not impeachment. But both houses of Congress removed
- 17 the comptroller. The Supreme Court said, no, you cannot do
- 18 that. So Attorney General Bork gave the removal power to
- 19 Congress. That is unconstitutional. You can't do that.
- 20 So to the extent these regulations rely on a practice
- 21 that's been abrogated by Bowsher, I don't think they carry very
- 22 much weight anywhere.
- I will go one step further. We have been talking a lot
- 24 today about the difference between holding and dictum. I wrote
- 25 a paper on this in my earlier career. I don't think it

- 1 actually matters. I'm going to stipulate that Mr. Smith is
- 2 correct, that this was a holding of the case. But it's a
- 3 holding limited to unique authority and tenure, what you call
- 4 one-off regulations. That's the holding. If Attorney General
- 5 Garland issued the exact regs that Bork issued, okay, we have a
- 6 different case. But he changed them because he noted there is
- 7 no countermanding; right? That's not in the regs.
- 8 So we have here, very clear, it says, "Unique
- 9 authority." That's from page 694. If you go to page 696, up
- 10 ahead just a bit, the Court says, "The delegation of
- 11 authority," the special prosecutor in this case, "is not an
- 12 ordinary delegation." Not an ordinary -- they're saying this
- is unique. When the Supreme Court wants what they call a
- 14 ticket for one ride, they want to ride it.
- And if you go to page 697, this very last page of the
- 16 majority -- might be the second-to-the-last page -- the Court
- 17 says, "In light of the uniqueness -- the uniqueness of the
- 18 setting in which this conflict arose, "blah-blah-blah, "not a
- 19 barrier to justiciability."
- 20 So they use the word "unique" twice. They say "not
- 21 ordinary delegation." Whatever the holding is here, it is so
- 22 squarely limited to these regulations which have been abrogated
- 23 by Bowsher. Forget holding and dictum. This is not a binding
- 24 precedent of this Court. Persuasive. I will stipulate,
- 25 Your Honor, that Nixon is persuasive. Not very persuasive,

- 1 because it doesn't explain why the statutes and regulations are
- 2 fine. It's persuasive, but it's not binding.
- I think this Court has free jurisprudential discretion
- 4 to decide the issue, notwithstanding what the fine judges in
- 5 D.C. have found, but it's not controlling in this regard,
- 6 citing Nixon's no barrier to reaching the merits here.
- 7 THE COURT: All right. What are -- I know you had five
- 8 main points you wanted to make.
- 9 MR. BLACKMAN: Very good. Yes, Your Honor. The next
- 10 point discusses "continuous." What does it mean to be
- 11 continuous? There is a long line of cases going back to John
- 12 Marshall in United States against Maurice, M-A-U-R-I-C-E,
- 13 holding that an essential element of being an officer is
- 14 continuity. And let me just explain the reason why that's
- 15 there.
- "Continuity" means accountability. When a position is
- 17 created as a one-off, that is for one specific target, there is
- 18 a risk that IS designed to either benefit or burden that one
- 19 person. I think Justice Scalia explained this quite well.
- 20 When you appoint a special prosecutor to go after one person,
- 21 they will follow him to the end OF the Earth to go after them.
- Meanwhile, when you appoint a permanent, continuous
- 23 position, it's always there. It serves the common good in this
- 24 context or that context. When Congress creates a permanent
- 25 position, maybe they might like this position today, but it

- 1 might hurt them down the road when someone else is in power.
- 2 But "continuity" means accountability. Perhaps we'll quote
- 3 Spiderman: "With great power comes great" --
- 4 THE COURT: Wouldn't there be accountability here?
- 5 Accountability to the Attorney General, who is most accountable
- 6 to the executive?
- 7 MR. BLACKMAN: For sure, Your Honor. And there are
- 8 lots of officers who are accountable to the Attorney General,
- 9 but this is a temporary position; it's noncontinuous.
- THE COURT: What do you mean by that, though? I mean,
- is it the case that continuity requires permanence? How
- 12 permanent? At the end of the day, I think even OLC's opinion
- in 2007 takes the view that it doesn't need to be permanent,
- 14 and then applies that principle to the independent counsel and
- 15 concludes that it's sufficiently continuous.
- MR. BLACKMAN: Your Honor, I'm happy to talk about the
- 17 OLC's opinion from 2007. Also, if you have Morrison v. Olson,
- 18 page 672, it might be a relevant thing to consider. In
- 19 Morrison, at page 672, Chief Justice Rehnquist explains why the
- 20 independent counsel was a temporary, not continuous, position.
- 21 And he gives three factors; right?
- 22 The first factor: Is this person appointed,
- essentially, to accomplish a single task?
- 24 Factor Number 2: When the task is over, the office is
- 25 terminated.

- 1 Factor Number 3: That the person has no on-board
- 2 responsibilities that extent beyond the accomplishment of the
- 3 mission to which he was appointed.
- 4 Rehnquist looks at each of those factors and says that
- 5 the independent counsel, Alexa Morrison, was not a continuous
- 6 position. The OLC position does not even cite that. Doesn't
- 7 even mention it. I think OLC realizes that there's a tension
- 8 there. So OLC made up this three-factor test, the third of
- 9 which has nothing to do with continuity, whether it's limited
- 10 to the person, whether it's incidental powers and so on.
- 11 These are just, sort of, factors that the executive
- 12 branch, sort of, grasps from. But we have actual precedent
- 13 from William Rehnquist; the three factors. And I submit that
- 14 Jack Smith flunks all three factors. He is appointed for a
- 15 single task: To prosecute Donald Trump. If you read the
- 16 order, it involves January 6th -- except for everyone else, who
- is already prosecuted by someone else. So it's just Trump.
- 18 And it discuss the incident at Mar-a-Lago. It's a single task.
- 19 The second factor --
- THE COURT: Well, I don't know if that's a fair reading
- 21 of the appointment order. It captures events arising -- you
- 22 know, I -- the language is what it is, but I don't know if it's
- 23 as targeted as you suggest.
- MR. BLACKMAN: But it's still a single task. Once
- 25 those discrete set of items are accomplished, the position's

- 1 over. For example, if tomorrow there were to be a blanket
- 2 amnesty, a blanket pardon involving the defenses, Jack Smith
- 3 would have nothing to do, the position is over.
- 4 For example, Jack Smith --
- 5 THE COURT: But what -- I mean, in terms of your
- 6 continuity point, what Supreme Court cases -- I know you rely
- 7 on Morrison and Lucia, but is that, sort of, continuity plus a
- 8 true prerequisite? Or is it just a factor to consider in the
- 9 somewhat malleable guidance the Supreme Court has endeavored to
- 10 provide in this complex area of the law?
- 11 MR. BLACKMAN: Your Honor, it's -- actually Hartwell,
- 12 Germaine, and Lucia are the leading cases. So Hartwell and
- 13 Germaine are cases from the 19th century that elicit four
- 14 factors. What is an office? Tenure, duration, emoluments, and
- 15 duties.
- 16 All right. So I will go through each one.
- 17 What is tenure? Are you at-will? Removal for cause?
- 18 Good behavior, like a federal judge? What is your tenure?
- 19 Okay?
- The second one is duration. Is it continuous? And
- 21 Chief Justice Rehnquist lays out pretty clearly what it means
- 22 to be continuous. When the specific set of tasks are over, you
- 23 are no longer employed. If Jack Smith were to resign right
- 24 now, my friend, Mr. Bratt, and others would have to lay their
- 25 pencils down. They couldn't do a thing. Their power comes

- 1 solely from his agency; right? Once his task is over, it's
- 2 gone.
- 3 By contrast, the independent counsel statute has this
- 4 umbrella statute with certain provisions for continuity. The
- 5 regulations that exist now have no provisions for continuity.
- 6 This is a position that's limited to Jack Smith. If Jack Smith
- 7 resigns, this entire process stops. They have to appoint a new
- 8 person from scratch. It's not a continuous position.
- 9 And in Lucia, Justice Kagan's opinion recognized that
- 10 continuity is an important factor. Whether it's required or
- 11 not, I'm actually not sure it much matters. But, for certain,
- 12 he is not continuous at all. He is in the exact same position
- 13 as just, basically, a one-off employee. Now, granted, he is
- 14 working for years on end. I don't doubt that. And his duties
- 15 are a lot. They work extremely hard. But continuity is a very
- 16 important aspect of being an officer. I think it's really
- 17 essential in this case.
- 18 THE COURT: There has been some other adjectives thrown
- 19 around: "Incidental," "personal." How does your analysis
- 20 square up with those?
- 21 MR. BLACKMAN: Right. Your Honor, so there are four
- 22 elements; right? There is tenure, duration, emoluments, and
- 23 duties. The words you are using describe the duties, episodic
- 24 duties; right? If you read Justice Kagan's opinion -- this is
- 25 at Lucia, at page -- I think it's this 245. I might be off by

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1 a page or two.
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- 2 She says, In Germaine, the surgeons were mere employees
- 3 because their duties were occasional or temporary, rather than
- 4 continuing and permanent. So this word, "occasional,"
- 5 "episodic," refers to the duties. Then in the very next
- 6 sentence, Kagan separates: "Stressing ideas of tenure and
- 7 duration," first two elements, the Court made clear that an
- 8 individual must occupy a continuing position established by law
- 9 to qualify as an officer.
- 10 The keyword there is "must" -- "must occupy a
- 11 continuing position to be established by law as an officer."
- 12 The OLC opinion from 2007 was before Lucia. We don't know if
- 13 they have updated the opinion. I have no idea. I think Lucia
- 14 changed the landscape. Lucia changed the ball game. If I was
- 15 here arguing in 2017, I'd have a much more different argument
- 16 to make.
- 17 THE COURT: I mean, is it more of just a sliding scale,
- that maybe you're not continuous in the permanent sense you're
- 19 suggesting, but the power, the sovereign power you're wielding
- is so substantial that pursuant to Buckley, you get there?
- In other words, it's not a black-and-white equation?
- 22 MR. BLACKMAN: So, Your Honor, there are two elements
- 23 in Justice Kagan's analysis. I think you said the second
- 24 element. The first is: Is this person an employee or an
- 25 officer? That does not turn on the authority they're

- 1 exercising.
- 2 The second element, right, where we agree with
- 3 Mr. Trump: Can a mere employee exercise the significant
- 4 authority under Buckley? The answer is no. You have to
- 5 separate those out.
- 6 Step 1, are you an officer or an employee? And Justice
- 7 Kagan said "must occupy a continuing position." That's a must.
- 8 And that's something that OLC did not have the advantage of
- 9 when they wrote their opinion. I read the word "must" to be
- 10 there. In fact, the dissent by Justice Sotomayor said,
- "Continuity is a prerequisite." So both the majority and the
- 12 dissent agreed must -- prerequisite -- you have to have this
- 13 continuity.
- So we're talking --
- THE COURT: But what does "continuity" mean? At the
- 16 end of the day, I mean, does it require the establishment of an
- official office, or can it be inferred from the reality on the
- 18 ground, which is multiyear investigations, extensive staffing,
- 19 and everything else that comes with -- with building a Special
- 20 Counsel's Office?
- 21 MR. BLACKMAN: It's a fair question. And I look again
- 22 to Chief Justice Rehnquist at page 672. He gives three
- 23 factors. He recognized that the independent counsel went on
- 24 for years. The Ted Olson incident actually began in the early
- 25 1980s and didn't reach the Supreme Court until 1988. It was a

- 1 seven-year investigation with several people that went through
- 2 the office, millions of dollars expended. He knew all that,
- 3 and still said temporary, noncontinuous.
- 4 Again, are you appointed for a single task, or perhaps
- 5 a set of discrete tasks? That's number one.
- 6 Number two, when that task is offered -- when that task
- 7 is over, is the office terminated?
- 8 And number three, are there any ongoing
- 9 responsibilities that extend beyond that task? Those are three
- 10 very easy factors to satisfy, and they describe a lot of
- 11 people, but not Mr. Smith.
- 12 THE COURT: All right. Thank you very much, sir.
- 13 Anything further?
- MR. BLACKMAN: Oh, yes.
- So on the point of significant authority, Buckley v.
- 16 Valeo here is significant; right? Buckley explains that when
- 17 you're an officer of the United States, you can exercise
- 18 significant authority. But if you're not an officer of the
- 19 United States, you cannot exercise that significant authority.
- 20 The regulations here give the power of the United States
- 21 attorney to Mr. Smith. It's right there in the regulations.
- 22 Okay?
- 23 If you want, Your Honor, it's -- whoa.
- 24 THE COURT: That's okay. That happens occasionally.
- MR. BLACKMAN: Sorry about that.

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             When Attorney General Garland appointed Mr. Smith, he
 2
     gave him the power of the United States. I don't have the
 3
     order handy here, but it's -- it's in there. Whether you think
     the U.S. Attorney is principal or inferior -- that was the
 4
     discussion we had before -- the powers of the U.S. Attorney are
 5
 6
     those of an officer of the United States. If you are a mere
 7
     employee, you cannot exercise those powers. And that would
8
     suggest that Mr. Smith is not able to do this in his current
9
     capacity.
10
             Now, why is this important? A lot of the discussion of
11
     Mr. Trump and Mr. Smith is whether you're principal or
12
     inferior. Our argument doesn't turn that at all. In fact, it
13
     makes no difference whether Mr. Smith in the Special Counsel
14
     Office would be principal or inferior. The reason why is
15
    because the office created is temporary.
16
             When you realize that, Morrison is no longer a
     roadblock; right? Morrison doesn't prevent our position; in
17
18
     fact, Morrison supports our position that it's temporary.
19
             Edmond doesn't block our position at all; in fact,
20
     Edmond, Freytag, and others recognize that mere employees can't
21
     exercise this power.
22
             I feel like Morrison has kind of been this -- this
23
     gorilla in the sky that's just not -- it's not really mentioned
24
     much. But it's a precedent of this Court. And you know, maybe
25
     at some point, the Supreme Court might revisit it, but it's
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- 1 still there. I think the path we put forward does not run to
- 2 Morrison at all, doesn't run to Edmond. It provides an
- 3 alternate way for the Court to rule, consistent with Lucia,
- 4 that the Special Counsel cannot exercise the power he is trying
- 5 to exercise.
- 6 THE COURT: All right. Well, thank you very much.
- 7 MR. BLACKMAN: May I make an argument on the statute,
- 8 please?
- 9 THE COURT: You may.
- 10 MR. BLACKMAN: Thank you, Your Honor.
- We talked a lot this morning about Section 515, and we
- 12 also discussed what it means to be a special assistant. And
- 13 that came up quite a bit this morning.
- 14 There is another statute that we've not talked about,
- which is Section 28 U.S.C. 591. And that is actually
- 16 significant. That was an old statute in Chapter 40 that
- 17 authorized the appointment of independent counsel. You might
- 18 think: Wait a minute. Isn't that expired? Didn't it lapse?
- 19 Well, there is still a relevance for Section 591.
- 20 Section's 591 note -- N-O-T-E, note -- is the basis of the
- 21 appropriation. This might come up Monday, but it relates to
- 22 the issue today. The appropriation, as we all know, refers to
- 23 an independent counsel; right? And I'm not arguing what that
- 24 means in the statute, but in the government's brief, the motion
- 25 in opposition, page 20, they have a discussion about what

- 1 independent counsel means and what special counsel means, and I
- 2 think this relates to what special assistant also means.
- 3 I can pause for a moment.
- 4 THE COURT: No, no, no. Please continue.
- 5 MR. BLACKMAN: Okay. So in 591 note, again, the
- 6 statute said independent counsel. And at page 20 of the
- 7 government's opposition brief, they refer to the decision in
- 8 the Roger Stone case. And also they cite the opinion of the
- 9 comptroller general with the general accountability office.
- 10 And they explain that a Special Counsel, as understood by the
- 11 various regulations, refers to a person who prosecutes a
- 12 high-ranking government official, a high-ranking government
- 13 official.
- Now, why is that important? Mr. Smith's prosecution in
- 15 the District of Columbia, I think arguably refers to a
- 16 high-ranking government official. It involved January 6th,
- 17 when President Trump was still president. In this case,
- 18 though, the gravamen of the indictment is conduct after Trump
- 19 left office, when he was no longer a high-ranking government
- 20 official.
- 21 So the very definition of the special counsel that they
- 22 have adopted seems to suggest prosecuting a high-ranking
- 23 government official. And if you go through the list of all of
- 24 the Special Counsels that have been appointed back to
- 25 Ulysses S. Grant, they're all prosecuting current or former

- 1 high-ranking officials who had conduct while they were in
- 2 office. What is unique about this case is it argues against
- 3 prosecuting a private citizen who had some government
- 4 documents. Now, why does that matter?
- 5 THE COURT: The independent counsel statute would have
- 6 authorized prosecution of high-level executive officials for a
- 7 year post-office; correct?
- 8 MR. BLACKMAN: You are exactly right. And this is
- 9 beyond a year. We're beyond a year. It was November -- it was
- 10 post-January '21 --
- 11 THE COURT: So how does that impact your inquiry?
- MR. BLACKMAN: The funding source, Your Honor.
- 13 If the funding for this is limited to the prosecution
- of high-ranking government officials, I think Mr. Smith can tap
- 15 that indictment for the D.C. prosecution, but couldn't tap it
- 16 for this prosecution. In other words, the funding source that
- 17 GAO approved was the prosecution of high-ranking government
- 18 officials. In this case in Florida, Trump was out of office
- 19 more than a year. He would not be a high-ranking government
- 20 official anymore. So the appropriation may not be valid for
- 21 this prosecution at all.
- 22 THE COURT: Well, that -- that appropriation doesn't
- 23 also refer to other law, so --
- MR. BLACKMAN: I know that. But this is -- even if you
- 25 agree with Mr. Smith what "other law" means, that would only

- 1 get him to go after high-ranking government officials.
- 2 In fact, this is at page 20 of the brief. It says it
- 3 right there, "high-ranking government officials." And it cites
- 4 a GAO opinion and a comptroller general opinion where they try
- 5 to say, how are we still using this old appropriation from the
- 6 independent counsel statute if it expired? They say it's
- 7 limited to high-ranking government officials. This is their
- 8 opinion and this is their brief.
- 9 So I think there is some argument. I know this,
- 10 perhaps, bleeds over into Monday that the appropriation would
- 11 be valid for the prosecution in D.C., because, again, that was
- 12 for Trump conduct while he was president. Whereas, the
- 13 prosecution today is prosecution for Trump after he left office
- 14 more than a year. So Section 591, and 591 note, asks the
- 15 intention of this entire prosecution.
- 16 THE COURT: Okay. All right.
- MR. BLACKMAN: Any other questions?
- 18 THE COURT: No, I don't think so. But I do want to let
- 19 you wrap up if you had any other --
- MR. BLACKMAN: A few more points, Your Honor.
- 21 THE COURT: -- named submissions you would like to
- 22 make.
- MR. BLACKMAN: Thank you, Your Honor.
- So, further on Section 515, it says: Each attorney
- 25 specially retained under authority of the Department of Justice

- 1 shall be commissioned as special assistant.
- 2 And there are two words there that I want to focus on.
- 3 The first one is "retained." We speak of retention as
- 4 something you do as an employee, not something you do as an
- 5 officer. I think that's an important word.
- The second one is "commissioned." Now, we all remember
- 7 Marbury v. Madison. We all have commissions -- which, you have
- 8 one on your wall hanging. Commissions don't come from the
- 9 Attorney General. The commissions clause of the Constitution
- in Article II, Section 3 says: The president shall commission
- 11 all of the officers of the United States. Shall. Must. All.
- 12 The Attorney General does not commission officers. The
- 13 Attorney General can commission, perhaps, employees, but he
- 14 can't commission officers. This might be similar to judicial
- 15 notice, but I asked General Mukasey during the break if he has
- 16 ever commissioned anyone; he said, no, I have never
- 17 commissioned anyone.
- 18 So the language of "commission" here, I think, is
- 19 actually consistent with appointing employees; right? The
- 20 Attorney General can appoint lots of employees, and they do.
- 21 And the special assistants are these sort of noncontinuous
- 22 employees appointed for a specific purpose.
- 23 If, in fact, the Attorney General's commissioning
- 24 officers, it's inconsistent with the Appointments Clause;
- 25 right? I'm sorry. Inconsistent with the Commissions Clause;

- 1 that only the President commissions the officers of the
- 2 United States.
- 3 THE COURT: Okay.
- 4 MR. BLACKMAN: Okay.
- 5 THE COURT: What is your view on the Special Counsel's
- 6 argument for 533, that if you read it in the way the defense
- 7 does, it would kind of remove any significance to the term
- 8 "officials," and it would be, essentially, equivalent to
- 9 "employees"?
- MR. BLACKMAN: You know, we have not advanced the
- 11 argument that "official" versus "officers" has a different
- 12 meaning. In our view, if, in fact, you're merely appointing an
- 13 employee, then Mr. Smith can exercise those powers. He has
- 14 been quite adamant that he is an officer; and in our view, he
- is not. So our view doesn't really turn on the meaning of
- 16 "officials" in 533.
- I would make, sort of, the broader point, where I agree
- 18 with Mr. Schaerr, that there is some fairly precise statutes in
- 19 515 that govern the appointment of special attorneys. And
- 20 there is a general construction of a specific statute prevails
- 21 over a more general statute. So I think you would need to
- 22 comply with both. And, again, 515 uses the word "commission."
- There was a reference to President Grant earlier. I
- 24 just want to -- to, sort of, mention that. The first several
- 25 Special Counsels -- you have President Grant, President

- 1 Garfield, President Theodore Roosevelt, and President Calvin
- 2 Coolidge. Those are the ones that were mentioned.
- 3 What is unique there is that they were all presidents
- 4 appointing officers, which is the entire reason why we are
- 5 here. If President Biden had appointed a U.S. attorney or
- 6 someone else to prosecute Mr. Trump, we would have no problem.
- 7 One note on the Grant appointment. I think it was said
- 8 before that he was independent. Grant fired him almost
- 9 immediately. What happened was Grant appointed someone to
- 10 investigate the Whiskey Rebellion. And then the special
- 11 prosecutor got too close to his secretary. Grant fired him
- 12 right away. That's not a good precedent for independence.
- 13 THE COURT: What is your most useful historical source
- 14 for understanding this history of special prosecutors, how they
- 15 were appointed --
- MR. BLACKMAN: Sure, Your Honor.
- 17 THE COURT: -- what were they doing, etc.?
- MR. BLACKMAN: There is a book by a professor at the
- 19 University of Arizona, Andrew Coan, C-O-A-N, who wrote a very
- 20 good book on this.
- 21 There is also a Congressional Research -- CRS,
- 22 Congressional Research Service report from 1971. I think his
- 23 name is Thomas Logan (phonetic). I might be off by a letter or
- 24 two. But it was a CRS report; it's cited in Coan's book. It's
- 25 quite thorough. But if I could just walk through those

- 1 presidents, it's actually guite useful.
- THE COURT: Well, we are bumping up against some time.
- 3 So I will give you just a couple of minutes on this piece.
- 4 MR. BLACKMAN: Okay. I'll go to the last one.
- 5 Coolidge is most relevant. That's the Teapot Dome
- 6 scandal. Congress actually passed a statute which authorized
- 7 Coolidge to appoint two special prosecutors with the advice and
- 8 consent of the Senate. Senate confirmation. And, in fact, one
- 9 of those was actually Owen Roberts who was going to be a
- 10 Supreme Court justice. So I think the Coolidge example cuts
- 11 against him; that when Congress, 1933, wanted a special
- 12 prosecutor, they made it so that it's up to the Senate
- 13 confirmation.
- 14 The other presidents -- I'll be candid, and I will
- 15 save, Your Judge -- Your Honor, the research. I can't find
- 16 what authority Grant relied on to appoint the special attorney.
- 17 I have looked. I have no idea. In fact, I sure emailed
- 18 Mr. Coan about this; he had no idea either. So I don't know
- 19 what authority was relied on.
- 20 Watergate, the modern era, Archibald Cox and Jaworski,
- 21 who was at the beginning of when presidents -- I'm sorry --
- 22 presidents -- AGs reach from outside government to put a
- 23 private citizen in a position of prosecutorial power. It's
- 24 really Watergate when it began. At the outset, Bowsher against
- 25 Synar from 1986 said that you can't vest legal power in

- 1 Congress.
- 2 So, we say the uniqueness of these one-off
- 3 regulations -- this was basically an anomaly. This was also
- 4 before Buckley. Nixon came before Buckley. I think Buckley
- 5 sort of said, whoa, let's pull back a little bit. And then
- 6 even with Morrison, Rehnquist recognized that temporary
- 7 employees can exercise this power. So I think there are a lot
- 8 of authorities of why this might be there.
- 9 I will make just one last point, Your Honor, and then
- 10 I'll sit down. Morrison v. Olson, of course, is precedent. I
- don't know that the defendants have asked to preserve the issue
- 12 over whether Morrison should be overruled. Maybe I can. I
- 13 will. But I think this is a precedent that has been chipped
- 14 away by sealed law in other cases. And I think it's at least
- 15 fair to acknowledge that this stands on a shaky foundation.
- 16 THE COURT: All right. Thank you very much. I
- 17 appreciate your assistance.
- 18 MR. BLACKMAN: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 19 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Schaerr.
- MR. SCHAERR: Well, Your Honor, I will begin by taking
- 21 advantage of this elevator feature on this -- on this podium,
- 22 if it's all right.
- 23 THE COURT: Okay. Yes, you may. I think it
- 24 should -- okay.
- 25 MR. SCHAERR: I think I got it to the max.

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1 THE COURT: All right.
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- 2 MR. SCHAERR: Your Honor, I'm honored to represent
- 3 former attorneys general Ed Meese and Michael Mukasey, law
- 4 Professors Calabresi and Lawson, and our friends at Citizens
- 5 United. And I'm especially delighted that Judge Mukasey was
- 6 able to be here today, in person. Ed Meese would like -- would
- 7 like to have come but is not traveling very well right now.
- 8 They have taken a keen interest in this motion, not
- 9 because they're supporting or campaigning for the former
- 10 president, but because Mr. Smith's appointment seriously
- 11 undermines the federal constitutional order, as well as the
- 12 whole structure that Congress carefully put in place for the
- 13 U.S. Department of Justice.
- 14 Now, despite some disagreements on other points,
- 15 Mr. Smith acknowledges two things that are important; A, that
- 16 only Congress can create or authorize the creation of a federal
- 17 office; and B, that if Smith was validly appointed, he is,
- indeed, a federal officer rather than a mere employee.
- And so given those concessions, I'd like to briefly
- 20 make three points, Your Honor.
- 21 First of all, U.S. v. Nixon cannot plausibly be treated
- 22 as controlling the question before this Court under
- 23 Eleventh Circuit precedent.
- Second, especially given the broader statutory context
- 25 that I'll address in a minute, neither of the two specific

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1 provisions of 28 U.S.C., on which Mr. Smith now relies,
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- 2 actually authorizes the creation of federal prosecutorial
- 3 offices of the sort that Mr. Smith purports to occupy.
- 4 And third, although the Court need not actually
- 5 interpret the Appointments Clause issue to resolve this matter,
- 6 one powerful reason to reject Mr. Smith's readings of the two
- 7 provisions on which he relies, beyond the plain statutory
- 8 language and the structure of the statute, is that his readings
- 9 would raise, at a minimum, serious constitutional concerns.
- 10 And under Eleventh Circuit precedent, that's an important thing
- 11 to consider when you're interpreting a statute.
- So on -- on the status of U.S. v. Nixon, for three
- independent reasons the suggestion that the Supreme Court's
- 14 simple listing in that decision of the -- of the two provisions
- on which Smith relies here is somehow binding authority on the
- 16 question before this Court is -- is just dead wrong.
- 17 Notwithstanding what other judges may have said about that,
- 18 it's just demonstrably wrong.
- 19 First of all, that short provision in the Court's
- 20 decision wasn't a holding because it wasn't necessary to the
- 21 Court's decision. And when you -- and we talked earlier -- you
- 22 talked earlier about -- about the justiciability analysis in
- 23 Section 2 of the opinion. Well, as the Court's aware, that
- 24 portion of the opinion addressed Nixon's claim that litigation
- 25 over the Watergate tapes was non- -- was a non-justiciable

- 1 political question; that is, because it was just an intrabranch
- 2 dispute, was his argument. And, of course, the Court held that
- 3 it was -- it was a justiciable question, and so they rejected
- 4 his argument.
- 5 So what role did those -- those four statutory
- 6 provisions play in the analysis? None at all, Your Honor.
- 7 Neither Nixon's argument, nor the Court's rejection of that
- 8 argument, turned in any way on whether the Special Counsel
- 9 there was validly appointed.
- THE COURT: But why not?
- 11 MR. SCHAERR: Because Nixon had conceded that he was.
- 12 His brief squarely acknowledged and embraced the idea that he
- 13 was validly appointed. So it was not something that the Court
- 14 had to deal with. And, in fact, it didn't matter to Nixon's
- 15 justiciability argument whether the prosecutor was the Special
- 16 Counsel, or a duly assigned U.S. attorney, or the Attorney
- 17 General himself. His justiciability argument in the Court's
- analysis would have been exactly the same, regardless of who
- 19 the prosecutor was.
- 20 THE COURT: But what is the justiciability holding in
- 21 that case? Is it because of the scope of the regulations or
- 22 because the delegation was extant and had the force of law, and
- 23 there was this controversy created and, therefore, there was an
- issue to be addressed?
- 25 MR. SCHAERR: It was much narrower than that,

- 1 Your Honor. All the Court held was that there was a genuine
- 2 controversy between a prosecutor and the president.
- 3 THE COURT: But why was there a controversy? Was it
- 4 because of the scope of the regulations and the fact that the
- 5 president had delegated that authority?
- 6 MR. SCHAERR: No. No.
- 7 THE COURT: Then what is the source of -- then what is
- 8 the source of the controversy?
- 9 MR. SCHAERR: Well, it was because there was a
- 10 prosecutor with -- with -- without any question about his
- 11 authority because the president had conceded it. And there was
- 12 a live dispute between that prosecutor, whatever authority he
- 13 had, and the president. And, therefore, they said this
- 14 is -- this is a justiciable dispute, it's not a political
- 15 question.
- 16 So it really didn't matter, as Judge Mukasey said
- 17 earlier, in fact, that that listing of the statutes was really
- 18 just stage setting. It had no decisional -- decisional
- 19 significance at all.
- 20 So second, though, for our purposes, the passage on
- 21 which Mr. Smith relies here isn't even dicta because it doesn't
- 22 even opine on the question before this Court. That the passage
- 23 there simply says the Attorney General was, quote, "acting
- 24 pursuant to" that -- those four enumerated provisions, okay?
- 25 But the question here was -- is not: What was

- 1 Mr. Garland acting pursuant to? The question here is: Was his
- 2 action valid? Did he validly rely on those two provisions?
- 3 And Nixon has nothing at all to say about that
- 4 question. Contrary to what we heard earlier, the -- the
- 5 opinion in U.S. v. Nixon does not say that the Attorney General
- 6 had -- had acted lawfully pursuant to those provisions. If the
- 7 opinion said that, then, yes, we would have dicta. Okay? It
- 8 still wouldn't have decisional significance, but it at least
- 9 would be dicta.
- 10 But just listing those four provisions doesn't even
- 11 count as dicta. And so you don't really even have to get to
- 12 the question of, you know, is this dicta binding, or is it
- dicta that I should follow, even though it was dicta and
- 14 not -- and not part of the holding.
- 15 THE COURT: At the very least, would you acknowledge
- 16 that it would require careful consideration?
- MR. SCHAERR: Well, I think anything the Supreme Court
- 18 says requires careful consideration, but I think here, the
- 19 careful consideration would tell you that language was just
- 20 stage setting. It didn't have any decisional significance.
- 21 And so, you know, regardless of what other judges have
- 22 said about it --
- 23 THE COURT: How do you think other judges came to the
- 24 view --
- 25 MR. SCHAERR: I think by not reading it carefully. I

- 1 think they just didn't read the opinion that carefully. But
- 2 even -- even if you wanted to treat that -- that little
- 3 provision as -- as dicta, the Eleventh Circuit, of course, as
- 4 the Court is aware, has held that not all Supreme Court dicta
- 5 are binding on lower courts.
- And someone earlier today mentioned the treatise by
- 7 Bryan Garner that collects a lot of essays from very, very
- 8 esteemed judges. And, you know, that treatise has been cited
- 9 several times by the Eleventh Circuit. Judge Pryor, in fact,
- 10 recently quoted that treatise in an opinion in which he
- 11 explained that not all dicta are created equal.
- 12 And as the treatise puts it, the type of dicta that
- 13 should be accorded presidential value and -- is an opinion
- 14 where the question had been briefed by the parties, and so the
- 15 statement was informed. And the treatise distinguishes that
- 16 kind of potentially binding dictum from the kind of obiter
- 17 dicta or ill-considered dicta that we see, at most, in the
- 18 Nixon opinion where they simply listed four statutes --
- 19 statutory provisions with no analysis whatsoever.
- 20 And, in fact, the question of whether the Special
- 21 Counsel there was validly appointed was not even one of the
- 22 questions on which the Court granted cert.
- THE COURT: In Nixon?
- MR. SCHAERR: In Nixon.
- THE COURT: That's correct.

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             MR. SCHAERR: Right, yeah, it wasn't briefed. It
     wasn't considered, analyzed, or anything like that. So even if
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     you felt like you needed to consider that as dicta, under the
     Bryan -- the Bryan Garner treatise that the Eleventh Circuit
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 5
     has treated as -- as binding, or at least persuasive, you still
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     wouldn't -- you still wouldn't --
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             THE COURT: Do you agree with Mr. Blackman that even if
     you -- if you considered it a holding, there would be a
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     contextual difference, given the difference in regulations and
10
     the, arguably --
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             MR. SCHAERR: Sure.
12
             THE COURT: -- nature of the text of the Nixon reg?
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             MR. SCHAERR: Absolutely. You can distinguish it on
14
     all kinds of grounds; if you -- if you even consider it dicta,
15
     which I --
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             THE COURT: So let's turn to the text of the statutes.
             MR. SCHAERR: Okay. Well, as the Court -- and we agree
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18
     completely with Mr. Bove on the reading of those -- those
19
     statutes.
20
             But to understand fully why the defense's understanding
21
     of those statutes are correct, and why Mr. Smith and
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entire statutory context. Consistent with the frequent admonition by the Supreme Court and by the Eleventh Circuit 24

Mr. Garland are wrong about them, it's important to look at the

25 that, in statutory interpretation, a court needs to read

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- 1 specific provisions, and I'm quoting now, "in their context and
- 2 with a view to their place in the overall statutory scheme."
- 3 That's from the Brown and William case -- Brown and Williamson
- 4 case to the Supreme Court.
- 5 So one fundamental problem with the interpretations
- 6 advanced by Mr. Smith here is that they would subvert the whole
- 7 statutory structure that Congress carefully crafted in
- 8 Title 28, Part 2, which establishes and regulates the U.S.
- 9 Department of Justice.
- 10 THE COURT: But why? Why would that destabilization
- 11 happen?
- MR. SCHAERR: Okay. Let me go through it, if I may,
- 13 Your Honor. Here are the key elements of that structure, okay?
- 14 Chapter 31, which is where Section 515 is located, establishes
- and regulates the Office of the Attorney General. And then
- 16 next, Chapter 33, where Section 533 is located, establishes and
- 17 regulates not the whole Justice Department, but the FBI.
- And then Chapter 35 establishes and regulates the U.S.
- 19 attorneys, which, among other things, sets out the enormous
- 20 prosecutorial power that Mr. Garland claims to have conferred
- 21 on Mr. Smith, except with nationwide jurisdiction.
- 22 And Chapter 40, as the Court, I'm sure, remembers,
- 23 before it was allowed to sunset, was the chapter that
- 24 established and governed the Office of the Independent Counsel.
- 25 So to see how Mr. Smith's interpretation would

- 1 contravene Congress's carefully crafted allocation of power
- 2 within the Justice Department, I think it's important to begin
- 3 by looking carefully at Chapter 35, which deals with U.S.
- 4 attornevs.
- 5 And Section 541(a), which is part of Chapter 35,
- 6 specifies that a U.S. attorney is appointed by the President,
- 7 not the Attorney General, and has to be confirmed by the
- 8 Senate, and is also removable only by the President, not by the
- 9 Attorney General.
- And, by the way, that structure goes all the way back
- 11 to the Judiciary Act of 1789. Your Honor asked earlier where
- 12 should we begin with our historical analysis. 1789 is a real
- good place to start because that's where the first U.S.
- 14 attorneys -- they were called district attorneys then -- but
- 15 that's where the first U.S. attorneys --
- 16 THE COURT: And offices were created in that statute.
- 17 MR. SCHAERR: Yes. Yes, exactly.
- And so Congress -- well, I'm sorry.
- 19 And then Section 543(a) gives -- it gives the Attorney
- 20 General, now, power and authority to appoint special attorneys
- 21 to assist each of the U.S. attorneys, and gives the Attorney
- 22 General power to fire them, okay?
- 23 So when you look at the contrast between those two
- 24 provisions, it's clear that Congress viewed the role of the
- 25 U.S. attorney to be so important that it made sure their

- 1 appointment carried the political accountability of being
- 2 appointed by the president and confirmed by the Senate. And so
- 3 it made them noninferior or superior officers, for purposes of
- 4 the establish -- of the Appointments Clause.
- 5 All you have to do is read that provision in
- 6 Section 541(a), and it's clear Congress is saying We view
- 7 these -- we view these U.S. attorneys as noninferior officers.
- 8 THE COURT: But just because Congress prescribes a
- 9 mechanism doesn't necessarily answer the question of what
- 10 status they actually hold; correct?
- MR. SCHAERR: Not necessarily, but --
- 12 THE COURT: So what to make of those various statutes
- 13 that Congress has required these various people to go through
- 14 this nomination and consent procedure?
- MR. SCHAERR: Yeah, well, I think Congress is entitled
- 16 to some deference when it basically tells us: We think this
- 17 person is a noninferior or a superior officer, rather than a --
- 18 rather than an inferior officer. And then it says the people
- 19 who are going to assist him or her are inferior officers,
- 20 because -- because we're -- we're conferring upon the Attorney
- 21 General the authority to appoint them.
- 22 So with that background, it becomes clear that what the
- 23 Attorney General has tried to do in his appointment of
- 24 Mr. Smith is he has tried to give to an inferior officer --
- 25 which is what Smith claims he is -- all the power of a superior

- 1 officer; that is, a U.S. Attorney, and then some, and then a
- 2 lot more, actually, but without the political accountability of
- 3 actually being a U.S. Attorney.
- 4 THE COURT: So you're assuming, though, in your
- 5 argument, that U.S. Attorneys are superior officers. If you're
- 6 incorrect about that, then what happens to your argument?
- 7 MR. SCHAERR: Well, I think it's -- I think it's clear
- 8 from the statute that they are -- that they are superior
- 9 officers; I think that's right.
- 10 THE COURT: Because -- well, I'm not taking a position
- 11 on that. I'm saying: If courts have concluded that U.S.
- 12 attorneys are not superior officers under the Edmond line,
- 13 wouldn't it require stretching Edmond to conclude that the
- 14 Special Counsel is a superior officer?
- MR. SCHAERR: No. I don't -- I don't think it would
- 16 require stretching Edmond at all. And, by the way, I'm not
- 17 aware of any binding authority at all that says that U.S.
- 18 attorneys are inferior officers rather than -- rather than
- 19 superior officers.
- Yeah, there is -- I'm aware of a couple of -- a couple
- 21 of decisions that say that temporary U.S. attorneys are
- 22 inferior officers. And that makes sense because they're only
- 23 going to serve for a limited amount of time; right? And very
- 24 often, just a matter of weeks or months. Or at least
- 25 that's -- at least that's the intention. And that's -- that's

- 1 clear in a wide variety of contexts, that -- that people can
- 2 have temporary appointments, and they're not viewed -- they
- 3 don't have to be appointed by the President and
- 4 Senate-confirmed.
- 5 So -- but, again, from the -- from the statute, it's
- 6 clear that Congress viewed the U.S. attorney as a -- as a -- as
- 7 a superior officer.
- 8 And so the -- so when you look at -- at what Attorney
- 9 General Garland did, it's clearly an end run around the
- 10 statutory scheme for U.S. attorneys. And so the essential
- 11 question here is whether either Section 515 or 533 somehow
- 12 authorizes that end run around the scheme that Congress put in
- 13 place for --
- 14 THE COURT: If it is an end run -- and again, that's
- 15 very debatable -- isn't it an end run that's been done many
- 16 times already? What to make of this potentially tolerated
- 17 practice?
- 18 MR. SCHAERR: It certainly has been tolerated in some
- 19 situations. I don't -- you know, we've -- we've seen over the
- 20 last few years an increased focus in the Supreme Court on both
- 21 statutory text, and we've seen an increased focus on the
- 22 requirements of the Appointments Clause and that sort of thing,
- 23 so much so that when I -- when I talked with -- with Attorney
- 24 General Meese a few days ago about -- about his providing a --
- 25 kind of, a secondary appointment to Lawrence Walsh to -- to

- 1 examine the Iran-Contra affair, he said: You know, I think
- 2 that was wrong. The way the law is developed, I think that was
- 3 a mistake.
- And, yeah, there have been -- there have been some
- 5 mistakes, but I think the -- you know, the older pattern,
- 6 where -- you know, where Special Counsels were appointed by the
- 7 President, for example, some of the examples that Mr. Blackman
- 8 mentioned or, you know, I think -- I think Attorney General
- 9 Barr was very careful in his -- in his Special Counsel
- 10 appointments to choose people who were already sitting U.S.
- 11 attorneys. And that's -- that's entirely proper, and
- 12 that's -- that's consistent with --
- 13 THE COURT: Did he do that uniformly? Did Mr. Barr --
- 14 did Attorney General Barr ever appoint a non-sitting U.S.
- 15 attorney?
- 16 MR. SCHAERR: No, not that I am aware of. They were
- 17 always sitting -- they were always sitting U.S. attorneys.
- 18 You know, and -- and AG Garland has done it properly
- 19 recently, right, in the -- in the appointment of Mr. Weiss.
- 20 THE COURT: So what to make of this potential patchwork
- 21 historically? What -- what conclusions do you draw from that?
- 22 MR. SCHAERR: It's an imperfect world. People --
- 23 people make mistakes. And just because other people
- 24 have -- have made that mistake doesn't mean that this Court
- 25 should. And I -- you know, I -- that -- that would be my

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1 answer to that.
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- 2 THE COURT: What's your view on the -- on the
- 3 Congressional acquiescence piece: It's a historical argument
- 4 about the origins of 515, and that it potentially pulls a
- 5 history of using special prosecutors -- unclear whether they're
- 6 exercising the same authority we have now -- but that we should
- 7 read the term "special attorney" as picking up that independent
- 8 authority?
- 9 MR. SCHAERR: Well, by its term, I -- two things.
- 10 First of all, the Supreme Court has made clear recently that
- 11 Congressional acquiescence is not really a legitimate tool of
- 12 statutory interpretation. So -- and so I don't think the Court
- 13 needs to be -- needs to be worried about that as a matter of
- 14 statutory interpretation.
- But if you look at the language of Section 515,
- 16 you know, Section 515(a) basically just says that -- you know,
- 17 that the Attorney General can move people around
- 18 geographically. If they already have the authority to conduct
- 19 the -- the activity that he wants them to conduct, he can move
- 20 them around geographically, which is why he could -- he could
- 21 say to Mr. Weiss, for example, you know, you can -- and I
- 22 don't -- I don't know exactly whether this has occurred, but he
- 23 could say to a sitting U.S. attorney: Even though -- you know,
- even though most of the events that I want you to investigate
- 25 occurred in your home judicial district, I'm going to authorize

- 1 you to -- you know, to carry out the prosecution in another
- 2 district as well, if you -- if you find that there are crimes
- 3 that have possibly been committed there.
- 4 So 515(a) doesn't really -- doesn't really get
- 5 Mr. Smith anywhere, I think.
- 6 And then 515(b) just says that -- that if the -- if the
- 7 AG has properly invoked some other statute to appoint a special
- 8 assistant or a special attorney, like Section 543(a) that we
- 9 talked about earlier -- if the AG has already invoked some --
- 10 some other provision of Title 28 to appoint -- to appoint
- 11 somebody to a special attorney position, then that person has
- 12 to be duly commissioned, if necessary. And they have to take
- 13 the oath of office, and he can pay them, and that sort of
- 14 thing.
- But neither of those subsections of 515 confer any
- 16 substantive authority at all on the Attorney General to -- to
- appoint people to positions where he doesn't already have some
- 18 other source of authority within -- within Title 28.
- 19 THE COURT: The "special attorney" reference in 515, do
- 20 you view that as the same definition of "special attorney" used
- 21 in 519 and 543?
- MR. SCHAERR: Yes. I think that's fair.
- 23 THE COURT: Could there be room -- I think -- and I
- 24 will ask Mr. Pearce to help me on this. But could there be
- 25 room for viewing the "special attorney" in 515 as distinct from

- 1 the "special attorney" in 543 or 519?
- 2 MR. SCHAERR: Well, I think -- I think "special
- 3 attorney" in 515 is the broader set. And by then -- and the
- 4 "special attorney" mentioned in 543(a) is one subset of those
- 5 special attorneys. And -- and there -- and there are others in
- 6 Title 28.
- 7 THE COURT: So why couldn't a Special Counsel just be a
- 8 special attorney then?
- 9 MR. SCHAERR: Well, if there is some other provision
- 10 that -- that authorizes his appointment as a -- as a special
- 11 attorney, then -- then that would be fine. But Section 515
- 12 itself doesn't authorize -- you know, doesn't confer any
- 13 substantive appointment authority.
- 14 THE COURT: So your view is that there would have to be
- 15 a separate enactment to give the special attorney the sort of
- 16 power that the Special Counsel in this case has?
- 17 MR. SCHAERR: Yes. Or a different -- or a different
- 18 provision of law like 543(a).
- 19 THE COURT: So if the appointment order in this case
- 20 had cited 543 -- I think -- I think the Savings and Loan one
- 21 actually did -- would that change anything?
- MR. SCHAERR: No. Because the -- because it would
- 23 still be equivalent to the appointment of the U.S. attorney.
- 24 And it wouldn't be -- I think the Special Counsel in that -- in
- 25 that circumstance would -- would still have to be appointed in

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1 a way that's consistent with U.S. attorneys. He would -- he
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- 2 would have to be nominated by the President and confirmed by
- 3 the Senate; otherwise, you would have this end run around
- 4 the -- the provisions in 540 -- 541(a) dealing with U.S.
- 5 attorneys.
- 6 Should I move on to 533 --
- 7 THE COURT: Yes.
- 8 MR. SCHAERR: -- briefly?
- 9 It's interesting that 533 is not actually cited in the
- 10 Reno Regulations because -- so, obviously, Attorney General
- 11 Reno didn't think that that -- that that provision provided the
- 12 authority to appoint a Special -- a Special Counsel. And the
- 13 reason for that, I'm quite sure, is because 533 is part of
- 14 Chapter 33, which, as we discussed earlier, is entitled to
- 15 Federal Bureau of -- Bureau of Investigation. So --
- 16 THE COURT: I think I heard the Special Counsel say,
- 17 though, although 533 wasn't cited in the Special Counsel regs,
- or in appointment orders prior to 2022, it still was part of
- 19 the discussion and made its way into the judicial opinions; and
- 20 so it's -- it was still invoked, so to speak, as authority.
- 21 What is your position on that?
- MR. SCHAERR: Yeah. I mean, they -- they have been
- 23 searching around for authority for a while. And, you know,
- 24 as -- as Mr. Smith's counsel here today acknowledged earlier,
- 25 there has been a bit of -- I can't remember the term he

- 1 used -- but creativity or interpretative work to be done. I
- 2 think -- I think it's just part of that process.
- But when you -- again, when you look at the structure
- 4 of Title 28, Part 2, it's very clear that Section 533 is just
- 5 talking about the FBI. And, yes, it -- it -- you know, it does
- 6 authorize the Attorney General to -- to appoint lawyers within
- 7 the FBI to assist with prosecutions being carried out by U.S.
- 8 attorneys, but it doesn't authorize the Attorney General to
- 9 supplant Section 541(a) and essentially use attorneys who are
- 10 employed by the FBI to, sort of, take the place of U.S.
- 11 attorneys.
- 12 THE COURT: What do you make of the "officials"
- 13 argument that if you -- if you take the defense view, you have
- 14 sort of obliterated the difference between officials and
- 15 employees?
- 16 MR. SCHAERR: No. I -- I don't think that is true.
- 17 You know, the definition of -- well, I -- officials, I think,
- 18 can include employees. And so, I don't -- I don't think
- 19 that -- that those two categories are -- are hermetically
- 20 sealed off or --
- 21 THE COURT: So what does "officials" capture then, if
- 22 it doesn't capture officers?
- MR. SCHAERR: Well, I think -- I -- I think if Congress
- 24 had meant "officers," that they would have used that -- that
- 25 they probably would have used that word.

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             THE COURT: Why do you say that with such confidence?
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             MR. SCHAERR: Well, because -- because they -- they do
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     that in -- in a lot of other places in statute. They -- you
     know, they refer to officers when they -- when they mean
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     to -- when they mean to invoke officers.
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 6
             THE COURT: And there, you're referring to the trio,
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     the DOT, Department of Education set you have identified?
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             MR. SCHAERR: Yes, which -- which make -- and I think
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     those -- those statutes are a very clear contrast to what we
10
     see here; where, you know, Congress clearly knows how to -- how
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     to confer general officer-creating or officer-appointing
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     authority on cabinet secretaries when it wants to. But it made
     a very deliberate decision not to confer that authority on the
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14
     Attorney General, except with respect to the -- to the Bureau
15
     of Prisons.
16
             The Attorney General has general officer-creating
     authority with respect to the Bureau of Prisons, but not more
17
18
     generally. And that -- and that is a contrast to a -- to a
19
     number of other cabinet secretaries which -- which are given
20
     that authority.
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             THE COURT: What do you say to the argument, I think,
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     raised by both the constitutional lawyers and the Special
23
     Counsel, that this would have a pernicious effect on the DAAG
24
     role, the deputy assistant attorney general, and then a
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     principal deputy within the SG's office?
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             MR. SCHAERR: Well, I -- I don't really see that as a
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     problem because -- because those -- those officials do not need
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     to be -- they do not need to function as -- as superior
     officers. And, in fact, if they're not -- if they're not being
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 5
     appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate, they
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     shouldn't be.
 7
             And so, the Attorney General has the authority to --
     you know, to appoint -- to appoint employees to certain kinds
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9
     of supervisory roles. And in the case of the principal deputy
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     solicitor general, for example, that -- that person is only
11
     going to serve as the -- as the acting solicitor general
12
     in -- in, at most, a very few cases per year. So it's kind of
     analogous to a temporary U.S. attorney. And I think --
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14
             THE COURT: So what is your view about the role held by
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     the deputy assistant attorney general and the principal deputy
     solicitor general? Are those inferior officers or employees?
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17
             MR. SCHAERR: I would -- I would say they're employees.
18
     I don't think the Attorney General has the authority to create
19
     inferior officers, except with respect to the Bureau of
     Prisons. And so I would -- I would have to say they're
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21
     employees.
             So, again, if -- well, should I -- should I move on now
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23
     to the -- to the Appointments Clause and the
     Constitutional-Doubts doctrine, or do you have other questions
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25
     about the statute?
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             THE COURT: Anything further on 533 that you wish to
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     add?
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             MR. SCHAERR: Well, I think -- you know, I think it's a
     classic case of arguing that Congress has hidden an elephant in
 4
 5
     a mouse hole. There is just no -- it strikes me as just a
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     completely implausible interpretation of that provision, and
 7
     made even more so by the fact that -- that when Janet Reno
8
     wrote those regulations, she didn't even cite that as authority
9
     for appointing a Special Counsel.
10
             THE COURT: Okay. So then you have about five or so
     minutes, so let's wrap up.
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12
             MR. SCHAERR: So even if the text of the two statutes
     or the two provisions on which Smith relies were ambiguous, and
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14
     we think in context they do not authorize the kind of office
     that the AG purported to give Mr. Smith, the other powerful
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16
     reason to reject Mr. Smith's reading of those statutes is the
     Constitutional-Doubts doctrine. And as the Court is aware, it
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18
     simply means, as the Eleventh Circuit stated recently, in
19
     Burban v. City of Neptune Beach, that, quote, "We avoid
20
     statutory interpretations that raise constitutional problems."
21
             And we have heard lots of constitutional problems
22
     today.
23
             But Smith's interpretation raises obvious
     constitutional problems under the -- under the Appointments
24
25
     Clause. He concedes that, given his putative power to convene
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- 1 grand juries, issue subpoenas, initiate, direct, and conduct
- 2 prosecutions and seek indictments, and litigate in this court
- 3 and even before the U.S. Supreme Court, he concedes, as I
- 4 mentioned earlier, that he is an officer of the United States,
- if he's validly appointed, rather than a mere employee.
- 6 But more than that, if he is validly appointed, he is
- 7 also necessarily a superior officer. But he hasn't been
- 8 appointed and confirmed by the Senate.
- 9 So -- and I think -- I think Justice Scalia's majority
- 10 opinion in Edmond helps us understand why that is so. And I
- 11 think Your Honor is right to focus on the issue of supervision.
- 12 Now, a lot of what we've heard about the regulations and the
- 13 appointment order today is basically an argument of the sort
- 14 that, well, if Mr. Garland had acted differently, then --
- 15 you know, then maybe Smith would really be an inferior officer,
- 16 arguably, rather than a superior officer.
- 17 But the fact is, Mr. Garland did what he did, and he
- 18 didn't -- and he didn't make an exception to the Reno
- 19 Regulations. He left the Reno Regulations in place. And given
- 20 all of that, the authority that has been conferred on Mr. Smith
- 21 is clearly the authority of a -- of a superior officer.
- 22 And if you look at the Edmond opinion, what
- 23 that -- what that opinion turned on was whether the officer at
- 24 issue has, quote, "power to render a final decision on behalf
- 25 of the United States without any approval from other executive

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     officers through a defined appeals process or otherwise."
             And that's -- that's clearly true of Mr. Smith. Yes,
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 3
     under the regulations, the Attorney General can ask him:
     did you make this decision? But he doesn't have to. And, in
 4
     fact, he has made clear that he doesn't intend to. And, in
 5
 6
     fact, if he did, he would have to report that to the -- to the
 7
     chairs and ranking members of the House and Senate judiciary
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     committees. So there is a huge built-in disincentive for the
9
     Attorney General to exercise any kind of supervision of
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     Mr. Smith at all, at least supervision where he would be
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     countermanding some decision that -- that Mr. Smith made.
12
             And that's -- that's clearly a superior -- a superior
13
     officer. Because he's -- he's allowed to make decisions on
14
     behalf of the United States without seeking or -- or getting
     any approval from the Attorney General at all.
15
16
             THE COURT: At some level. If you take the Edmond
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     language at its word, it says at some level, supervised and
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     directed. And you could conceive of -- of an understanding
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     that at some level, even if a -- attenuated level, there is
     supervision and direction, because you can either rescind the
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21
     regulation at any time or you can exercise the removal for
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     whatever categories, you can countermand a highly inappropriate
23
     decision.
             What do you make of that?
24
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MR. SCHAERR: Well, it's theoretically possible that

25

- 1 the Attorney General could step in and do something -- you
- 2 know, and force him to do something different.
- 3 But the question is that the -- the question under
- 4 Edmond is really: What power does Mr. Smith have if the
- 5 Attorney General doesn't do anything? Because there is nothing
- 6 in the regulations that requires him to seek approval to do
- 7 anything, and there's nothing in the appointment that requires
- 8 him to seek -- seek approval to do anything.
- 9 So he -- you know, unless the Attorney General makes
- 10 some affirmative effort to step in, his decisions stand. And I
- 11 think -- you know, I think perhaps the best analogy here
- is -- is to the U.S. Courts of Appeals. At some level, U.S.
- 13 Court of Appeals judges are subject to oversight and direction
- 14 from the Supreme Court; right? But does anybody think that
- 15 Congress could vest in the Supreme Court the authority to
- 16 appoint Court of Appeals justices? I don't think so.
- Because -- and under -- under Edmond's analysis, the
- 18 reality is that -- you know, is that somebody has to do
- 19 something affirmative to get the Supreme Court involved in
- 20 overruling what a Court of Appeals judge or a Court of Appeals
- 21 panel has done. And -- and I think that's -- that's analogous
- 22 to what we have with Mr. Smith. Somebody has to do something
- 23 affirmative or, you know -- and the Supreme Court can
- 24 occasionally reach out and intervene.
- 25 But -- but somebody has to do something affirmative in

- 1 order to get the Supreme Court to overrule the Court of Appeals
- 2 judge. And the same is true with respect to Mr. Smith, even
- 3 if -- even if it's the Attorney General affirmatively reaching
- 4 out to countermand some decision that he's made which he did
- 5 not have to seek approval for.
- 6 So his authorization to take important and final
- 7 actions on behalf of the United States without approval from
- 8 anyone else, any other executive officers, under Edmond clearly
- 9 makes him, in our view, a superior officer and not an inferior
- 10 officer. And because he was not nominated by the President or
- 11 confirmed by the Senate, he cannot lawfully exercise the office
- 12 that he purports to exercise.
- 13 If I could just close, Your Honor -- unless you have
- 14 other questions for me.
- 15 THE COURT: No. You may conclude.
- MR. SCHAERR: I just wanted to conclude by reiterating
- 17 an important statement by Robert Jackson, who was then the
- 18 Attorney General and later became a Supreme Court justice, as
- 19 you know. This is a statement he made to a convention of U.S.
- 20 attorneys about the importance of their roles. He said: The
- 21 prosecutor has more control over life, liberty, and reputation
- 22 than any other person in America. His discretion is
- 23 tremendous. He can order arrests, present cases to the grand
- 24 jury in secret session. And on the basis of his one-sided
- 25 presentation of the facts, he can cause the citizen to be

- 1 indicted and held for trial; or he may dismiss the case before
- 2 trial, in which case the defense never has a chance to be
- 3 heard; or he may go on with a public trial. And if he obtains
- 4 a conviction, the prosecutor can make recommendations as to
- 5 sentence. And after the defendant is put away, he can make
- 6 recommendations as to whether he is a fit subject for parole.
- 7 On all of those matters, under Mr. Garland's
- 8 appointment order, Mr. Smith is just like a U.S. attorney. He
- 9 has the putative authority to make all those decisionis on
- 10 behalf of the entire executive branch, without approval from
- 11 anyone else.
- 12 And since 1789, with the exception of prosecutors
- 13 appointed under the now defunct Ethics in Government Act,
- 14 prosecutors who wield that -- that kind of power have generally
- 15 been treated statutorily as -- as superior officers.
- 16 And -- and, yes, there have been a few cases where
- 17 mistakes have been made, but at least in statute, people who
- 18 exercised that -- that kind of authority have been treated as
- 19 superior officers.
- 20 And so we urge the Court to hold that Mr. Smith lacks
- 21 the authority to conduct the present prosecution.
- THE COURT: Thank you very much.
- 23 All right. I will hear from Mr. Bove briefly in
- 24 rebuttal, and then Mr. Pearce, and then we will be concluded.
- 25 MR. BOVE: Thank you, Judge, and good afternoon.

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             The thrust of so much of the opposition to this motion
     is based on these concepts of, historically, we've done some of
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     these things; in other settings, under distinguishable
     authorities; and currently, in other settings, unchallenged
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 5
     settings inside the Department of Justice, we're doing similar
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     things, so this must be okay too.
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             And to really adopt that kind of reasoning is to ignore
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     the text of these statutes, which do not permit what is going
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     on here. And there's just -- there are a couple of practical
     points that I would like to try and make. And I will start
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11
     with Nixon.
12
             Nixon is really -- it's a case about the setting in
     which the dispute arose. And the court -- and the courts below
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14
     it, I don't think, went further than the fact that we are in a
     courtroom, not at the White House. It's not an intrabranch
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16
     dispute. It is a dispute in front of an Article 3 judge. And
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     didn't pause to look at the text of these statutes.
18
             And I don't think it's much different than a situation
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     if an AUSA came in front of this Court with a motion to compel
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     on a -- on a -- to compel compliance with a subpoena, and
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     had -- there was a litigated issue in front of Your Honor on
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     that type of thing, and in your order there was a whereas
23
     clause that said: I had a hearing on this day with an AUSA and
     a defense lawyer representing a defendant. That got litigated
24
25
     up. And then in an Eleventh Circuit decision, or in the
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- 1 Supreme Court decision, one of those courts observed
- 2 that -- that there was an AUSA in the room.
- 3 And to treat Nixon in the way people are asking you to
- 4 treat it would be to treat a decision like that as adopting a
- 5 valid appointment of that AUSA, and to be treating it as a
- 6 persuasive authority that future AUSAs were appointed and hired
- 7 in an appropriate way. And that wouldn't be what was going on
- 8 there. What would be happening there is, there was an AUSA
- 9 that was entitled to a presumption of regularity on an
- 10 undisputed issue about his authority to be in the courtroom.
- 11 And the Court moved to the real issue, and that's all
- 12 that really happened in Nixon.
- 13 With respect to the statutes that I think are the real
- 14 focus of this argument, 515 and 533, and also ones that are
- important with respect to who -- what does "special attorney"
- 16 mean, 519 and 543, there has been discussion of an acquiescence
- 17 canon and past practices and back to the 1700s. Your Honor
- 18 touched on this, and I just want to hit it clearly.
- These statutes were all part of the same public law in
- 20 1966. They all came on the books at the same time in one place
- 21 under public law 89-554. And the significance of that is
- 22 whatever the predecessor to 515(b) meant decades ago, and
- 23 decades and decades ago, it sort of -- it has to fall away to
- 24 what it means in the context of the entire chapter in the
- 25 statutes that Congress put into play in that public law.

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             And in that public law, when Congress said -- used the
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     term "special attorneys," it included a provision, 543, that
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     defined what that means. And it is much more narrow, I think
     indisputably more narrow, than what the Special Counsel is
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 5
     doing here. And the concept of Congressional acquiescence, it
     has to fall away in the -- in context of statutes all enacted
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 7
     at the same time. They have to be read together, and they
 8
     can't be in a way that's consistent with what's going on here.
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             With respect to 533, the -- the meaning of the term
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     "official," our position is that it means employee in this
11
     setting. And -- because without that definition, the Bureau of
12
     Prisons' vesting clause would make no sense.
13
             THE COURT: So in your view, "officials" is equal to
14
     "employees"?
             MR. BOVE: Yes, Judge. And I think that in
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16
     Mr. Seligman's amicus, that footnote that cites other places
     where the term "official" has been used, most, if not all of
17
18
     them, are definitional. They define what that term means.
19
             The fact that in other settings, Congress has looked at
     that term and said, hey, we better clarify that this -- that
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21
     this includes officers, is actually entirely supportive of our
22
     position. Because it's not clear. It is not the type of thing
23
     that -- on an issue with constitutional significance, whether
     the Appointments Clause is being complied with, Congress hasn't
24
25
     left any doubt in the other provisions in that footnote. Here,
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- 1 we think it can't possibly mean both of those things, in part
- 2 because of all of the other --
- 3 THE COURT: Well, why would Congress not just have said
- 4 "employees" then?
- 5 MR. BOVE: I think there are many places in this
- 6 argument where it's difficult to explain exactly the choices
- 7 that Congress made. I think that here -- I don't have a good
- 8 answer for that. But they could have used it. I think I would
- 9 have preferred that they did.
- 10 What it means here, though, is there are other places
- in the neighborhood, in the Chapters 31 and 33 of this
- 12 provision, that speak to officers and employees. Meaning, when
- 13 Congress wanted to speak in a scope that included both of those
- 14 terms, it did it explicitly.
- They didn't do that here. And I think, again, in a
- 16 setting where there are -- there is constitutional significance
- 17 to the words chosen by Congress, they should not -- in a
- 18 criminal case -- they shouldn't be expanded to defeat an
- 19 important argument by the defense.
- 20 THE COURT: What do you say about the DAAG point, the
- 21 deputy assistant attorney general point?
- MR. BOVE: I, sort of, alluded to that in the
- 23 beginning, Judge. I don't think it's much of an answer to
- 24 the -- the problem presented by this motion to say, hey, we
- 25 also do it in other settings.

- 1 If there has to be an answer to that question, to -- to
- 2 give the Court an ability to, sort of, reconcile all these
- 3 different -- different provisions, then my answer is that the
- 4 DAAGs and the people under the Solicitor General are employees,
- 5 because there is no other provision for their appointment.
- And this is a provision that speaks to the appointment
- 7 of officials, not officers.
- 8 THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to ask that you wrap up so
- 9 that we can conclude the hearing; of course, hearing first from
- 10 Mr. Pearce.
- MR. BOVE: Yes, Judge.
- The last point that I want to make is on the principal
- 13 versus inferior officer distinction, and this concept of
- 14 independence.
- The statements that the Special Counsel made to
- 16 Judge Chutkan in D.C., in 2023, about, there is no
- 17 coordination -- emphatic, categorical statements -- no
- 18 coordination. If they're not entitled to some kind of estoppel
- 19 effect in this hearing, as Your Honor considers what measure of
- 20 independence is there to apply all of these precedents that
- 21 we're talking about, if it's not estoppel, they're certainly
- 22 entitled and require an answer as to why that statement was
- 23 made in court, and we can come to this hearing and have a
- 24 position that is very, very inconsistent with it. And it's not
- 25 just that motion in limine. I think Attorney General Garland's

- 1 statements throughout have suggested to the public that this is
- 2 a case that he is not overseeing, that he is allowing the
- 3 Special Counsel's Office to act independently.
- 4 And when you covered this with the government, I don't
- 5 think a single -- just as a practical matter, not a single
- 6 example of something that happened in this case that the
- 7 Attorney General approved was provided. And that's extremely
- 8 problematic in terms of, is this record sufficient to support
- 9 and apply precedents like Edmond and Morrison and the Court's
- 10 other jurisprudence on this issue?
- 11 And there is some very specific procedural approval
- 12 requirements. So 600.7(a) requires compliance with basically
- 13 DOJ policies and procedures. We talked about the Justice
- 14 Manual provision relating to election interference. If -- if
- 15 there is compliance with these procedures, if the Attorney
- 16 General is overseeing that, so that the Special Counsel's
- 17 Office is not completely independent, there must be compliance
- 18 with 9-85, 500.
- And if Your Honor looks at the statements that were
- 20 made by the Special Counsel's Office, at page 80 of the
- 21 transcript, at the March 1st hearing, what you will see is
- 22 statements that are not consistent with the text of that
- 23 provision. And so --
- 24 THE COURT: But your position requires me to conclude
- 25 that there has been some sort of deviation from policy to then

- 1 conclude that because there was such a deviation, arguably,
  2 that there is then no oversight of any kind by the Attorney
- 3 General.
- 4 MR. BOVE: I don't think so, Judge. I think my
- 5 position requires the Special Counsel's Office to put some
- 6 proof to show Your Honor that they mean what they say, that
- 7 it's accurate that the Attorney General is overseeing their
- 8 compliance with the Justice Manual. And that's one example.
- 9 The second example, which I raised this morning, but I
- 10 want to come back to, because the topic of indictment approvals
- 11 did come up, is the NSD provisions in the Justice Manual,
- 12 9-90.020. If Your Honor consults those provisions, you will
- 13 see that these -- that provision applies to cases, quote,
- 14 "involving or relating to the national security." For all
- 15 kinds of important steps in a case, including the filing of an
- 16 indictment, that provision requires, quote, "express approval
- of NSD or, " quote, "higher authority."
- When I was a prosecutor and Mr. Bratt was at DOJ, I
- 19 used to have to send my indictments through his office to get
- 20 them approved. What the Special Counsel's Office is suggesting
- 21 to you here is that they are in compliance with those types of
- 22 procedures. But they're not saying that. And I think that's
- 23 extraordinarily significant for this motion, for what to make
- 24 of fact-finding that would be -- will be necessary on the
- 25 motions to compel and in other -- in other settings relating to

- 1 our pretrial motions.
- 2 It's also -- this concept of independence and to what
- 3 extent it's being applied and enforced is also very significant
- 4 for Monday, as I think Mr. Blackman touched on.
- 5 The way that I took the government to, sort of,
- 6 sidestep this this morning -- and I don't think they should be
- 7 permitted to, but I think where they went -- and Your Honor has
- 8 referenced it as well -- is this possibility that the Attorney
- 9 General could amend or rescind the appointing order, or get rid
- 10 of the Reno Regulations altogether.
- 11 I find that logic to be rather circular. It rests on
- 12 this idea that that decision to rescind them would be
- 13 unchallengeable. And no one could litigate against a decision
- 14 under any circumstances to modify those orders. And courts, I
- 15 think, in very conclusory discussion, have cited APA as a basis
- 16 for that.
- We certainly don't concede that. We don't concede that
- 18 it's categorically true. I think there are circumstances where
- 19 the -- where an Attorney General could act in a way that was so
- 20 extraordinarily inappropriate and arbitrary and capricious and
- 21 unconstitutional that a decision to modify one of these
- 22 appointing orders in order to avoid an outcome that they don't
- 23 like for political purposes could be challengeable. And so, I
- 24 think that this -- the sidestepping of the independence,
- 25 coupled with the circular nature of the logic of, well, we

- 1 could just get rid of this thing and nobody can complain about
- 2 it, those two things together, I don't -- cannot support a
- 3 finding that defeats this motion.
- 4 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
- 5 MR. BOVE: Thank you, Judge.
- THE COURT: Mr. Pearce.
- 7 MR. PEARCE: Good afternoon, Your Honor. It's been a
- 8 long day, so I will try to keep this brief, but there are some
- 9 points I want to touch on and, of course, respond to any
- 10 questions that come up.
- I just want to start at the very end of where my friend
- on the other side, Mr. Bove, started. We are in compliance,
- 13 consistent with Regulation 600.7(a). We are following all of
- 14 the rules and the policies of the Justice Department. And
- 15 there is --
- 16 THE COURT: So has there been express approval by the
- 17 National Security Division?
- 18 MR. PEARCE: So, I -- I am -- let me put it this way.
- 19 I don't want to talk about the internal deliberations. If that
- 20 is a -- if what he is talking about is a specific policy, yes,
- 21 then we have done that. But I don't want to talk here about
- 22 what we have done and haven't done. Even my friend on the
- 23 other side acknowledges this is not something for which this
- 24 issue -- the appointments issue is not something for which any
- 25 factual or evidentiary developments is required.

- 1 THE COURT: So you're taking the position that all of
- 2 the Department policies have been upheld?
- 3 MR. PEARCE: I'm telling this Court that we, the
- 4 Special Counsel, have complied with all of -- of the
- 5 regulation -- I'm sorry -- all of the Department's policies,
- 6 and the Attorney General has stated publicly that he too has
- 7 complied with the regulations.
- 8 THE COURT: So to what extent has there been any actual
- 9 oversight by the Attorney General?
- 10 MR. PEARCE: I mean, again, I think the question that
- 11 the Court is asking me, is asking me to, kind of, go into the
- 12 internal deliberations. The regulations don't say, you know,
- 13 you need to meet X number of times, or you need to meet when
- 14 this issue or that issue arises.
- 15 The regulations say there is not day-to-day
- 16 supervision, but the Attorney General can ask to consult on any
- 17 decision and can countermand any decision.
- THE COURT: Has any of that actually happened, though?
- 19 Has there been any actual oversight?
- 20 MR. PEARCE: Yes. But, again, I mean, I'm not
- 21 prepared, from the podium, to -- to sort of go into a detailed
- 22 what we have and we haven't done. That's not hiding anything;
- 23 that is standard Justice Department. We comply with all
- 24 Department policies and practices and consultation
- 25 requirements.

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             THE COURT: So, for example, on the indictment, I
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     understand from the regulations that they do not require any
     actual oversight by the Attorney General in the issuance or
 3
     seeking of an indictment.
 4
 5
             Did the Attorney General have any sort of oversight
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     role in seeking the indictment?
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             MR. PEARCE: So, again, I don't want to make it look
 8
     like I am trying to hide something. What I can tell you is
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     what I told you when I was up here this morning.
10
     regulations don't address specifically the role of the Attorney
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     General for the indictment. I can tell you just, if one were
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     to read --
13
             THE COURT: Why would there be any, I guess, heartburn
14
     answering whether there was Attorney General signoff on the
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     indictment? That should either have happened or not happened.
             MR. PEARCE: I am telling you that I am not in a
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     position on behalf of the Department as a whole to make
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     representations about that, as I stand here from the podium.
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     We have understood, coming into this hearing, that there is
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     not -- that -- consistent with both the parties' requests and
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     the way the courts have looked at it, the question of the
22
     Attorney General statutory authority to appoint the Special
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     Counsel, whether the Special Counsel is a principal or inferior
     officer or an employee, turns entirely on the laws and the
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25
     regulatory framework.
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THE COURT: So there has been reference to a motion in
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     the D.C. case of zero coordination. Does that representation
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 3
     coincide in this proceeding equally?
             MR. PEARCE: So I believe the representation is that
 4
     the Special Counsel has not -- has been zero coordination with
 5
     the Biden Administration. I think, yes, we can make the same
 6
 7
     representation to this Court.
 8
             THE COURT: But that's distinct from oversight by the
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     Attorney General?
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             MR. PEARCE: I'm not -- I -- I -- candidly, I don't
11
     quite follow the difference -- or not the difference, but what
12
     the Court is asking with the latter question. The -- the
13
     Attorney General has had all of the oversight consistent with
14
     the regulations and, of course, with his ultimate
     responsibility on behalf of the Justice Department of which the
15
16
     Special Counsel is a part of.
17
             THE COURT: So because there is -- and, correct me if
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     I'm wrong -- no oversight or -- or maybe I'm incorrect -- no
19
     oversight, we should treat it as a full-blown independence?
20
             MR. PEARCE: So I don't -- I disagree with the premise
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     that there is no oversight. I think the kinds of things built
22
     into 600.7 talk about the fact -- and Mr. Seligman, I think,
23
     made these points -- the fact that we have to comply with
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government consultation requirements, policies, practices; the

fact that the Attorney General can call for a -- sort of, an

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25

- 1 update or get -- you know, get information from the Special
- 2 Counsel at any point, and can countermand any decision to the
- 3 extent that the Attorney General concludes it is so
- 4 inappropriate or unwarranted under Department -- established
- 5 Department practices, and, of course, at the end of the day can
- 6 also simply rescind the regulation and/or simply remove the
- 7 appointment order. So all of those things --
- 8 THE COURT: But that would all take, as Mr. Schaerr
- 9 said, I think, additional affirmative efforts on the part of
- 10 the Attorney General to either modify the regulation or modify
- 11 the appointment order; correct?
- MR. PEARCE: Of course. And that's entirely consistent
- 13 with the way the Court thinks about cases like Edmond or
- 14 Arthrex. I mean, those -- those are cases where there are
- judges who make decisions that are going to be final. They
- 16 could be overridden, but the mere fact that there isn't some
- 17 record of their having been overridden, that didn't, sort of,
- 18 transform those particular individuals in Edmond or in Arthrex
- 19 into principal officers.
- 20 THE COURT: But as far as looking at the extent of
- 21 authority, the only place to look right now is a regulation
- 22 because it hasn't been rescinded. So that is the universe of
- 23 applicable law, correct, in terms of looking at the scope of
- 24 authority being exercised?
- MR. PEARCE: I don't agree that's the full scope,

- 1 because this is a question that is -- the regulations are
- 2 when -- I mean, as the Court said -- the Supreme Court said in
- 3 Nixon -- citing Accardi: When the regulation is extant, it is
- 4 fully in power and, therefore, it binds the Attorney General.
- 5 So, yes, that is a source. But for the reasons I just
- 6 mentioned about rescission, the fact that there hasn't been
- 7 that affirmative step, that factual question is not relevant to
- 8 the legal determination of: Where does the buck stop? Who
- 9 has responsibility and ultimate supervision and direction
- 10 of -- of the Special Counsel?
- 11 THE COURT: It just seems that on the one hand you're
- 12 saying, look to the regulation to delimit the scope of
- 13 authority, but really, you don't really need to look at the
- 14 regulations.
- 15 MR. PEARCE: Well, I mean, we're answering, kind of,
- 16 different questions here. So I understand these to be driving
- 17 at whether it's a -- whether the Special Counsel is a principal
- 18 or inferior officer. That is relevant, both with -- answering
- 19 that question requires looking both at the current relationship
- 20 under the regulations which are in force. And our view is,
- 21 looking at that alone that, that which -- because of the types
- of oversight and direction that the Attorney General retains,
- 23 the Special Counsel is an inferior officer. But in addition --
- 24 THE COURT: And that retention of authority is in the
- 25 potential rescission of the regulation?

- 1 MR. PEARCE: I mean, not alone. It is also baked into
- 2 the regulation itself. I don't want to repeat them again, but
- 3 all the pieces --
- 4 THE COURT: Okay. I'm aware of those. Except for none
- 5 of those actually have the Attorney General directing the
- 6 conduct of the litigation.
- 7 MR. PEARCE: I agree with you. And my point was
- 8 simply, that was equally true in Edmond, that was equally true
- 9 in Arthrex, and that didn't transform those -- the judges --
- 10 the individuals there into principal officers.
- 11 You asked -- if I could just transition to a couple
- 12 other points. You asked this morning about any statutes. I
- 13 think you said vesting clauses that used the term "officials."
- 14 We identified a couple over the lunch break. You know, with
- 15 the caveat that we found them over the lunch break, I can cite
- 16 them to the Court. And also, to the extent it would be
- 17 helpful, we can submit them --
- THE COURT: Yes.
- MR. PEARCE: -- as a stand-alone.
- 20 But I'll cite them now: 18, United States Code,
- 21 831(e), as in echo. It's a --
- THE COURT: Lowercase (e)?
- MR. PEARCE: Lowercase (e), as in echo. That is a
- 24 provision -- I believe that has to do with the Tennessee Valley
- 25 Authority. Then we have 10, United States Code, 397. That's a

- 1 Department of Defense provision that talks about officials.
- 2 And then we've also got one that, I believe, has since been
- 3 amended. But this is in 6, United States Code, 458. This was
- 4 a provision for -- "Counter-narcotics Officer" was the title of
- 5 the provision. And it said, "The secretary shall appoint a
- 6 senior official in the Department to assume primary
- 7 responsibility," et cetera, et cetera, which seems to draw a
- 8 line -- sort of makes "official" and "officer" synonymous. I
- 9 think that's a fair point. One could make that argument. That
- 10 wasn't the argument I made this morning, although in our brief
- 11 we talk about the way the Court in Lucia, I think, uses the
- 12 terms interchangeably.
- I think in 533(1), for reasons we already said, it
- 14 encompasses both, but what it certainly doesn't do is just mean
- 15 employee.
- 16 And another reason why it doesn't, and I think
- 17 Mr. Seligman touched on this, is Justice Kagan said for the
- 18 Court in Lucia, "The Constitution cares not a wit about
- 19 employees. There would be no reason to pass a statute that
- 20 empowers the appointment of employees separate from the
- 21 preexisting statutory -- statute 5, United States Code, 1301,"
- 22 which is basically just a catch-all that says all executive
- 23 departments can hire employees. So all the more reason why you
- 24 wouldn't treat "officials" in 533(1) as meaning employees
- 25 alone.

- 1 Now, I want to spend just a moment, if I could, on the 2 difference between "employee" and "officer." I think that was 3 the thrust of what I understood the Tillman amicus brief and Mr. Blackman -- although Mr. Blackman was wide-ranging, I think 4 he asked this Court to overrule Morrison v. Olson, which I 5 6 don't think is in any way presented. But I want to focus on 7 what the brief was about. 8 As I understand the test for differentiating an employee from an officer, it looks at the significant exercise 9 10 of government authority and continuity. I don't think there is 11 any dispute here that the Special Counsel is engaged in the 12 significant exercise of government authority. 13 Then the question becomes one of continuity. And the 14 way the courts have talked about this, from Germaine and Hartwell on, are questions of: Is this something that is 15 16 episodic, intermittent, occasional? So, sort of, a doctor that's seeing patients on an occasional basis or -- I think 17 18 there was a distinction in Freytag between the special tax 19 judges there and special masters, which that's where -- the episodic and intermittent language. 20 21 The Special Counsel is nothing like that. 22 THE COURT: I think I have enough on the employee
- 24 MR. PEARCE: Excellent.

23

topic.

I'd like to briefly just touch on the history, a couple

- of points on the history question; I think Mr. Blackman
- 2 developed this to some extent, as did Mr. Schaerr.
- 3 So I think I heard Mr. Blackman recognize that after
- 4 the appointment that President Ulysses S. Grant made, he,
- 5 Mr. Blackman, couldn't figure out the appointing authority or
- 6 the statute by which -- well, I think that tells you that it's
- 7 got to be Section 17 of the 1870 act; in other words, the
- 8 predecessor for 515.
- 9 That was the only thing that was on the books. All
- 10 these later statutes didn't exist yet. Unless we're just going
- 11 to assume that President Grant acted unconstitutionally, then I
- 12 I think the only plausible account is what is now 515(b). The
- 13 fact that it was the president alone that did it, that doesn't
- 14 mean, oh, well, that's fine; that makes him a principal
- 15 officer.
- The President alone, or a head of a department, or a
- 17 court of law is empowered, when so vested by Congress, to
- 18 appoint an inferior officer. But that wouldn't have been
- 19 sufficient to appoint a principal officer at that point.
- 20 So I think that also helps in establishing that the
- 21 special -- that the prosecutor in 1875, the Special Counsel was
- 22 under 1515 [sic] and was seen as an inferior officer.
- The Teapot Dome scandal, I agree that involved Senate
- 24 confirmation and -- presidential nomination and Senate
- 25 confirmation. I think that's the exception that proves the

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1 rule. Congress did it once, as I think came out in the
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- 2 colloguy before. Congress can set up that -- in fact, it's the
- 3 default to have presidential nomination and Senate
- 4 confirmation. That doesn't answer the constitutional question.
- 5 THE COURT: And that Congress also did it in the EGA.
- 6 MR. PEARCE: Correct. And so it can do it, but in so
- 7 doing it, it does not mean that that person becomes a principal
- 8 officer; right? That doesn't necessarily transform it.
- 9 And it also doesn't mean that's the only way -- the
- 10 only mechanism by which a Special Counsel could be appointed.
- 11 THE COURT: But you need statutory authority.
- MR. PEARCE: That's certainly true.
- 13 THE COURT: And there's no Special Counsel statute.
- 14 MR. PEARCE: I agree there is no statute designated
- 15 "the Special Counsel statute." Obviously, you've heard the
- 16 arguments -- I won't repeat them -- that we view 515(b) and
- 17 533(1) as providing that.
- 18 Just another historical correction. I think I heard
- 19 Mr. Schaerr represent that Mr. Barr -- Attorney General Barr
- 20 only appointed former -- or then U.S. attorneys. That was true
- 21 with respect to Mr. Durham. That was not true with respect to
- 22 the three -- I think I mentioned this in the morning --
- THE COURT: You did.
- MR. PEARCE: -- the three independent regulatory
- 25 counsels that Mr. Barr -- Attorney General Barr appointed

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1 during the first time that he was --
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- 2 THE COURT: And those were who again?
- 3 MR. PEARCE: You know, I apologize, Your Honor. I
- 4 don't remember their names. We could put that in a separate
- 5 filing, in addition to the statutes I mentioned. But there are
- 6 three individuals at the time, interestingly, that the
- 7 independent counsel statute was operative. But, nonetheless,
- 8 Mr. Barr decided -- did it outside of that.
- 9 THE COURT: And why does it not matter, again, in your
- 10 view that it would have been the President -- President Grant
- 11 to have appointed the Special Counsel? I think you made a
- 12 point that it really is not indicative of anything.
- MR. PEARCE: Well, I may have misunderstood what the
- 14 argument on the other side was. I took that as suggesting
- 15 somehow that it was constitutionally -- there was no -- there
- 16 was -- it was clear that the -- that that Special Counsel was a
- 17 principal officer because the -- President Grant had appointed
- 18 him, and it's true that presidents had also appointed -- so,
- 19 for example, Garfield appointed and --
- THE COURT: So why wouldn't those presidential
- 21 appointments be treated differently?
- MR. PEARCE: That -- my point is that they should not;
- 23 right? So that a president and a head of department stand on
- 24 equal footing for purposes of appointing an inferior officer,
- 25 so long as Congress has, by law, allowed for that appointment

- 1 as an inferior officer. So that -- to the that extent there
- 2 was some argument that, oh, the fact that President Grant
- 3 appointed the -- and not the Attorney General, that that is
- 4 somehow problematic. So...
- 5 THE COURT: Because there still wouldn't have been,
- 6 beyond the predecessor to 515, any other statutory authority?
- 7 MR. PEARCE: I think that's right. I mean, I think
- 8 it's also -- you could potentially argue that the President is
- 9 somehow acting on behalf of the Justice Department. I mean,
- 10 what -- 515 is broader; right? That it doesn't say -- I'll
- 11 read the language. 515(b) says -- I should have it right here.
- 12 Just give me a moment.
- "Specially retained under authority of the Department
- of Justice"; right? So, in our view, that would encompass both
- 15 the President, who can act on behalf of the Department of
- 16 Justice and the Attorney General. Either of those would --
- 17 that would be a constitutionally permissible appointment in
- 18 either instance.
- 19 THE COURT: All right. I'd like to wrap up soon, so
- 20 just, please, conclude.
- 21 MR. PEARCE: Yes. Can I make just one final point --
- THE COURT: Yes.
- MR. PEARCE: -- just on the dicta point about Nixon? I
- 24 can keep this pretty clear.
- 25 The -- Chief Judge Pryor, when he says not all dicta

- 1 are treated alike, was -- is in a case called Farah, where he
- 2 was talking about the importance of actually deferring to
- 3 Minnesota Supreme Court dicta in a case where it involved a
- 4 question of Minnesota law.
- 5 And the portion of the Garner treatise that Mr. Schaerr
- 6 cited when he was discussing, you know, "dicta is important
- 7 when -- only when things have been discussed," was actually not
- 8 talking about a case that involved dicta; it was talking about,
- 9 hey, we should take -- we should heed this particular
- 10 discussion because it has all been discussed without respect to
- 11 whether it was dicta or not.
- 12 That may have not been articulated as clean. My point
- is, reading the Garner treatise, it does not support
- 14 Mr. Schaerr's view of dicta. And even if this Court were to
- 15 conclude -- which we don't think it should, for all the reasons
- 16 that I gave this morning -- that the discussion in Nixon is
- 17 dicta, it should, nonetheless, find it persuasive and follow
- 18 it.
- 19 Unless there are any further questions, we'd ask the
- 20 Court to deny the motion.
- 21 THE COURT: Okay. With respect to any supplemental
- 22 authority, I will permit Special Counsel and the defendants, in
- one combined filing, to submit no more than five pages, with
- 24 any additional statutory citations or case law citations that
- 25 were referenced today or that you think are pertinent to the

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     question before the Court. Again, limited to five pages. And
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     no additional filings will be accepted by the amicus parties.
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              So at this point, I thank everybody for being here and
     for this extensive argument that has been very illuminating and
 4
     helpful. I wish you all a very pleasant weekend and safe
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 6
     travels to your home districts.
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             Thank you. We are in recess.
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           (These proceedings concluded at 2:21 p.m.)
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1	CER	TIFICATE	
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4	I hereby certify that the	foregoing is an accurate	
5	transcription of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter.		
6			
7	DATE: 06.00.0004	/- 26 ]	
8	LA	s/Laura Melton AURA E. MELTON, RMR, CRR, FPR Eficial Court Reporter	
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10 [2] 1:53:23_, 1:154:2 10:30 [1] 1:40:6 11 [1] 1:82:24 11:13 [1] 1:70:16 11:16 [1] 1:70:23 12:15 [1] 1:70:17 1301 [1] 1:154:23 1515 [1] 1:156:24 154 [1] 1:85:15 17 [4] 1:56:5_, 1:56:10_, 1:58:21_, 1:156:9 1700s [1] 1:140:19 1789 [3] 1:121:13_,	2 [8] - 1:36:4., 1:36:5.,  1:42:7., 1:91:19., 1:96:24.,  1:114:25., 1:120:10.,  1:130:6  20 [3] - 1:105:1., 1:105:7.  -, 1:107:3  2007 [3] - 1:96:13.,  1:96:17., 1:100:12  201 [1] - 1:53:24  2017 [1] - 1:100:15  2022 [2] - 1:53:1.,  1:129:20  2023 [1] - 1:143:18  245 [1] - 1:99:25	50-year[1] 1:61:9 500 [1] 1:144:20 504 [2] 1:17:21_, 1:18:2 509 [4] 1:9:4_, 1:32:23_, 1:43:15_, 1:46:18 509(a [1] 1:30:23 509(b [1] 1:30:22 510 [4] 1:32:23_, 1:43:15_, 1:46:19_, 1:68:21 515 [55] 1:8:1_, 1:14:6_, 1:14:9_, 1:14:10_, 1:14:16_, 1:14:21_, 1:15:8_, 1:15:25_, 1:16:8_, 1:16:12_, 1:16:14_, 1:24:4_, 1:24:7_, 1:33:1_,	1:12:11_, 1:13:2_, 1:13:3_, 1:13:5_, 1:14:3_, 1:20:13_, 1:20:17_, 1:33:1_, 1:35:15_, 1:35:16_, 1:35:17_, 1:36:24_, 1:39:11_, 1:43:15_, 1:51:14_, 1:51:17_, 1:51:20_, 1:52:3_, 1:52:5_, 1:52:19_, 1:53:2_, 1:53:8_, 1:54:13_, 1:55:7_, 1:55:11_, 1:55:21_, 1:55:23_, 1:55:24_, 1:80:21_, 1:80:23_, 1:81:1_, 1:81:4_, 1:81:10_, 1:81:14_, 1:81:18_, 1:82:15_, 1:84:21_, 1:84:22_, 1:85:22_, 1:87:23_, 1:109:7_, 1:109:17_, 1:120:18_, 1:124:13_,
1:121:14_, 1:138:14  18 [5] 1:9:19_, 1:10:3_,  1:13:7_, 1:13:19_, 1:153:22  1800s [1] 1:22:8  1870 [6] 1:56:5_,  1:58:20_, 1:59:3_, 1:60:15_,  1:70:1_, 1:156:9  1870s [1] 1:85:4  1875 [1] 1:156:23  1881 [1] 1:60:19	28 <sub>[16]</sub> - 1:7:2., 1:8:1., 1:13:18., 1:16:3., 1:18:20., 1:30:21., 1:31:23., 1:43:13. ., 1:47:22., 1:104:15., 1:114:3., 1:120:10., 1:127:12., 1:127:20., 1:128:8., 1:130:6 29 <sub>[1]</sub> - 1:38:7 2:21 <sub>[1]</sub> - 1:161:10	1:35:15, 1:38:12, 1:39:13 ., 1:39:19, 1:43:15, 1:46:19, 1:51:14, 1:51:17 ., 1:55:22, 1:55:25, 1:57:2 ., 1:57:6, 1:58:15, 1:59:4, 1:59:9, 1:68:23, 1:69:5, 1:80:24, 1:85:22, 1:91:5, 1:104:11, 1:107:25, 1:109:20, 1:109:23, 1:120:16, 1:124:13,	1:129:8_, 1:129:11_, 1:129:15_, 1:129:19_, 1:130:6_, 1:133:3_, 1:140:16_, 1:141:11 533(1 [3] 1:154:15_, 1:155:1_, 1:157:19 533-1 [1] 1:8:14 535 [2] 1:9:3_, 1:54:4 540 [1] 1:129:6 541 [1] 1:31:23
1903 <sub>[1]</sub> - 1:60:22 1906 <sub>[1]</sub> - 1:59:4	3 3 <sub>[5]_</sub> - 1:35:7_, 1:73:19_,	1:126:6_, 1:126:17_, 1:127:17_, 1:127:21_,	541(a <sub>[4]</sub> 1:121:7_, 1:122:8_, 1:129:6_, 1:130:11
1906 [1] - 1:59:4  1930 [6] - 1:56:12 -,  1:58:24 -, 1:60:11 -, 1:61:6 -,  1:61:25 -, 1:62:3  1933 [1] - 1:111:13  1966 [1] - 1:140:22  1971 [1] - 1:110:24  1973 [1] - 1:92:4  1974 [1] - 1:65:22  1980s [1] - 1:101:25  1986 [2] - 1:93:13 -,  1:112:2  1987 [5] - 1:14:13 -,  1:14:15 -, 1:34:3 -, 1:37:17 -,  1:38:18  1988 [1] - 1:101:25	3 [5] - 1:35:7-, 1:73:19-, 1:97:1-, 1:108:11-, 1:139:18 30 [3] - 1:34:4-, 1:34:7-, 1:44:2 31 [4] - 1:9:2-, 1:10:20-, 1:120:16-, 1:142:13 326 [1] - 1:4:23 33 [5] - 1:9:2-, 1:10:20-, 1:120:18-, 1:129:16-, 1:142:13 35 [3] - 1:120:20-, 1:121:5 -, 1:121:7 397 [1] - 1:154:2  4 4 [1] - 1:53:23 40 [2] - 1:104:16-,	1:12/:17_, 1:12/:21_, 1:128:2_, 1:128:5_, 1:128:13_, 1:140:16_, 1:156:10_, 1:159:8_, 1:159:12_ 515's [1] 1:60:6_ 515(a [10] 1:14:25_, 1:15:14_, 1:19:12_, 1:19:22_, 1:23:21_, 1:23:23_, 1:59:4_, 1:59:11_, 1:126:18_, 1:127:6_ 515(a) [1] 1:23:17_ 515(b [21] 1:15:6_, 1:19:24_, 1:20:20_, 1:21:8_, 1:56:3_, 1:56:9_, 1:56:17_, 1:57:13_, 1:58:19_, 1:59:12_, 1:61:25_, 1:62:15_, 1:65:7_, 1:70:11_, 1:80:20_, 1:84:22_, 1:85:2_, 1:127:8_, 1:159:13_	542 [1] - 1:57:18  543 [17] - 1:15:9-, 1:15:22 -, 1:15:25-, 1:16:9-, 1:16:12 -, 1:39:20-, 1:56:20-, 1:57:2 -, 1:57:8-, 1:57:20-, 1:58:11 -, 1:58:16-, 1:127:23-, 1:128:3-, 1:128:22-, 1:140:18-, 1:141:4  543(a [4] - 1:17:11-, 1:121:21-, 1:127:10-, 1:128:6  543(a) [1] - 1:128:20  565 [1] - 1:49:18  591 [6] - 1:104:15-, 1:104:20-, 1:107:15

6	able <sub>[2]</sub> 1:103:8_,	1:42:21	adds <sub>[1]</sub> 1:61:6
6 [1] 1:154:5 60-year [1] 1:61:10 600 [1] 1:74:18 600.7 [6] 1:25:9_, 1:48:2 _, 1:48:11_, 1:76:2_, 1:76:10 _, 1:150:24 600.7(a [1] 1:144:14 600.7(a) [1] 1:147:15 600.8 [1] 1:50:15 600.8(b [1] 1:50:15 663 [1] 1:77:23 665 [1] 1:49:18 672 [3] 1:96:18_, 1:96:19_, 1:101:22	able [2] 1:103:8_,  1:113:8  abrogated [2] 1:93:21_,  1:94:22  absence [2] 1:30:12_,  1:81:3  absent [6] 1:48:17_,  1:49:7_, 1:64:13_, 1:72:12_,  1:72:14_, 1:75:18  absolutely [6] 1:34:19_,  1:37:11_, 1:57:22_, 1:76:5_,  1:81:15_, 1:119:15  Accardi [1] 1:152:5  accept [2] 1:31:14_,  1:31:18  accepted [1] 1:161:4  access [1] 1:4:11	1:42:21 acquiescence [8] 1:22:22_, 1:56:14_, 1:85:15 _, 1:87:1_, 1:126:5_, 1:126:13_, 1:140:18_, 1:141:7 Act [11] 1:24:22_, 1:37:24_, 1:38:5_, 1:47:8_, 1:56:6_, 1:65:24_, 1:66:5_, 1:72:10_, 1:72:14_, 1:121:13 _, 1:138:15 act [7] 1:21:11_, 1:62:3_, 1:69:14_, 1:144:5_, 1:146:21 _, 1:156:9_, 1:159:17 acted [3] 1:117:8_, 1:134:16_, 1:156:13 acting [9] 1:14:11_, 1:25:10_, 1:27:25_, 1:69:17	adjacent [1] - 1:9:2 adjectives [1] - 1:99:18 Administration [1] - 1:150:8 administration [2] - 1:26:21 - 1:27:4 administrative [2] - 1:50:5 - 1:73:16 admonition [1] - 1:120:1 adopt [3] - 1:39:24 - 1:40:19 - 1:139:9 adopted [1] - 1:105:23 adopting [1] - 1:140:6 advanced [2] - 1:109:11 - 1:120:8
$694_{[4]\_} - 1:92:6\_, 1:92:7\_, \\ 1:92:11\_, 1:94:9 \\ 695_{[3]\_} - 1:92:7\_, 1:92:11 \\ 696_{[1]\_} - 1:94:9 \\ 697_{[1]\_} - 1:94:15 \\ 6th_{[2]\_} - 1:97:16\_, \\ 1:105:17$	accommodating [2] 1:46:2_, 1:46:21 accommodation [1] 1:74:20 accomplish [1] 1:96:23 accomplished [1] 1:97:25	_, 1:84:12_, 1:116:25_, 1:117:3_, 1:132:13_, 1:159:11  Acting [1] 1:92:14  action [2] 1:5:15_, 1:71:5  actions [3] 1:78:14_,	advantage [2] 1:101:8 _, 1:112:23 adverse [2] 1:42:23_, 1:67:12 advice [1] 1:111:9 advised [1] 1:4:15 affair [1] 1:125:3 affirmatively [1]
7	accomplishment <sub>[1]</sub> 1:97:2	1:78:17_, 1:137:9 activity <sub>[1]</sub> 1:126:21	1:137:5 affirmed [1] 1:39:22
793 [1] 1:29:18	accordance [1] 1:93:6 accorded [1] 1:118:15	actual [8] 1:54:21_,	afforded [1] 1:47:7
8  8 [7] 1:92:6_, 1:92:7_,  1:92:8_, 1:92:9_, 1:92:10_,  1:92:12_, 1:92:22  80 [1] 1:144:22  831(e [1] 1:153:23  89-554 [1] 1:140:23	according [1] 1:88:23 accordingly [1] 1:70:21 account [1] 1:156:14 accountability [9] 1:48:2_, 1:48:9_, 1:95:16_, 1:96:2_, 1:96:4_, 1:96:5_, 1:105:10_, 1:122:3_, 1:123:4 accountable [3] 1:19:4	1:79:5_, 1:79:9_, 1:79:24_, 1:97:12_, 1:148:10_, 1:148:21_, 1:149:5 adamant <sub>[1]</sub> 1:109:15 add <sub>[7]</sub> 1:44:13_, 1:45:7, 1:63:1_, 1:65:9_, 1:65:16_, 1:84:3_, 1:133:4 added <sub>[4]</sub> 1:20:13_, 1:56:13_, 1:58:25_, 1:60:12	afresh [1] - 1:45:14 afternoon [4] - 1:6:22 -, 1:70:24 -, 1:139:2 -, 1:147:9 AG [5] - 1:93:10 -, 1:125:20 -, 1:127:9 -, 1:127:11 -, 1:133:17 AG's [1] - 1:92:25 agencies [2] - 1:55:6 -, 1:69:3
9	, 1:96:5_, 1:96:8 accreted <sub>[1]</sub> 1:66:12	addition <sub>[6]</sub> 1:9:18_, 1:13:3_, 1:52:20_, 1:77:17_,	agency <sub>[2]</sub> 1:54:17_, 1:99:1
9-85 <sub>[1]</sub> - 1:144:20 9-90.020 <sub>[2]</sub> - 1:29:16, 1:145:14 9:35 <sub>[1]</sub> - 1:4:13 9:37 <sub>[1]</sub> - 1:4:13	accurate [2] 1:63:14_, 1:145:9 accurately [1] 1:46:13 acknowledge [9] 1:14:20_, 1:20:1_, 1:25:23_, 1:39:23_, 1:43:10_, 1:46:7_,	1:152:25_, 1:158:7 additional <sub>[3]</sub> 1:151:11 _, 1:161:1_, 1:161:4 address <sub>[11]</sub> 1:21:15_, 1:32:19_, 1:32:20_, 1:36:24 _, 1:45:21_, 1:55:21_, 1:55:22_, 1:56:15_, 1:71:17	agents [2] 1:10:10_, 1:55:13 ago [6] 1:30:24_, 1:58:20_, 1:59:5_, 1:125:1_, 1:140:24_, 1:140:25 agree [22] 1:10:11_,
А	1:63:25_, 1:112:17_, 1:117:17 acknowledged <sub>[2]</sub>	_, 1:114:2_, 1:149:12 addressed [9] 1:7:1_,	1:15:24_, 1:16:1_, 1:28:4_, 1:35:20_, 1:36:22_, 1:41:22
a.m [3] 1:4:13_, 1:70:23 ab [1] 1:86:12 ability [9] 1:4:10_, 1:11:17_, 1:11:23_, 1:17:18 _, 1:30:19_, 1:47:20_, 1:50:8 _, 1:78:12_, 1:143:4	1:115:14_, 1:130:1 acknowledgement <sub>[1]</sub> 1:41:23 acknowledges <sub>[2]</sub> 1:113:17_, 1:147:25 acknowledging <sub>[1]</sub>	1:21:17_, 1:31:21_, 1:44:10 _, 1:45:1_, 1:83:11_, 1:86:22 _, 1:115:1_, 1:116:1 addresses [1] 1:32:14 addressing [4] 1:5:17_, 1:21:23_, 1:31:15_, 1:44:25	_, 1:43:3_, 1:45:24_, 1:49:10 _, 1:62:9_, 1:87:10_, 1:91:19 _, 1:101:2_, 1:107:1_, 1:109:18_, 1:119:9_, 1:119:19_, 1:152:2_, 1:153:9 _, 1:156:25_, 1:157:16 agreed [3] 1:33:6_,

1:72:2\_, 1:101:12 agreeing [1]\_ - 1:62:7 agreement [2]\_ - 1:28:5\_, 1:33:8 Agriculture [1]\_ - 1:9:15 AGs [1]\_ - 1:111:24 ahead [1]\_ - 1:94:10 akin [3]\_ - 1:17:5\_, 1:18:1\_, 1:24:4 albeit[1]\_ - 1:78:25 Alexa [1]\_ - 1:97:5 alike [1]\_ - 1:160:3 allocation[1]\_ - 1:121:3 allow[1]\_ - 1:48:16 allowed[3]\_ - 1:120:25\_, 1:135:15\_, 1:159:2 allowing[1]\_ - 1:144:4 allows [4]\_ - 1:56:22\_, 1:57:8\_, 1:57:14\_, 1:59:11 alluded [1]\_ - 1:142:24 almost [4]\_ - 1:17:8\_, 1:31:25\_, 1:36:2\_, 1:110:10 alone [10]\_ - 1:35:22\_, 1:55:13\_, 1:63:20\_, 1:64:9\_, 1:152:23\_, 1:153:3, 1:153:21 \_, 1:155:2\_, 1:156:15\_, 1:156:18 alongside [2]\_ - 1:40:21\_, 1:66:13 alternate [1]\_ - 1:104:3 alternative [1]\_ - 1:37:23 alternatively[1]\_ -1:29:10 altogether[1]\_ - 1:146:12 ambiguous [3]\_ - 1:11:8\_, 1:133:15 amend [1]\_ - 1:146:11 amended [2]\_ - 1:61:24\_, 1:154:5 America [2]\_ - 1:3:5\_, 1:137:24 amici [1]\_ - 1:76:23 amicus [17]\_ - 1:5:3\_, 1:5:8\_, 1:5:12\_, 1:5:21\_, 1:6:9\_, 1:7:5\_, 1:7:10\_, 1:9:14\_, 1:17:15\_, 1:26:17\_, 1:30:12\_, 1:39:3\_, 1:71:5\_, 1:90:21\_, 1:141:18\_, 1:155:5 \_, 1:161:4 amnesty [1]\_ - 1:98:2 amount [5]\_ - 1:74:6\_, 1:80:4\_, 1:86:24\_, 1:88:8\_, 1:123:25

analogous [2]\_ - 1:132:15. \_, 1:136:23 analogy<sub>[1]</sub>\_ - 1:136:13 analysis [35]\_ - 1:8:12\_, 1:12:15\_, 1:13:15\_, 1:14:9\_, 1:15:13\_, 1:19:5\_, 1:19:14\_, 1:23:7\_, 1:26:1\_, 1:30:8\_, 1:31:6\_, 1:33:16\_, 1:33:21\_, 1:35:13\_, 1:36:2\_, 1:36:18\_, 1:37:12\_, 1:37:15\_, 1:38:9\_, 1:38:20\_, 1:39:12\_, 1:39:14 \_, 1:39:21\_, 1:39:25\_, 1:44:5 \_, 1:45:8\_, 1:62:9\_, 1:99:19\_, 1:100:23\_, 1:114:24\_, 1:115:8\_, 1:115:20\_, 1:118:21\_, 1:121:14\_, 1:136:19 analyzed[1]\_ - 1:119:4 Andrew [1]\_ - 1:110:21 anomaly [1]\_ - 1:112:5 answer [21] - 1:24:17 -, 1:46:11\_, 1:52:10\_, 1:59:18 \_, 1:60:10\_, 1:66:22\_, 1:67:16\_, 1:71:12\_, 1:76:8\_, 1:89:5\_, 1:89:24\_, 1:91:7\_, 1:101:4\_, 1:122:11\_, 1:126:3 \_, 1:142:10\_, 1:142:25\_, 1:143:3\_, 1:143:5\_, 1:143:24 \_, 1:157:6 answering[3]\_ - 1:149:16 \_, 1:152:17\_, 1:152:20 answers [1]\_ - 1:81:8 antecedent [4]\_ - 1:42:5\_, 1:43:20\_, 1:43:23\_, 1:44:18 APA [3]\_ - 1:75:4\_, 1:146:17 apart [1]\_ - 1:58:10 APJs [1]\_ - 1:50:9 apologize[1]\_ - 1:158:5 Appeal [2]\_ - 1:72:17\_, Appeals [8]\_ - 1:73:21\_, 1:74:1\_, 1:136:14\_, 1:136:15 \_, 1:136:18\_, 1:136:22\_, 1:137:3 appeals [2]\_ - 1:45:10\_, 1:135:3 appear [3]\_ - 1:32:7\_, 1:82:6\_, 1:90:25 appearances [2]\_ - 1:3:7. \_, 1:4:18 appearing [1]\_ - 1:82:7

applicable [6]\_ - 1:74:18\_,

1:74:22\_, 1:75:16\_, 1:75:24

\_, 1:76:11\_, 1:151:25

application[2]\_ - 1:78:4\_, 1:78:20 applied [3]\_ - 1:73:2\_, 1:77:11\_, 1:146:5 applies [5]\_ - 1:87:22\_, 1:88:15\_, 1:88:19\_, 1:96:14 \_, 1:145:15 apply [7]\_ - 1:73:3\_, 1:76:7. \_, 1:77:1\_, 1:85:13\_, 1:87:22 \_, 1:143:22\_, 1:144:11 applying[1]\_ - 1:73:2 appoint [57]\_ - 1:9:22\_, 1:11:1\_, 1:14:11\_, 1:20:11\_, 1:30:20\_, 1:32:24\_, 1:40:15 \_, 1:41:16\_, 1:53:7\_, 1:54:17 \_, 1:57:9\_, 1:62:17\_, 1:62:20 \_, 1:62:25\_, 1:63:12\_, 1:63:16\_, 1:63:18\_, 1:63:23 \_, 1:64:13\_, 1:64:19\_, 1:66:5 \_, 1:69:7\_, 1:71:11\_, 1:81:4\_, 1:81:5\_, 1:81:8\_, 1:81:12\_, 1:81:13\_, 1:81:20\_, 1:83:24 \_, 1:85:7\_, 1:85:12\_, 1:87:24 \_, 1:95:20\_, 1:95:22\_, 1:99:7 \_, 1:108:21\_, 1:111:9\_, 1:111:18\_, 1:121:22\_, 1:122:23\_, 1:125:16\_, 1:127:9\_, 1:127:12\_, 1:127:19\_, 1:129:14\_, 1:130:8\_, 1:132:10\_, 1:136:18\_, 1:149:24\_, 1:154:7\_, 1:156:20\_, 1:156:21 appointed [60]\_ - 1:6:25\_, 1:7:1\_, 1:15:2\_, 1:15:4\_, 1:19:2\_, 1:19:19\_, 1:21:9\_, 1:23:25\_, 1:26:14\_, 1:30:15 \_, 1:31:22\_, 1:52:15\_, 1:57:23\_, 1:58:6\_, 1:59:8\_, 1:65:5\_, 1:66:6\_, 1:66:8\_, 1:68:19\_, 1:74:17\_, 1:75:23 \_, 1:76:24\_, 1:84:17\_, 1:86:7 \_, 1:88:3\_, 1:90:1\_, 1:92:4\_, 1:96:22\_, 1:97:3\_, 1:97:14\_, 1:102:4\_, 1:103:1\_, 1:105:25 \_, 1:108:23\_, 1:110:7\_, 1:110:11\_, 1:110:17\_, 1:113:19\_, 1:115:11\_, 1:115:15\_, 1:118:23\_, 1:121:8\_, 1:122:4\_, 1:124:5 \_, 1:125:8\_, 1:129:2\_, 1:132:7\_, 1:134:7\_, 1:134:8 \_, 1:134:10\_, 1:138:15\_, 1:140:8\_, 1:157:12\_, 1:157:22\_, 1:158:2\_, 1:158:13\_, 1:158:19\_, 1:158:20\_, 1:158:21\_, 1:159:5 appointing [20]\_ - 1:9:15\_,

1:9:19\_, 1:11:5\_, 1:12:9\_, 1:12:21\_, 1:26:10\_, 1:33:6\_, 1:34:6\_, 1:56:23\_, 1:62:23\_, 1:75:11\_, 1:108:20\_, 1:109:13\_, 1:110:6\_, 1:131:13\_, 1:133:11\_, 1:146:11\_, 1:146:24\_, 1:156:7\_, 1:159:1 appointment [93]\_ -1:4:21\_, 1:7:4\_, 1:7:24\_, 1:8:5\_, 1:8:23\_, 1:9:8\_, 1:9:9 \_, 1:9:12\_, 1:9:23\_, 1:10:8\_, 1:10:9\_, 1:10:17\_, 1:10:22\_, 1:11:24\_, 1:12:2\_, 1:12:10\_, 1:12:13\_, 1:12:18\_, 1:14:2\_, 1:14:17\_, 1:15:5\_, 1:19:20\_, 1:20:5\_, 1:20:7\_, 1:20:14\_, 1:25:5\_, 1:27:18\_, 1:28:7\_, 1:31:7\_, 1:33:17\_, 1:35:18\_, 1:35:19\_, 1:36:19\_, 1:37:24 \_, 1:38:12\_, 1:51:21\_, 1:51:22\_, 1:51:23\_, 1:51:24 \_, 1:52:8\_, 1:52:24\_, 1:52:25 \_, 1:53:4\_, 1:57:20\_, 1:60:8\_, 1:64:15\_, 1:66:1\_, 1:66:4\_, 1:66:20\_, 1:67:18\_, 1:69:23 \_, 1:75:15\_, 1:76:16\_, 1:77:18\_, 1:82:2\_, 1:82:10\_, 1:82:16\_, 1:82:21\_, 1:82:22 \_, 1:83:17\_, 1:84:10\_, 1:84:20\_, 1:85:8\_, 1:85:21\_, 1:86:1\_, 1:86:4\_, 1:86:13\_, 1:97:21\_, 1:104:17\_, 1:109:20\_, 1:110:9\_, 1:113:12\_, 1:122:3\_, 1:122:25\_, 1:125:2\_, 1:125:21\_, 1:128:12\_, 1:128:15\_, 1:128:21\_, 1:128:25\_, 1:129:20\_, 1:134:15\_, 1:136:9\_, 1:138:10\_, 1:140:7\_, 1:143:7 \_, 1:143:8\_, 1:151:9\_, 1:151:13\_, 1:154:22\_, 1:156:6\_, 1:159:2\_, 1:159:19 Appointment [2]\_ -1:71:10\_, 1:90:7 Appointments [25]\_ -1:5:4\_, 1:5:19\_, 1:6:24\_, 1:8:24\_, 1:12:13\_, 1:13:12\_, 1:14:14\_, 1:18:23\_, 1:20:24 \_, 1:23:3\_, 1:23:5\_, 1:27:23\_, 1:30:18\_, 1:37:9\_, 1:54:23\_, 1:63:12\_, 1:64:18\_, 1:83:15 \_, 1:108:25\_, 1:114:7\_, 1:122:6\_, 1:124:24\_, 1:132:25\_, 1:134:1\_, 1:142:1 appointments [9]\_ -1:10:16\_, 1:22:3\_, 1:31:1\_,

1:65:11\_, 1:65:21\_, 1:124:4

\_, 1:125:12\_, 1:148:1\_,

1:158:23 appoints [3]\_ - 1:60:16\_, 1:60:18\_, 1:60:21 appreciate [2]\_ - 1:90:16 \_, 1:112:19 approach [1]\_ - 1:79:19 approaching [1]\_ - 1:40:6 appropriate [2]\_ - 1:6:11 \_, 1:140:9 appropriation [6]\_ -1:104:22\_, 1:104:23\_, 1:106:21\_, 1:106:23\_, 1:107:6\_, 1:107:11 approval [12]\_ - 1:29:3\_, 1:29:17\_, 1:135:2\_, 1:135:17. \_, 1:136:8\_, 1:136:10\_, 1:137:7\_, 1:137:9\_, 1:138:12 \_, 1:144:13\_, 1:145:18\_, 1:147:18 approvals[1]\_ - 1:145:12 approve[1]\_ - 1:50:21 approved[3]\_ - 1:106:18 \_, 1:144:9\_, 1:145:22 arbitrary [1]\_ - 1:146:22 Archibald [1]\_ - 1:111:22 area [1] - 1:98:10 arena [1]\_ - 1:88:25 arguably [6]\_ - 1:18:6\_, 1:34:14\_, 1:105:16\_, 1:119:12\_, 1:134:18\_, 1:145:3 argue [3]\_ - 1:39:9\_, 1:90:23\_, 1:159:10 argued [4]\_ - 1:7:3\_, 1:27:2\_, 1:42:8\_, 1:81:9 argues [1]\_ - 1:106:3 arguing [5]\_ - 1:6:14\_, 1:84:16\_, 1:100:15\_, 1:104:24\_, 1:133:6 argument [63]\_ - 1:6:12\_, 1:6:16\_, 1:7:5\_, 1:7:13\_, 1:7:21\_, 1:13:11\_, 1:14:3\_, 1:15:11\_, 1:15:19\_, 1:25:7\_, 1:25:21\_, 1:28:18\_, 1:34:24 \_, 1:37:9\_, 1:40:14\_, 1:40:19 \_, 1:40:24\_, 1:49:1\_, 1:53:15 \_, 1:55:16\_, 1:55:25\_, 1:56:15\_, 1:57:1\_, 1:62:3\_, 1:62:7\_, 1:65:5\_, 1:66:14\_, 1:68:9\_, 1:68:10\_, 1:68:24\_, 1:69:2\_, 1:70:18\_, 1:70:25\_, 1:71:7\_, 1:71:16\_, 1:84:14\_, 1:87:1\_, 1:100:15\_, 1:103:12 \_, 1:104:7\_, 1:107:10\_, 1:109:7\_, 1:109:12\_, 1:115:4

\_, 1:115:6\_, 1:115:9\_, 1:115:10\_, 1:115:17\_, 1:115:19\_, 1:123:7\_, 1:123:8 \_, 1:126:5\_, 1:130:15\_, 1:131:23\_, 1:134:15\_, 1:140:16\_, 1:142:8\_, 1:142:21\_, 1:154:11\_, 1:154:12\_, 1:158:16\_, 1:159:4\_, 1:161:6 arguments [14]\_ - 1:7:13. \_, 1:8:17\_, 1:8:20\_, 1:8:21\_, 1:13:25\_, 1:33:16\_, 1:36:8\_, 1:39:1\_, 1:39:2\_, 1:53:11\_, 1:63:5\_, 1:64:25\_, 1:84:5\_, 1:157:18 arises [1]\_ - 1:148:16 arising [1]\_ - 1:97:21 Arizona [1]\_ - 1:110:21 arms [1]\_ - 1:85:23 arose [2] - 1:94:18 -, 1:139:15 arrests [1]\_ - 1:137:25 art [1]\_ - 1:81:13 Arthrex [8]\_ - 1:49:23\_, 1:50:4\_, 1:73:8\_, 1:73:13\_, 1:73:15\_, 1:151:16\_, 1:151:20\_, 1:153:11 Article [4]\_ - 1:35:7\_, 1:73:19\_, 1:108:11\_, 1:139:18 article [1]\_ - 1:67:22 articulated [1] - 1:160:14 aspect [2]\_ - 1:4:24\_, 1:99:16 aspersions [1]\_ - 1:18:18 assertion [1]\_ - 1:42:17 assign [2]\_ - 1:64:4\_, 1:64:5 assigned [1]\_ - 1:115:18 assignment [1]\_ - 1:64:9 assist [13]\_ - 1:11:20\_, 1:17:12\_, 1:21:1\_, 1:24:11\_, 1:56:19\_, 1:56:21\_, 1:57:12 \_, 1:57:23\_, 1:70:2\_, 1:121:23\_, 1:122:21\_, 1:130:9 assistance [2]\_ - 1:90:16. \_, 1:112:19 Assistant [2]\_ - 1:10:22\_, 1:68:15 assistant [33]\_ - 1:16:18\_,

1:16:22\_, 1:16:23\_, 1:17:1\_,

1:17:9\_, 1:24:3\_, 1:57:6\_,

1:57:7\_, 1:57:9\_, 1:57:17\_,

1:58:5\_, 1:59:1\_, 1:59:16\_,

1:59:23\_, 1:59:24\_, 1:60:2\_, 1:61:8\_, 1:61:16\_, 1:63:7\_, 1:68:17\_, 1:70:4\_, 1:70:6\_, 1:70:10\_, 1:82:24\_, 1:84:3\_, 1:87:4\_, 1:104:12\_, 1:105:3 \_, 1:108:2\_, 1:127:10\_, 1:132:1\_, 1:132:17\_, 1:142:23 assistants [3]\_ - 1:56:12\_, 1:56:20\_, 1:108:22 assisting [4]\_ - 1:15:17\_, 1:17:6\_, 1:17:14\_, 1:60:8 Associate [2]\_ - 1:10:23\_, 1:82:24 assume [4]\_ - 1:12:7\_, 1:20:11\_, 1:154:8\_, 1:156:13 assumed [2]\_ - 1:37:4\_, 1:37:6 assuming [2]\_ - 1:44:17\_, 1:123:6 assumptions [1]\_ -1:44:18 assurances [1]\_ - 1:93:6 astute [1]\_ - 1:92:21 at-will [1]\_ - 1:98:17 attention [5]\_ - 1:8:2\_, 1:24:19\_, 1:37:8\_, 1:86:17\_, 1:86:25 attenuated [1]\_ -1:135:21 attorney [73]\_ - 1:15:2\_, 1:15:8\_, 1:15:20\_, 1:15:23\_, 1:16:6\_, 1:16:11\_, 1:16:15\_, 1:16:21\_, 1:17:11\_, 1:17:14 \_, 1:18:1\_, 1:18:2\_, 1:18:3\_, 1:21:2\_, 1:23:19\_, 1:24:8\_, 1:24:11\_, 1:37:18\_, 1:38:8\_, 1:38:20\_, 1:51:1\_, 1:51:2\_, 1:57:2\_, 1:57:12\_, 1:57:24\_, 1:58:10\_, 1:58:11\_, 1:58:25 \_, 1:59:7\_, 1:59:23\_, 1:59:24 \_, 1:60:2\_, 1:60:6\_, 1:60:12\_, 1:61:6\_, 1:61:8\_, 1:68:17\_, 1:69:11\_, 1:70:6\_, 1:70:7\_, 1:77:4\_, 1:77:16\_, 1:84:15\_, 1:102:21\_, 1:107:25\_, 1:111:18\_, 1:115:18\_, 1:121:8\_, 1:122:2\_, 1:124:8 \_, 1:125:17\_, 1:126:9\_, 1:126:25\_, 1:127:10\_, 1:127:13\_, 1:127:21\_, 1:127:22\_, 1:128:2\_, 1:128:3 \_, 1:128:5\_, 1:128:6\_, 1:128:10\_, 1:128:13\_, 1:128:17\_, 1:128:25\_, 1:132:1\_, 1:132:15\_, 1:132:17\_, 1:138:10\_,

1:140:17\_, 1:142:23 Attorney [192]\_ - 1:8:5\_, 1:9:11\_, 1:9:14\_, 1:10:22\_, 1:10:23\_, 1:11:1\_, 1:11:23\_, 1:14:11\_, 1:14:22\_, 1:15:17. \_, 1:16:21\_, 1:16:22\_, 1:16:24\_, 1:17:1\_, 1:17:6\_, 1:17:10\_, 1:17:15\_, 1:17:18. \_, 1:19:20\_, 1:21:1\_, 1:24:12 \_, 1:25:2\_, 1:25:12\_, 1:25:14 \_, 1:25:19\_, 1:26:9\_, 1:26:13 \_, 1:26:16\_, 1:26:21\_, 1:27:8 \_, 1:27:12\_, 1:27:25\_, 1:28:3 \_, 1:28:16\_, 1:29:2\_, 1:29:9\_, 1:29:14\_, 1:29:15\_, 1:29:24 \_, 1:30:5\_, 1:31:22\_, 1:32:9\_, 1:33:5\_, 1:39:3\_, 1:40:15\_, 1:40:23\_, 1:41:15\_, 1:42:14 \_, 1:43:7\_, 1:43:9\_, 1:43:11\_, 1:46:19\_, 1:47:15\_, 1:47:19. \_, 1:47:23\_, 1:48:10\_, 1:48:12\_, 1:48:20\_, 1:48:25 \_, 1:49:3\_, 1:49:11\_, 1:50:1\_, 1:50:2\_, 1:50:20\_, 1:51:3\_, 1:51:9\_, 1:52:1\_, 1:53:6\_, 1:54:17\_, 1:56:10\_, 1:56:19 \_, 1:56:24\_, 1:57:7\_, 1:57:8\_, 1:57:9\_, 1:57:13\_, 1:58:3\_, 1:58:7\_, 1:62:22\_, 1:64:15\_, 1:66:5\_, 1:66:9\_, 1:66:10\_, 1:66:11\_, 1:67:1\_, 1:67:23\_, 1:68:16\_, 1:69:6\_, 1:69:13\_, 1:70:2\_, 1:75:2\_, 1:75:6\_, 1:75:12\_, 1:75:13\_, 1:76:13. \_, 1:76:21\_, 1:76:25\_, 1:77:6 \_, 1:78:23\_, 1:79:5\_, 1:79:14 \_, 1:80:16\_, 1:81:5\_, 1:81:11 \_, 1:82:20\_, 1:82:23\_, 1:82:24\_, 1:83:3\_, 1:83:4\_, 1:83:8\_, 1:83:24\_, 1:85:7\_, 1:87:23\_, 1:92:4\_, 1:92:16\_, 1:92:23\_, 1:92:25\_, 1:93:18 \_, 1:94:4\_, 1:96:5\_, 1:96:8\_, 1:103:1\_, 1:103:4\_, 1:103:5 \_, 1:108:10\_, 1:108:13\_, 1:108:14\_, 1:108:21\_, 1:108:24\_, 1:110:7\_, 1:115:18\_, 1:116:25\_, 1:117:7\_, 1:120:17\_, 1:121:9 \_, 1:121:11\_, 1:121:21\_, 1:121:23\_, 1:122:22\_, 1:122:25\_, 1:123:3\_, 1:123:5 \_, 1:124:10\_, 1:124:25\_, 1:125:10\_, 1:125:16\_, 1:126:19\_, 1:127:18\_, 1:129:12\_, 1:130:8\_, 1:130:10\_, 1:131:16\_, 1:131:18\_, 1:132:9\_, 1:132:20\_, 1:135:5\_, 1:135:11\_, 1:135:17\_,

\_, 1:43:7\_, 1:43:10\_, 1:43:14 1:136:3\_, 1:136:7\_, 1:136:11 1:10:8\_, 1:10:16\_, 1:12:16\_, 1:121:4\_, 1:121:14 \_, 1:137:5\_, 1:137:20\_, \_, 1:50:3\_, 1:50:23\_, 1:52:1\_, 1:15:5\_, 1:24:10\_, 1:57:17\_, beginning [3]\_ - 1:35:2\_, 1:144:2\_, 1:144:9\_, 1:144:17 1:60:5\_, 1:64:2\_, 1:64:8\_, 1:114:4\_, 1:124:14\_, 1:111:23\_, 1:142:25 \_, 1:145:4\_, 1:145:9\_, 1:64:13\_, 1:67:10\_, 1:68:13 1:128:12 begins [1]\_ - 1:92:14 1:146:10\_, 1:146:21\_, \_, 1:68:21\_, 1:69:7\_, 1:69:16 authorizing[2]\_ - 1:24:3\_, behalf [17]\_ - 1:3:10\_, \_, 1:70:9\_, 1:71:11\_, 1:73:11 1:148:8\_, 1:148:11\_, 1:70:1 1:3:18\_, 1:3:22\_, 1:43:12\_, 1:148:18\_, 1:149:5\_, 1:149:7 \_, 1:79:4\_, 1:79:7\_, 1:80:7\_, automatically [1]\_ -1:47:20\_, 1:47:23\_, 1:69:1\_, \_, 1:149:12\_, 1:149:16\_, 1:80:17\_, 1:80:20\_, 1:80:22 1:49:2 1:69:15\_, 1:84:17\_, 1:135:1 \_, 1:80:24\_, 1:81:2\_, 1:82:10 1:149:24\_, 1:150:11\_, avenues [1]\_ - 1:76:12 \_, 1:135:16\_, 1:137:9\_, 1:150:15\_, 1:151:2\_, 1:151:5 \_, 1:82:21\_, 1:83:23\_, 1:138:12\_, 1:149:19\_, avoid [2]\_ - 1:133:21\_, \_, 1:151:12\_, 1:152:6\_, 1:84:21\_, 1:85:12\_, 1:87:24 1:150:17\_, 1:159:11\_, \_, 1:92:16\_, 1:92:19\_, 1:146:24 1:152:24\_, 1:153:7\_, 1:159:17 1:157:21\_, 1:158:2\_, 1:159:5 1:92:25\_, 1:94:3\_, 1:94:9\_, avoiding [2]\_ - 1:18:15 behavior<sub>[1]</sub>\_ - 1:98:18 1:94:11\_, 1:100:25\_, 1:101:4 \_, 1:159:18 aware [22]\_ - 1:4:20\_, \_, 1:102:15\_, 1:102:18\_, Attorneys [4]\_ - 1:5:5\_, behind [1]\_ - 1:43:1 1:9:25\_, 1:28:1\_, 1:50:25\_, 1:102:19\_, 1:108:1\_, 1:7:6\_, 1:31:20\_, 1:123:7 below [4]\_ - 1:68:17\_, 1:51:3\_, 1:54:12\_, 1:54:23\_, 1:111:18\_, 1:111:21\_, attorneys [55]\_ - 1:5:20\_, 1:83:2\_, 1:83:4\_, 1:139:15 1:63:21\_, 1:64:12\_, 1:70:9\_, 1:114:17\_, 1:116:7\_, 1:11:20\_, 1:15:15\_, 1:15:17 1:71:9\_, 1:75:6\_, 1:82:11\_, bench [2]\_ - 1:4:10\_, 1:116:13\_, 1:116:14\_, \_, 1:16:14\_, 1:17:13\_, 1:89:8\_, 1:90:14\_, 1:114:25 1:18:15 1:121:22\_, 1:122:23\_, 1:22:15\_, 1:31:15\_, 1:32:1\_, \_, 1:118:6\_, 1:123:19\_, benefit [2]\_ - 1:91:10\_, 1:123:19\_, 1:126:8\_, 1:39:20\_, 1:56:13\_, 1:56:18. 1:123:22\_, 1:125:18\_, 1:126:10\_, 1:126:20\_, 1:95:18 \_, 1:56:21\_, 1:56:22\_, 1:133:19\_, 1:153:6 1:127:18\_, 1:127:20\_, best [10]\_ - 1:10:9\_, 1:57:10\_, 1:57:15\_, 1:57:18. 1:128:15\_, 1:129:14\_, 1:20:12\_, 1:21:25\_, 1:24:14 \_, 1:58:1\_, 1:58:3\_, 1:58:5\_, В 1:129:22\_, 1:129:25\_, \_, 1:54:10\_, 1:57:4\_, 1:60:5\_, 1:59:12\_, 1:70:2\_, 1:81:5\_, 1:131:14\_, 1:131:15\_, 1:60:10\_, 1:91:12\_, 1:136:13 1:82:24\_, 1:83:20\_, 1:84:3\_, b)<sub>[1]</sub>\_ - 1:19:13 1:131:19\_, 1:131:22\_, better [2]\_ - 1:70:7\_, 1:85:7\_, 1:85:13\_, 1:87:4\_, background [1]\_ -1:132:9\_, 1:132:20\_, 1:109:20\_, 1:113:5\_, 1:141:22 1:122:24 1:133:10\_, 1:134:22\_, 1:120:21\_, 1:121:6\_, between [25]\_ - 1:7:13\_, 1:134:23\_, 1:136:17\_, backwards [1]\_ - 1:22:7 1:121:16\_, 1:121:17\_, 1:16:20\_, 1:19:11\_, 1:28:15 1:138:11\_, 1:138:20\_, baked [1]\_ - 1:153:3 1:121:22\_, 1:121:23\_, \_, 1:30:4\_, 1:42:24\_, 1:44:23 1:138:23\_, 1:140:8\_, 1:122:9\_, 1:123:14\_, balance[1]\_ - 1:48:6 \_, 1:48:6\_, 1:49:11\_, 1:55:5\_, 1:140:12\_, 1:145:19\_, 1:123:20\_, 1:123:23\_, 1:57:1\_, 1:57:5\_, 1:60:4\_, ball [1]\_ - 1:100:14 1:149:24\_, 1:151:23\_, 1:124:12\_, 1:125:13\_, 1:62:24\_, 1:70:10\_, 1:74:12 1:152:1\_, 1:152:15\_, 1:153:1 Barr [9]\_ - 1:66:6\_, 1:125:19\_, 1:128:7\_, 1:129:3 \_, 1:84:12\_, 1:91:15\_, \_, 1:155:12\_, 1:155:14\_, 1:125:11\_, 1:125:15\_, \_, 1:129:7\_, 1:130:10\_, 1:93:24\_, 1:116:4\_, 1:116:14 1:156:7\_, 1:157:13\_, 1:159:8 1:125:16\_, 1:157:21\_, 1:130:11\_, 1:130:13\_, \_, 1:121:25\_, 1:130:16\_, \_, 1:159:15\_, 1:160:24 1:158:2\_, 1:158:10 1:137:22\_, 1:141:4\_, 1:155:4\_, 1:155:20 Authority [1]\_ - 1:154:2 Barrett [1]\_ - 1:90:21 1:157:22 beyond [10]\_ - 1:45:2\_, authorization [8]\_ attuned [1]\_ - 1:21:21 barrier [2]\_ - 1:94:19\_, 1:64:12\_, 1:74:3\_, 1:78:9\_, 1:10:25\_, 1:37:3\_, 1:46:1\_, audio [1]\_ - 1:4:16 1:95:6 1:97:2\_, 1:102:9\_, 1:106:10 1:46:4\_, 1:47:11\_, 1:59:9\_, based [4]\_ - 1:4:21\_, \_, 1:114:9\_, 1:159:8 AUSA [5]\_ - 1:139:21\_, 1:60:7\_, 1:137:8 1:14:2\_, 1:37:15\_, 1:139:4 1:139:25\_, 1:140:4\_, 1:140:7 Biden [4]\_ - 1:26:21\_, authorizations[1]\_ bases [3]\_ - 1:20:7\_, \_, 1:140:10 1:27:3\_, 1:110:7\_, 1:150:8 1:82:2 1:37:23\_, 1:80:19 AUSAs [1]\_ - 1:140:8 big [1]\_ - 1:14:13 authorize [21]\_ - 1:7:23\_, basis [9]\_ - 1:12:2\_, 1:32:4. authorities [8]\_ - 1:15:1\_, Bill<sub>[1]</sub>\_ - 1:66:6 1:8:4\_, 1:9:12\_, 1:9:23\_, \_, 1:35:17\_, 1:53:4\_, 1:53:6\_, 1:21:17\_, 1:23:14\_, 1:33:14 bill [1]\_ - 1:15:15 1:10:9\_, 1:10:17\_, 1:10:21\_, 1:104:21\_, 1:138:1\_, \_, 1:65:20\_, 1:80:25\_, 1:12:12\_, 1:14:16\_, 1:18:25 bind [2]\_ - 1:73:11\_, 1:146:17\_, 1:155:19 1:112:10\_, 1:139:6 \_, 1:23:7\_, 1:30:21\_, 1:38:1\_, 1:73:14 Beach [1]\_ - 1:133:21 authority [118]\_ - 1:8:18\_, 1:45:25\_, 1:46:19\_, 1:113:18 binding [13]\_ - 1:19:10\_, became [1]\_ - 1:137:20 1:19:20\_, 1:19:25\_, 1:20:8\_, \_, 1:127:2\_, 1:128:14\_, 1:33:25\_, 1:37:10\_, 1:37:11 1:20:14\_, 1:21:8\_, 1:22:3\_, 1:130:8\_, 1:130:10\_, becomes [4]\_ - 1:82:19\_, \_, 1:44:19\_, 1:94:23\_, 1:95:2 1:23:19\_, 1:25:3\_, 1:25:22\_, 1:133:16 1:122:24\_, 1:155:15\_, \_, 1:114:17\_, 1:117:14\_, 1:29:3\_, 1:29:10\_, 1:30:25\_, authorized [8]\_ - 1:5:3\_, 1:157:9 1:118:7\_, 1:118:18\_, 1:119:7 1:31:12\_, 1:32:17\_, 1:32:24 1:20:5\_, 1:27:6\_, 1:38:12\_, began [2]\_ - 1:101:24\_, \_, 1:123:19 \_, 1:33:25\_, 1:36:10\_, 1:68:25\_, 1:104:17\_, 1:106:7 1:112:1 binds [1]\_ - 1:152:6 1:37:10\_, 1:37:11\_, 1:38:11. \_, 1:111:8

authorizes [10]\_ - 1:8:23\_,

\_, 1:40:3\_, 1:40:15\_, 1:41:16.

\_, 1:42:14\_, 1:42:22\_, 1:43:6

begin [6]\_ - 1:5:23\_, 1:8:13.

\_, 1:51:14\_, 1:112:22\_,

bit [9]\_ - 1:28:1\_, 1:43:19\_,

1:64:17\_, 1:85:6\_, 1:92:8\_, 1:94:10\_, 1:104:13\_, 1:112:7 \_, 1:130:2 black [1]\_ - 1:100:21 black-and-white [1]\_ -1:100:21 Blackman [14]\_ - 1:5:22\_, 1:7:10\_, 1:70:19\_, 1:70:20\_, 1:90:18\_, 1:90:21\_, 1:119:9 \_, 1:125:9\_, 1:146:6\_, 1:155:6\_, 1:156:3\_, 1:156:5 \_, 1:156:7 BLACKMAN [28]\_ -1:90:19\_, 1:91:12\_, 1:92:14 \_, 1:95:9\_, 1:96:7\_, 1:96:16\_,  $1:97:24_{-},\ 1:98:11_{-},\ 1:99:21$ \_, 1:100:22\_, 1:101:21\_, 1:102:14\_, 1:102:25\_, 1:104:7\_, 1:104:10\_, 1:105:6 \_, 1:106:9\_, 1:106:13\_, 1:106:25\_, 1:107:18\_, 1:107:21\_, 1:107:24\_, 1:109:5\_, 1:109:11, 1:110:18 \_, 1:110:20\_, 1:111:6\_, 1:112:20 blah [3]\_ - 1:94:18 blah-blah-blah [1]\_ -1:94:18 Blanche [1]\_ - 1:3:13 blanket [2]\_ - 1:98:1\_, 1:98:2 bleeds [1]\_ - 1:107:11 blessing [1]\_ - 1:62:5 block [1]\_ - 1:103:19 blown [1]\_ - 1:150:21 board [1]\_ - 1:97:1 body [1]\_ - 1:48:8 book [3]\_ - 1:110:20\_, 1:110:22\_, 1:111:1 books [4]\_ - 1:24:8\_, 1:76:10\_, 1:140:22\_, 1:156:11 Bork [4]\_ - 1:92:4\_, 1:93:4. \_, 1:93:18\_, 1:94:5 borne [2]\_ - 1:66:19\_, 1:90:11 bounds [1]\_ - 1:48:18 BOVE [58]\_ - 1:3:12\_, 1:6:14\_, 1:6:22\_, 1:7:9\_, 1:7:18\_, 1:7:20\_, 1:10:2\_, 1:10:5\_, 1:10:15\_, 1:11:7\_, 1:12:4\_, 1:12:20\_, 1:12:25\_, 1:13:24\_, 1:15:10\_, 1:16:1, 1:16:17\_, 1:16:19\_, 1:16:23 \_, 1:17:24\_, 1:18:9\_, 1:18:23.

\_, 1:19:15\_, 1:20:21\_, 1:21:5 \_, 1:21:13\_, 1:21:24\_, 1:22:12\_, 1:22:24\_, 1:23:15 \_, 1:24:6\_, 1:24:17\_, 1:25:6\_, 1:26:2\_, 1:27:14\_, 1:27:17\_, 1:28:10\_, 1:29:7\_, 1:30:17\_, 1:31:5\_, 1:31:18\_, 1:32:8\_, 1:32:20\_, 1:34:17\_, 1:35:24 \_, 1:36:5\_, 1:37:1\_, 1:37:6\_, 1:37:23\_, 1:39:9\_, 1:40:10\_, 1:139:2\_, 1:141:17\_, 1:142:7. \_, 1:142:24\_, 1:143:13\_, 1:145:6\_, 1:147:7 Bove [5]\_ - 1:3:12\_, 1:6:21 \_, 1:119:20\_, 1:138:25\_, 1:147:14 Bowsher[4]\_ - 1:93:13\_, 1:93:21\_, 1:94:23\_, 1:112:1 branch [18]\_ - 1:35:1\_, 1:42:10\_, 1:42:11\_, 1:72:8\_, 1:73:11\_, 1:73:15\_, 1:73:18 \_, 1:73:22\_, 1:74:1\_, 1:74:8\_, 1:74:21\_, 1:75:1\_, 1:76:13\_, 1:78:7\_, 1:78:13\_, 1:78:16\_, 1:97:12\_, 1:138:12 BRATT [1]\_ - 1:3:9 Bratt [3]\_ - 1:3:9\_, 1:98:24 \_, 1:145:20 Bravo [1]\_ - 1:50:15 break [7]\_ - 1:5:25\_, 1:70:17\_, 1:70:22\_, 1:73:1\_, 1:108:16\_, 1:153:16\_, 1:153:17 bribery [1]\_ - 1:53:25 bribes [1]\_ - 1:61:3 brief [26]\_ - 1:4:12\_, 1:5:8\_, 1:5:12\_, 1:7:5\_, 1:10:13\_, 1:19:12\_, 1:24:18\_, 1:33:22 \_, 1:41:24\_, 1:43:11\_, 1:53:24\_, 1:57:21\_, 1:79:3\_, 1:80:23\_, 1:81:23\_, 1:87:3\_, 1:87:9\_, 1:104:25\_, 1:105:8 \_, 1:107:3\_, 1:107:9\_, 1:115:14\_, 1:147:10\_, 1:154:12\_, 1:155:5\_, 1:155:9 briefed [4]\_ - 1:41:22\_, 1:86:19\_, 1:118:16\_, 1:119:3 briefing [4]\_ - 1:5:17\_, 1:9:13\_, 1:33:20\_, 1:87:19 briefly [9]\_ - 1:4:8\_, 1:30:11\_, 1:59:8\_, 1:84:25\_, 1:85:1\_, 1:113:21\_, 1:129:10 \_, 1:138:25\_, 1:156:2

briefs [4]\_ - 1:5:3\_, 1:5:4\_,

bring [2]\_ - 1:57:11\_,

1:30:12\_, 1:39:3

1:63:18

bringing [2]\_ - 1:22:15\_, 1:57:14 brings [1]\_ - 1:37:20 broad [1]\_ - 1:40:4 broaden [1]\_ - 1:32:6 broader [5]\_ - 1:59:24\_, 1:109:18\_, 1:114:1\_, 1:128:5 \_, 1:159:12 brought [1]\_ - 1:84:6 Brown [2]\_ - 1:120:5 brush [1]\_ - 1:40:4 Bryan [3]\_ - 1:118:9\_, 1:119:6 buck [1]\_ - 1:152:10 Buckley [8]\_ - 1:23:4\_, 1:100:20\_, 1:101:4\_, 1:102:15\_, 1:102:16\_, 1:112:6 building [2]\_ - 1:18:12\_, 1:101:19 built<sub>[3]</sub>\_ - 1:37:15\_, 1:135:10\_, 1:150:23 built-in [1]\_ - 1:135:10 bumping [1]\_ - 1:111:4 Burban [1]\_ - 1:133:21 burden [1]\_ - 1:95:18 Bureau [11]\_ - 1:9:19\_, 1:10:2\_, 1:13:7\_, 1:69:19\_, 1:69:23\_, 1:129:17\_, 1:131:16\_, 1:131:19\_, 1:132:21\_, 1:141:13 bylaw [4]\_ - 1:7:14\_, 1:7:20. \_, 1:30:18\_, 1:31:6

# С

cabinet [2]\_ - 1:131:14\_, 1:131:21 Calabresi [2]\_ - 1:5:6\_, 1:113:6 Calvin<sub>[1]</sub> - 1:110:3 campaigning [1]\_ -1:113:11 candid [2]\_ - 1:24:17\_, 1:111:16 candidly [1]\_ - 1:150:12 cannot [10] - 1:44:6, 1:91:4\_, 1:93:4\_, 1:93:17\_, 1:102:19\_, 1:103:7\_, 1:104:4 \_, 1:113:23\_, 1:137:13\_, 1:147:4 canon [2]\_ - 1:85:15\_, 1:140:19

capacious [1]\_ - 1:90:3 capacities [1]\_ - 1:21:1 capacity [3]\_ - 1:17:8\_, 1:59:16\_, 1:103:9 capricious [1]\_ - 1:146:22 capture [2]\_ - 1:130:23\_, 1:130:24 captures [3]\_ - 1:54:10\_, 1:90:12\_, 1:97:21 capturing [1]\_ - 1:54:3 career [1]\_ - 1:93:25 careful [9]\_ - 1:8:12\_, 1:18:24\_, 1:21:19\_, 1:31:8\_, 1:37:8\_, 1:117:18\_, 1:117:20. \_, 1:117:21\_, 1:125:11 carefully [8]\_ - 1:11:2\_, 1:21:21\_, 1:113:14\_, 1:118:2 \_, 1:118:3\_, 1:120:9\_, 1:121:3\_, 1:121:5 cares [1]\_ - 1:154:20 Carlos [1]\_ - 1:3:6 carried [2]\_ - 1:122:3\_, 1:130:9 carry [3]\_ - 1:69:1\_, 1:93:21\_, 1:127:3 case [89]\_ - 1:3:3\_, 1:7:3\_, 1:7:25\_, 1:8:6\_, 1:8:16\_, 1:9:24\_, 1:11:12\_, 1:12:9\_, 1:12:14\_, 1:12:17\_, 1:14:1\_, 1:14:10\_, 1:14:12\_, 1:14:15 \_, 1:14:18\_, 1:18:13\_, 1:22:16\_, 1:23:12\_, 1:23:17. \_, 1:27:5\_, 1:27:10\_, 1:27:14 \_, 1:27:22\_, 1:28:21\_, 1:29:2 \_, 1:29:4\_, 1:31:11\_, 1:31:15 \_, 1:31:21\_, 1:32:14\_, 1:33:11\_, 1:33:19\_, 1:34:3\_, 1:34:9\_, 1:35:8\_, 1:35:17\_, 1:36:18\_, 1:37:17\_, 1:38:18 \_, 1:42:1\_, 1:42:6\_, 1:42:8\_. 1:43:20\_, 1:43:24\_, 1:44:2\_, 1:44:12\_, 1:44:15\_, 1:45:3\_, 1:50:5\_, 1:50:10\_, 1:51:18\_, 1:59:7\_, 1:64:14\_, 1:72:3\_, 1:72:5\_, 1:72:22\_, 1:83:10\_, 1:85:21\_, 1:93:12\_, 1:93:14 \_, 1:94:2\_, 1:94:6\_, 1:94:11\_, 1:96:11\_, 1:99:17\_, 1:105:9 \_, 1:105:18\_, 1:106:3\_, 1:106:19\_, 1:115:23\_,  $1:120:5_-,\ 1:120:6_-,\ 1:128:18$ \_, 1:128:21\_, 1:132:11\_, 1:133:6\_, 1:138:3\_, 1:138:4 \_, 1:139:14\_, 1:142:20\_, 1:144:4\_, 1:144:8\_, 1:145:17. \_, 1:150:4\_, 1:160:3\_,

1:160:5\_, 1:160:10\_, 1:161:1

1:146:20 \_, 1:153:15 changes [1]\_ - 1:56:7 cases [23]\_ - 1:7:3\_, 1:14:4. citation [4]\_ - 1:12:6\_, clean [2]\_ - 1:91:10\_, \_, 1:19:9\_, 1:22:2\_, 1:23:9\_, changing [1]\_ - 1:75:22 1:41:6\_, 1:44:19\_, 1:48:25\_, 1:34:8\_, 1:36:10\_, 1:46:2 1:160:14 chapter [7]\_ - 1:9:2\_, 1:49:23\_, 1:63:15\_, 1:67:19. citations [2]\_ - 1:161:1 cleaner [1]\_ - 1:54:2 1:11:9\_, 1:16:11\_, 1:67:3\_, \_, 1:77:14\_, 1:95:11\_, 1:98:6 cite [10]\_ - 1:10:3\_, 1:12:11. Clear [3]\_ - 1:87:18\_, 1:120:25\_, 1:141:1 \_, 1:98:12\_, 1:98:13\_, Chapter [12]\_ - 1:9:2\_, \_, 1:36:24\_, 1:53:23\_, 1:87:21\_, 1:88:4 1:112:16\_, 1:132:14\_, 1:88:16\_, 1:97:6\_, 1:105:9\_, clear [37]\_ - 1:14:10\_, 1:10:20\_, 1:104:16\_, 1:137:25\_, 1:138:18\_, 1:133:10\_, 1:153:17\_, 1:120:16\_, 1:120:18\_, 1:22:11\_, 1:25:9\_, 1:27:17\_, 1:145:15\_, 1:151:15\_, 1:153:22 1:32:10\_, 1:40:22\_, 1:47:25 1:120:20\_, 1:120:24\_, 1:151:16 \_, 1:48:5\_, 1:48:11\_, 1:48:24 cited [16]\_ - 1:12:20\_,  $1:121:5\_,\ 1:121:7\_,\ 1:129:16$ Cassisi [1]\_ - 1:4:4 1:20:2\_, 1:20:16\_, 1:26:17\_, \_, 1:55:6\_, 1:55:11\_, 1:57:19 chapters [1]\_ - 1:11:3 catch [5]\_ - 1:53:20\_, 1:32:22\_, 1:43:15\_, 1:47:22 \_, 1:59:13\_, 1:64:14\_, Chapters [1]\_ - 1:142:13 1:54:20\_, 1:82:16\_, 1:92:11 \_, 1:53:4\_, 1:80:10\_, 1:111:1. 1:64:21\_, 1:73:4\_, 1:76:25\_, characterization[1]\_ -\_, 1:154:24 \_, 1:118:10\_, 1:128:22\_, 1:78:6\_, 1:78:11\_, 1:79:23\_, 1:26:4 catch-all [4]\_ - 1:53:20\_, 1:129:11\_, 1:129:19\_, 1:82:19\_, 1:94:8\_, 1:100:7\_, 1:54:20\_, 1:82:16\_, 1:154:24 characterize [4]\_ -1:146:17\_, 1:160:8 1:122:1\_, 1:122:8\_, 1:122:24 1:43:23\_, 1:72:20\_, 1:72:21. categorical [2]\_ - 1:13:10. cites [6]\_ - 1:42:1\_, 1:54:5. \_, 1:123:9\_, 1:124:3\_, \_, 1:91:17 1:124:8\_, 1:126:12\_, 1:130:6 \_, 1:143:19 \_, 1:92:6\_, 1:92:10\_, 1:107:4 \_, 1:131:11\_, 1:135:7\_, characterized [3]\_ -\_, 1:141:18 categorically 121\_ -1:141:24\_, 1:158:18\_, 1:43:19\_, 1:74:6\_, 1:91:21 citing [3]\_ - 1:43:13\_, 1:13:16\_, 1:146:20 1:160:1 characterizing [1]\_ -1:95:6\_, 1:152:5 categories [3]\_ - 1:58:6\_, clearer [1]\_ - 1:87:23 1:72:16 citizen [3]\_ - 1:106:4\_, 1:130:21\_, 1:135:24 clearly [9]\_ - 1:17:13\_, charge [3]\_ - 1:43:12\_, 1:111:25\_, 1:138:2 category [1]\_ - 1:58:9 1:98:21\_, 1:124:11\_, 1:47:23\_, 1:61:16 Citizens [3]\_ - 1:5:7\_, caveat [1]\_ - 1:153:17 1:131:12\_, 1:134:23\_, charges [5]\_ - 1:29:4\_, 1:113:6 century [1]\_ - 1:98:13 1:135:4\_, 1:135:14\_, 1:29:13\_, 1:29:18\_, 1:29:19 City [1]\_ - 1:133:21 1:137:10\_, 1:140:20 cert [2]\_ - 1:44:16\_, check [1]\_ - 1:82:3 civil [1]\_ - 1:55:17 close [4]\_ - 1:16:3\_, 1:84:8. 1:118:24 Chief [5]\_ - 1:50:4\_, Civil [1]\_ - 1:11:14 \_, 1:110:13\_, 1:137:15 certain [7]\_ - 1:21:1\_, 1:96:19\_, 1:98:21\_, 1:101:22 claim [1]\_ - 1:115:1 closely[1]\_ - 1:16:2 1:33:13\_, 1:68:21\_, 1:88:8\_, \_, 1:160:2 1:99:4\_, 1:99:11\_, 1:132:10 claiming [1]\_ - 1:80:3 Coan [2]\_ - 1:110:21\_, chipped [1]\_ - 1:112:15 certainly [21]\_ - 1:12:14\_, 1:111:20 claims [2]\_ - 1:120:22\_, choices [1]\_ - 1:142:8 1:30:3\_, 1:44:11\_, 1:45:9\_, COAN [1]\_ - 1:110:21 choose [1]\_ - 1:125:12 1:45:14\_, 1:45:19\_, 1:46:8\_, clarification [1] - 1:51:16 Coan's [1]\_ - 1:111:1 1:50:16\_, 1:55:5\_, 1:55:18\_, chosen [1]\_ - 1:142:19 clarified [1]\_ - 1:27:21 Coast [5]\_ - 1:72:16\_, 1:62:19\_, 1:63:15\_, 1:63:21 Chris [1]\_ - 1:3:13 1:73:21\_, 1:74:1\_, 1:78:7\_, \_, 1:67:16\_, 1:69:5\_, 1:78:21 clarify [1]\_ - 1:141:22 Chutkan [1]\_ - 1:143:18 1:78:12 \_, 1:124:20\_, 1:143:23\_, clarity [1]\_ - 1:30:8 code [3]\_ - 1:82:6\_, 1:146:19\_, 1:154:16\_, circuit [15]\_ - 1:14:12\_, classic [1]\_ - 1:133:6 1:31:15\_, 1:34:2\_, 1:34:9\_, 1:82:20\_, 1:92:10 1:157:14 classified [1]\_ - 1:29:19 1:34:21\_, 1:37:7\_, 1:37:14\_, Code [10]\_ - 1:10:12\_, cetera [3]\_ - 1:51:25\_, clause [7]\_ - 1:6:24\_, 1:38:5\_, 1:38:18\_, 1:38:23\_, 1:154:9 1:10:16\_, 1:82:8\_, 1:83:13\_, 1:12:24\_, 1:82:16\_, 1:89:20 1:39:23\_, 1:40:2\_, 1:41:7\_, 1:89:4\_, 1:90:9\_, 1:153:22\_, CFR<sub>[1]</sub>\_ - 1:66:16 \_, 1:108:10\_, 1:139:25\_, 1:44:3 1:154:2\_, 1:154:5\_, 1:154:23 chairs [1]\_ - 1:135:9 1:141:14 Circuit [15]\_ - 1:31:19\_, codified [1]\_ - 1:58:16 challengeable[1]\_ -1:32:2\_, 1:34:3\_, 1:40:3\_, Clause [28]\_ - 1:5:4\_, coincide [1]\_ - 1:150:5 1:146:25 1:5:19\_, 1:6:24\_, 1:8:24\_, 1:43:17\_, 1:45:9\_, 1:45:24\_, collects [1]\_ - 1:118:9 challenged [1]\_ - 1:34:20 1:113:25\_, 1:114:12\_, 1:12:13\_, 1:13:12\_, 1:14:14 colloguy [2]\_ - 1:66:25\_, challenges [1]\_ - 1:39:4 1:118:5\_, 1:118:11\_, 1:119:6 \_, 1:18:23\_, 1:20:24\_, 1:23:3 1:157:4 \_, 1:120:1\_, 1:133:20\_, \_, 1:23:5\_, 1:27:23\_, 1:30:18 challenging [2]\_ - 1:33:17 1:140:2 \_, 1:37:9\_, 1:54:23\_, 1:63:12 Columbia [11]\_ - 1:8:9\_, \_, 1:67:24 \_, 1:64:18\_, 1:71:10\_, circular<sub>[2]</sub>\_ - 1:146:13\_, 1:8:16\_, 1:14:1\_, 1:14:9\_, chance [2]\_ - 1:90:23\_, 1:83:15\_, 1:90:8\_, 1:108:25 1:147:2 1:14:13\_, 1:18:12\_, 1:18:13. 1:138:4 \_, 1:109:1\_, 1:114:7\_, circumstance [1]\_ -\_, 1:26:19\_, 1:28:19\_, 1:36:8 change [2]\_ - 1:75:2\_, 1:122:6\_, 1:124:24\_, \_, 1:105:16 1:129:2 1:128:23 1:132:25\_, 1:134:2\_, 1:142:1 combination [3]\_ circumstances [3]\_ changed [5]\_ - 1:75:12\_, clauses [5]\_ - 1:10:1\_, 1:74:15\_, 1:74:25\_, 1:84:22 1:83:21\_, 1:146:16\_, 1:76:9\_, 1:94:6\_, 1:100:14 1:54:19\_, 1:54:21\_, 1:81:21

1:122:17\_, 1:124:8\_, combined [1]\_ - 1:160:25 \_, 1:119:20\_, 1:133:8\_, conclusion [4]\_ - 1:17:18. 1:124:14\_, 1:130:25\_, 1:144:19 \_, 1:32:22\_, 1:45:15\_, 1:72:2 Comey [2]\_ - 1:76:25\_, 1:131:12\_, 1:133:6\_, complex [1]\_ - 1:98:10 conclusions [2]\_ -1:77:6 1:136:17\_, 1:141:2\_, 1:141:3 compliance [9]\_ - 1:28:21. 1:71:14\_, 1:125:23 coming [2]\_ - 1:16:25\_, \_, 1:141:21\_, 1:142:1\_, \_, 1:63:11\_, 1:139:22\_, conclusory [1]\_ -1:149:21 1:142:5\_, 1:142:9\_, 1:142:15 1:144:14\_, 1:144:17\_, 1:146:17 command [1]\_ - 1:47:15 \_, 1:142:19\_, 1:156:19\_, 1:144:19\_, 1:145:10\_, Concord [4]\_ - 1:8:16\_, 1:157:3\_, 1:157:4\_, 1:157:7 commandeering [2]\_ -1:145:23\_, 1:147:14 1:14:10\_, 1:27:22\_, 1:30:6 \_, 1:159:2 1:79:4\_, 1:79:7 complied [3]\_ - 1:142:1\_, condition [1]\_ - 1:33:6 Congress's [1]\_ - 1:121:3 commandeering-type 1:148:6\_, 1:148:9 conditions [1]\_ - 1:76:4 Congressional [11]\_ -[1]\_ - 1:79:4 comply [3]\_ - 1:109:23\_, 1:22:22\_, 1:26:13\_, 1:56:14 comment [3]\_ - 1:13:23\_, conduct [13]\_ - 1:28:1\_, 1:148:25\_, 1:150:25 \_, 1:72:7\_, 1:72:10\_, 1:86:25 1:47:16\_, 1:48:2\_, 1:48:21\_, 1:86:1\_, 1:87:20 complying [1]\_ - 1:29:8 \_, 1:110:23\_, 1:110:24\_, 1:79:17\_, 1:105:19\_, 1:106:2 commission [8]\_ component [4]\_ - 1:5:19\_, 1:126:5\_, 1:126:13\_, 1:141:7 \_, 1:107:13\_, 1:126:20\_, 1:21:10\_, 1:21:11\_, 1:108:11. 1:30:22\_, 1:34:22\_, 1:44:12 connotes [1]\_ - 1:11:12 1:126:21\_, 1:134:3\_, \_, 1:108:13\_, 1:108:14\_, components [1]\_ - 1:6:23 1:138:23\_, 1:153:8 consent [4]\_ - 1:93:9\_, 1:108:15\_, 1:108:19\_, conducting [1]\_ - 1:24:24 comprehensive [2]\_ -1:109:24 1:93:11\_, 1:111:10\_, 1:39:8\_, 1:66:22 1:122:16 commissioned [10]\_ confer [5]\_ - 1:8:18\_, comptroller [5]\_ - 1:93:14 consequence [1]\_ -1:19:24\_, 1:21:4\_, 1:63:2\_, 1:127:17\_, 1:128:14\_, 1:85:9\_, 1:108:2\_, 1:108:7\_, \_, 1:93:15\_, 1:93:17\_, 1:131:13\_, 1:131:15 1:69:16 1:108:17\_, 1:108:18\_, 1:105:10\_, 1:107:5 conferred [2]\_ - 1:120:22 consequences[3] -1:127:14 concede [3]\_ - 1:33:20\_, \_, 1:134:22 1:40:18\_, 1:41:1\_, 1:68:7 commissioning [1]\_ -1:146:19 conferring [1]\_ - 1:122:22 consider 151\_ - 1:96:18\_.. 1:108:24 conceded [4]\_ - 1:33:20\_, 1:98:8\_, 1:114:13\_, 1:119:5 confidence [1]\_ - 1:131:3 commissions [4]\_ -1:33:22\_, 1:115:13\_, \_, 1:119:16 confirmation [11] - 1:6:4 1:108:8\_, 1:108:9\_, 1:108:10 1:116:13 consideration [3]\_ -\_, 1:17:25\_, 1:19:3\_, 1:33:7\_, \_, 1:109:2 concedes [2]\_ - 1:134:2\_, 1:117:18\_, 1:117:20\_, 1:33:12\_, 1:86:16\_, 1:111:10. Commissions [1]\_ -1:134:5 1:117:21 \_, 1:111:15\_, 1:157:1\_, 1:109:1 considered [5]\_ - 1:72:25 conceivably[1]\_ -1:157:2\_, 1:157:6 commitment [2]\_ -1:18:14 \_, 1:73:7\_, 1:118:19\_, confirmed [10]\_ - 1:18:3\_, 1:20:14\_, 1:33:12 1:119:4\_, 1:119:10 conceive [1]\_ - 1:135:20 1:49:17\_, 1:84:13\_, 1:121:9 committed [1]\_ - 1:127:5 considers [1]\_ - 1:143:21 \_, 1:122:4\_, 1:124:6\_, conceived [1]\_ - 1:58:11 committees [1]\_ -1:129:4\_, 1:132:7\_, 1:134:10 consistent [22]\_ - 1:20:23. concept [5]\_ - 1:24:9\_, \_, 1:137:13 \_, 1:21:12\_, 1:25:10\_, 1:135:10 1:37:15\_, 1:141:7\_, 1:143:15. confirms [2]\_ - 1:44:1\_, 1:28:18\_, 1:28:25\_, 1:53:21 common [4]\_ - 1:88:17\_, \_, 1:146:4 1:62:9 \_, 1:64:22\_, 1:64:24\_, 1:88:18\_, 1:88:21\_, 1:95:23 concepts [1] - 1:139:4 1:78:17\_, 1:92:24\_, 1:104:3 conflict [2]\_ - 1:34:25\_, communications [1]\_ concern [3]\_ - 1:17:16\_, \_, 1:108:20\_, 1:119:25\_, 1:94:18 1:41:12 1:64:16\_, 1:67:4 1:125:14\_, 1:129:3\_, confront [1]\_ - 1:45:13 comparable [1]\_ - 1:82:8 concerning [1]\_ - 1:28:8 1:141:10\_, 1:144:24\_, confronted [1]\_ - 1:41:6 comparison [1]\_ -1:147:15\_, 1:149:22\_, concerns [4]\_ - 1:23:18\_, Congress [64]\_ - 1:9:1\_, 1:150:15\_, 1:151:14 1:21:22 1:27:1\_, 1:68:2\_, 1:114:11 1:9:3\_, 1:9:11\_, 1:16:7\_, compel [4]\_ - 1:83:16\_, consists [1]\_ - 1:5:13 concessions [1]\_ -1:23:20\_, 1:30:25\_, 1:31:8\_, 1:139:21\_, 1:139:22\_, Constitution [7]\_ - 1:9:9\_, 1:113:21  $1:53:18\_,\ 1:54:7\_,\ 1:56:13\_,$ 1:146:2 1:64:20\_, 1:64:23\_, 1:89:2\_, conclude [9]\_ - 1:48:14\_, 1:59:10\_, 1:61:5\_, 1:61:13\_, compelled [3]\_ - 1:71:14. 1:89:3\_, 1:108:10\_, 1:154:20 1:123:15\_, 1:137:17\_, 1:61:24\_, 1:62:4\_, 1:69:22\_, \_, 1:71:21\_, 1:74:2 constitutional [18]\_ -1:137:18\_, 1:143:11\_, 1:71:11\_, 1:82:17\_, 1:83:2\_, compelling [2]\_ - 1:53:5\_, 1:5:13\_, 1:10:13\_, 1:35:8\_, 1:145:1\_, 1:145:3\_, 1:159:22 1:83:16\_, 1:83:19\_, 1:85:14 1:53:23\_, 1:67:5\_, 1:70:18\_, 1:53:6 \_, 1:160:17 \_, 1:88:25\_, 1:89:6\_, 1:93:10 1:71:3\_, 1:90:13\_, 1:113:13 competent [2]\_ - 1:74:3\_, concluded [7]\_ - 1:41:9\_, \_, 1:93:12\_, 1:93:15\_, \_, 1:114:11\_, 1:131:24\_, 1:78:9 1:44:10\_, 1:45:6\_, 1:59:7\_, 1:93:16\_, 1:93:19\_, 1:95:24 1:133:22\_, 1:133:23\_, complain [1]\_ - 1:147:3 1:123:13\_, 1:139:1\_, \_, 1:111:8\_, 1:111:13\_, 1:134:1\_, 1:141:25\_, 1:161:10 1:112:3\_, 1:113:14\_, complementary [1]\_ -1:142:18\_, 1:157:6 1:113:18\_, 1:120:9\_, concludes [2]\_ - 1:96:15\_, 1:31:5 Constitutional [2]\_ -1:121:20\_, 1:122:1\_, 1:122:8 1:151:5 completely [4]\_ - 1:76:12 1:133:1-, 1:133:19 \_, 1:122:10\_, 1:122:15\_,

Constitutional-Doubts [2]\_ - 1:133:1\_, 1:133:19 constitutionally [3]\_ -1:88:3\_, 1:158:17\_, 1:159:19 construction [1] --1:109:21 consult [4]\_ - 1:51:3\_, 1:79:11\_, 1:79:12\_, 1:148:18 consultation [2]\_ -1:149:1\_, 1:151:1 consultations [2]\_ -1:27:24\_, 1:30:2 consults [1]\_ - 1:145:14 contemplate [1]\_ -1:16:24 contemplates [2]\_ -1:17:2\_, 1:21:8 contentious [1]\_ - 1:85:18 contest [3]\_ - 1:33:21\_, 1:42:17\_, 1:43:6 contested [3]\_ - 1:41:18\_, 1:86:2\_, 1:86:3 context [27]\_ - 1:8:8\_, 1:9:21\_, 1:11:17\_, 1:13:2\_, 1:13:4\_, 1:13:18\_, 1:19:15\_, 1:19:17\_, 1:30:7\_, 1:33:4\_, 1:37:21\_, 1:55:17\_, 1:64:7\_, 1:74:9\_, 1:82:6\_, 1:82:15\_, 1:85:17\_, 1:85:19\_, 1:88:7\_, 1:95:24\_, 1:114:1\_, 1:119:25 \_, 1:120:3\_, 1:133:16\_, 1:141:1\_, 1:141:8 contexts [1]\_ - 1:124:3 contextual [1]\_ - 1:119:11 continue [2]\_ - 1:7:19\_, 1:105:5 continuing [4]\_ - 1:100:4 \_, 1:100:8\_, 1:100:11\_, 1:101:7 Continuity [1]\_ - 1:101:11 continuity [15]\_ - 1:95:14\_, 1:95:16\_, 1:96:2\_, 1:96:11\_, 1:97:9\_, 1:98:6\_, 1:98:7\_, 1:99:4\_, 1:99:5\_, 1:99:10\_, 1:99:15\_, 1:101:13\_, 1:101:15\_, 1:155:12\_, 1:155:15 continuous [12]\_ - 1:91:3 \_, 1:95:10\_, 1:95:11\_, 1:95:22\_, 1:96:15\_, 1:96:20 \_, 1:97:5\_, 1:98:20\_, 1:98:22 \_, 1:99:8\_, 1:99:12\_, 1:100:18 Contra [6]\_ - 1:38:2\_, 1:66:17\_, 1:66:24\_, 1:67:8\_,

1:67:13\_, 1:125:3 contrary [1]\_ - 1:117:6 contrast [5]\_ - 1:73:20\_, 1:99:3\_, 1:121:25\_, 1:131:11 \_, 1:131:20 contravene [1]\_ - 1:121:3 control [4]\_ - 1:25:19\_, 1:49:4\_, 1:72:24\_, 1:137:23 controlling [2]\_ - 1:95:5\_, 1:113:24 controversy [8]\_ - 1:35:8. \_, 1:42:8\_, 1:43:21\_, 1:45:3\_, 1:115:25\_, 1:116:4\_, 1:116:5 \_, 1:116:10 convene [1]\_ - 1:134:2 convenience [1]\_ -1:83:18 convening[1]\_ - 1:18:12 convention [1]\_ -1:137:21 conversation[3]\_ -1:41:4\_, 1:41:24\_, 1:56:12 conviction [1]\_ - 1:138:6 Coolidge [4]\_ - 1:110:4\_, 1:111:7\_, 1:111:9\_, 1:111:12 coordination[9]\_ -1:26:20\_, 1:27:3\_, 1:27:19\_, 1:30:1\_, 1:30:4\_, 1:143:19\_, 1:143:20\_, 1:150:4\_, 1:150:7 core [4]\_ - 1:33:15\_, 1:35:13\_, 1:59:1\_, 1:69:24 correct [28]\_ - 1:7:7\_, 1:7:9 \_, 1:7:17\_, 1:10:4\_, 1:31:17\_, 1:35:23\_, 1:36:25\_, 1:50:19 \_, 1:56:2\_, 1:57:21\_, 1:57:22 \_, 1:69:9\_, 1:71:15\_, 1:76:5\_, 1:77:13\_, 1:80:12\_, 1:87:11 \_, 1:87:15\_, 1:90:6\_, 1:94:2\_, 1:106:8\_, 1:119:2\_, 1:119:23 \_, 1:122:12\_, 1:150:19\_, 1:151:13\_, 1:151:25\_, 1:157:8 correction [1]\_ - 1:157:20 correctly [2]\_ - 1:44:15\_, 1:53:15 corresponding[1]\_ -1:30:16 corruption [1]\_ - 1:60:20 counsel [40]\_ - 1:3:7\_, 1:5:23\_, 1:12:3\_, 1:21:21\_ 1:37:22\_, 1:37:25\_, 1:46:7\_, 1:46:20\_, 1:46:24\_, 1:47:1\_,

1:48:8\_, 1:66:2\_, 1:67:6\_,

1:67:9\_, 1:67:16\_, 1:68:2\_,

1:70:8\_, 1:70:10\_, 1:71:24\_,

1:72:9\_, 1:72:12\_, 1:72:20\_, 1:86:15\_, 1:91:14\_, 1:96:14 \_, 1:96:20\_, 1:97:5\_, 1:99:3\_, 1:101:23\_, 1:104:17\_, 1:104:24\_, 1:105:2\_, 1:105:7. \_, 1:105:22\_, 1:106:6\_, 1:107:7\_, 1:130:1\_, 1:158:9 Counsel [127]\_ - 1:3:8\_, 1:4:21\_, 1:6:25\_, 1:7:3\_, 1:7:8\_, 1:7:22\_, 1:8:5\_, 1:8:10\_, 1:9:24\_, 1:10:18\_, 1:12:3\_, 1:17:4\_, 1:17:13\_, 1:18:11\_, 1:21:21\_, 1:23:10. \_, 1:24:5\_, 1:24:13\_, 1:24:24 \_, 1:25:10\_, 1:25:16\_, 1:26:18\_, 1:27:6\_, 1:29:8\_, 1:30:20\_, 1:31:12\_, 1:32:10 \_, 1:32:24\_, 1:33:9\_, 1:33:11 \_, 1:33:13\_, 1:38:1\_, 1:40:16 \_, 1:40:20\_, 1:40:22\_, 1:41:16\_, 1:46:9\_, 1:47:6\_, 1:47:8\_, 1:47:17\_, 1:48:13\_, 1:48:21\_, 1:49:3\_, 1:49:12\_, 1:49:25\_, 1:50:1\_, 1:51:5\_, 1:51:24\_, 1:51:25\_, 1:53:7\_, 1:55:14\_, 1:57:12\_, 1:57:23 \_, 1:60:3\_, 1:60:7\_, 1:62:5\_, 1:65:24\_, 1:66:3\_, 1:67:4\_, 1:67:19\_, 1:67:23\_, 1:70:4\_, 1:71:9\_, 1:71:12\_, 1:71:20\_, 1:71:25\_, 1:72:1\_, 1:72:14\_, 1:72:21\_, 1:73:4\_, 1:73:5\_, 1:74:10\_, 1:74:14\_, 1:74:18. \_, 1:76:7\_, 1:76:11\_, 1:76:23 \_, 1:76:24\_, 1:77:10\_, 1:77:15\_, 1:77:18\_, 1:79:2\_, 1:79:11\_, 1:79:12\_, 1:79:20 \_, 1:80:8\_, 1:83:25\_, 1:86:6\_, 1:93:11\_, 1:103:13\_, 1:104:4 \_, 1:105:11\_, 1:115:10\_, 1:115:18\_, 1:118:23\_, 1:121:1\_, 1:123:16\_, 1:125:11\_, 1:128:9\_, 1:128:18\_, 1:129:1\_, 1:129:14\_, 1:129:18\_, 1:129:19\_, 1:131:25\_, 1:133:11\_, 1:141:6\_, 1:143:17\_, 1:148:6\_, 1:149:25\_, 1:150:7\_, 1:150:18\_, 1:151:4\_, 1:152:12\_, 1:152:19\_, 1:152:25\_, 1:155:13\_, 1:155:23\_, 1:156:23\_, 1:157:12\_, 1:157:15\_, 1:157:17\_, 1:158:13\_, 1:158:18\_, 1:160:24 Counsel's [23]\_ - 1:5:1\_, 1:5:24\_, 1:7:25\_, 1:13:25\_,

1:19:12\_, 1:21:16\_, 1:25:3\_,

1:25:15\_, 1:27:1\_, 1:27:8\_,

1:27:23\_, 1:28:16\_, 1:30:5\_, 1:34:11\_, 1:40:8\_, 1:51:22\_, 1:101:20\_, 1:109:6\_, 1:144:5 \_, 1:144:18\_, 1:144:22\_, 1:145:7\_, 1:145:22 Counsel-type [1]\_ -1:17:4 counsels [2]\_ - 1:66:7\_, 1:158:2 Counsels [8]\_ - 1:19:2\_, 1:30:15\_, 1:59:12\_, 1:66:17 \_, 1:66:18\_, 1:105:25\_, 1:110:2\_, 1:125:8 count [1]\_ - 1:117:13 Counter[1]\_ - 1:154:6 Counter-narcotics [1]\_ -1:154:6 countermand [5]\_ -1:93:1\_, 1:135:24\_, 1:137:6 \_, 1:148:19\_, 1:151:4 countermanded [1]\_ -1:28:2 countermanding [2]\_ -1:94:7\_, 1:135:13 couple [17]\_ - 1:28:22\_, 1:47:18\_, 1:48:3\_, 1:48:24\_, 1:53:14\_, 1:60:21\_, 1:66:22 \_, 1:81:2\_, 1:86:19\_, 1:89:11 \_, 1:111:5\_, 1:123:22\_, 1:139:11\_, 1:153:13\_, 1:153:16\_, 1:156:2 coupled [1]\_ - 1:147:2 course [19]\_ - 1:41:1\_, 1:41:10\_, 1:42:17\_, 1:43:4\_, 1:43:10\_, 1:44:25\_, 1:46:25 \_, 1:49:15\_, 1:49:19\_, 1:65:9 \_, 1:65:19\_, 1:112:12\_, 1:115:4\_, 1:118:5\_, 1:143:11 \_, 1:147:11\_, 1:150:16\_, 1:151:7\_, 1:151:14 court [17]\_ - 1:23:18\_, 1:27:9\_. 1:35:5\_. 1:37:14\_. 1:39:8\_, 1:41:8\_, 1:55:15\_, 1:63:14\_, 1:63:20\_, 1:63:22 \_, 1:64:10\_, 1:91:10\_, 1:120:2\_, 1:134:4\_, 1:139:15 \_, 1:143:25\_, 1:156:19 Court [136]\_ - 1:3:1\_, 1:3:14\_, 1:5:2\_, 1:5:16\_, 1:8:19\_, 1:13:14\_, 1:33:1\_, 1:33:10\_, 1:33:14\_, 1:34:13 \_, 1:35:4\_, 1:36:9\_, 1:36:11\_, 1:38:3\_, 1:38:4\_, 1:39:17\_, 1:41:2\_, 1:41:19\_, 1:42:9\_, 1:42:12\_, 1:42:13\_, 1:42:19. \_, 1:43:8\_, 1:43:9\_, 1:44:3\_, 1:44:16\_, 1:45:7\_, 1:45:11\_,

1:130:23\_, 1:131:3\_, 1:131:8

1:45:13\_, 1:45:16\_, 1:46:18 \_, 1:47:12\_, 1:47:22\_, 1:49:22\_, 1:50:19\_, 1:52:4\_, 1:52:10\_, 1:52:11\_, 1:52:17 \_, 1:53:17\_, 1:53:21\_, 1:55:23\_, 1:56:2\_, 1:57:16\_, 1:58:14\_, 1:59:6\_, 1:62:7\_, 1:63:10\_, 1:63:22\_, 1:64:3\_, 1:65:19\_, 1:66:21\_, 1:67:22 \_, 1:71:8\_, 1:71:22\_, 1:72:17. \_, 1:72:25\_, 1:73:6\_, 1:73:13 \_, 1:73:14\_, 1:73:21\_, 1:74:1 \_, 1:74:6\_, 1:78:7\_, 1:78:11\_, 1:78:18\_, 1:84:17\_, 1:88:5\_, 1:90:20\_, 1:92:6\_, 1:93:17\_, 1:94:10\_, 1:94:13\_, 1:94:16 \_, 1:94:24\_, 1:95:3\_, 1:98:6\_, 1:98:9\_, 1:100:7\_, 1:101:25 \_, 1:103:24\_, 1:103:25\_, 1:104:3\_, 1:111:12\_, 1:113:24\_, 1:114:6\_, 1:114:18\_, 1:115:4\_, 1:115:15\_, 1:116:3\_, 1:116:24\_, 1:117:19\_, 1:118:6\_, 1:118:24\_, 1:119:19\_, 1:120:1\_, 1:120:6. \_, 1:120:24\_, 1:124:22\_, 1:126:1\_, 1:126:12\_, 1:126:14\_, 1:133:19\_, 1:134:5\_, 1:136:15\_, 1:136:16\_, 1:136:17\_, 1:136:18\_, 1:136:21\_, 1:136:22\_, 1:136:25\_, 1:137:3\_, 1:137:20\_, 1:138:22\_, 1:139:21\_, 1:140:3\_, 1:140:13\_, 1:143:4 \_, 1:148:5\_, 1:148:13\_, 1:150:9\_, 1:150:14\_, 1:151:15\_, 1:152:4\_, 1:153:18\_, 1:154:13\_, 1:154:20\_, 1:155:7\_, 1:160:5 \_, 1:160:16\_, 1:160:22\_, 1:161:3

COURT [256]\_ - 1:3:2\_, 1:3:11\_, 1:3:15\_, 1:3:19\_, 1:3:24\_, 1:4:8\_, 1:4:14\_, 1:6:4\_, 1:6:6\_, 1:6:8\_, 1:6:15 \_, 1:6:18\_, 1:6:20\_, 1:7:7\_, 1:7:15\_, 1:7:19\_, 1:9:25\_, 1:10:4\_, 1:10:11\_, 1:11:4\_, 1:12:1\_, 1:12:18\_, 1:12:22\_, 1:13:22\_, 1:15:7\_, 1:15:24\_, 1:16:15\_, 1:16:18\_, 1:16:20. \_, 1:17:22\_, 1:18:5\_, 1:18:17. \_, 1:19:11\_, 1:20:19\_, 1:21:3 \_, 1:21:11\_, 1:21:15\_, 1:22:5 \_, 1:22:21\_, 1:23:9\_, 1:24:2\_, 1:24:14\_, 1:25:1\_, 1:25:22\_, 1:27:10\_, 1:27:15\_, 1:28:4\_, 1:29:5\_, 1:30:11\_, 1:31:3\_,

1:31:14\_, 1:32:5\_, 1:32:19\_, 1:34:11\_, 1:35:20\_, 1:36:4\_, 1:36:21\_, 1:37:2\_, 1:37:21\_, 1:39:7\_, 1:40:6\_, 1:40:13\_, 1:41:14\_, 1:41:17\_, 1:42:19 \_, 1:43:22\_, 1:44:14\_, 1:45:22\_, 1:46:12\_, 1:46:16 \_, 1:47:5\_, 1:47:13\_, 1:48:17 \_, 1:49:7\_, 1:50:10\_, 1:50:18 \_, 1:50:23\_, 1:51:6\_, 1:51:11 \_, 1:52:7\_, 1:52:19\_, 1:52:24 \_, 1:53:8\_, 1:54:12\_, 1:54:19 \_, 1:54:25\_, 1:55:24\_, 1:56:25\_, 1:57:19\_, 1:57:25 \_, 1:58:8\_, 1:58:15\_, 1:58:22 \_, 1:59:15\_, 1:59:20\_, 1:60:5 \_, 1:61:12\_, 1:62:3\_, 1:62:14 \_, 1:63:9\_, 1:64:16\_, 1:65:12 \_, 1:65:14\_, 1:65:16\_, 1:66:15\_, 1:67:11\_, 1:68:4\_, 1:68:8\_, 1:69:8\_, 1:69:19\_, 1:70:3\_, 1:70:13\_, 1:70:16\_, 1:70:24\_, 1:74:9\_, 1:74:22\_, 1:75:9\_, 1:75:18\_, 1:76:2\_, 1:76:15\_, 1:76:19\_, 1:77:3\_, 1:77:9\_, 1:77:21\_, 1:79:3\_, 1:79:9\_, 1:79:21\_, 1:79:24\_, 1:80:6\_, 1:80:9\_, 1:80:11\_, 1:80:13\_, 1:80:18\_, 1:80:23. \_, 1:81:17\_, 1:81:20\_, 1:82:4 \_, 1:83:5\_, 1:83:8\_, 1:83:12\_, 1:84:19\_, 1:84:25\_, 1:85:25 \_, 1:87:2\_, 1:87:8\_, 1:87:14\_, 1:87:17\_, 1:88:1\_, 1:88:21\_, 1:90:5\_, 1:90:15\_, 1:90:18\_, 1:91:9\_, 1:92:13\_, 1:95:7\_, 1:96:4\_, 1:96:10\_, 1:97:20\_, 1:98:5\_, 1:99:18\_, 1:100:17. \_, 1:101:15\_, 1:102:12\_, 1:102:24\_, 1:104:6\_, 1:104:9 \_, 1:105:5\_, 1:106:6\_, 1:106:12-, 1:106:23-, 1:107:17\_, 1:107:19\_, 1:107:22\_, 1:109:4\_, 1:109:6 \_, 1:110:15\_, 1:110:19\_, 1:111:4\_, 1:112:18\_, 1:112:21\_, 1:112:25\_, 1:113:3\_, 1:115:12\_, 1:115:22\_, 1:116:5\_, 1:116:9 \_, 1:117:17\_, 1:117:25\_, 1:118:25\_, 1:119:2\_, 1:119:9 \_, 1:119:14\_, 1:119:18\_, 1:120:12\_, 1:121:18\_, 1:122:10\_, 1:122:14\_, 1:123:6\_, 1:123:12\_, 1:124:16\_, 1:125:15\_, 1:125:22\_, 1:126:4\_, 1:127:21\_, 1:127:25\_, 1:128:9\_, 1:128:16\_, 1:128:21\_, 1:129:9\_,

1:129:18\_, 1:130:14\_,

\_, 1:131:23\_, 1:132:16\_, 1:133:3\_, 1:133:12\_, 1:135:18\_, 1:137:17\_, 1:138:24\_, 1:141:15\_, 1:142:5\_, 1:142:22\_, 1:143:10\_, 1:145:1\_, 1:147:6 \_, 1:147:8\_, 1:147:18\_, 1:148:3\_, 1:148:10\_, 1:148:20\_, 1:149:3\_, 1:149:15\_, 1:150:3\_, 1:150:10\_, 1:150:19\_, 1:151:10\_, 1:151:22\_, 1:152:13\_, 1:153:1\_, 1:153:6, 1:153:20\_, 1:153:24 \_, 1:155:24\_, 1:157:7\_, 1:157:13\_, 1:157:15\_, 1:157:25\_, 1:158:4\_, 1:158:11\_, 1:158:22\_, 1:159:7\_, 1:159:21\_, 1:159:24\_, 1:160:23 Court's [11]\_ - 1:12:6\_, 1:23:2\_, 1:45:2\_, 1:72:16\_, 1:114:15\_, 1:114:21\_, 1:114:23\_, 1:114:25\_, 1:115:9\_, 1:115:19\_, 1:144:11 COURTROOM [3]\_ -1:3:4\_, 1:4:6\_, 1:6:7 courtroom [7]\_ - 1:4:2\_, 1:5:21\_, 1:15:16\_, 1:35:12\_, 1:36:17\_, 1:139:17\_, 1:140:12 Courts [1]\_ - 1:136:14 courts [16]\_ - 1:14:14\_, 1:14:20\_, 1:32:7\_, 1:36:9\_, 1:39:4\_, 1:39:5\_, 1:45:5\_, 1:45:10\_, 1:45:19\_, 1:118:7 \_, 1:123:13\_, 1:139:15\_, 1:140:3\_, 1:146:16\_, 1:149:23\_, 1:155:16 courts' [1]\_ - 1:60:1 covered [2]\_ - 1:4:25\_, 1:144:6 Cox [1]\_ - 1:111:22 crafted [4]\_ - 1:19:18\_, 1:31:8\_, 1:120:9\_, 1:121:3 create [9]\_ - 1:10:18\_, 1:11:23\_, 1:31:1\_, 1:46:20\_, 1:53:17\_, 1:67:18\_, 1:67:24 \_, 1:113:18\_, 1:132:20 created [13]\_ - 1:30:21\_, 1:42:15\_, 1:42:23\_, 1:59:10 \_, 1:60:15\_, 1:67:8\_, 1:68:1\_, 1:70:1\_, 1:95:17\_, 1:103:15 \_, 1:115:25\_, 1:118:13\_, 1:121:18 creates [1]\_ - 1:95:24

creating [2]\_ - 1:131:13\_, 1:131:18 creation [4]\_ - 1:31:4\_, 1:56:4\_, 1:113:18\_, 1:114:4 creativity[1]\_ - 1:130:3 crediting [1]\_ - 1:28:13 crimes [4]\_ - 1:11:6\_, 1:81:6\_, 1:87:25\_, 1:127:4 Criminal [4]\_ - 1:72:17\_, 1:73:21\_, 1:74:1\_, 1:78:8 criminal [6]\_ - 1:11:11\_, 1:35:5\_, 1:41:13\_, 1:43:12\_, 1:55:20\_, 1:142:20 criminally [1]\_ - 1:11:19 crisper [1]\_ - 1:81:1 critical [2]\_ - 1:9:6\_, 1:69:1 critically [2]\_ - 1:73:23\_, 1:86:13 Cross [1] - 1:15:25 cross-reference [1]\_ -1:15:25 CRS [2]\_ - 1:110:23\_, 1:111:1 crystal [1]\_ - 1:59:13 crystallize[1]\_ - 1:57:3 cumbersome [1]\_ -1:85:6 current [5]\_ - 1:60:8\_, 1:67:3\_, 1:103:8\_, 1:106:1\_, 1:152:21 curtain [1]\_ - 1:43:1 cuts [1]\_ - 1:111:12

### D

D.C [25]\_ - 1:14:12\_, 1:31:11\_, 1:34:2\_, 1:34:3\_, 1:34:8\_, 1:34:21\_, 1:37:7\_, 1:37:14\_, 1:38:5\_, 1:38:18\_, 1:38:23\_, 1:39:8\_, 1:39:23\_, 1:40:1\_, 1:41:7\_, 1:41:8\_, 1:43:17\_, 1:44:3\_, 1:45:24\_, 1:95:5\_, 1:106:16\_, 1:107:12 \_, 1:143:18\_, 1:150:4 DAAG [4]\_ - 1:17:5\_, 1:17:8\_, 1:131:25\_, 1:142:22 DAAGs [4]\_ - 1:68:16\_, 1:84:2\_, 1:84:19\_, 1:143:6 Dadan [1]\_ - 1:3:18 Danforth [1]\_ - 1:66:9 dates [1]\_ - 1:85:3 David [1]\_ - 1:3:10 day-to-day [5]\_ - 1:25:11.

\_, 1:48:4\_, 1:79:22\_, 1:80:3\_, department [8]\_ - 1:26:24 destination [1]\_ - 1:91:23 1:148:17 defendants [3]\_ - 1:4:23\_, \_, 1:61:2\_, 1:63:20\_, 1:64:10 detail [2]\_ - 1:24:19\_, days [1]\_ - 1:125:1 1:112:13\_, 1:160:24 \_, 1:75:20\_, 1:79:13\_, 1:52:6 De [4]\_ - 1:3:6\_, 1:3:20\_, Defenders [2]\_ - 1:5:15\_, 1:156:18\_, 1:158:25 detailed [2]\_ - 1:89:17\_, Department [51]\_ - 1:9:14. 1:3:23\_, 1:4:24 1:148:23 \_, 1:9:16\_, 1:18:8\_, 1:19:25\_, dead [1]\_ - 1:114:18 Defense [1]\_ - 1:154:3 detect [1]\_ - 1:11:6 1:30:23\_. 1:37:19\_. 1:56:5\_. deal [2]\_ - 1:31:22\_, defense [8]\_ - 1:5:23\_, determination [2]\_ -1:56:8\_, 1:56:11\_, 1:56:18\_, 1:115:16 1:6:12\_, 1:86:15\_, 1:109:7\_, 1:48:17\_, 1:152:10 1:60:15\_, 1:60:25\_, 1:62:21 1:130:15\_, 1:138:4\_, 1:140:1 dealing [3]\_ - 1:37:17\_, determine [1]\_ - 1:43:5 \_, 1:68:12\_, 1:68:19\_, 1:69:1 \_, 1:142:21 1:39:16\_, 1:129:6 \_, 1:69:6\_, 1:69:11\_, 1:69:15 developed [3]\_ - 1:70:12 defense's [2]\_ - 1:30:3\_, deals [1]\_ - 1:121:5 \_, 1:77:11\_, 1:82:22\_, 1:84:1 \_, 1:125:4\_, 1:156:4 1:119:22 \_, 1:85:4\_, 1:89:7\_, 1:89:12\_, debatable [1]\_ - 1:124:17 development [3]\_ defenses [1]\_ - 1:98:2 1:89:15\_, 1:89:17\_, 1:89:21. decades [3]\_ - 1:140:24\_, 1:5:18\_, 1:28:5\_, 1:28:11 \_, 1:108:1\_, 1:113:15\_, deference [3]\_ - 1:25:14\_, 1:140:25 developments [1]\_ -1:120:11\_, 1:120:19\_, 1:45:18\_, 1:122:18 December [1]\_ - 1:26:18 1:148:2 1:121:4\_, 1:131:9\_, 1:139:7 deferential [5]\_ - 1:73:23 decide 151\_ - 1:42:13\_.. deviation [2]\_ - 1:145:2\_, \_, 1:147:16\_, 1:148:4\_, \_, 1:74:4\_, 1:78:8\_, 1:78:25\_, 1:42:20\_, 1:43:8\_, 1:44:16\_, 1:148:25\_, 1:149:1\_, 1:145:3 1:79:1 1:95:4 1:149:19\_, 1:150:17\_, devices [1]\_ - 1:4:2 deferring [1]\_ - 1:160:4 1:151:6\_, 1:151:7\_, 1:154:3 decided [2]\_ - 1:31:16\_, dicta [33]\_ - 1:35:21\_, define [2]\_ - 1:38:13\_, \_, 1:154:8\_, 1:159:11\_, 1:158:10 1:40:2\_, 1:42:4\_, 1:44:11\_, 1:141:20 1:159:15\_, 1:159:17 deciding [3]\_ - 1:42:23\_, 1:45:9\_, 1:45:11\_, 1:45:12\_, Department's [1]\_ defined [9]\_ - 1:15:22\_, 1:43:20\_, 1:44:17 1:45:17\_, 1:86:14\_, 1:116:23 1:148:7 1:17:11\_, 1:18:1\_, 1:18:6\_, \_, 1:117:9\_, 1:117:11\_, decision [45]\_ - 1:12:6\_, 1:25:5\_, 1:39:20\_, 1:61:17\_, departmental [2] -1:117:13\_, 1:117:14\_, 1:31:18\_, 1:34:4\_, 1:34:8\_, 1:135:3\_, 1:141:5 1:48:15\_, 1:48:19 1:117:15\_, 1:118:5\_, 1:118:6 1:34:15\_, 1:34:22\_, 1:36:1\_, definition [5]\_ - 1:64:7\_, departments [4]\_ - 1:55:1. \_, 1:118:13\_, 1:118:14\_, 1:37:18\_, 1:37:21\_, 1:38:24 1:105:22\_, 1:127:22\_, 1:118:19\_, 1:119:5\_, \_, 1:89:10\_, 1:89:13\_, \_, 1:39:22\_, 1:41:20\_, 1:130:19\_, 1:141:13 1:119:16\_, 1:159:25\_, 1:43:17\_, 1:45:2\_, 1:48:18\_, 1:154:25 1:160:2\_, 1:160:5\_, 1:160:8 definitional<sub>[2]</sub>\_ - 1:10:12 DEPUTY [3]\_ - 1:3:4\_, 1:49:25\_, 1:59:10\_, 1:67:7\_, \_, 1:160:10\_, 1:160:13\_, \_, 1:141:20 1:73:17\_, 1:75:17\_, 1:79:14 1:4:6\_, 1:6:7 1:160:16\_, 1:160:19 \_, 1:85:25\_, 1:86:6\_, 1:86:23 definitions [1]\_ - 1:39:18 deputy [12]\_ - 1:18:1\_, dictionary [1]\_ - 1:39:18 \_, 1:105:8\_, 1:114:16\_, defunct [1]\_ - 1:138:15 1:84:3\_, 1:84:4\_, 1:84:7\_, 1:114:22\_, 1:114:23\_, dictum [4]\_ - 1:35:23\_ 1:84:11\_, 1:84:20\_, 1:132:1. degree [4]\_ - 1:22:11\_, 1:131:15\_, 1:135:1\_, 1:135:6 1:93:24\_, 1:94:23\_, 1:118:18 \_, 1:132:2\_, 1:132:11\_, 1:48:7\_, 1:49:8\_, 1:92:24 \_, 1:135:13\_, 1:135:25\_, difference [15]\_ - 1:16:20 1:132:17-, 1:142:23 delegated [3]\_ - 1:42:22\_, 1:137:6\_, 1:140:2\_, 1:140:3. \_, 1:44:23\_, 1:60:4\_, 1:62:24 Deputy [3]\_ - 1:10:22\_, \_, 1:140:6\_, 1:146:14\_, 1:92:16\_, 1:116:7 \_, 1:74:12\_, 1:91:20\_, 1:93:5 1:68:15\_, 1:82:23 1:146:15\_, 1:146:23\_, delegation [6]\_ - 1:46:6\_, \_, 1:93:24\_, 1:103:13\_, describe [2]\_ - 1:99:23\_, 1:148:19\_, 1:151:4 1:46:22\_, 1:94:10\_, 1:94:12 1:119:11\_, 1:130:16\_, 1:102:10 decisional [4]\_ - 1:116:20. \_, 1:94:21\_, 1:115:24 1:150:13\_, 1:155:4 described [4]\_ - 1:58:10\_, \_, 1:117:10\_, 1:117:22 deliberate[1]\_ - 1:131:15 different [26]\_ - 1:16:16\_, 1:59:12\_, 1:61:23\_, 1:68:6 decisionis [1]\_ - 1:138:11 deliberations [2]\_ -1:23:1\_, 1:28:22\_, 1:45:11\_, describes [1]\_ - 1:44:3 decisions [18]\_ - 1:8:11\_, 1:147:21\_, 1:148:14 1:45:15\_, 1:47:1\_, 1:47:19\_, describing [1]\_ - 1:32:4 1:25:4\_, 1:25:24\_, 1:28:2\_, 1:48:3\_, 1:48:11\_, 1:49:9\_, delighted [1]\_ - 1:113:7 1:32:17\_, 1:37:14\_, 1:41:7\_, description [1] - 1:63:14 1:53:14\_, 1:56:19\_, 1:60:21 delimit [1]\_ - 1:152:14 1:49:20\_, 1:50:8\_, 1:60:1\_, \_, 1:61:22\_, 1:65:2\_, 1:65:5\_, designate [2]\_ - 1:35:22\_, delineate [1]\_ - 1:18:7 1:74:2\_, 1:78:7\_, 1:80:8\_, 1:94:6\_, 1:100:15\_, 1:109:12 1:70:8 Democracy [2]\_ - 1:5:14 \_, 1:128:19\_, 1:136:4\_, 1:93:2\_, 1:123:23\_, 1:135:15. designated [1]\_ -1:139:20\_, 1:143:5\_, \_, 1:136:12\_, 1:151:17 \_, 1:71:4 1:157:16 1:152:18 default [1]\_ - 1:157:5 demonstrably [1]\_ designation[1]\_ - 1:32:6 differentiating [1]\_ defeat [1]\_ - 1:142:20 1:114:20 designed [2]\_ - 1:65:8\_, 1:155:10 demonstrates [1]\_ defeats [1]\_ - 1:147:5 1:95:18 differently [4]\_ - 1:65:6\_, 1:78:21 Defendant [1]\_ - 1:4:20 despite [1]\_ - 1:113:16 1:83:12\_, 1:134:16\_, deny [2]\_ - 1:14:14\_, defendant [5]\_ - 1:23:11\_, 1:158:23 destabilization[1]\_ -1:160:22 1:81:9\_, 1:84:15\_, 1:138:7\_, differing [1]\_ - 1:47:5 1:120:12

difficult [1] 1:142:8 direct [9] 1:17:2_, 1:24:12_, 1:25:3_, 1:47:16_, 1:47:20_, 1:48:21_, 1:58:4_, 1:61:20_, 1:134:3 directed [3] 1:49:16_, 1:77:24_, 1:135:20 directing [1] 1:153:7 direction [24] 1:18:18_, 1:21:7_, 1:41:2_, 1:47:7_,	dispositive <sub>[2]</sub> - 1:42:4_, 1:63:23 dispute <sub>[11]</sub> - 1:7:22_, 1:25:14_, 1:42:9_, 1:86:7_, 1:115:4_, 1:116:14_, 1:116:16_, 1:139:15_, 1:139:18_, 1:155:13 disruptive <sub>[1]</sub> - 1:84:10 dissent <sub>[2]</sub> - 1:101:10_, 1:101:12 dissented <sub>[1]</sub> - 1:72:3	_, 1:125:20_, 1:130:3_, 1:136:23_, 1:139:4_, 1:147:23_, 1:147:24_, 1:148:24  Donnie [1] 1:3:22  DOT [1] 1:131:9  dot [3] 1:81:5_, 1:81:6  double [1] 1:51:19  doubled [1] 1:26:14  doubled-down [1]	easy [1] 1:102:10 echo [2] 1:153:23_, 1:153:25 Ed [2] 1:67:2_, 1:113:5 ed [1] 1:113:8 Edmond [42] 1:25:22_, 1:26:3_, 1:26:6_, 1:26:24_, 1:32:7_, 1:32:14_, 1:40:21_, 1:49:8_, 1:49:14_, 1:49:19_, 1:63:10_, 1:63:25_, 1:72:4_,
1:47:12_, 1:49:8_, 1:49:10_, 1:50:24_, 1:78:2_, 1:78:3_, 1:78:18_, 1:79:9_, 1:79:17_, 1:79:24_, 1:80:2_, 1:80:3_, 1:80:4_, 1:80:6_, 1:80:7_, 1:135:22_, 1:136:15_, 1:152:11_, 1:152:24 directly [3] 1:26:23_, 1:44:20_, 1:72:22 director [3] 1:50:6_, 1:50:7_, 1:69:23 disagree [1] 1:150:22	distinct <sub>[3]</sub> - 1:36:7-, 1:128:2-, 1:150:10 distinction <sub>[8]</sub> - 1:8:25-, 1:9:6-, 1:38:10-, 1:57:1-, 1:57:5-, 1:70:9-, 1:143:15-, 1:155:20 distinguish <sub>[1]</sub> - 1:119:15 distinguishable <sub>[2]</sub> - 1:31:24-, 1:139:5 distinguished <sub>[1]</sub> -	1:26:14 doubt [4] 1:74:3_, 1:78:10_, 1:99:14_, 1:142:2 Doubts [2] 1:133:1_, 1:133:19 down [8] 1:16:5_, 1:16:9 _, 1:16:12_, 1:26:14_, 1:75:9 _, 1:96:1_, 1:98:25_, 1:112:12 dozens [1] 1:81:25 drafting [2] 1:88:18_,	1:72:15_, 1:73:1_, 1:73:3_, 1:73:7_, 1:73:14_, 1:73:20_, 1:74:5_, 1:77:21_, 1:78:5_, 1:78:16_, 1:78:20_, 1:78:21, 1:79:1_, 1:103:19_, 1:103:20_, 1:104:2_, 1:123:14_, 1:123:15_, 1:123:18_, 1:134:12_, 1:134:24_, 1:135:18_, 1:136:6_, 1:137:10_, 1:144:11_, 1:151:15_, 1:151:20_, 1:153:10
disagreement [2] 1:72:4_, 1:72:6     disagreements [1] 1:113:16     discrete [2] 1:97:25_, 1:102:5     discretion [5] 1:50:8_, 1:76:13_, 1:76:20_, 1:95:3_, 1:137:24	1:32:3 distinguishes <sub>[1]</sub> - 1:118:17 District <sub>[15]</sub> - 1:8:9_, 1:8:16_, 1:14:1_, 1:14:9_, 1:14:13_, 1:18:12_, 1:18:13_, 1:26:18_, 1:28:19_, 1:29:14_, 1:36:8_, 1:52:4_, 1:59:6_, 1:105:16 district <sub>[9]</sub> - 1:23:18_,	1:89:18 drafts [1] 1:72:15 draw [5] 1:18:17_, 1:21:3_, 1:21:5_, 1:125:23_, 1:154:9 drawing [1] 1:57:1 drawn [3] 1:8:2_, 1:9:1_, 1:77:10 draws [1] 1:70:9	Edmond's [1] 1:136:19 Education [2] 1:9:16_, 1:131:9 effect [3] 1:90:8_, 1:131:25_, 1:143:21 effective [1] 1:71:17 effects [1] 1:69:3 effort [2] 1:48:5_, 1:136:12 efforts [1] 1:151:11
discuss [3] 1:23:13_, 1:90:24_, 1:97:18 discussed [11] 1:35:21 _, 1:52:5_, 1:86:16_, 1:91:6_, 1:92:7_, 1:92:8_, 1:92:15_, 1:104:12_, 1:129:16_, 1:160:9_, 1:160:12 discusses [2] 1:44:21_, 1:95:10 discussing [2] 1:85:2_, 1:160:8	1:37:14_, 1:39:7_, 1:41:8_, 1:56:22_, 1:57:10_, 1:121:16 _, 1:127:2_, 1:127:4 districts [2] 1:24:25_, 1:161:8 Division [3] 1:29:16_, 1:30:24_, 1:147:19 docket [1] 1:5:10 doctor [1] 1:155:18 doctrine [2] 1:133:1_, 1:133:19	drew[1] 1:14:5 drive[1] 1:44:22 drive-by[1] 1:142:2 driving[1] 1:152:18 drop[1] 1:16:9 drove[1] 1:23:16 duly[2] 1:115:18_, 1:127:14 duration[4] 1:98:14_, 1:98:20_, 1:99:22_, 1:100:7	EGA [1] 1:157:7 eight [6] 1:41:6_, 1:44:9 _, 1:72:2_, 1:93:9_, 1:93:10_, 1:93:11 either [21] 1:19:9_, 1:21:1_, 1:22:15_, 1:31:2_, 1:34:2_, 1:37:7_, 1:44:6_, 1:51:15_, 1:63:19_, 1:66:19 _, 1:71:24_, 1:75:14_, 1:75:25_, 1:95:18_, 1:111:20
discussion [21] - 1:6:3., 1:30:12., 1:31:3., 1:33:2., 1:35:15., 1:39:1., 1:39:19., 1:43:16., 1:59:5., 1:59:19., 1:63:25., 1:65:17., 1:66:25., 1:103:5., 1:103:10., 1:105:1., 1:129:21., 1:140:18., 1:146:17., 1:160:12., 1:160:18. disincentive [1]	documents [3] 1:74:21, 1:74:25_, 1:106:5 DOJ [6] 1:9:11_, 1:38:8 _, 1:38:10_, 1:38:21_, 1:144:15_, 1:145:20 dollars [1] 1:102:2 Dome [3] 1:60:23_, 1:111:7_, 1:156:25 Donald [2] 1:3:5_,	Durham [2] 1:51:25_, 1:157:23 during [2] 1:108:16_, 1:158:3 duties [10] 1:15:2_, 1:23:24_, 1:38:13_, 1:98:15 _, 1:99:14_, 1:99:23_, 1:99:24_, 1:100:3_, 1:100:5	
1:135:10 dismiss [3] 1:4:20_, 1:5:10_, 1:138:3	1:97:15 done <sub>[12]</sub> - 1:32:7_, 1:63:14_, 1:67:4_, 1:124:17	early <sub>[1]</sub> 1:101:24 Earth <sub>[1]</sub> 1:95:21	■ 1:120:15 elephant <sub>[1]</sub> - 1:133:6 elevator <sub>[1]</sub> - 1:112:23

\_, 1:88:3\_, 1:159:16 Eleventh [10]\_ - 1:40:3\_, equivalent [4]\_ - 1:74:23\_, example [23]\_ - 1:10:13\_, 1:45:9\_, 1:113:25\_, 1:114:12 encompasses [2]\_ -1:90:7\_, 1:109:9\_, 1:128:25 1:11:14\_, 1:50:10\_, 1:53:24 \_, 1:118:5\_, 1:118:11\_, 1:55:13\_, 1:154:16 \_, 1:68:15\_, 1:77:15\_, 1:83:5 era [3]\_ - 1:65:10\_, 1:65:12 1:119:6\_, 1:120:1\_, 1:133:20 \_, 1:84:8\_, 1:88:7\_, 1:89:2\_, end [13]\_ - 1:25:25\_, 1:43:4. \_, 1:111:22 \_, 1:140:2 1:89:15\_, 1:89:19\_, 1:98:1\_, \_, 1:95:21\_, 1:96:12\_, eschewing [1]\_ - 1:5:17 1:98:4\_, 1:111:12\_, 1:125:9 elicit [1]\_ - 1:98:13 1:99:14\_, 1:101:16\_, especially [2]\_ - 1:113:7\_, \_, 1:126:23\_, 1:132:12\_, 1:124:11\_, 1:124:14\_, elsewhere [1]\_ - 1:69:3 1:114:1 1:144:8\_, 1:145:10\_, 1:124:16\_, 1:124:17\_, emailed [1]\_ - 1:111:19 essays [1]\_ - 1:118:9 1:145:11\_, 1:149:3\_, 1:129:5\_, 1:147:13\_, 1:151:7 embraced [1]\_ - 1:115:14 1:158:21 essential [5]\_ - 1:86:5\_, endeavored[1]\_ - 1:98:9 Emil [1]\_ - 1:3:12 examples [2]\_ - 1:31:7\_, 1:86:22\_, 1:95:13\_, 1:99:17. endeavors [1] - 1:23:13 1:125:9 \_, 1:124:12 emoluments [2]\_ enforced [1]\_ - 1:146:5 essentially [10] - 1:57:15. excellent[1]\_ - 1:156:1 1:98:14\_, 1:99:22 engage [2]\_ - 1:19:9\_, \_, 1:59:7\_, 1:62:23\_, 1:65:13 emphasize [1]\_ - 1:25:17 except [6]\_ - 1:43:3\_, 1:39:24 \_, 1:66:2\_, 1:68:11\_, 1:79:14 1:97:16\_, 1:120:23\_, emphatic [1]\_ - 1:143:19 engaged [2]\_ - 1:39:22\_, \_, 1:96:23\_, 1:109:9\_, 1:131:16\_, 1:132:21\_, empirical [1]\_ - 1:59:18 1:155:13 1:130:11 1:153:6 employed [2]\_ - 1:98:23\_, engagement [1]\_ - 1:30:9 establish [1]\_ - 1:122:6 exception[3]\_ - 1:134:20 1:130:12 established [5]\_ - 1:48:15. engaging[1]\_ - 1:29:11 \_, 1:138:14\_, 1:157:2 employee [21]\_ - 1:7:8\_, \_, 1:100:8\_, 1:100:11\_, English [1]\_ - 1:14:25 excuse [8]\_ - 1:10:3\_, 1:7:13\_, 1:63:5\_, 1:65:1\_, 1:121:1\_, 1:151:6 1:14:25\_, 1:16:18\_, 1:43:9\_, enjoy [1]\_ - 1:70:21 1:65:3\_, 1:91:22\_, 1:99:13\_, establishes [4]\_ -1:52:15\_, 1:53:18\_, 1:66:10. enormous [1]\_ - 1:120:21 1:100:24\_, 1:101:3\_, 1:101:6 1:120:10\_, 1:120:16\_, \_, 1:68:19 \_, 1:103:7\_, 1:108:5\_, ensure [2]\_ - 1:4:8\_, 1:120:18\_, 1:120:20 executive [24]\_ - 1:34:25\_, 1:109:14\_, 1:113:20\_, 1:87:3 establishing [1]\_ -1:42:10\_, 1:42:11\_, 1:42:17 1:134:7\_, 1:141:12\_, 1:150:1 entered [1]\_ - 1:21:10 1:156:22 \_, 1:72:8\_, 1:73:11\_, 1:73:15 \_, 1:154:17\_, 1:155:4\_, Enterprise [1]\_ - 1:49:23 establishment [3]\_ -\_, 1:73:18\_, 1:73:22\_, 1:155:11\_, 1:155:24 1:73:25\_, 1:74:8\_, 1:74:20\_, entire [8]\_ - 1:62:7\_, 1:30:13\_, 1:30:16\_, 1:101:16 employees [41]\_ - 1:9:4\_, 1:75:1\_, 1:76:13\_, 1:78:6\_, 1:79:19\_, 1:99:7\_, 1:107:16. esteemed [1]\_ - 1:118:10 1:10:9\_, 1:11:16\_, 1:53:16\_, 1:78:13\_, 1:78:16\_, 1:96:6\_, \_, 1:110:6\_, 1:119:25\_, 1:53:18\_, 1:53:19\_, 1:53:20 estoppel [2] - 1:143:20 -, 1:97:11\_, 1:106:7\_, 1:135:2 1:138:12\_, 1:141:1 \_, 1:54:1\_, 1:54:3\_, 1:54:6\_, 1:143:23 \_, 1:137:10\_, 1:138:12\_, 1:54:8\_, 1:54:11\_, 1:55:8\_, entirely [9]\_ - 1:22:11\_, et [3]\_ - 1:51:25\_, 1:154:9 1:154:24 1:56:23\_, 1:81:12\_, 1:87:7\_, 1:45:11\_, 1:63:13\_, 1:76:20 etc [1]\_ - 1:110:19 exercise [24]\_ - 1:25:4\_, 1:88:14\_, 1:90:4\_, 1:100:2\_, \_, 1:91:19\_, 1:125:13\_, 1:26:12\_, 1:91:4\_, 1:91:5\_, Ethics [8]\_ - 1:24:22\_, 1:103:20\_, 1:108:14\_, 1:141:23\_, 1:150:1\_, 1:91:18\_, 1:91:20\_, 1:91:23 1:108:20\_, 1:108:21\_, 1:151:14 1:37:24\_, 1:38:4\_, 1:46:6\_, \_, 1:93:8\_, 1:101:3\_, 1:108:23\_, 1:109:10\_, 1:65:24\_, 1:66:4\_, 1:72:9\_, entitled [7]\_ - 1:4:20\_, 1:102:17\_, 1:102:19\_, 1:112:9\_, 1:130:17\_, 1:138:15 1:45:18\_, 1:122:17\_, 1:103:7\_, 1:103:21\_, 1:104:4 1:130:20\_, 1:132:10\_, event[3]\_ - 1:11:21\_, 1:129:16\_, 1:140:11\_, \_, 1:104:5\_, 1:109:14\_, 1:132:18\_, 1:132:19\_, 1:143:20\_, 1:143:24 1:37:8\_, 1:67:12 1:112:9\_, 1:135:11\_, 1:132:23\_, 1:141:16\_, entity [1]\_ - 1:78:7 events [3]\_ - 1:50:16\_, 1:135:23\_, 1:137:13\_, 1:142:6\_, 1:142:14\_, 1:143:6 1:97:21\_, 1:127:1 entry [3]\_ - 1:4:23\_, 1:5:11 1:137:14\_, 1:155:11\_, \_, 1:154:21\_, 1:154:22\_, \_, 1:5:15 evidence [4]\_ - 1:36:18\_, 1:155:14 1:154:25\_, 1:155:1 1:74:3\_, 1:78:9\_, 1:90:2 exercised [2]\_ - 1:138:20 enumerated [1]\_ empower[1]\_ - 1:14:11 evident[1]\_ - 1:35:14 \_, 1:152:1 1:117:1 empowered [1]\_ exercising [2]\_ - 1:101:1\_, enumerating [1]\_ - 1:58:6 evidentiary[1]\_ - 1:148:2 1:156:19 1:126:8 evolved[1]\_ - 1:89:13 EPA [1]\_ - 1:89:22 empowers [1]\_ - 1:154:22 exert [1]\_ - 1:69:15 episodic [4]\_ - 1:99:23\_, exact [5]\_ - 1:58:22\_, enable [3]\_ - 1:56:10\_, exhausts [1]\_ - 1:70:14 1:100:5\_, 1:155:18\_, 1:77:5\_, 1:91:23\_, 1:94:5\_, 1:57:7\_, 1:67:18 1:155:22 1:99:12 exist<sub>[8]</sub>\_ - 1:18:20\_, 1:20:9 enables [2] - 1:55:7\_, equal [3]\_ - 1:118:13\_, exactly [10]\_ - 1:15:12\_, \_, 1:54:24\_, 1:76:10\_, 1:56:18 1:87:13\_, 1:93:5\_, 1:99:5\_, 1:141:15\_, 1:159:1 1:22:10\_, 1:52:22\_, 1:81:7\_, enacted [3]\_ - 1:56:4\_, 1:156:12 1:88:17\_, 1:106:9\_, 1:115:20 equally [3]\_ - 1:150:5\_, 1:59:4\_, 1:141:8 \_, 1:121:19\_, 1:126:24\_, existed [1]\_ - 1:46:6 1:153:10 enactment [1]\_ - 1:128:17 1:142:8 existence [4]\_ - 1:22:9\_, equation [1]\_ - 1:100:21 encompass [3]\_ - 1:53:13. examine [1]\_ - 1:125:3 1:46:25\_, 1:47:1\_, 1:56:8

exists [2] - 1:62:2,  1:82:13  expanded [1] - 1:142:20  expanding [1] - 1:15:1  expansion [1] - 1:24:21  expect [1] - 1:28:2  expected [1] - 1:26:10  expended [1] - 1:102:2  expired [2] - 1:104:18,  1:107:7  expiring [1] - 1:67:17  explain [4] - 1:95:1,  1:95:14, 1:105:11, 1:142:8  explained [3] - 1:86:5,  1:95:19, 1:118:13  explains [2] - 1:96:19,  1:102:16  explanation [1] - 1:48:13  explicit [2] - 1:15:24,  1:46:4  explicitly [6] - 1:12:12,  1:14:11, 1:14:16, 1:45:25  , 1:46:19, 1:142:16  express [2] - 1:145:18,  1:147:18  expressed [1] - 1:27:1  expressly [1] - 1:77:9	fact [43] - 1:8:7., 1:8:20.,  1:35:4., 1:41:3., 1:44:11.,  1:50:3., 1:61:10., 1:61:21.,  1:62:15., 1:63:8., 1:64:17.,  1:69:22., 1:78:5., 1:101:10 ., 1:103:19., 1:107:3.,  1:108:24., 1:109:13.,  1:111:10., 1:111:19.,  1:115:16., 1:116:6.,  1:116:19., 1:118:11.,  1:118:22., 1:132:6., 1:133:9 ., 1:134:19., 1:135:7.,  1:135:8., 1:139:16.,  1:141:21., 1:146:1.,  1:50:24., 1:150:25.,  1:151:2., 1:151:18., 1:152:8 ., 1:159:4  fact-finding [1] - 1:146:1 factor [8] - 1:73:6.,  1:99:10 factors [10] - 1:72:25.,  1:73:3., 1:96:21., 1:97:4.,  1:97:11., 1:97:13., 1:97:14.,  1:98:14., 1:101:23.,  1:102:10 facts [3] - 1:78:5.,	1:130:9_, 1:130:12 feature [2] 1:66:19_, 1:112:23 featured [1] 1:87:18 features [2] 1:24:4_, 1:38:17 federal [7] 1:35:5_, 1:53:25_, 1:98:18_, 1:113:13_, 1:113:18_, 1:113:20_, 1:114:4 Federal [2] 1:11:14_, 1:129:17 feed [1] 1:4:16 felt [2] 1:33:7_, 1:119:5 few [5] 1:107:21_, 1:124:22_, 1:125:1_, 1:132:14_, 1:138:18 fifth [1] 1:91:5 figure [2] 1:16:7_, 1:156:7 fille [1] 1:29:13 filled [7] 1:4:23_, 1:5:2_, 1:5:5_, 1:5:8_, 1:5:12_, 1:7:5_, 1:29:18 filling [5] 1:5:3_, 1:26:17_, 1:145:17_, 1:158:7_, 1:160:25 fillings [2] 1:27:9_,	Fiske [1] - 1:66:1  Fiske's [1] - 1:66:3  fit [6] - 1:11:2., 1:11:25., 1:13:20., 1:70:7., 1:81:14., 1:138:8  fits [1] - 1:15:15  Fitzgerald [4] - 1:22:16., 1:76:23., 1:77:12., 1:77:18  five [4] - 1:95:7., 1:133:12 ., 1:160:25., 1:161:3  fix [1] - 1:23:21  floating [1] - 1:25:17  floor [1] - 1:6:5  Florida [2] - 1:29:14., 1:106:19  flunks [1] - 1:97:14  focus [19] - 1:8:2., 1:13:14., 1:14:5., 1:18:24., 1:22:6., 1:23:2., 1:23:5., 1:25:1., 1:28:6., 1:53:12., 1:60:11., 1:69:5., 1:86:24., 1:108:3., 1:124:22., 1:140:16., 1:155:8  focused [5] - 1:6:23., 1:15:21., 1:30:19., 1:35:4., 1:38:20  focuses [1] - 1:80:23
extant <sub>[2]</sub> - 1:115:24_, 1:152:5 extend <sub>[1]</sub> - 1:102:9	1:78:20_, 1:138:2 factual <sub>[7]</sub> 1:5:17_, 1:28:5_, 1:28:11_, 1:33:15_,	1:161:4 fill <sub>[1]</sub> - 1:67:15 final <sub>[5]</sub> - 1:36:21_,	focusing [2] 1:13:24_, 1:18:19 follow[4] 1:95:21_,
extended <sub>[2]</sub> 1:43:16_, 1:44:5 extensive <sub>[3]</sub> 1:71:16_, 1:101:18_, 1:161:6	1:36:16_, 1:148:2_, 1:152:9 factually [2] 1:32:13_, 1:35:11 failure [1] 1:11:15 fair [9] 1:18:17_, 1:50:16	1:135:1_, 1:137:8_, 1:151:17 _, 1:159:23 finally <sub>[1]</sub> 1:5:12 fine <sub>[4]</sub> 1:95:2_, 1:95:4_,	1:117:15_, 1:150:13_, 1:160:19 followed <sub>[1]</sub> 1:32:3 following <sub>[1]</sub> 1:147:15
extensively <sub>[1]</sub> - 1:52:3 extent <sub>[17]</sub> - 1:15:3, 1:24:6, 1:27:19, 1:29:21, 1:36:7, 1:45:7, 1:47:3,	_, 1:50:22_, 1:51:7_, 1:97:20 _, 1:101:21_, 1:112:17_, 1:127:24_, 1:154:11 fairly [2] 1:39:8_,	1:128:13_, 1:156:16 fire <sub>[2]_</sub> - 1:49:2_, 1:121:24 fired <sub>[2]_</sub> - 1:110:10_, 1:110:13	foot [1] 1:38:7 footing [1] 1:159:1 footnote [17] 1:34:4_, 1:34:7_, 1:38:7_, 1:43:24_,
1:68:21_, 1:93:20_, 1:97:2_, 1:146:5_, 1:148:10_, 1:151:5 _, 1:151:22_, 1:153:18_, 1:156:4_, 1:159:3 extraordinarily <sub>[2]_</sub> -	fall (2] 1.39.6_, 1:109:19 fall (3] 1:31:16_, 1:140:25_, 1:141:8 falls (1] 1:58:13	firms [1] 1:66:13 First [2] 1:31:19_, 1:32:2 first [33] 1:6:24_, 1:11:8 _, 1:33:9_, 1:44:25_, 1:53:12	1:44:2_, 1:87:8_, 1:87:12_, 1:88:16_, 1:92:6_, 1:92:7_, 1:92:8_, 1:92:9_, 1:92:10_, 1:92:12_, 1:92:22_, 1:141:18
extraordinarry[2] 1:145:25_, 1:146:22 extrapolated[1] 1:69:2 extreme[1] 1:84:18 extremely[2] 1:99:15_, 1:144:9	false [1] 1:27:3 familiar [1] 1:59:25 far [7] 1:13:2_, 1:13:17_, 1:46:8_, 1:61:21_, 1:75:6_, 1:89:8_, 1:151:22 Farah [1] 1:160:3	_, 1:53:15_, 1:58:20_, 1:60:16_, 1:66:6_, 1:70:18_, 1:70:20_, 1:71:1_, 1:71:22_, 1:74:12_, 1:78:6_, 1:80:20_, 1:81:2_, 1:85:13_, 1:90:25_, 1:91:14_, 1:91:16_, 1:96:22_, 1:100:7_, 1:100:24_,	_, 1:142:2 footnotes [1] 1:38:7 force [3] 1:115:24_, 1:136:4_, 1:152:22 foreclosed [1] 1:40:16 foregone [1] 1:32:22
F	favor <sub>[1]</sub> 1:13:3	1:108:4_, 1:110:1_, 1:113:23 _, 1:114:21_, 1:121:15_,	forerunner [1] 1:66:2 forget [1] 1:94:23
face [2] 1:26:7_, 1:41:12 faced [1] 1:24:5	FBI [9] 1:10:10_, 1:11:9 _, 1:11:16_, 1:11:20_, 1:13:9 _, 1:120:19_, 1:130:7_,	1:121:17_, 1:126:12_, 1:143:11_, 1:158:3	form [1] 1:58:22 Former [1] 1:5:5

former [9]\_ - 1:5:14\_, 1:40:14\_, 1:66:5\_, 1:68:10\_, 1:71:4\_, 1:106:1\_, 1:113:5\_, 1:113:11\_, 1:157:22 forth [1]\_ - 1:4:18 forward [5]\_ - 1:7:24\_, 1:11:12\_, 1:37:12\_, 1:48:16 \_, 1:104:1 foundation [1]\_ - 1:112:17 Foundation [3]\_ - 1:5:7\_, 1:5:9\_, 1:90:22 four [10]\_ - 1:41:6\_, 1:43:14. \_, 1:58:6\_, 1:90:24\_, 1:98:13 \_, 1:99:21\_, 1:115:7\_, 1:117:1\_, 1:117:12\_, 1:118:20 fourth [2]\_ - 1:58:8\_, 1:91:3 frame [1]\_ - 1:24:9 framed [3]\_ - 1:26:21\_, 1:54:13\_, 1:54:16 framework [5]\_ - 1:18:20. \_, 1:40:22\_, 1:47:1\_, 1:47:5\_, 1:150:2 frankly [1]\_ - 1:20:10 Free [1]\_ - 1:49:23 free [4]\_ - 1:25:17\_, 1:46:20\_, 1:46:24\_, 1:95:3 free-floating [1]\_ -1:25:17 freedom [1]- - 1:61:19 frequent [1]\_ - 1:119:25 frequently [1]\_ - 1:45:10 Freytag [2]\_ - 1:103:20\_, 1:155:20 Friedrich [3]\_ - 1:8:17\_, 1:43:18\_, 1:52:5 friend [12]\_ - 1:41:25\_, 1:43:18\_, 1:52:13\_, 1:53:11 \_, 1:54:4\_, 1:54:14\_, 1:60:14 \_, 1:62:10\_, 1:67:1\_, 1:98:24 \_, 1:147:13\_, 1:147:24 friends [1]\_ - 1:113:6 front [3]\_ - 1:139:18\_, 1:139:21\_, 1:139:23 full [2]\_ - 1:150:21\_, 1:152:2 full-blown [1]\_ - 1:150:21 fully [4]\_ - 1:61:16\_, 1:66:22\_, 1:119:22\_, 1:152:6 function [2]\_ - 1:61:15\_, 1:132:5 functional [1]\_ - 1:4:5

Fund  $[1]_-$  - 1:49:23 fundamental  $[2]_-$  - 1:36:6 \_, 1:120:7 funding  $[3]_-$  - 1:106:13\_, 1:106:14\_, 1:106:17 future  $[2]_-$  - 1:44:19\_, 1:140:8

#### G

gallery [1]\_ - 1:3:25 game [1]\_ - 1:100:14 GAO [2]\_ - 1:106:18\_, 1:107:5 gap [1]\_ - 1:52:11 Garfield [3]\_ - 1:60:18\_, 1:110:3\_, 1:158:21 Garland [14]\_ - 1:26:9\_, 1:26:14\_, 1:26:22\_, 1:75:13 \_, 1:75:14\_, 1:94:5\_, 1:103:1 \_, 1:117:3\_, 1:119:24\_, 1:120:22\_, 1:124:11\_, 1:125:20\_, 1:134:16\_, 1:134:19 Garland's [2]\_ - 1:138:9\_, 1:144:2 Garner [5]\_ - 1:42:1\_, 1:118:9\_, 1:119:6\_, 1:160:7 \_, 1:160:15 Gary [1]\_ - 1:5:6 Gene [1]\_ - 1:5:22 general [33]\_ - 1:9:25\_, 1:10:25\_, 1:11:24\_, 1:12:23 \_, 1:12:24\_, 1:35:21\_, 1:54:16\_, 1:55:2\_, 1:81:21\_, 1:82:10\_, 1:82:24\_, 1:84:3\_, 1:84:5\_, 1:84:7\_, 1:84:11\_, 1:84:12\_, 1:84:13\_, 1:84:20 \_, 1:93:14\_, 1:105:10\_, 1:107:5\_, 1:109:21\_, 1:109:22\_, 1:113:5\_, 1:131:13\_, 1:131:18\_, 1:132:1\_, 1:132:12\_, 1:132:13\_, 1:132:17\_, 1:132:18\_, 1:142:23 General [179]\_ - 1:5:5\_, 1:7:6\_, 1:9:11\_, 1:10:22\_, 1:10:23\_, 1:11:1\_, 1:11:23\_, 1:14:11\_, 1:14:22\_, 1:15:18 \_, 1:16:21\_, 1:16:22\_, 1:16:24\_, 1:17:1\_, 1:17:6\_, 1:17:10\_, 1:17:15\_, 1:17:18 \_, 1:19:20\_, 1:21:2\_, 1:24:12 \_, 1:25:3\_, 1:25:12\_, 1:25:14

\_, 1:25:19\_, 1:26:9\_, 1:26:14

\_, 1:26:17\_, 1:26:22\_, 1:27:8

\_, 1:27:12\_, 1:27:25\_, 1:28:3

\_, 1:28:16\_, 1:29:24\_, 1:32:9 \_, 1:33:5\_, 1:39:3\_, 1:40:15\_, 1:40:23\_, 1:41:15\_, 1:42:14 \_, 1:43:7\_, 1:43:9\_, 1:43:11\_, 1:46:19\_, 1:47:16\_, 1:47:23 \_, 1:48:10\_, 1:48:12\_, 1:48:20\_, 1:48:25\_, 1:49:4\_, 1:49:11\_, 1:50:1\_, 1:50:2\_, 1:50:20\_, 1:51:3\_, 1:51:9\_, 1:52:1\_, 1:53:6\_, 1:54:17\_, 1:56:10\_, 1:56:19\_, 1:56:24 \_, 1:57:7\_, 1:57:8\_, 1:57:9\_, 1:57:13\_, 1:58:3\_, 1:58:7\_, 1:62:23\_, 1:64:15\_, 1:66:5\_, 1:66:10\_, 1:67:2\_, 1:67:24\_, 1:69:7\_, 1:69:13\_, 1:70:2\_, 1:75:2\_, 1:75:6\_, 1:75:12\_, 1:75:14\_, 1:76:13\_, 1:76:21 \_, 1:76:25\_, 1:77:6\_, 1:78:23 \_, 1:79:5\_, 1:79:14\_, 1:80:17 \_, 1:81:5\_, 1:81:11\_, 1:82:20 \_, 1:82:23\_, 1:82:24\_, 1:82:25\_, 1:83:3\_, 1:83:4\_, 1:83:6\_, 1:83:24\_, 1:85:7\_, 1:87:24\_, 1:92:4\_, 1:92:16\_, 1:92:23\_, 1:93:1\_, 1:93:18\_, 1:94:4\_, 1:96:5\_, 1:96:8\_, 1:103:1\_, 1:108:10\_, 1:108:13\_, 1:108:14\_, 1:108:16\_, 1:108:21\_, 1:115:19\_, 1:116:25\_, 1:117:7\_, 1:120:17\_, 1:121:9 \_, 1:121:11\_, 1:121:22\_, 1:121:24\_, 1:122:23\_, 1:122:25\_, 1:124:11\_, 1:125:1\_, 1:125:10\_, 1:125:16\_, 1:126:19\_, 1:127:18\_, 1:129:12\_, 1:130:8\_, 1:130:10\_, 1:131:16\_, 1:131:18\_, 1:132:9\_, 1:132:20\_, 1:135:5 \_, 1:135:11\_, 1:135:17\_, 1:136:3\_, 1:136:7\_, 1:136:11. \_, 1:137:5\_, 1:137:20\_, 1:143:6\_, 1:144:2\_, 1:144:9 \_, 1:144:18\_, 1:145:5\_, 1:145:9\_, 1:146:11\_, 1:146:21\_, 1:148:8\_, 1:148:11\_, 1:148:18\_, 1:149:5\_, 1:149:7\_, 1:149:13 \_, 1:149:16\_, 1:149:24\_, 1:150:11\_, 1:150:15\_, 1:151:2\_, 1:151:5\_, 1:151:12 \_, 1:152:6\_, 1:152:24\_, 1:153:7\_, 1:157:21\_, 1:158:2 \_, 1:159:5\_, 1:159:18 General's [6]\_ - 1:8:5\_, 1:9:14\_, 1:29:9\_, 1:30:5\_, 1:47:20\_, 1:108:24

generally [3]\_ - 1:75:20\_,

1:131:20\_, 1:138:16 generals [2]\_ - 1:18:1\_, 1:68:17 Generals [1]\_ - 1:68:16 genre [1]\_ - 1:45:12 genuine [1]\_ - 1:116:3 geographic [2] - 1:15:3, 1:38:14 geographically[2]\_ -1:126:20\_, 1:126:22 geography[1]\_ - 1:23:24 Germaine [4]\_ - 1:98:12\_, 1:98:13\_, 1:100:2\_, 1:155:16 gesturing [1]\_ - 1:88:11 Ginsburg [1]\_ - 1:45:24 given [12]\_ - 1:8:2\_, 1:37:9. \_, 1:42:24\_, 1:45:17\_, 1:45:20\_, 1:93:7\_, 1:113:21 \_, 1:114:1\_, 1:119:11\_, 1:131:21\_, 1:134:2\_, 1:134:21 gloss [1]\_ - 1:36:12 glosses [1]\_ - 1:36:5 gorilla [1]\_ - 1:103:23 govern [1]\_ - 1:109:20 governed[1]\_ - 1:121:1 Government [9]\_ -1:24:22\_, 1:37:24\_, 1:38:5\_, 1:46:6\_. 1:53:25\_. 1:65:24\_. 1:66:4\_, 1:72:10\_, 1:138:15 government [48]\_ -1:5:14\_, 1:9:7\_, 1:16:25\_, 1:17:7\_, 1:17:19\_, 1:17:23\_, 1:18:21\_, 1:19:7\_, 1:20:2\_, 1:20:11\_, 1:20:25\_, 1:22:15 \_, 1:22:17\_, 1:28:14\_, 1:32:25\_, 1:33:19\_, 1:35:17 \_, 1:38:16\_, 1:51:18\_, 1:51:20\_, 1:52:3\_, 1:54:6\_, 1:68:16\_, 1:68:22\_, 1:71:4\_, 1:71:5\_, 1:83:22\_, 1:84:2\_, 1:86:4\_, 1:88:9\_, 1:105:13\_, 1:105:17\_, 1:105:20\_, 1:105:24\_, 1:106:4\_, 1:106:15\_, 1:106:18\_, 1:106:20\_, 1:107:2\_, 1:107:4 \_, 1:107:8\_, 1:111:24\_, 1:144:6\_, 1:146:7\_, 1:151:1 \_, 1:155:12\_, 1:155:14 government's [3]\_ -1:29:22\_, 1:104:25\_, 1:105:8 governs [1]\_ - 1:23:23 grammatically [1]\_ -1:85:5 Grand [3]\_ - 1:43:17\_,

1:105:20\_, 1:105:23\_,

1:106:2\_, 1:106:15\_,

1:106:18\_, 1:106:20\_,

higher [5]\_ - 1:78:6\_,

1:107:2\_, 1:107:4\_, 1:107:8

1:48:25\_, 1:84:6 grand [7]\_ - 1:18:13\_, 1:18:15\_, 1:23:20\_, 1:59:8\_, 1:59:14\_, 1:134:3\_, 1:137:25 Grant [9]\_ - 1:109:25\_, 1:110:2\_, 1:110:9\_, 1:110:11 \_, 1:111:18\_, 1:156:13\_, 1:158:12\_, 1:158:19\_, 1:159:4 grant [9]\_ - 1:42:22\_, 1:60:16\_, 1:64:14\_, 1:65:4\_, 1:106:1\_, 1:110:10\_, 1:110:13\_, 1:156:6 granted [2]\_ - 1:99:13\_, 1:118:24 grants [1]\_ - 1:44:16 grasps [1]\_ - 1:97:12 grateful [1]\_ - 1:90:22 gravamen [1]\_ - 1:105:19 great [4]\_ - 1:25:15\_, 1:68:18\_, 1:96:3 greater[1]\_ - 1:46:8 greatest [1]\_ - 1:92:24 ground [2]\_ - 1:73:1\_, 1:101:18 grounds [2]\_ - 1:31:24\_, 1:119:16 group [1]\_ - 1:71:3 Guard [5]\_ - 1:72:16\_, 1:73:21\_, 1:74:1\_, 1:78:7\_, 1:78:12 guess [11]\_ - 1:47:13\_, 1:49:13\_, 1:50:19\_, 1:55:8\_, 1:59:23\_, 1:60:5\_, 1:61:12\_, 1:82:7\_, 1:84:7\_, 1:88:24\_, 1:149:15 guidance [1]\_ - 1:98:9 guided [1] - 1:49:16 quilt<sub>[2]</sub> - 1:74:3\_, 1:78:9 Η

hand [4]\_ - 1:48:7\_,
1:67:25\_, 1:152:13
handle [1]\_ - 1:24:1
hands [1]\_ - 1:79:19
hands-off [1]\_ - 1:79:19
handy [1]\_ - 1:103:3
hanging [1]\_ - 1:108:9
hangs [1]\_ - 1:62:7
happy [12]\_ - 1:41:2\_,
1:45:21\_, 1:46:15\_, 1:47:9\_,
1:51:15\_, 1:55:21\_, 1:56:15\_,
1:71:16\_, 1:82:3\_, 1:84:23

\_, 1:91:7\_, 1:96:16 Harbach [1]\_ - 1:3:10 hard [2]\_ - 1:22:8\_, 1:99:15 Hartwell [3]\_ - 1:98:11\_, 1:98:12\_, 1:155:17 head [8]\_ - 1:26:24\_, 1:31:21\_, 1:54:17\_, 1:61:1\_, 1:63:20\_, 1:64:10\_, 1:156:18 \_, 1:158:25 headlong [1]\_ - 1:40:20 hear [5]\_ - 1:6:9\_, 1:40:7\_, 1:40:19\_, 1:70:25\_, 1:138:25 heard [19]\_ - 1:4:19\_, 1:42:3\_, 1:43:18\_, 1:53:11\_, 1:53:21\_, 1:54:4\_, 1:54:14\_, 1:55:10\_, 1:55:16\_, 1:56:2\_, 1:71:16\_, 1:117:6\_, 1:129:18 \_, 1:133:23\_, 1:134:14\_, 1:138:5\_, 1:156:5\_, 1:157:17 \_, 1:157:20 hearing [9]\_ - 1:27:22\_, 1:28:24\_, 1:139:25\_, 1:143:11\_, 1:143:21\_, 1:143:25\_, 1:144:23\_, 1:149:21 hearings [1]\_ - 1:86:16 heartburn [1]\_ - 1:149:15 heed [1]\_ - 1:160:11 held [5]\_ - 1:115:4\_, 1:116:3\_, 1:118:6\_, 1:132:16 \_, 1:138:3 hello [1]\_ - 1:4:14 help[1]\_ - 1:128:1 helpful [4]\_ - 1:71:18\_, 1:82:12\_, 1:153:19\_, 1:161:7 helps [2]\_ - 1:134:12\_, 1:156:22 hermetically [1]\_ -1:130:21 herself<sub>[1]</sub>\_ - 1:56:24 HHS [1]\_ - 1:9:16 hidden [1]\_ - 1:133:6 hide [1]\_ - 1:149:10 hiding [1]\_ - 1:148:24 high [15]\_ - 1:17:8\_, 1:86:15\_, 1:105:13\_, 1:105:17\_, 1:105:20\_, 1:105:23\_, 1:106:2\_, 1:106:7

\_, 1:106:15\_, 1:106:18\_,

high-ranking [12]\_ -

1:105:13\_, 1:105:17\_,

\_, 1:107:8

1:106:20\_, 1:107:2\_, 1:107:4

high-level [1]\_ - 1:106:7

1:78:13\_, 1:78:15\_, 1:145:19 highly [6]\_ - 1:74:4\_, 1:78:8\_, 1:85:18\_, 1:135:24 Hilario [1] - 1:31:18 himself [1]\_ - 1:115:19 hire [5]\_ - 1:56:11\_, 1:57:7. \_, 1:57:9\_, 1:63:18\_, 1:154:25 hired [1]\_ - 1:140:8 hiring [6]\_ - 1:20:25\_, 1:55:7\_, 1:56:23\_, 1:57:17\_, 1:62:21\_, 1:62:23 historical [17] - 1:24:15, 1:24:20\_, 1:33:3\_, 1:39:14\_, 1:39:15\_, 1:52:11\_, 1:53:3\_, 1:56:15\_, 1:59:18\_, 1:60:11 \_, 1:62:8\_, 1:76:22\_, 1:89:11 \_, 1:110:15\_, 1:121:14\_, 1:126:5\_, 1:157:20 historically [6]\_ - 1:12:1\_, 1:61:20\_, 1:61:22\_, 1:86:10 \_, 1:125:23\_, 1:139:4 history [25]\_ - 1:20:2\_, 1:21:16\_, 1:21:18\_, 1:22:6\_, 1:22:7\_, 1:22:14\_, 1:22:17\_, 1:22:18\_, 1:23:13\_, 1:24:2\_, 1:24:16\_, 1:40:17\_, 1:59:19 \_, 1:59:25\_, 1:60:15\_, 1:61:5 \_, 1:61:9\_, 1:61:10\_, 1:62:11 \_, 1:65:8\_, 1:65:9\_, 1:110:16 \_, 1:126:7\_, 1:156:2\_, 1:156:3 hit [1]\_ - 1:140:20 hold [2]\_ - 1:122:12\_, 1:138:22 holding [16]\_ - 1:27:9\_, 1:34:13\_, 1:35:21\_, 1:42:4\_, 1:44:11\_, 1:93:24\_, 1:94:2\_, 1:94:3\_, 1:94:4\_, 1:94:21\_, 1:94:23\_, 1:95:13\_, 1:114:22 \_, 1:115:22\_, 1:117:16\_, 1:119:10 holds [1]\_ - 1:12:10 hole [1]\_ - 1:133:7 home [2]\_ - 1:127:2\_, 1:161:8 Homeland [2]\_ - 1:89:15 \_, 1:89:22 honestly [1]\_ - 1:24:17 Honor [66]\_ - 1:3:9\_, 1:3:12\_, 1:3:17\_, 1:3:21\_,

1:4:6\_, 1:6:7\_, 1:6:17\_, 1:6:19\_, 1:6:22\_, 1:8:8\_, 1:13:13\_, 1:19:10\_, 1:21:24 \_, 1:35:25\_, 1:36:14\_, 1:37:13\_, 1:38:22\_, 1:40:11 \_, 1:42:3\_, 1:71:2\_, 1:71:6\_, 1:71:16\_, 1:80:10\_, 1:81:3\_, 1:83:10\_, 1:85:2\_, 1:87:11\_, 1:88:11\_, 1:90:19\_, 1:91:8, 1:91:13\_, 1:92:20\_, 1:94:25 \_, 1:95:9\_, 1:96:7\_, 1:96:16\_, 1:98:11\_, 1:99:21\_, 1:100:22 \_, 1:102:23\_, 1:104:10\_, 1:106:13\_, 1:107:21\_, 1:107:24, 1:110:18\_, 1:111:17\_, 1:112:11\_, 1:112:20\_, 1:112:22\_, 1:113:4\_, 1:113:22\_, 1:115:8 \_, 1:116:3\_, 1:120:15\_, 1:121:13\_, 1:134:13\_, 1:137:15\_, 1:139:23\_, 1:140:19\_, 1:143:21\_, 1:144:21\_, 1:145:8\_, 1:145:14\_, 1:146:9\_, 1:147:9 \_, 1:158:5 Honor's [1]\_ - 1:28:10 honored [1]\_ - 1:113:4 hope [1]\_ - 1:45:14 hopefully [1]\_ - 1:27:20 hour [1]\_ - 1:70:17 House [2]\_ - 1:135:9\_, 1:139:17 houses [1]\_ - 1:93:16 Howell [1]\_ - 1:52:4 huge [1]\_ - 1:135:10 human [1]\_ - 1:30:22 Hur [3]\_ - 1:12:21\_, 1:51:25 \_, 1:66:10 hurt [1]\_ - 1:96:1

idea [10]. - 1:26:19., 1:30:25., 1:37:18., 1:60:1., 1:63:17., 1:100:13., 1:111:19., 1:111:20., 1:115:14., 1:146:14 ideas [2]. - 1:20:24., 1:100:6

ignore<sub>[1]</sub>\_ - 1:139:9 II<sub>[1]</sub>\_ - 1:108:11

ill<sub>[1]</sub>\_ - 1:118:19

1:115:14\_, 1:146:14 ideas [2]\_ - 1:20:24\_, 1:100:6 identical [1]\_ - 1:71:24 identified [4]\_ - 1:10:13\_, 1:55:1\_, 1:131:9\_, 1:153:16 identifying [1]\_ - 1:65:20

ill-considered [1]	1:87:12_, 1:130:20	1:105:19_, 1:106:16_,	instance [2] 1:44:6_,
1:118:19	included [2] 1:141:4_,	1:145:12_, 1:145:18_,	1:159:20
illuminating[1] 1:161:6	1:142:15	1:149:3_, 1:149:6_, 1:149:8	instead [4] 1:20:22_,
illustrated [1] 1:78:20	includes [6] 1:53:20_,	_, 1:149:13_, 1:149:17	1:39:18_, 1:72:25_, 1:74:15
	1:54:1_, 1:70:11_, 1:88:13_,	indictments [2] 1:134:4	insufficiency [1]
illustrates [1] 1:78:5	1:90:3_, 1:141:23	_, 1:145:21	1:35:22
imagine [2] 1:54:7_,	including [5] 1:51:23_,	indisputably[1]	integral [1] 1:86:23
1:89:20	1:58:24_, 1:83:3_, 1:85:22_,	1:141:6	=
immediately[1]	1:145:17	individual <sub>[7]</sub> 1:49:15_,	intend [1] 1:135:7
1:110:11	includingand [1]	1:60:1_, 1:63:19_, 1:67:9_,	intention <sub>[2]</sub> 1:107:16_,
immense [1] 1:86:24	1:52:1	1:78:14_, 1:78:16_, 1:100:8	1:124:2
immunity [1] 1:88:8	inconsistent[3]	individuals <sub>[12]</sub> 1:5:21_,	inter [1] 1:73:17
impact [1] 1:106:12	1:108:25_, 1:109:1_, 1:144:1	1:57:11_, 1:59:13_, 1:59:15	interact [1] 1:84:23
		_, 1:66:8_, 1:68:12_, 1:68:17	interaction [1] 1:19:3
impeachment [1]	incorrect <sub>[2]</sub> 1:123:8_,	_, 1:69:6_, 1:69:8_, 1:151:20	interchangeably[1]
1:93:16	1:150:20	_, 1:153:12_, 1:158:8	1:154:14
imperfect [1] 1:125:24	increased [3] 1:13:14_,	individuals' [1] 1:21:22	
implausible[1] 1:133:8	1:124:22_, 1:124:23	infamous [1] 1:60:22	interest [1] 1:113:10
implication [2] 1:74:25.	indeed [1] 1:113:20	inference [1] 1:51:8	interesting [1] 1:129:11
_, 1:84:14	independence[16]		interestingly[1]
implicitly [1] 1:90:11	1:22:11_, 1:24:13_, 1:46:8_,	inferior [57] 1:7:16_,	1:158:8
importance <sub>[2]</sub>	1:48:7_, 1:62:1_, 1:67:25_,	1:11:1_, 1:11:24_, 1:17:24_,	interfere [2] 1:93:1_,
1:137:22_, 1:160:4	1:68:1_, 1:71:25_, 1:74:14_,	1:26:4_, 1:26:25_, 1:31:16_,	1:93:4
important [39] 1:7:11_,	1:92:24_, 1:110:14_,	1:31:17_, 1:32:15_, 1:40:22 _, 1:46:10_, 1:47:11_, 1:49:6	interference [2]
1:12:5_, 1:13:4_, 1:13:11_,	1:143:16_, 1:143:22_,	_, 1:49:19_, 1:50:9_, 1:69:12	1:28:23_, 1:144:16
1:15:11_, 1:15:13_, 1:22:14	1:146:4_, 1:147:1_, 1:150:21	_, 1:71:9_, 1:71:21_, 1:72:1_,	interim [2] 1:31:20_,
_, 1:28:22_, 1:29:3_, 1:30:6_,	independent <sub>[45]</sub>	1:72:17_, 1:72:22_, 1:73:5_,	1:65:25
1:30:7_, 1:30:9_, 1:33:4_,	1:12:2_, 1:20:7_, 1:21:20_,	1:73:9_, 1:73:10_, 1:73:11_,	Interior [2] 1:61:1_,
1:38:10_, 1:73:6_, 1:73:24_,	1:24:5_, 1:26:12_, 1:26:15_,	1:77:23_, 1:80:14_, 1:82:10	1:61:2
1:82:14_, 1:83:22_, 1:84:9_,	1:31:12_, 1:37:22_, 1:37:25 _, 1:46:7_, 1:46:20_, 1:46:23	_, 1:83:15_, 1:83:17_,	interloper <sub>[1]</sub> 1:86:8
1:86:10_, 1:86:13_, 1:92:3_,	_, 1:47:1_, 1:48:8_, 1:60:7_,	1:83:19_, 1:83:24_, 1:84:1_,	•
1:93:5_, 1:99:10_, 1:99:16_,	1:62:5_, 1:63:8_, 1:66:2_,	1:87:5_, 1:88:14_, 1:90:3_,	intermittent [2]
1:103:10_, 1:105:15_,	1:66:7_, 1:67:6_, 1:67:9_,	1:91:21_, 1:103:4_, 1:103:12	1:155:18_, 1:155:22
1:108:6_, 1:113:17_,	1:67:16_, 1:68:2_, 1:71:24_,	_, 1:103:14_, 1:122:20_,	internal <sub>[4]</sub> 1:72:7_,
1:114:12_, 1:119:24_,	1:72:9_, 1:72:11_, 1:72:20_,	1:122:21_, 1:123:1_, 1:123:20_, 1:123:24_,	1:74:20_, 1:147:21_,
1:121:4_, 1:122:2_, 1:137:8	1:96:14_, 1:96:20_, 1:97:5_,	1:132:18_, 1:132:21_,	1:148:14
_, 1:137:19_, 1:140:17_, 1:142:21_, 1:145:17_,	1:99:3_, 1:101:23_, 1:104:17	1:134:17_, 1:137:11_,	interplay <sub>[1]</sub> 1:19:11
1:160:8	_, 1:104:24_, 1:105:2_,	1:143:15_, 1:149:25_,	interpret [1] 1:114:7
imposed [1] 1:72:11	1:105:7_, 1:106:6_, 1:107:7	1:152:20_, 1:152:25_,	interpretation <sub>[7]</sub>
imposes [3] 1:74:13_,	_, 1:110:10_, 1:114:15_, 1:126:9_, 1:144:19_, 1:158:1	1:156:20_, 1:156:24_,	1:54:10_, 1:120:2_, 1:121:2
•	_, 1:158:9	1:159:1_, 1:159:3	_, 1:126:14_, 1:126:16_,
1:75:4_, 1:85:7	Independent <sub>[5]</sub> 1:47:8	inferred [1] 1:101:17	1:133:8_, 1:133:25
impression [1] 1:30:3		inform [2] 1:19:23_,	interpretations <sub>[2]</sub>
inability <sub>[2]</sub> 1:78:14_,	_, 1:65:24_, 1:67:22_, 1:72:14_, 1:121:1	1:23:6	1:120:7_, 1:133:22
1:78:15	independently [6]	information [2] 1:29:19	interpretative <sub>[2]</sub>
inappropriate <sub>[6]</sub>		_, 1:151:3	1:54:9_, 1:130:3
1:48:15_, 1:79:15_, 1:80:11	1:26:11_, 1:32:11_, 1:69:9_,	informed [1] 1:118:17	interpreted [1] 1:54:21
_, 1:135:24_, 1:146:22_,	1:69:11_, 1:80:21_, 1:144:5		interpreting [4] 1:13:13
1:151:6	indicate [2] 1:41:18_,	initiate <sub>[1]</sub> 1:134:3	_, 1:35:25_, 1:64:22_,
incident <sub>[2]</sub> 1:97:18_,	1:42:3	initiation <sub>[1]</sub> 1:85:3	1:114:13
1:101:24	indicates <sub>[1]</sub> 1:90:2	initio <sub>[1]</sub> 1:86:12	interregnum [1]
incidental <sub>[2]</sub> 1:97:10_,	indicative[1] 1:158:14	inquiry <sub>[2]</sub> 1:91:16_,	1:84:12
1:99:19	indicted [1] 1:138:3	1:106:12	intervene[1] 1:137:1
inclined [2] 1:14:14_,	indictment [15] 1:4:21_,	inside [1] 1:139:7	intervening[1] 1:72:7
1:55:22	1:27:13_, 1:50:11_, 1:50:17	insisting [1] 1:63:11	
include [3] 1:81:10_,	_, 1:50:21_, 1:51:2_,	insofar <sub>[1]</sub> 1:59:22	intrabranch [5] 1:34:25
		111301a1 [1] 1.39.22	_, 1:35:6_, 1:42:9_, 1:115:3_,

\_, 1:116:18\_, 1:118:11\_,

1:139:2\_, 1:141:17\_,

1:142:25\_, 1:143:13\_,

1:139:17 intrinsically [1]\_ - 1:64:5 invalidly[1]\_ - 1:69:18 investigate [2]\_ -1:110:12\_, 1:127:1 investigation[3]\_ -1:26:11\_, 1:38:2\_, 1:102:1 Investigation [2]\_ - 1:84:6 \_, 1:129:17 investigations[1]\_ -1:101:18 investigative [7]\_ - 1:29:3 \_, 1:48:13\_, 1:50:14\_, 1:55:20\_, 1:67:10\_, 1:78:24 invoke [2]\_ - 1:41:11\_, 1:131:7 invoked [3]\_ - 1:127:9\_, 1:127:11\_, 1:129:22 invokes [1]\_ - 1:45:3 invoking [1]\_ - 1:52:17 involved [8]\_ - 1:35:7\_, 1:42:10\_, 1:60:23\_, 1:105:17. \_, 1:136:21\_, 1:156:25\_, 1:160:5\_, 1:160:10 involves[3]\_ - 1:8:8\_, 1:62:1\_, 1:97:16 involving[6]\_ - 1:23:10\_, 1:29:4\_, 1:55:19\_, 1:93:14\_, 1:98:2\_, 1:145:16 Iran [6]\_ - 1:38:2\_, 1:66:17 \_, 1:66:24\_, 1:67:8\_, 1:67:13 \_, 1:125:3 Iran-Contra [6]\_ - 1:38:2 \_, 1:66:17\_, 1:66:24\_, 1:67:8 \_, 1:67:13\_, 1:125:3 IRVING [2]\_ - 1:3:21\_, Irving [2]\_ - 1:3:22\_, 1:6:18 IS [1]\_ - 1:95:18 issuance [1]\_ - 1:149:5 issue [50]\_ - 1:6:2\_, 1:8:18 \_, 1:13:15\_, 1:17:3\_, 1:22:3\_, 1:23:8\_, 1:25:20\_, 1:27:23\_, 1:28:11\_, 1:28:13\_, 1:30:14 \_, 1:32:14\_, 1:36:12\_ 1:39:11\_, 1:41:7\_, 1:41:10\_, 1:41:11\_, 1:41:14\_, 1:41:15. \_, 1:42:14\_, 1:45:13\_, 1:46:22\_, 1:72:23\_, 1:72:24 \_, 1:73:8\_, 1:75:14\_, 1:78:17. \_, 1:83:11\_, 1:84:10\_, 1:86:2 \_, 1:86:9\_, 1:86:19\_, 1:95:4\_, 1:104:23\_, 1:112:13\_, 1:114:7\_, 1:116:1\_, 1:134:3 \_, 1:134:13\_, 1:135:1\_,

1:139:23\_, 1:140:12\_, 1:140:13\_, 1:141:25\_, 1:144:12\_, 1:148:1\_, 1:148:16 issued [7]\_ - 1:26:9\_, 1:43:2\_, 1:49:25\_, 1:67:2\_, 1:77:7\_, 1:94:5 issues [10]\_ - 1:19:9\_, 1:25:20\_, 1:29:20\_, 1:36:6\_, 1:38:19\_, 1:44:17\_, 1:44:19 \_, 1:71:8\_, 1:71:17\_, 1:72:5 IT [2]\_ - 1:6:2\_, 1:6:3 items [1]\_ - 1:97:25 itself [11]\_ - 1:41:5\_, 1:48:6. \_, 1:48:9\_, 1:48:23\_, 1:49:21 \_, 1:65:2\_, 1:65:20\_, 1:78:21 \_, 1:89:4\_, 1:128:14\_, 1:153:4

#### J

**Jack** [16]\_ - 1:4:22\_, 1:12:9. \_, 1:20:6\_, 1:26:10\_, 1:26:25 \_, 1:32:11\_, 1:32:16\_, 1:36:19\_, 1:38:15\_, 1:75:11. \_, 1:97:14\_, 1:98:2\_, 1:98:4\_, 1:98:23\_, 1:99:6 Jackson [1]\_ - 1:137:19 JAG [1]\_ - 1:64:11 James [3]\_ - 1:3:10\_, 1:40:11\_, 1:76:25 Janet [1]\_ - 1:133:9 January [3]\_ - 1:97:16\_, 1:105:17\_, 1:106:11 Jaworski [2]\_ - 1:92:5\_, 1:111:22 **Jay** [1]\_ - 1:3:9 job<sub>[1]</sub>\_ - 1:17:15 John [3] - 1:3:22, 1:66:9 \_, 1:95:11 join [1]\_ - 1:4:24 Josh [2]\_ - 1:5:22\_, 1:90:21 judge [5]\_ - 1:35:7\_, 1:98:18\_, 1:136:22\_, 1:137:4 \_, 1:139:18 Judge [38]\_ - 1:7:9\_, 1:7:18\_, 1:8:17\_, 1:9:21\_, 1:10:5\_, 1:12:4\_, 1:12:25\_, 1:15:10\_, 1:16:1\_, 1:16:19\_, 1:20:22\_, 1:21:13\_, 1:22:4\_, 1:22:24\_, 1:24:17\_, 1:34:17. \_, 1:34:19\_, 1:35:14\_, 1:37:1 \_, 1:39:6\_, 1:40:10\_, 1:43:18 \_, 1:45:24\_, 1:52:4\_, 1:52:5\_, 1:84:5\_, 1:111:17\_, 1:113:7.

1:143:18\_, 1:145:6\_, 1:147:7 \_, 1:160:2 judges [21]\_ - 1:18:15\_, 1:41:6\_, 1:41:8\_, 1:44:10\_, 1:45:5\_, 1:45:19\_, 1:50:6\_, 1:72:16\_, 1:73:16\_, 1:73:17. \_, 1:73:21\_, 1:78:12\_, 1:95:4 \_, 1:114:19\_, 1:117:23\_, 1:117:25\_, 1:118:10\_, 1:136:15\_, 1:151:17\_, 1:153:11\_, 1:155:21 judgment [1]\_ - 1:26:12 judicial [6]\_ - 1:14:9\_, 1:42:2\_, 1:73:19\_, 1:108:15 \_, 1:127:2\_, 1:129:21 Judiciary [1] - 1:121:13 judiciary [1]\_ - 1:135:9 jumps [2]\_ - 1:20:17 juries [1]\_ - 1:134:3 jurisdiction [6]\_ - 1:25:4\_, 1:45:1\_, 1:61:17\_, 1:77:8\_, 1:77:19\_, 1:120:23 jurisdictional [3]\_ -1:44:19\_, 1:44:22\_, 1:44:24 jurisprudence [1]\_ -1:144:12 jurisprudential [1]\_ -1:95:3 jury [6]\_ - 1:18:13\_, 1:18:16 \_, 1:23:20\_, 1:59:8\_, 1:59:14 \_, 1:138:1 Jury [3]\_ - 1:43:17\_, 1:48:25\_, 1:84:6 justice [2]\_ - 1:111:12\_, 1:137:20 Justice [57]\_ - 1:19:25\_, 1:28:21\_, 1:29:1\_, 1:29:9\_, 1:29:15\_, 1:30:23\_, 1:37:19 \_, 1:56:4\_, 1:56:6\_, 1:56:8\_, 1:56:11\_, 1:56:18\_, 1:60:15 \_, 1:62:22\_, 1:67:21\_, 1:68:12\_, 1:68:19\_, 1:69:1\_, 1:69:6\_, 1:69:11\_, 1:69:15\_, 1:72:3\_, 1:72:13\_, 1:74:5\_, 1:77:11\_, 1:82:23\_, 1:84:1\_, 1:85:4\_, 1:89:7\_, 1:89:12\_, 1:89:17\_, 1:95:19\_, 1:96:19. \_, 1:98:21\_, 1:99:9\_, 1:99:24 \_, 1:100:23\_, 1:101:6\_, 1:101:10\_, 1:101:22\_, 1:108:1\_, 1:113:15\_, 1:120:11\_, 1:120:19\_, 1:121:4\_, 1:134:11\_, 1:139:7 \_, 1:144:15\_, 1:145:10\_,

1:145:13\_, 1:147:16\_, 1:148:25\_, 1:150:17\_, 1:154:19\_, 1:159:11\_, 1:159:16\_, 1:159:18 Justice's [1]\_ - 1:50:4 justices [2]\_ - 1:72:2\_, 1:136:18 justiciability [9]\_ - 1:34:13\_, 1:42:7\_, 1:44:7\_, 1:44:24\_, 1:94:19\_, 1:114:24\_, 1:115:17\_, 1:115:19\_, 1:115:22 justiciable [4]\_ - 1:34:16\_, 1:115:2\_, 1:115:5\_, 1:116:16 justify [2]\_ - 1:7:4\_, 1:9:8

### Κ

Kagan [3]\_ - 1:100:6\_, 1:101:7\_, 1:154:19 Kagan's [3]\_ - 1:99:9\_, 1:99:24\_, 1:100:23 Kavanaugh [1]\_ - 1:67:21 keen [1]\_ - 1:113:10 keep [3]\_ - 1:70:16\_, 1:147:10\_, 1:160:1 key [4]\_ - 1:25:20\_, 1:92:18 \_, 1:120:15 keyword<sub>[1]</sub>\_ - 1:100:10 kind [39]\_ - 1:24:2\_, 1:24:15\_, 1:25:25\_, 1:27:20. \_, 1:40:24\_, 1:43:1\_, 1:43:7\_, 1:44:21\_, 1:45:18\_, 1:49:4\_, 1:52:11\_, 1:60:3\_, 1:61:19\_, 1:61:20\_, 1:62:11\_, 1:63:8\_, 1:65:10\_, 1:66:12\_, 1:66:22 \_, 1:68:1\_, 1:74:14\_, 1:76:3\_, 1:79:16\_, 1:89:19\_, 1:103:22 \_, 1:109:8\_, 1:118:18\_, 1:125:2\_, 1:132:14\_, 1:133:16\_, 1:135:11\_, 1:138:16\_, 1:138:20\_, 1:139:9\_, 1:143:20\_, 1:145:4 \_, 1:148:13\_, 1:152:17 kinds [6]\_ - 1:55:13\_, 1:59:11\_, 1:119:16\_, 1:132:10\_, 1:145:17\_, 1:150:23 Kise [1]\_ - 1:3:13 known [1]\_ - 1:66:1 knows [4]\_ - 1:9:11\_, 1:30:25\_, 1:88:25\_, 1:131:12

# L

lack [1]\_ - 1:19:5

limited [14]\_ - 1:11:18\_,

1:15:14\_, 1:55:12\_, 1:77:7\_,

1:77:8\_, 1:77:19\_, 1:94:3\_,

lacked <sub>[1]</sub> 1:40:15
lacks [1] 1:138:22
lacuna [1] 1:53:3
Lago [1] 1:97:18
laid <sub>[2]</sub> - 1:9:13_, 1:17:20
Landmark [2] 1:5:9_,
1:90:22
landscape <sub>[1]</sub> 1:100:14
language <sub>[20]</sub> 1:7:14_,
1:8:25_, 1:31:19_, 1:32:1_,
1:46:5_, 1:50:12_, 1:50:21_,
1:56:7_, 1:63:15_, 1:77:22_,
1:88:18_, 1:92:18_, 1:97:22 _, 1:108:19_, 1:114:10_,
1:117:21_, 1:126:17_,
1:135:19_, 1:155:22_,
1:159:13
lapse <sub>[2]</sub> 1:65:23_,
1:104:19
lapsed [1] 1:65:25
lapsing [1] 1:68:2
large [1] 1:23:16
larger <sub>[1]</sub> 1:64:8
Larry [1] 1:6:8
last [10] 1:22:13_,
1:26:18_, 1:43:4_, 1:90:6_, 1:94:15_, 1:94:16_, 1:111:6
_, 1:112:11_, 1:124:22_,
1:143:14
latter [1] 1:150:14
law [29] 1:5:6_, 1:7:1_,
1:19:21_, 1:31:15_, 1:42:2_,
1:54:23_, 1:58:17_, 1:63:19
_, 1:63:20_, 1:64:10_,
1:98:10_, 1:100:8_, 1:100:11
_, 1:106:24_, 1:107:1_,
1:112:16_, 1:113:5_,
1:115:24_, 1:125:4_, 1:128:20_, 1:140:21_,
1:140:23_, 1:141:2_, 1:141:3
_, 1:151:25_, 1:156:19_,
1:159:2_, 1:160:6_, 1:161:1
lawful <sub>[2]</sub> 1:85:22_,
1:86:4
lawfully <sub>[3]</sub> 1:86:7_,
1:117:8_, 1:137:13
lawfulness <sub>[1]</sub> 1:86:12
Lawrence [1] 1:125:2
laws <sub>[1]</sub> 1:150:1
Lawson <sub>[2]_</sub> - 1:5:6_,
1:113:6
lawyer <sub>[1]</sub> 1:140:1
lawyer's [1] 1:10:13
lawyers <sub>[7]</sub> 1:5:13_,
10vv y 61 3 [/] 1.3.13_,

```
1:5:14_, 1:53:23_, 1:70:19_,
1:71:3_, 1:130:8_, 1:131:24
 lay [1]_ - 1:98:24
 laying [1]_ - 1:17:16
 lays [1]_ - 1:98:21
 lead [5]_ - 1:17:17_,
1:18:25_, 1:19:1_, 1:40:7_,
1:91:22
 leading [2]_ - 1:60:9_,
1:98:12
 least [17]_ - 1:5:18_, 1:7:16
_, 1:8:11_, 1:25:23_, 1:26:8_,
1:30:4_, 1:34:12_, 1:64:24_,
1:72:21_, 1:112:16_,
1:117:10_, 1:117:17_,
1:119:7_, 1:124:1_, 1:124:2
_, 1:135:12_, 1:138:19
 leave [2]_ - 1:3:14_,
1:51:13
 led [3]_ - 1:19:5_, 1:35:11_,
1:68:2
 left [5]_ - 1:65:10_,
1:105:20_, 1:107:14_,
1:134:21_, 1:142:2
 legal [5]_ - 1:33:19_,
1:44:16_, 1:78:4_, 1:112:2_,
1:152:10
 Legal<sub>[2]</sub>_ - 1:5:9_, 1:90:22
 legality[1]_ - 1:86:1
 legislate [1]_ - 1:88:25
 legislative[1]_ - 1:59:25
 legitimate [1]_ - 1:126:13
 Leon [1]_ - 1:92:5
 less [2]_ - 1:46:8_, 1:63:16
 letter [1]_ - 1:110:25
 level [15]_ - 1:17:9_, 1:23:5.
_, 1:23:18_, 1:25:23_, 1:30:4
_, 1:30:9_, 1:31:12_, 1:77:25
_, 1:78:18_, 1:106:7_,
1:135:18_, 1:135:19_,
1:135:21_, 1:136:14
 levels [1]_ - 1:71:21
 liberty [1]_ - 1:137:23
 life [1]_ - 1:137:23
 light [5]_ - 1:12:1_, 1:13:13.
_, 1:65:7_, 1:71:15_, 1:94:17
 likely [1]_ - 1:5:25
 liken [1]_ - 1:55:17
 limine [2]_ - 1:26:17_,
1:144:2
 limitations [5]_ - 1:15:4_,
```

1:18:19\_, 1:24:23\_, 1:38:14

\_, 1:72:11

```
1:94:22_, 1:97:9_, 1:99:6_,
1:106:14_, 1:107:8_,
1:123:25_, 1:161:3
 line [8]_ - 1:25:22_, 1:26:24
_. 1:31:17_. 1:46:2_. 1:56:7_.
1:95:11_, 1:123:14_,
1:154:10
 lines [1]_ - 1:39:13
 list [3]_ - 1:83:2_, 1:84:4_,
1:105:24
 listed [2]_ - 1:58:9_,
1:118:20
 listing [4]_ - 1:52:2_,
1:114:16_, 1:116:19_,
1:117:12
 lists [4]_ - 1:58:4_, 1:85:22
_, 1:87:9_, 1:92:22
 litigate [4]_ - 1:11:15_,
1:11:17_, 1:134:4_, 1:146:15
 litigated [2]_ - 1:139:23_,
1:140:1
 litigating [2]_ - 1:14:22_,
1:55:15
 litigation [22]_ - 1:8:9_,
1:8:15_, 1:11:13_, 1:14:1_,
1:14:4_, 1:27:18_, 1:29:25_,
1:33:23_, 1:38:4_, 1:43:12_,
1:47:16_, 1:47:20_, 1:47:23.
_, 1:51:20_, 1:58:7_, 1:67:5_,
1:67:12_, 1:79:17_, 1:79:22
_, 1:79:25_, 1:115:1_,
1:153:8
 live [3]_ - 1:4:4_, 1:28:12_,
1:116:14
 Loan [2]_ - 1:66:18_,
1:128:22
 located [3]_ - 1:11:9_,
1:120:16_, 1:120:18
 lodged[1]_ - 1:48:9
 Logan [1]_ - 1:110:25
 logic [4]_ - 1:26:5_, 1:39:13
_, 1:146:13_, 1:147:2
 Look [1]_ - 1:42:8
 look [36]_ - 1:9:3_, 1:13:19.
_, 1:14:21_, 1:16:4_, 1:16:8_,
1:16:10_, 1:16:12_, 1:17:12
_, 1:21:14_, 1:23:4_, 1:23:22
_, 1:24:7_, 1:32:20_, 1:34:3_,
1:35:2, 1:36:9, 1:38:12,
1:39:12_, 1:45:14_, 1:72:25
_, 1:73:3_, 1:82:12_, 1:82:18.
_, 1:91:15_, 1:101:21_,
1:119:24_, 1:121:25_,
```

1:124:10\_, 1:126:17\_, 1:130:5\_, 1:134:24\_, 1:139:19\_, 1:149:9\_, 1:151:23\_, 1:152:14\_, 1:152:15 looked [7]\_ - 1:23:15\_, 1:45:5\_, 1:45:20\_, 1:81:23\_, 1:111:19\_, 1:141:21\_, 1:149:23 looking [13]\_ - 1:20:15\_, 1:24:6\_, 1:27:11\_, 1:27:15\_, 1:38:3\_, 1:38:6\_, 1:39:17\_, 1:42:21\_, 1:121:5\_, 1:151:22 \_, 1:151:25\_, 1:152:21\_, 1:152:23 looks [3]\_ - 1:97:4\_, 1:144:21\_, 1:155:11 lost [1]\_ - 1:37:3 lower [1]\_ - 1:118:7 lowercase[1]\_ - 1:153:24 Lowercase [1]\_ -1:153:25 Lucia [10]\_ - 1:98:7\_, 1:98:12\_, 1:99:9\_, 1:99:25\_, 1:100:12\_, 1:100:13\_, 1:100:14\_, 1:104:3\_, 1:154:13\_, 1:154:20 lunch [5]\_ - 1:5:25\_, 1:70:22\_, 1:81:2\_, 1:153:16 \_, 1:153:17

#### M

Madison [1]\_ - 1:108:8 magic [3]\_ - 1:64:13\_, 1:88:5\_, 1:88:10 magnitude [1]\_ - 1:31:10 main [2]\_ - 1:62:15\_, 1:95:8 majority [5]\_ - 1:72:4\_, 1:72:6\_, 1:94:16\_, 1:101:11 \_, 1:134:11 malleable [4]\_ - 1:64:20\_, 1:64:24\_, 1:65:2\_, 1:98:9 manage [1]\_ - 1:26:11 Management [4]\_ -1:8:16\_, 1:14:10\_, 1:27:22\_, 1:30:6 manner<sub>[1]</sub>\_ - 1:11:12 Manual [7]\_ - 1:28:22\_, 1:29:1\_, 1:29:9\_, 1:29:15\_, 1:144:16\_, 1:145:10\_, 1:145:13 map [1]\_ - 1:74:9 Mar<sub>[1]</sub>\_ - 1:97:18

Mar-a-Lago [1]\_ - 1:97:18 Marbury [1]\_ - 1:108:8 March [2]\_ - 1:28:24\_, 1:144:23 marker [1]\_ - 1:62:9 Marshall [1] - 1:95:12 masters [1]\_ - 1:155:21 matter [15]\_ - 1:34:15\_, 1:44:23\_, 1:59:18\_, 1:59:21 \_, 1:61:20\_, 1:63:22\_, 1:82:4 \_, 1:106:5\_, 1:114:7\_, 1:115:16\_, 1:116:18\_, 1:124:1\_, 1:126:15\_, 1:144:7. \_, 1:158:11 mattered [1]\_ - 1:35:7 matters [8]\_ - 1:10:7\_, 1:24:10\_, 1:42:5\_, 1:79:13\_, 1:92:17\_, 1:94:1\_, 1:99:11\_, 1:138:9 Matthew [2]\_ - 1:5:22\_, 1:71:3 Maurice [1]\_ - 1:95:12 MAURICE [1]\_ - 1:95:12 max [1]\_ - 1:113:2 mean [62]\_ - 1:11:11\_, 1:13:19\_, 1:16:4\_, 1:17:23\_, 1:17:24\_, 1:19:18\_, 1:21:18 \_, 1:28:11\_, 1:29:24\_, 1:33:3 \_, 1:37:10\_, 1:39:18\_, 1:41:14\_, 1:44:1\_, 1:44:7\_, 1:47:19\_, 1:51:19\_, 1:52:10 \_, 1:52:23\_, 1:53:16\_, 1:54:22\_, 1:54:24\_, 1:55:4\_, 1:59:22\_, 1:61:19\_, 1:62:6\_, 1:64:25\_, 1:65:1\_, 1:65:12\_, 1:69:10\_, 1:70:5\_, 1:74:22\_, 1:75:16\_, 1:77:9\_, 1:82:1\_, 1:82:4\_, 1:95:10\_, 1:96:10\_, 1:98:5\_, 1:100:17\_, 1:101:15. \_, 1:101:16\_, 1:126:1\_, 1:129:24\_, 1:131:6\_, 1:131:7. \_, 1:140:18\_, 1:142:3\_, 1:145:8\_, 1:148:12\_, 1:148:22\_, 1:151:16\_, 1:152:4\_, 1:152:17\_, 1:153:3. \_, 1:154:16\_, 1:156:16\_, 1:157:9\_, 1:157:11\_, 1:159:9 \_, 1:159:11 meaning [9]\_ - 1:15:7\_, 1:34:25\_, 1:55:18\_, 1:64:24 \_, 1:109:13\_, 1:109:16\_, 1:141:11\_, 1:142:14\_, 1:155:1 meaningfully [1]\_ -1:39:21 means [29]\_ - 1:11:15\_,

1:11:18\_, 1:12:16\_, 1:14:23 \_, 1:17:9\_, 1:19:23\_, 1:31:22 \_, 1:35:15\_, 1:36:16\_, 1:38:11\_, 1:62:18, 1:79:8\_, 1:91:3\_, 1:95:16\_, 1:96:2\_, 1:98:21\_, 1:104:12\_, 1:104:25\_, 1:105:2\_, 1:105:3 \_, 1:107:1\_, 1:133:20\_, 1:141:1\_, 1:141:5\_, 1:141:12 \_, 1:141:20\_, 1:142:12 meant [4]\_ - 1:16:7\_, 1:61:7\_, 1:131:1\_, 1:140:24 meanwhile [1]\_ - 1:95:22 measure [4]\_ - 1:23:17\_, 1:71:24\_, 1:74:10\_, 1:143:21 mechanism [6]\_ - 1:57:11 \_, 1:67:18\_, 1:77:2\_, 1:83:13 \_, 1:122:11\_, 1:157:12 mechanisms [1]\_ -1:66:20 Meese [6]\_ - 1:5:5\_, 1:7:6 \_, 1:67:2\_, 1:113:5\_, 1:113:8 \_, 1:125:1 meet [2]\_ - 1:148:15 meetings [3]\_ - 1:27:24\_, 1:30:1\_, 1:30:2 members [4]\_ - 1:93:9\_, 1:93:10\_, 1:93:12\_, 1:135:9 mention [3]\_ - 1:79:3\_, 1:97:7\_, 1:110:1 mentioned [13]\_ - 1:58:20 \_, 1:83:10\_, 1:84:2\_, 1:92:2\_, 1:103:23\_, 1:110:4\_, 1:118:8 \_, 1:125:10\_, 1:128:6\_, 1:134:6\_, 1:152:8\_, 1:157:24 \_, 1:158:7 mere [7]\_ - 1:100:2\_, 1:101:3\_, 1:103:6\_, 1:103:20 \_, 1:113:20\_, 1:134:7\_, 1:151:18 merely [3]\_ - 1:7:8\_, 1:35:23\_, 1:109:13 merged [1]\_ - 1:20:3 meritorious [1]\_ - 1:8:21 merits [2]\_ - 1:44:8\_, 1:95:6 Merrick [2]\_ - 1:75:13\_, 1:75:14 Michael [1]\_ - 1:113:5 might [16]\_ - 1:45:12\_, 1:45:14\_, 1:87:14\_, 1:87:15 \_, 1:89:23\_, 1:94:16\_, 1:95:25\_, 1:96:1\_, 1:96:18\_, 1:99:25\_, 1:103:25\_,

1:104:18\_, 1:104:22\_,

1:108:15\_, 1:110:25\_,

1:112:10 military [1]\_ - 1:64:7 millions [1] - 1:102:2 mind [4]\_ - 1:9:6\_, 1:12:9\_, 1:25:7\_, 1:75:9 mindful [1]\_ - 1:8:7 minimum [1]\_ - 1:114:11 Minnesota [2]\_ - 1:160:5 \_, 1:160:6 minute [5]\_ - 1:25:2\_, 1:30:24\_, 1:70:20\_, 1:104:18 \_, 1:114:2 minutes [2]\_ - 1:111:5\_, 1:133:13 misconduct [1]\_ - 1:75:19 mission [1]\_ - 1:97:3 mistake [2]\_ - 1:125:5\_, 1:126:1 mistaken [4]... - 1:52:18..., 1:53:13\_, 1:57:18\_, 1:58:2 mistakes [3]\_ - 1:125:7\_, 1:125:25\_, 1:138:19 misunderstood [1]\_ -1:158:15 mixed [1]\_ - 1:58:24 modern [7] - 1:22:6, 1:62:19\_, 1:65:10\_, 1:65:12 \_, 1:65:17\_, 1:89:17\_, 1:111:22 modified [1]\_ - 1:58:23 modify [4]\_ - 1:146:16\_, 1:146:23\_, 1:151:12 moment [9]\_ - 1:49:1\_, 1:56:16\_, 1:58:20\_, 1:59:5\_, 1:62:4\_, 1:92:11\_, 1:105:4\_, 1:155:3\_, 1:159:14 momentarily [1]\_ - 1:4:10 Monday [4]\_ - 1:4:25\_, 1:104:22\_, 1:107:11\_, 1:146:6 month [1]\_ - 1:26:13 months [1]\_ - 1:124:1 morning [24]\_ - 1:3:2\_, 1:3:9\_, 1:3:12\_, 1:3:17\_, 1:3:21\_, 1:3:24\_, 1:3:25\_, 1:8:13\_, 1:12:7\_, 1:13:24\_, 1:40:11\_, 1:40:13\_, 1:83:10. \_, 1:85:3\_, 1:88:12\_, 1:104:11\_, 1:104:13\_, 1:145:11\_, 1:146:8\_, 1:149:11\_, 1:153:14\_, 1:154:12\_, 1:157:24\_, 1:160:18 Morrison [20]\_ - 1:67:6\_,

1:72:20\_, 1:72:24\_, 1:96:17 \_, 1:96:19\_, 1:97:5\_, 1:98:7\_, 1:103:16\_, 1:103:17\_, 1:103:18\_, 1:103:22\_, 1:104:2\_, 1:112:8\_, 1:112:12 \_, 1:112:14\_, 1:144:11\_, 1:155:7 most [17]\_ - 1:16:3\_, 1:16:8 \_, 1:22:13\_, 1:25:8\_, 1:45:9\_, 1:45:10\_, 1:71:17\_, 1:73:6\_, 1:73:7\_, 1:86:10\_, 1:96:5\_, 1:110:15\_, 1:111:7\_, 1:118:19\_, 1:127:1\_, 1:132:14\_, 1:141:19 motion [31]\_ - 1:4:19\_, 1:4:20\_, 1:4:24\_, 1:4:25\_, 1:5:2\_, 1:5:10\_, 1:5:18\_, 1:5:24\_, 1:6:23\_, 1:13:2\_, 1:19:6\_, 1:20:4\_, 1:22:20\_, 1:26:17\_, 1:28:6\_, 1:28:18\_, 1:29:5\_, 1:29:7\_, 1:30:10\_, 1:36:6\_, 1:40:8\_, 1:104:25\_, 1:113:10\_, 1:139:3\_, 1:139:21\_, 1:143:1\_, 1:144:2 \_, 1:145:25\_, 1:147:5\_, 1:150:3\_, 1:160:22 motions [4]\_ - 1:7:1\_, 1:14:14\_, 1:146:2\_, 1:146:3 mouse [1]\_ - 1:133:7 move [6]\_ - 1:44:6\_, 1:44:7 \_, 1:126:19\_, 1:126:21<sub>\_</sub>, 1:129:8\_, 1:132:24 moved [1]\_ - 1:140:13 MR [250]\_ - 1:3:9\_, 1:3:12\_, 1:3:17\_, 1:3:21\_, 1:6:14\_, 1:6:17\_, 1:6:19\_, 1:6:22\_, 1:7:9\_, 1:7:18\_, 1:7:20\_, 1:10:2\_, 1:10:5\_, 1:10:15\_, 1:11:7\_, 1:12:4\_, 1:12:20\_, 1:12:25\_, 1:13:24\_, 1:15:10 \_, 1:16:1, 1:16:17\_, 1:16:19 \_, 1:16:23\_, 1:17:24\_, 1:18:9 \_, 1:18:23\_, 1:19:15\_, 1:20:21\_, 1:21:5\_, 1:21:13\_, 1:21:24\_, 1:22:12\_, 1:22:24. \_, 1:23:15\_, 1:24:6\_, 1:24:17 \_, 1:25:6\_, 1:26:2\_, 1:27:14\_, 1:27:17\_, 1:28:10\_, 1:29:7\_, 1:30:17\_, 1:31:5\_, 1:31:18\_, 1:32:8\_, 1:32:20\_, 1:34:17\_, 1:35:24\_, 1:36:5\_, 1:37:1\_, 1:37:6\_, 1:37:23\_, 1:39:9\_, 1:40:10\_, 1:40:11\_, 1:40:14 \_, 1:41:15\_, 1:41:22\_, 1:43:3 \_. 1:44:1\_. 1:44:21\_. 1:46:3\_. 1:46:15\_, 1:46:17\_, 1:47:9\_, 1:47:18\_, 1:48:22\_, 1:49:13 \_, 1:50:12\_, 1:50:19\_,

1:71:23\_, 1:72:4\_, 1:72:14\_,

1:50:25\_, 1:51:7\_, 1:51:15\_, 1:52:9\_, 1:52:22\_, 1:53:2\_, 1:53:10\_, 1:54:14\_, 1:54:22 \_, 1:55:4\_, 1:56:1\_, 1:57:4\_, 1:57:22\_, 1:58:2\_, 1:58:12\_, 1:58:18\_, 1:58:23\_, 1:59:17 \_, 1:59:22\_, 1:60:10\_, 1:61:18\_, 1:62:6\_, 1:62:18\_, 1:63:13\_, 1:64:21\_, 1:65:13 \_, 1:65:15\_, 1:65:18\_, 1:66:21\_, 1:67:13\_, 1:68:5\_, 1:68:9\_, 1:69:10\_, 1:69:21\_, 1:70:5\_, 1:70:15\_, 1:71:2\_, 1:74:10\_, 1:74:24\_, 1:75:10. \_, 1:75:21\_, 1:76:5\_, 1:76:18 \_, 1:76:20\_, 1:77:5\_, 1:77:13 \_, 1:78:3\_, 1:79:7\_, 1:79:18\_, 1:79:22\_, 1:80:1\_, 1:80:7\_, 1:80:10\_, 1:80:12\_, 1:80:16. \_, 1:80:19\_, 1:80:25\_, 1:81:19\_, 1:81:22\_, 1:82:11 \_, 1:83:7\_, 1:83:9\_, 1:83:14\_, 1:84:22\_, 1:85:1\_, 1:86:3\_, 1:87:6\_, 1:87:11\_, 1:87:15\_, 1:87:21\_, 1:88:4\_, 1:89:5\_, 1:90:14\_, 1:90:17\_, 1:90:19. \_, 1:91:12\_, 1:92:14\_, 1:95:9 \_, 1:96:7\_, 1:96:16\_, 1:97:24 \_, 1:98:11\_, 1:99:21\_, 1:100:22\_, 1:101:21\_, 1:102:14\_, 1:102:25\_, 1:104:7\_, 1:104:10\_, 1:105:6 \_, 1:106:9\_, 1:106:13\_, 1:106:25\_, 1:107:18\_, 1:107:21\_, 1:107:24\_, 1:109:5\_, 1:109:11, 1:110:18 \_, 1:110:20\_, 1:111:6\_, 1:112:20\_, 1:112:22\_, 1:113:2\_, 1:113:4\_, 1:115:13. \_, 1:116:2\_, 1:116:8\_, 1:116:11\_, 1:117:19\_, 1:118:2\_, 1:119:1\_, 1:119:3, 1:119:13\_, 1:119:15\_, 1:119:19\_, 1:120:14\_, 1:121:19\_, 1:122:13\_, 1:122:17\_, 1:123:9\_, 1:123:17\_, 1:124:20\_, 1:125:18\_, 1:125:24\_, 1:126:11\_, 1:127:24\_, 1:128:4\_, 1:128:11\_, 1:128:19\_, 1:128:24\_, 1:129:10\_, 1:129:24\_, 1:130:18\_, 1:130:25\_, 1:131:4\_, 1:131:10\_, 1:132:3. \_, 1:132:19\_, 1:133:5\_, 1:133:14\_, 1:136:2\_, 1:137:18\_, 1:139:2\_, 1:141:17\_, 1:142:7\_, 1:142:24\_, 1:143:13\_, 1:145:6\_, 1:147:7\_, 1:147:9 \_, 1:147:20\_, 1:148:5\_,

1:148:12\_, 1:148:22\_, 1:149:9\_, 1:149:18\_, 1:150:6 \_, 1:150:12\_, 1:150:22\_, 1:151:14\_, 1:152:2\_, 1:152:17\_, 1:153:3\_, 1:153:9, 1:153:21\_, 1:153:25 \_, 1:156:1\_, 1:157:8\_, 1:157:14\_, 1:157:16\_, 1:158:1\_, 1:158:5\_, 1:158:15 \_, 1:158:24\_, 1:159:9\_, 1:159:23\_, 1:159:25 Mueller [9]\_ - 1:12:10\_, 1:14:4\_, 1:14:15\_, 1:20:18\_, 1:29:25\_, 1:33:23\_, 1:35:18 \_, 1:39:4\_, 1:51:20 Mueller's [2]\_ - 1:14:2\_, 1:27:18 Mukasey [6]\_ - 1:5:5\_, 1:7:6\_, 1:108:16\_, 1:113:5\_, 1:113:7\_, 1:116:18 multiple [2]\_ - 1:76:12\_, 1:88:19 multiyear [1]\_ - 1:101:18 Murrell<sub>[1]</sub>\_ - 1:3:22 must [13]\_ - 1:15:22\_, 1:26:5\_, 1:53:16\_, 1:100:8\_, 1:100:10\_, 1:101:7\_, 1:101:9 \_, 1:101:12\_, 1:108:12\_, 1:139:8\_, 1:144:19

# Ν

name [3]\_ - 1:23:11\_, 1:110:21\_, 1:110:25 named [1]\_ - 1:107:22 names [1]\_ - 1:158:6 narcotics [1]\_ - 1:154:6 narrow [2]\_ - 1:141:5\_, 1:141:6 narrower<sub>[1]</sub>\_ - 1:116:2 national [2]\_ - 1:29:4\_, 1:145:16 National [3]\_ - 1:29:16\_, 1:30:23\_, 1:147:19 nationwide [1]\_ -1:120:23 naturally [1]\_ - 1:63:3 nature [4]\_ - 1:35:3\_, 1:42:25\_, 1:119:14\_, 1:147:2 Nauta [4]\_ - 1:3:5\_, 1:3:16 \_, 1:3:18\_, 1:4:23 naval [1]\_ - 1:60:24 nearly [1]\_ - 1:61:9 necessarily [12]\_ -1:11:11\_, 1:11:19\_, 1:42:13.

\_, 1:42:20\_, 1:43:8\_, 1:48:22 \_, 1:50:1\_, 1:122:11\_, 1:122:13\_, 1:134:9\_, 1:157:10 necessary [16]\_ - 1:28:5\_, 1:28:12\_, 1:28:17\_, 1:29:12 \_, 1:31:3\_, 1:34:22\_, 1:36:2\_, 1:36:5\_, 1:42:5\_, 1:43:20\_, 1:43:23\_, 1:44:11\_, 1:78:18 \_, 1:114:22\_, 1:127:14\_, 1:146:1 need [19]\_ - 1:4:8\_, 1:5:17. \_, 1:13:1\_, 1:13:17\_, 1:20:4\_, 1:20:9\_, 1:60:2\_, 1:62:12\_, 1:78:1\_, 1:96:13\_, 1:109:23 \_, 1:114:6\_, 1:132:4\_, 1:132:5\_, 1:148:15\_, 1:152:15\_, 1:157:13 needed [1]\_ - 1:119:5 needs [6]\_ - 1:21:7\_, 1:21:10\_, 1:26:25\_, 1:120:2 \_, 1:126:15 negative [1]\_ - 1:51:19 neighborhood[1]\_-1:142:13 Neptune [1]\_ - 1:133:21 never [4]\_ - 1:18:14\_, 1:85:24\_, 1:108:17\_, 1:138:4 nevertheless [1]\_ -1:82:9 new [6]\_ - 1:73:1\_, 1:75:14. \_, 1:75:22\_, 1:76:15\_, 1:90:10\_, 1:99:7 New [2]\_ - 1:23:10\_, 1:59:6 next [6]\_ - 1:73:19\_, 1:92:25\_, 1:93:6\_, 1:95:9\_, 1:100:5\_, 1:120:18 nine<sub>[2]</sub> - 1:72:3, 1:72:15 Nixon [61]\_ - 1:12:6\_, 1:12:14\_, 1:19:10\_, 1:20:15 \_, 1:20:16\_, 1:22:4\_, 1:32:19 \_, 1:32:20\_, 1:32:23\_, 1:33:5 \_, 1:33:8\_, 1:33:10\_, 1:33:21 \_, 1:33:25\_, 1:34:4\_, 1:34:8\_, 1:34:24\_, 1:35:3\_, 1:36:10\_, 1:36:16\_, 1:36:23\_, 1:37:10 \_, 1:37:15\_, 1:38:18\_, 1:41:3 \_, 1:41:5\_, 1:41:9\_, 1:41:17\_, 1:42:8\_, 1:45:1\_, 1:45:21\_, 1:46:2\_, 1:47:22\_, 1:52:12\_, 1:52:25\_, 1:58:14\_, 1:65:20 \_, 1:85:19\_, 1:85:20\_, 1:85:25\_, 1:91:2\_, 1:92:1\_, 1:92:11\_, 1:94:25\_, 1:112:6. \_, 1:113:23\_, 1:114:14\_, 1:115:13\_, 1:117:5\_, 1:117:7. \_, 1:118:20\_, 1:118:25\_,

1:119:1\_, 1:119:14\_, 1:139:13\_, 1:139:14\_, 1:140:5\_, 1:140:14\_, 1:152:5. \_, 1:159:25\_, 1:160:18 Nixon's [4]\_ - 1:95:6\_, 1:115:1\_, 1:115:9\_, 1:115:16 nobody [3]\_ - 1:33:17\_, 1:86:18\_, 1:147:3 Nofziger [1]\_ - 1:66:17 nominated [3]\_ - 1:49:17. \_, 1:129:4\_, 1:137:12 nomination [3]\_ -1:122:16\_, 1:157:1\_, 1:157:5 non [3]\_ - 1:115:2\_, 1:125:16 non-justiciable [1]\_ -1:115:2 non-sitting [1]\_ - 1:125:16 noncontinuous [3]\_ -1:96:9\_, 1:102:3\_, 1:108:22 none [4]\_ - 1:76:18\_, 1:87:10\_, 1:115:8\_, 1:153:6 nonetheless [5]\_ - 1:53:5. \_, 1:58:13\_, 1:62:21\_, 1:158:9\_, 1:160:19 nonexistent [2]\_ - 1:27:4 \_, 1:49:9 noninferior [3]\_ - 1:122:5 \_, 1:122:9\_, 1:122:19 NOTE [1]\_ - 1:104:21 note [5]\_ - 1:53:23\_, 1:104:21\_, 1:105:6\_, 1:107:15\_, 1:110:9 noted [1]\_ - 1:94:6 nothing [9]\_ - 1:34:9\_, 1:42:12\_, 1:72:5\_, 1:97:9\_, 1:98:3\_, 1:117:5\_, 1:136:7\_, 1:136:9\_, 1:155:23 notice [4]\_ - 1:50:18\_, 1:75:5\_, 1:79:10\_, 1:108:16 noticed [1]\_ - 1:86:18 notification [2]\_ - 1:50:15 \_, 1:78:23 notion [1]\_ - 1:18:21 notwithstanding[2]\_ -1:95:4\_, 1:114:19 November [2]\_ - 1:20:6\_, 1:106:10 NSD<sub>[2]</sub>\_ - 1:145:13\_, 1:145:19 NSD's [1]\_ - 1:29:3 nub [1]\_ - 1:46:11 Number [3]\_ - 1:96:24\_, 1:97:1\_, 1:102:6

number [7]\_ - 1:29:17\_, 1:48:11\_, 1:68:14\_, 1:102:5 \_, 1:102:8\_, 1:131:21\_, 1:148:15

## 0

oath [2]\_ - 1:85:10\_, 1:127:15 obiter[1]\_ - 1:118:18 objection [1]\_ - 1:72:13 obliterated [1]\_ - 1:130:16 observation[1]\_ - 1:36:17 observed [1]\_ - 1:140:3 observing [1]\_ - 1:35:11 obtains [1]\_ - 1:138:5 obvious [3]\_ - 1:16:4\_, 1:16:8\_, 1:133:25 obviously [8]\_ - 1:14:18\_, 1:33:1\_, 1:33:3\_, 1:65:22\_, 1:67:6\_, 1:70:7\_, 1:129:12\_, 1:157:17 occasional [4] - 1:100:3 \_, 1:100:4\_, 1:155:18\_, 1:155:19 occasionally [2]\_ -1:102:24\_, 1:137:1 OCCUDY [4]\_ - 1:100:8\_, 1:100:10\_, 1:101:7\_, 1:114:5 occurred [2]\_ - 1:126:24\_, 1:127:2 odd [1]\_ - 1:53:17 OF [1]\_ - 1:95:21 Off-the-record [1]\_ -1:6:3 offer [1]\_ - 1:23:14 offered [2]\_ - 1:64:23\_, 1:102:6 offering [1]\_ - 1:84:15 office [27]\_ - 1:10:18\_, 1:30:13\_, 1:30:16\_, 1:31:4\_, 1:31:10\_, 1:46:20\_, 1:46:23 \_, 1:60:20\_, 1:96:24\_, 1:98:14\_, 1:101:17\_, 1:102:2 \_, 1:102:7\_, 1:103:15\_, 1:105:10\_, 1:105:20\_, 1:106:3\_, 1:106:8\_, 1:106:19 \_, 1:107:14\_, 1:113:19\_, 1:127:15\_, 1:132:2\_, 1:133:16\_, 1:137:13\_, 1:145:21 Office [21]\_ - 1:7:25\_, 1:13:25\_, 1:27:1\_, 1:27:8\_, 1:27:23\_, 1:28:16\_, 1:30:5\_,

1:40:8\_, 1:50:7\_, 1:51:22\_,

1:55:14\_, 1:101:20\_, 1:103:14\_, 1:120:17\_, 1:121:1\_, 1:144:5\_, 1:144:19 \_, 1:144:22\_, 1:145:7\_, 1:145:22 OFFICER [1]\_ - 1:6:6 Officer [1]\_ - 1:154:6 officer [111]\_ - 1:6:25\_, 1:7:5\_, 1:7:14\_, 1:7:16\_, 1:8:23\_, 1:9:10\_, 1:9:15\_, 1:9:19\_, 1:9:23\_, 1:10:8\_, 1:11:1\_, 1:11:24\_, 1:12:14\_, 1:12:23\_, 1:13:6\_, 1:13:8\_, 1:15:5\_, 1:15:19\_, 1:20:8\_, 1:25:7\_, 1:25:18\_, 1:25:21\_, 1:25:25\_, 1:26:4\_, 1:27:7\_, 1:28:18\_, 1:29:11\_, 1:30:8\_, 1:30:14\_, 1:30:20\_, 1:31:7\_, 1:40:20\_, 1:46:10\_, 1:46:11 \_, 1:49:6\_, 1:49:19\_, 1:49:22 \_, 1:55:2\_, 1:63:3\_, 1:63:5\_, 1:63:8\_, 1:64:18\_, 1:65:1\_, 1:71:9\_, 1:71:21\_, 1:72:1\_, 1:72:22\_, 1:73:5\_, 1:73:8\_, 1:73:9\_, 1:73:10\_, 1:73:11\_, 1:73:12\_, 1:73:14\_, 1:74:7\_, 1:77:23\_, 1:77:24\_, 1:82:10 \_, 1:83:6\_, 1:85:12\_, 1:89:1\_, 1:90:7\_, 1:91:3\_, 1:95:13\_, 1:99:16\_, 1:100:9\_, 1:100:11 \_, 1:100:25\_, 1:101:6\_, 1:102:17\_, 1:102:18\_, 1:103:6\_, 1:108:6\_, 1:109:15 \_, 1:113:20\_, 1:122:19\_, 1:122:20\_, 1:123:1\_, 1:123:3. \_, 1:123:16\_, 1:124:9\_, 1:131:13\_, 1:131:18\_, 1:134:6\_, 1:134:9\_, 1:134:17 \_, 1:134:18\_, 1:134:23\_, 1:134:25\_, 1:135:15\_, 1:137:11\_, 1:137:12\_, 1:143:15\_, 1:150:1\_, 1:152:20\_, 1:152:25\_, 1:154:10\_, 1:155:4\_, 1:155:11\_, 1:156:17\_, 1:156:20\_, 1:156:21\_, 1:156:24\_, 1:157:10\_, 1:158:19\_, 1:159:1\_, 1:159:3 officer-appointing [3]\_ -1:9:15\_, 1:9:19\_, 1:131:13 officer-creating [2]\_ -1:131:13\_, 1:131:18 officers [72]\_ - 1:8:22\_, 1:8:25\_, 1:9:4\_, 1:9:5\_, 1:9:12\_, 1:10:24\_, 1:17:24\_, 1:18:7\_, 1:21:12\_, 1:53:13\_, 1:53:20\_, 1:54:1\_, 1:54:3\_, 1:54:5\_, 1:54:6\_, 1:54:7\_, 1:54:8\_, 1:54:10\_, 1:55:6\_,

1:55:8\_, 1:56:23\_, 1:68:12\_, 1:72:17\_, 1:81:10\_, 1:81:14 \_, 1:82:25\_, 1:83:2\_, 1:83:15 \_, 1:83:17\_, 1:83:20\_, 1:83:24\_, 1:84:1\_, 1:87:5\_, 1:88:3\_, 1:88:14\_, 1:90:3\_, 1:90:13\_, 1:96:8\_, 1:108:12 \_, 1:108:13\_, 1:108:15\_, 1:108:25\_, 1:109:2\_, 1:109:12\_, 1:110:6\_, 1:122:5 \_, 1:122:9\_, 1:122:21\_, 1:123:7\_, 1:123:11\_, 1:123:14\_, 1:123:20\_, 1:123:21\_, 1:123:24\_, 1:130:24\_, 1:131:1\_, 1:131:6 \_, 1:131:7\_, 1:132:6\_, 1:132:18\_, 1:132:21\_, 1:135:3\_, 1:137:10\_, 1:138:17\_, 1:138:21\_, 1:141:23\_, 1:142:14\_, 1:143:9\_, 1:151:21\_, 1:153:12 offices [5]\_ - 1:30:21\_, 1:31:1\_, 1:50:9\_, 1:114:5\_, 1:121:18 official [27]\_ - 1:10:1\_, 1:10:3\_, 1:10:11\_, 1:13:10\_, 1:54:20\_, 1:64:18\_, 1:65:1\_, 1:65:3\_, 1:82:6\_, 1:82:9\_, 1:88:22\_, 1:90:7\_, 1:90:9\_, 1:90:12\_, 1:101:17\_, 1:105:13\_, 1:105:14\_, 1:105:17\_, 1:105:21\_, 1:105:24\_, 1:106:21\_, 1:107:8\_, 1:109:12\_, 1:141:12\_, 1:141:19\_, 1:154:8\_, 1:154:10 Officials [1]\_ - 1:53:13 officials [47]\_ - 1:5:14\_, 1:8:22\_, 1:9:1\_, 1:9:22\_, 1:10:19\_, 1:11:5\_, 1:12:12\_, 1:53:16\_, 1:53:19\_, 1:54:1\_, 1:54:3\_, 1:54:9\_, 1:54:15\_, 1:71:4\_, 1:78:13\_, 1:78:16\_, 1:78:17\_, 1:81:9\_, 1:81:20\_, 1:81:23\_, 1:82:23\_, 1:87:24 \_, 1:88:1\_, 1:88:3\_, 1:88:11\_, 1:88:12\_, 1:90:1\_, 1:90:2\_, 1:106:2\_, 1:106:7\_, 1:106:15 \_, 1:106:19\_, 1:107:2\_, 1:107:4\_, 1:109:9\_, 1:109:17 \_, 1:130:14\_, 1:130:16\_, 1:130:19\_, 1:130:23\_, 1:132:4\_, 1:141:15\_, 1:143:9 \_, 1:153:15\_, 1:154:3\_, 1:155:1 often [4]\_ - 1:8:25\_, 1:44:16\_, 1:84:11\_, 1:124:1

oil [1]\_ - 1:60:24

OLC [5]\_ - 1:97:6\_, 1:97:7 \_, 1:97:8\_, 1:100:12\_, 1:101:8 OLC's [2]\_ - 1:96:12\_, 1:96:17 old [3]\_ - 1:85:3\_, 1:104:16. \_, 1:107:6 older [2]\_ - 1:89:12\_, 1:125:7 Oliveira [4]\_ - 1:3:6\_, 1:3:20\_, 1:3:23\_, 1:4:24 Olson [5]\_ - 1:71:23\_, 1:96:17\_, 1:101:24\_, 1:112:12\_, 1:155:7 ominous [1]\_ - 1:17:22 omitted [1]\_ - 1:52:7 on-board [1]\_ - 1:97:1 once [5]\_ - 1:17:14\_... 1:38:10\_, 1:97:24\_, 1:99:1\_, 1:157:3 one [70]\_ - 1:4:7\_, 1:5:4\_, 1:25:19\_, 1:28:22\_, 1:30:12 \_, 1:34:20\_, 1:38:7\_, 1:38:18 \_, 1:39:11\_, 1:39:14\_, 1:48:6 \_, 1:49:14\_, 1:51:9\_, 1:51:16 \_, 1:53:2\_, 1:53:24\_, 1:55:7\_, 1:57:11\_, 1:64:3\_, 1:65:6\_, 1:67:11\_, 1:67:25\_, 1:70:17 \_, 1:75:2\_, 1:76:23\_, 1:82:7\_, 1:88:15\_, 1:88:23\_, 1:89:12 \_, 1:90:6\_, 1:92:3\_, 1:92:20\_, 1:93:5\_, 1:93:23\_, 1:94:4\_, 1:94:14\_, 1:95:17\_, 1:95:18 \_, 1:95:20\_, 1:98:16\_, 1:98:20\_, 1:99:13\_, 1:102:5 \_, 1:108:4\_, 1:108:7\_, 1:108:9\_, 1:110:9\_, 1:111:6 \_, 1:111:10\_, 1:112:4\_, 1:112:11\_, 1:114:8\_, 1:118:23\_, 1:120:7\_, 1:128:6 \_, 1:128:22\_, 1:138:1\_, 1:140:3\_, 1:140:22\_, 1:145:10\_, 1:146:15\_, 1:146:23\_, 1:149:13\_, 1:152:13\_, 1:154:4\_, 1:154:11\_, 1:155:15\_, 1:159:23\_, 1:160:25 one-off [7]\_ - 1:67:11\_, 1:92:3\_. 1:92:20\_. 1:94:4\_.. 1:95:17\_, 1:99:13\_, 1:112:4 one-sided [1]\_ - 1:138:1 ones [5]\_ - 1:81:24\_, 1:81:25\_, 1:82:1\_, 1:110:4\_, 1:140:16 ongoing [3]\_ - 1:46:21\_, 1:46:24\_, 1:102:8

operate <sub>[8]</sub> 1:12:24_,
1:27:9_, 1:31:11_, 1:55:2_, 1:57:8_, 1:57:12_, 1:69:8_,
1:69:10
operates [1] 1:29:2
operating <sub>[13]</sub> 1:17:19_,
1:18:11_, 1:27:6_, 1:28:14_,
1:28:17_, 1:29:9_, 1:29:10_,
1:29:23_, 1:32:11_, 1:32:16
_, 1:36:19_, 1:68:14_,
1:68:20
operation[1] 1:83:15
operative[3] 1:39:16_,
1:69:4_, 1:158:9
opine [1] 1:116:24
•
opinion [33] 1:32:2_,
1:34:23_, 1:36:3_, 1:39:12_,
1:44:6_, 1:45:1_, 1:47:3_,
1:50:4_, 1:64:6_, 1:72:16_,
1:92:6_, 1:96:12_, 1:96:17_,
1:99:9_, 1:99:24_, 1:100:12
_, 1:100:13_, 1:101:9_,
1:105:9_, 1:107:5_, 1:107:9
_, 1:114:25_, 1:115:1_,
1:117:7_, 1:117:9_, 1:118:3
_, 1:118:12_, 1:118:15_,
1:118:20_, 1:134:12_,
1:134:24_, 1:134:25
opinions <sub>[2]</sub> 1:52:4_,
opinions <sub>[2]</sub> 1:52:4_, 1:129:21
opinions <sub>[2]</sub> 1:52:4_,
opinions <sub>[2]</sub> 1:52:4_, 1:129:21
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_,
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20 opposition [6] 1:5:1_,
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20 opposition [6] 1:5:1_, 1:21:16_, 1:48:24_, 1:105:1.
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20 opposition [6] 1:5:1_, 1:21:16_, 1:48:24_, 1:105:1_, 1:105:8_, 1:139:3
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20 opposition [6] 1:5:1_, 1:21:16_, 1:48:24_, 1:105:1_, 1:105:8_, 1:139:3 option [3] 1:83:16_,
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20 opposition [6] 1:5:1_, 1:21:16_, 1:48:24_, 1:105:1_, 1:105:8_, 1:139:3 option [3] 1:83:16_, 1:83:18_, 1:83:19
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20 opposition [6] 1:5:1_, 1:21:16_, 1:48:24_, 1:105:1_, 1:105:8_, 1:139:3 option [3] 1:83:16_, 1:83:18_, 1:83:19 options [1] 1:52:21
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20 opposition [6] 1:5:1_, 1:21:16_, 1:48:24_, 1:105:1_, 1:105:8_, 1:139:3 option [3] 1:83:16_, 1:83:18_, 1:83:19
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20 opposition [6] 1:5:1_, 1:21:16_, 1:48:24_, 1:105:1, 1:105:8_, 1:139:3 option [3] 1:83:16_, 1:83:18_, 1:83:19 options [1] 1:52:21 oral [2] 1:6:16_, 1:84:5
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20 opposition [6] 1:5:1_, 1:21:16_, 1:48:24_, 1:105:1_, 1:105:8_, 1:139:3 option [3] 1:83:16_, 1:83:18_, 1:83:19 options [1] 1:52:21 oral [2] 1:6:16_, 1:84:5 order [48] 1:3:1_, 1:12:9.
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20 opposition [6] 1:5:1_, 1:21:16_, 1:48:24_, 1:105:1_, 1:105:8_, 1:139:3 option [3] 1:83:16_, 1:83:18_, 1:83:19 options [1] 1:52:21 oral [2] 1:6:16_, 1:84:5 order [48] 1:3:1_, 1:12:9_, _, 1:12:11_, 1:12:19_,
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20 opposition [6] 1:5:1_, 1:21:16_, 1:48:24_, 1:105:1_, 1:105:8_, 1:139:3 option [3] 1:83:16_, 1:83:18_, 1:83:19 options [1] 1:52:21 oral [2] 1:6:16_, 1:84:5 order [48] 1:3:1_, 1:12:9.
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20 opposition [6] 1:5:1_, 1:21:16_, 1:48:24_, 1:105:1_, 1:105:8_, 1:139:3 option [3] 1:83:16_, 1:83:18_, 1:83:19 options [1] 1:52:21 oral [2] 1:6:16_, 1:84:5 order [48] 1:3:1_, 1:12:9_, 1:12:20_, 1:20:18_, 1:25:5_,
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20 opposition [6] 1:5:1_, 1:21:16_, 1:48:24_, 1:105:1_, 1:105:8_, 1:139:3 option [3] 1:83:16_, 1:83:18_, 1:83:19 options [1] 1:52:21 oral [2] 1:6:16_, 1:84:5 order [48] 1:3:1_, 1:12:9_, 1:12:20_, 1:20:18_, 1:25:5_, 1:26:9_, 1:28:7_, 1:28:10_,
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20 opposition [6] 1:5:1_, 1:21:16_, 1:48:24_, 1:105:1_, 1:105:8_, 1:139:3 option [3] 1:83:16_, 1:83:18_, 1:83:19 options [1] 1:52:21 oral [2] 1:6:16_, 1:84:5 order [48] 1:3:1_, 1:12:9_, 1:12:20_, 1:20:18_, 1:25:5_, 1:26:9_, 1:28:7_, 1:28:10_, 1:40:25_, 1:51:21_, 1:51:23_, 1:57:20_, 1:60:8_, 1:66:20_,
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20 opposition [6] 1:5:1_, 1:21:16_, 1:48:24_, 1:105:1_, 1:105:8_, 1:139:3 option [3] 1:83:16_, 1:83:18_, 1:83:19 options [1] 1:52:21 oral [2] 1:6:16_, 1:84:5 order [48] 1:3:1_, 1:12:9_, 1:12:20_, 1:20:18_, 1:25:5_, 1:26:9_, 1:28:7_, 1:28:10_, 1:40:25_, 1:51:21_, 1:51:23_, 1:57:20_, 1:60:8_, 1:66:20_, 1:71:17_, 1:71:18_, 1:74:15
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20 opposition [6] 1:5:1_, 1:21:16_, 1:48:24_, 1:105:1_, 1:105:8_, 1:139:3 option [3] 1:83:16_, 1:83:18_, 1:83:19 options [1] 1:52:21 oral [2] 1:6:16_, 1:84:5 order [48] 1:3:1_, 1:12:9_, 1:12:20_, 1:20:18_, 1:25:5_, 1:26:9_, 1:28:7_, 1:28:10_, 1:40:25_, 1:51:21_, 1:51:23_, 1:51:24_, 1:52:8_, 1:53:5_, 1:57:20_, 1:60:8_, 1:66:20_, 1:71:17_, 1:71:18_, 1:74:15_, 1:74:17_, 1:75:11_,
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20 opposition [6] 1:5:1_, 1:21:16_, 1:48:24_, 1:105:1_, 1:105:8_, 1:139:3 option [3] 1:83:16_, 1:83:18_, 1:83:19 options [1] 1:52:21 oral [2] 1:6:16_, 1:84:5 order [48] 1:3:1_, 1:12:9_, 1:12:20_, 1:20:18_, 1:25:5_, 1:26:9_, 1:28:7_, 1:28:10_, 1:40:25_, 1:51:21_, 1:51:23_, 1:51:24_, 1:52:8_, 1:53:5_, 1:57:20_, 1:60:8_, 1:66:20_, 1:71:17_, 1:71:18_, 1:74:15_, 1:75:14_, 1:75:22_, 1:75:23
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20 opposition [6] 1:5:1_, 1:21:16_, 1:48:24_, 1:105:1_, 1:105:8_, 1:139:3 option [3] 1:83:16_, 1:83:18_, 1:83:19 options [1] 1:52:21 oral [2] 1:6:16_, 1:84:5 order [48] 1:3:1_, 1:12:9_, 1:12:20_, 1:20:18_, 1:25:5_, 1:26:9_, 1:28:7_, 1:28:10_, 1:40:25_, 1:51:21_, 1:51:23_, 1:51:24_, 1:52:8_, 1:53:5_, 1:57:20_, 1:60:8_, 1:66:20_, 1:71:17_, 1:71:18_, 1:74:15_, 1:74:17_, 1:75:11_, 1:75:14_, 1:75:22_, 1:75:23_, 1:76:8_, 1:76:9_, 1:76:16_,
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20 opposition [6] 1:5:1_, 1:21:16_, 1:48:24_, 1:105:1_, 1:105:8_, 1:139:3 option [3] 1:83:16_, 1:83:18_, 1:83:19 options [1] 1:52:21 oral [2] 1:6:16_, 1:84:5 order [48] 1:3:1_, 1:12:9_, 1:12:20_, 1:20:18_, 1:25:5_, 1:26:9_, 1:28:7_, 1:28:10_, 1:40:25_, 1:51:21_, 1:51:23_, 1:51:24_, 1:52:8_, 1:53:5_, 1:57:20_, 1:60:8_, 1:66:20_, 1:71:17_, 1:71:18_, 1:74:15_, 1:75:14_, 1:75:22_, 1:75:23_, 1:76:8_, 1:76:9_, 1:76:16_, 1:76:24_, 1:77:6_, 1:77:18_,
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20 opposition [6] 1:5:1_, 1:21:16_, 1:48:24_, 1:105:1_, 1:105:8_, 1:139:3 option [3] 1:83:16_, 1:83:18_, 1:83:19 options [1] 1:52:21 oral [2] 1:6:16_, 1:84:5 order [48] 1:3:1_, 1:12:9_, 1:12:20_, 1:20:18_, 1:25:5_, 1:26:9_, 1:28:7_, 1:28:10_, 1:40:25_, 1:51:21_, 1:51:23_, 1:51:24_, 1:52:8_, 1:53:5_, 1:57:20_, 1:60:8_, 1:66:20_, 1:71:17_, 1:71:18_, 1:74:15_, 1:74:17_, 1:75:11_, 1:75:14_, 1:75:22_, 1:75:23_, 1:76:24_, 1:76:9_, 1:76:16_, 1:76:24_, 1:77:6_, 1:77:18_, 1:97:16_, 1:97:21_, 1:103:3
opinions [2] 1:52:4_, 1:129:21 opportunity [2] 1:71:6_, 1:87:19 opposed [3] 1:25:18_, 1:47:11_, 1:73:5 opposite [1] 1:15:20 opposition [6] 1:5:1_, 1:21:16_, 1:48:24_, 1:105:1_, 1:105:8_, 1:139:3 option [3] 1:83:16_, 1:83:18_, 1:83:19 options [1] 1:52:21 oral [2] 1:6:16_, 1:84:5 order [48] 1:3:1_, 1:12:9_, 1:12:20_, 1:20:18_, 1:25:5_, 1:26:9_, 1:28:7_, 1:28:10_, 1:40:25_, 1:51:21_, 1:51:23_, 1:51:24_, 1:52:8_, 1:53:5_, 1:57:20_, 1:60:8_, 1:66:20_, 1:71:17_, 1:71:18_, 1:74:15_, 1:75:14_, 1:75:22_, 1:75:23_, 1:76:8_, 1:76:9_, 1:76:16_, 1:76:24_, 1:77:6_, 1:77:18_,

```
1:134:15_, 1:137:3_,
1:137:25_, 1:138:10_,
1:139:24_, 1:146:11_,
1:146:24_, 1:151:9_,
1:151:13
 ordered [1]_ - 1:5:16
 orders [5]_ - 1:52:24_,
1:53:1_, 1:129:20_, 1:146:16
_, 1:146:24
 ordinary [5]_ - 1:55:18_,
1:64:24_, 1:94:12_, 1:94:21
 organic[1]_ - 1:89:16
 organization[1]_ - 1:5:7
 organized [1]_ - 1:70:17
 origins [1]_ - 1:126:6
 otherwise [5]_ - 1:32:13_,
1:55:21_, 1:80:3_, 1:129:5_,
1:135:3
 ourselves [1]_ - 1:28:8
 outcome [1]_ - 1:146:24
 outset [2]_ - 1:91:24_,
1:112:1
 outside [12]_ - 1:9:11_,
1:16:25_, 1:17:7_, 1:20:25_,
1:22:16_, 1:32:24_, 1:38:23
_, 1:48:18_, 1:77:3_, 1:77:10
_, 1:111:24_, 1:158:10
 overall[1]_ - 1:120:4
 overcome [2]_ - 1:22:18_,
 overflow[2]_ - 1:4:3_,
1:4:15
 overfreight[1]_ - 1:62:6
 overridden [2]_ - 1:151:18
_, 1:151:19
 overrode [1]_ - 1:59:10
 overrule [4]_ - 1:79:14_,
1:80:8_, 1:137:3_, 1:155:7
 overruled [1]_ - 1:112:14
 overruling [2]_ - 1:79:2_,
1:136:22
 overseeing [3]_ - 1:144:4.
_, 1:144:18_, 1:145:9
 oversight [22]_ - 1:19:2_,
1:25:18_, 1:26:20_, 1:29:11.
_, 1:29:23_, 1:32:17_, 1:46:8
_, 1:74:7_, 1:78:22_, 1:86:23.
_, 1:136:15_, 1:145:4_,
1:148:11_, 1:148:21_,
1:149:5_, 1:149:7_, 1:150:10.
_, 1:150:15_, 1:150:20_,
1:150:21_, 1:150:23_,
1:152:24
```

overview[1]\_ - 1:24:15

Owen [1]\_ - 1:111:11 own [1]\_ - 1:53:17

Ρ p.m [1]\_ - 1:161:10 page [18]\_ - 1:53:23\_, 1:77:23\_, 1:92:6\_, 1:92:11\_, 1:94:9\_, 1:94:15\_, 1:94:16\_, 1:96:18\_, 1:96:19\_, 1:99:25 \_, 1:100:1\_, 1:101:22\_, 1:105:1\_, 1:105:7\_, 1:107:3 \_, 1:144:22 pages [2]\_ - 1:160:25\_, 1:161:3 panel<sub>[2]</sub> - 1:14:16\_, 1:136:23 paper [1] - 1:93:25 papers [1]\_ - 1:26:16 paragraph [6]\_ - 1:25:13. \_, 1:33:14\_, 1:33:25\_, 1:35:2 \_, 1:36:1\_, 1:50:3 parallel<sub>[2]</sub>\_ - 1:67:9\_, 1:91:22 pardon [1]\_ - 1:98:2 parlance [1]\_ - 1:68:16 parole [1]\_ - 1:138:8 part [32]\_ - 1:6:24\_, 1:7:20. \_, 1:13:2\_, 1:14:13\_, 1:17:3\_, 1:22:1\_, 1:22:5\_, 1:23:24\_, 1:26:22\_, 1:28:18\_, 1:29:1\_, 1:35:16\_, 1:36:3\_, 1:36:4\_, 1:36:5\_, 1:39:12\_, 1:41:24\_, 1:42:7\_, 1:48:5\_, 1:58:23\_, 1:77:16\_, 1:93:9\_, 1:117:16 \_, 1:121:7\_, 1:129:15\_, 1:129:20\_, 1:130:4\_, 1:140:21\_, 1:142:3\_, 1:150:18\_, 1:151:11 Part [2]\_ - 1:120:10\_, 1:130:6 partes [1]\_ - 1:73:18 partially [1]\_ - 1:56:14 participate [1]\_ - 1:71:6 particular [8]\_ - 1:44:16\_, 1:46:5\_, 1:60:3\_, 1:63:18\_, 1:66:16\_, 1:92:17\_, 1:151:20. \_, 1:160:11 particularly[6]\_ - 1:13:12 \_, 1:55:19\_, 1:69:25\_, 1:84:9 \_, 1:85:16\_, 1:88:6 parties [8]\_ - 1:4:19\_, 1:6:10\_, 1:6:11\_, 1:28:4\_, 1:41:23\_, 1:92:7\_, 1:118:16 \_, 1:161:4

parties' [1]\_ - 1:149:22 parts [5]\_ - 1:10:20\_, 1:10:21\_, 1:19:22\_, 1:25:8\_, 1:44:25 pass [2]\_ - 1:66:6\_, 1:154:21 pass-through [1]\_ passage [3]\_ - 1:43:11\_, 1:116:22\_, 1:116:24 passed [5]\_ - 1:58:16\_, 1:58:20\_, 1:61:24\_, 1:62:22 \_, 1:111:8 passing [1]\_ - 1:85:11 past [8]\_ - 1:19:18\_, 1:19:23\_, 1:21:6\_, 1:33:15\_, 1:44:6\_, 1:44:7\_, 1:69:21\_, 1:140:19 patchwork [1]\_ - 1:125:22 patent [2]\_ - 1:50:6\_, 1:73:16 Patent [1]\_ - 1:50:7 path [1]\_ - 1:104:1 patients [1]\_ - 1:155:19 Patrick [2]\_ - 1:22:16\_, 1:76:23 pattern [1]\_ - 1:125:7 pause [3]\_ - 1:70:5\_, 1:105:4\_, 1:139:19 pay [1]\_ - 1:127:15 paying [1]\_ - 1:86:17 PEARCE [80]\_ - 1:40:11\_, 1:40:14\_, 1:41:15\_, 1:41:22 \_, 1:43:3\_, 1:44:1\_, 1:44:21\_, 1:46:3\_, 1:46:15\_, 1:46:17\_, 1:47:9\_, 1:47:18\_, 1:48:22\_, 1:49:13\_, 1:50:12\_, 1:50:19. \_, 1:50:25\_, 1:51:7\_, 1:51:15 \_, 1:52:9\_, 1:52:22\_, 1:53:2\_, 1:53:10\_, 1:54:14\_, 1:54:22 \_, 1:55:4\_, 1:56:1\_, 1:57:4\_, 1:57:22\_, 1:58:2\_, 1:58:12\_, 1:58:18\_, 1:58:23\_, 1:59:17 \_, 1:59:22\_, 1:60:10\_, 1:61:18\_, 1:62:6\_, 1:62:18\_, 1:63:13\_, 1:64:21\_, 1:65:13 \_, 1:65:15\_, 1:65:18\_, 1:66:21\_, 1:67:13\_, 1:68:5\_, 1:68:9\_, 1:69:10\_, 1:69:21\_, 1:70:5\_, 1:70:15\_, 1:147:9\_, 1:147:20\_, 1:148:5\_, 1:148:12\_, 1:148:22\_ 1:149:9\_, 1:149:18\_, 1:150:6 \_, 1:150:12\_, 1:150:22\_, 1:151:14\_, 1:152:2\_, 1:152:17\_, 1:153:3\_,

1:153:9, 1:153:21\_, 1:153:25 \_, 1:38:25\_, 1:94:24\_, \_, 1:156:1\_, 1:157:8\_, 1:94:25\_, 1:95:2\_, 1:119:7\_, 1:140:8\_, 1:160:19 1:157:14\_, 1:157:16\_, 1:158:1\_, 1:158:5\_, 1:158:15 pertinent [1]\_ - 1:161:2 \_, 1:158:24\_, 1:159:9\_, petitioner [1]\_ - 1:64:1 1:159:23\_, 1:159:25 phonetic) [1]\_ - 1:110:25 Pearce [6]\_ - 1:3:10\_, phrase [2]\_ - 1:53:20\_, 1:40:11\_, 1:128:1\_, 1:139:1 \_, 1:143:12\_, 1:147:8 phrased [1]\_ - 1:81:18 pencils [1]\_ - 1:98:25 phrasing [1]\_ - 1:77:6 penultimate [1]\_ - 1:50:3 1:161:5 physical [1] - 1:18:11 people [21] - 1:11:16, pick [1]\_ - 1:76:16 1:17:19\_, 1:20:24\_, 1:26:6\_, 1:33:7\_, 1:36:17\_, 1:86:17\_, picking [1]\_ - 1:126:9 1:102:1\_, 1:102:11\_, piece [8]\_ - 1:37:3\_, 1:43:4 1:122:15\_, 1:122:20\_, \_, 1:49:3\_, 1:50:18\_, 1:54:23 1:124:3\_, 1:125:12\_, \_, 1:90:1\_, 1:111:5\_, 1:126:5 1:125:24\_, 1:125:25\_, pieces [1]\_ - 1:153:5 1:126:19\_, 1:127:19\_, place [19]\_ - 1:16:4\_, 1:138:19\_, 1:140:5\_, 1:143:6 per [1] - 1:132:14 1:16:8\_, 1:18:14\_, 1:19:5\_, 1:20:13\_, 1:24:21\_, 1:33:11 perfect [1]\_ - 1:81:15 \_, 1:51:16\_, 1:63:21\_, 1:67:2 perhaps [6]\_ - 1:16:21\_, \_, 1:85:13\_, 1:113:14\_, 1:86:10\_, 1:102:4\_, 1:107:11 \_, 1:151:1 1:120:4\_, 1:121:15\_, \_, 1:108:14\_, 1:136:13 1:124:15\_, 1:130:12\_, Perhaps [1]\_ - 1:96:2 1:134:21\_, 1:140:22\_, period [1]\_ - 1:65:22 places [5]\_ - 1:20:3\_, permanence [1]\_ -1:131:5\_, 1:141:18\_, 1:142:7 1:96:11 \_, 1:142:12 permanent [6]\_ - 1:95:22 plain [3]\_ - 1:14:24\_, \_, 1:95:24\_, 1:96:12\_, 1:89:25\_, 1:114:9 1:96:13\_, 1:100:4\_, 1:100:18 plan [3]\_ - 1:5:23\_, 1:6:9\_, permissible [1]\_ -1:159:19 plausible [2]\_ - 1:38:13\_, permit [2]\_ - 1:139:10\_, 1:156:14 1:160:24 plausibly [1]\_ - 1:113:23 permits [1]\_ - 1:48:20 play [2]\_ - 1:115:8\_, permitted [2]\_ - 1:4:2\_, 1:141:2 pleasant [1]\_ - 1:161:7 pernicious [3]\_ - 1:40:17 \_, 1:68:7\_, 1:131:25 plus [1]\_ - 1:98:7 Persico [1]\_ - 1:23:12 podium [4]\_ - 1:49:1\_, 1:112:23\_, 1:148:23\_, person [16]\_ - 1:18:3\_, 1:149:20 1:49:21\_, 1:95:19\_, 1:95:20 \_, 1:96:22\_, 1:97:1\_, 1:97:10. point [61]\_ - 1:12:7\_, 1:12:8 \_, 1:99:8\_, 1:100:24\_, \_, 1:16:11\_, 1:20:21\_, 1:21:9 1:105:12\_, 1:113:8\_, \_, 1:22:25\_, 1:26:1\_, 1:26:23 1:122:19\_, 1:127:13\_, \_, 1:30:13\_, 1:30:18\_, 1:31:8 1:132:12\_, 1:137:24\_, \_, 1:34:12\_, 1:34:23\_, 1:35:3 1:157:9 \_, 1:38:5\_, 1:38:6\_, 1:39:14\_, personal<sub>[1]</sub>\_ - 1:99:19 1:41:17\_, 1:43:2\_, 1:46:23\_, 1:47:13\_, 1:48:12\_, 1:48:23 perspective [4]\_ - 1:7:12 \_, 1:50:5\_, 1:51:21\_, 1:54:6\_, 1:127:19 \_, 1:11:23\_, 1:35:9\_, 1:37:20 1:55:10\_, 1:56:14\_, 1:57:5\_, persuaded [1]\_ - 1:45:8 1:61:8\_, 1:61:9\_, 1:64:19\_, persuasive [9]\_ - 1:36:10 1:66:15\_, 1:72:22\_, 1:77:19

\_, 1:79:10\_, 1:79:12\_, possible [1]\_ - 1:136:2 1:79:19\_, 1:83:22\_, 1:84:6\_, possibly [2]\_ - 1:127:5\_, 1:85:11\_, 1:88:14\_, 1:95:10 1:142:3 \_, 1:98:6\_, 1:102:15\_, post [3]\_ - 1:60:20\_, 1:103:25\_, 1:109:18\_, 1:106:8\_, 1:106:11 1:112:11\_, 1:142:22\_, post-January [1]\_ -1:142:23\_, 1:143:14\_, 1:151:4\_, 1:153:9\_, 1:154:11 1:106:11 \_, 1:156:21\_, 1:158:14\_, post-office [1]\_ - 1:106:8 1:158:24\_, 1:159:23\_, potential [4]\_ - 1:67:5\_, 1:159:25\_, 1:160:14\_, 1:86:20\_, 1:125:22\_, 1:153:2 potentially [8]\_ - 1:7:16\_, pointed [4]\_ - 1:16:10\_, 1:18:20\_, 1:40:17\_, 1:84:10 1:80:2\_, 1:83:23\_, 1:86:15 \_, 1:118:18\_, 1:124:18\_, points [15]\_ - 1:7:11\_, 1:126:6\_, 1:159:10 1:21:6\_, 1:24:20\_, 1:39:10\_, power [34]\_ - 1:42:16\_, 1:47:19\_, 1:90:24\_, 1:95:8\_, 1:63:17\_, 1:64:9\_, 1:64:15\_, 1:107:21\_, 1:113:16\_, 1:68:20\_, 1:69:23\_, 1:85:6\_, 1:113:22\_, 1:139:12\_, 1:91:4\_, 1:93:8\_, 1:93:15\_, 1:147:11\_, 1:150:25\_, 1:93:18\_, 1:96:1\_, 1:96:3\_, 1:153:14\_, 1:156:3 1:98:25\_, 1:100:19\_, policies [7]\_ - 1:48:19\_, 1:102:20\_, 1:103:2\_, 1:144:15\_, 1:147:16\_, 1:103:21\_, 1:104:4\_, 1:148:4\_, 1:148:7\_, 1:149:1 1:111:25\_, 1:112:2\_, 1:112:9 \_, 1:120:22\_, 1:121:3\_, policy [4]\_ - 1:75:20\_, 1:121:22\_, 1:121:24\_, 1:79:13\_, 1:145:2\_, 1:147:22 1:123:2\_, 1:128:18\_, 1:134:2 \_, 1:135:1\_, 1:136:6\_, political [6]\_ - 1:33:18\_, 1:138:16\_, 1:152:6 1:115:3\_, 1:116:16\_, 1:122:3 powerful<sub>[2]\_</sub> - 1:114:8\_, \_, 1:123:4\_, 1:146:25 1:133:17 politically[1]\_ - 1:85:18 powers [10]\_ - 1:68:18\_, populate [1]\_ - 1:31:1 1:88:9\_, 1:90:11\_, 1:91:18\_, portion [3]\_ - 1:79:13\_, 1:91:20\_, 1:91:24\_, 1:97:10. 1:115:1\_, 1:160:7 \_, 1:103:5\_, 1:103:7\_, position [44]\_ - 1:7:8\_, 1:109:14 1:12:22\_, 1:17:5\_, 1:19:16\_, practical [4]\_ - 1:24:20\_, 1:19:17\_, 1:20:12\_, 1:22:19 1:61:20\_, 1:139:11\_, 1:144:7 \_, 1:29:22\_, 1:29:23\_, 1:33:7 practice [15]\_ - 1:22:14\_, \_, 1:67:25\_, 1:69:16\_, 1:22:18\_, 1:22:23\_, 1:23:1\_, 1:70:12\_, 1:88:23\_, 1:91:1\_, 1:23:2\_, 1:23:4\_, 1:39:14\_, 1:95:16\_, 1:95:23\_, 1:95:25 1:39:15\_, 1:59:14\_, 1:61:14. \_, 1:96:9\_, 1:96:20\_, 1:97:6\_, \_, 1:61:25\_, 1:62:5\_, 1:66:12 1:98:3\_, 1:99:6\_, 1:99:8\_, \_, 1:93:20\_, 1:124:19 1:99:12\_, 1:100:8\_, 1:100:11 practices [5]\_ - 1:48:16\_, \_, 1:101:7\_, 1:103:17\_, 1:103:18\_, 1:103:19\_, 1:140:19\_, 1:149:1\_, 1:151:1 1:111:25\_, 1:123:12\_, \_, 1:151:7 1:127:13\_, 1:129:23\_, pre [1]\_ - 1:23:4 1:141:12\_, 1:141:24\_, pre-Buckley [1]\_ - 1:23:4 1:144:1\_, 1:145:1\_, 1:145:7. precede [1]\_ - 1:13:5 \_, 1:148:3\_, 1:149:19 precedence [1]\_ - 1:91:3 position's [1]\_ - 1:97:25 precedent [14]\_ - 1:40:16. positions [5]\_ - 1:14:22\_, \_, 1:41:1\_, 1:42:2\_, 1:71:14\_, 1:18:1\_, 1:18:7\_, 1:91:15\_, 1:71:21\_, 1:76:22\_, 1:94:24. \_, 1:97:12\_, 1:103:24\_, positive [1]\_ - 1:37:1 1:110:14\_, 1:112:12\_, possibility[1]\_ - 1:146:10 1:112:15\_, 1:113:25\_,

1:114:12 1:10:2\_, 1:13:8\_, 1:69:19\_, president's [1]\_ - 1:40:14 proper [1]\_ - 1:125:13 1:69:24\_, 1:131:17\_, precedents [2]\_ presidential [5]\_ - 1:41:12 properly [5]\_ - 1:15:1\_, 1:131:19\_, 1:132:22 1:143:22\_, 1:144:11 \_, 1:118:15\_, 1:157:1\_, 1:21:9\_, 1:23:25\_, 1:125:20. Prisons' [1]\_ - 1:141:14 precise [3]\_ - 1:61:13\_, 1:157:5\_, 1:158:22 \_, 1:127:9 1:63:16\_, 1:109:19 private [3]\_ - 1:59:7\_, presidentially[1]\_ proposition<sub>[2]</sub>\_ - 1:34:20 1:106:4\_, 1:111:25 precisely [2]\_ - 1:42:6\_, 1:49:17 \_, 1:71:20 privilege [2]\_ - 1:41:12\_, 1:88:13 presidents [6]\_ - 1:110:5. propositions [1]\_ -1:42:17 predecessor [4]\_ -\_, 1:111:3\_, 1:111:16\_, 1:44:18 problem [10]\_ - 1:23:21\_, 1:23:21\_, 1:140:24\_, 1:111:23\_, 1:111:24\_, prosecute [13]\_ - 1:11:5\_, 1:156:10\_, 1:159:8 1:158:20 1:53:17\_, 1:55:5\_, 1:64:8\_, 1:11:6\_, 1:11:10\_, 1:11:15\_, 1:67:24\_, 1:86:21\_, 1:110:8 predicate [1]\_ - 1:86:5 presumption [1]\_ -1:11:19\_, 1:55:11\_, 1:55:17. \_, 1:120:7\_, 1:132:4\_, preexisted [1]\_ - 1:56:11 1:140:11 \_, 1:60:19\_, 1:61:19\_, 1:81:6 1:143:1 \_, 1:87:24\_, 1:97:15\_, presuppose [1]\_ - 1:85:6 preexisting [1]\_ problematic [2]\_ -1:110:8 presupposed [6]\_ -1:154:23 1:144:10\_, 1:159:6 prosecuted [1]\_ - 1:97:17 1:34:5\_, 1:34:21\_, 1:37:7\_, preferred [1]\_ - 1:142:11 problems [3]\_ - 1:133:22 prosecutes [1]\_ -1:37:16\_, 1:38:19 premise [1]\_ - 1:150:22 \_, 1:133:23\_, 1:134:1 1:105:12 presupposing[1]\_prepare [1]\_ - 1:70:21 procedural [4]\_ - 1:29:12 prosecuting [3]\_ -1:44:3 prepared [2]\_ - 1:70:25\_, \_, 1:75:3\_, 1:75:4\_, 1:144:13 presupposition[2]\_--1:105:23\_, 1:106:1\_, 1:106:4 1:148:23 procedure [1]\_ - 1:122:16 prosecution [18]\_ -1:43:25\_, 1:44:4 prerequisite [3]\_ - 1:98:8. Procedure [1]\_ - 1:11:14 pretrial [1]\_ - 1:146:3 1:11:11\_, 1:23:10\_, 1:26:11 \_, 1:101:11\_, 1:101:12 \_, 1:35:5\_, 1:60:9\_, 1:105:15 procedures [4]\_ - 1:17:20. pretty [3]\_ - 1:73:4\_, prescribes [1]\_ - 1:122:10 \_, 1:106:7\_, 1:106:14\_, \_, 1:144:15\_, 1:144:17\_, 1:98:21\_, 1:160:1 1:106:16\_, 1:106:17\_, present [3]\_ - 1:56:17\_, 1:145:24 prevails [1]\_ - 1:109:22 1:106:18\_, 1:106:22\_, 1:137:25\_, 1:138:23 proceed [2]\_ - 1:4:17\_, prevent[3]\_ - 1:18:21\_, 1:107:12\_, 1:107:14\_, presentation [1]\_ -1:55:25 1:27:14\_, 1:103:17 1:107:16\_, 1:127:3\_, proceeding [3]\_ - 1:7:15\_, 1:138:2 1:138:23 previous [2]\_ - 1:7:3\_, presented [5]\_ - 1:36:6\_, 1:35:3\_, 1:150:5 prosecutions [5]\_ -1:41:18\_, 1:41:19\_, 1:143:1 proceedings [6]\_ - 1:4:9 1:11:21\_, 1:24:24\_, 1:60:18 previously [2]\_ - 1:47:7\_, \_, 1:155:8 \_, 1:8:11\_, 1:18:13\_, 1:23:20 \_, 1:130:9\_, 1:134:4 presenting [4]\_ - 1:5:20\_, \_, 1:33:13\_, 1:161:10 prosecutor [30]\_ - 1:21:20. primary [3]\_ - 1:68:15\_, 1:6:12\_, 1:6:16\_, 1:7:14 process [3]\_ - 1:99:7\_, \_, 1:23:11\_, 1:34:6\_, 1:35:11 1:90:24\_, 1:154:8 preserve [1]\_ - 1:112:13 1:130:4\_, 1:135:3 \_, 1:42:11\_, 1:42:15\_, principal [43]\_ - 1:7:5\_, President [32]\_ - 1:3:13\_, product [2]\_ - 1:44:5\_, 1:42:16\_, 1:42:24\_, 1:43:5\_, 1:7:14\_, 1:15:19\_, 1:25:7\_, 1:6:14\_, 1:22:12\_, 1:33:8\_, 1:52:16\_, 1:60:17\_, 1:60:19 1:25:17\_, 1:25:20\_, 1:25:25 \_, 1:62:1\_, 1:67:19\_, 1:85:21 1:33:21\_, 1:34:24\_, 1:42:8\_, Professor [3]\_ - 1:5:9\_, \_, 1:27:7\_, 1:28:18\_, 1:29:11 \_, 1:92:18\_, 1:92:23\_, 1:67:23\_, 1:105:18\_, 1:109:2 1:42:1\_, 1:90:21 \_, 1:30:8\_, 1:31:16\_, 1:40:20 1:94:11\_, 1:95:20\_, 1:110:13 \_, 1:109:25\_, 1:110:2\_, \_, 1:46:10\_, 1:47:10\_, 1:49:5 professor [1]\_ - 1:110:20 1:110:3\_, 1:110:7\_, 1:121:8 \_, 1:111:14\_, 1:115:17\_, \_, 1:49:22\_, 1:63:5\_, 1:73:5\_, Professors [2]\_ - 1:7:10\_, \_, 1:121:10\_, 1:124:5\_, 1:115:21\_, 1:116:4\_, 1:74:7\_, 1:83:2\_, 1:83:6\_, 1:113:6 1:116:12\_, 1:116:14\_, 1:125:9\_, 1:129:4\_, 1:132:7 1:84:4\_, 1:84:7\_, 1:84:11\_, professors [1]\_ - 1:5:6 1:137:23\_, 1:138:6\_, \_, 1:137:12\_, 1:156:6\_, 1:84:15\_, 1:84:20\_, 1:91:21 1:145:20\_, 1:156:23 1:156:13\_, 1:156:18\_, profile [1]\_ - 1:86:15 \_, 1:103:4\_, 1:103:11\_, 1:158:12\_, 1:158:19\_, prosecutor's [2]\_ prominence [1]\_ - 1:60:3 1:103:14\_, 1:132:2\_, 1:159:4\_, 1:159:10\_, 1:86:12\_, 1:93:2 1:132:11\_, 1:132:17\_, promise [1]\_ - 1:82:11 1:159:17 prosecutorial [6]\_ -1:143:14\_, 1:149:25\_, promulgated [3]\_ - 1:38:1. president [23]\_ - 1:41:11\_, 1:26:12\_, 1:48:14\_, 1:78:24 1:151:21\_, 1:152:19\_, \_, 1:66:19\_, 1:67:17 1:42:11\_, 1:42:24\_, 1:60:16 \_, 1:111:25\_, 1:114:4\_, 1:153:12\_, 1:156:16\_, promulgating [1]\_ -\_, 1:60:18\_, 1:63:19\_, 1:64:9 1:156:21\_, 1:157:9\_, 1:120:22 \_, 1:68:11\_, 1:83:18\_, 1:93:7. 1:75:5 1:158:19 prosecutors [15]\_ -\_, 1:93:10\_, 1:105:18\_, promulgation[1]\_ principally[1]\_ - 1:56:3 1:21:18\_, 1:22:10\_, 1:24:16 1:107:13\_, 1:108:11\_, 1:48:5 \_, 1:26:19\_, 1:33:6\_, 1:60:22 principle [7]\_ - 1:41:10\_, 1:113:12\_, 1:116:4\_, 1:116:7. pronounced [1]\_ -\_, 1:61:3\_, 1:61:11\_, 1:61:23. 1:41:11\_, 1:41:20\_, 1:76:14 \_, 1:116:13\_, 1:116:15\_, \_, 1:65:8\_, 1:110:16\_, 1:44:15 \_, 1:78:4\_, 1:82:25\_, 1:96:14 1:122:4\_, 1:156:15\_, 1:111:9\_, 1:126:7\_, 1:138:14 proof [1]\_ - 1:145:8 Prisons [8]\_ - 1:9:20\_, 1:158:25 \_, 1:138:16

proves [1]\_ - 1:157:2 provide [7]\_ - 1:9:9\_, 1:48:4\_, 1:48:13\_, 1:53:24\_, 1:80:21\_, 1:82:22\_, 1:98:10 provided [4]\_ - 1:64:2\_, 1:69:22\_, 1:129:13\_, 1:144:9 provides [4]\_ - 1:19:15\_, 1:19:17\_, 1:47:6\_, 1:104:2 providing [3]\_ - 1:21:11\_, 1:125:1\_, 1:157:19 provision [45]\_ - 1:7:23\_, 1:8:15\_, 1:8:18\_, 1:8:21\_, 1:8:22\_, 1:9:7\_, 1:9:19\_, 1:10:7\_, 1:13:7\_, 1:13:9\_, 1:14:3\_, 1:15:23\_, 1:21:6\_, 1:28:23\_, 1:28:25\_, 1:46:17. \_, 1:47:24\_, 1:54:5\_, 1:56:3\_, 1:56:22\_, 1:57:14\_, 1:57:16. \_, 1:62:16\_, 1:76:7\_, 1:114:21\_, 1:118:5\_, 1:122:7 \_, 1:127:12\_, 1:128:11\_, 1:128:20\_, 1:129:13\_, 1:133:8\_, 1:141:4\_, 1:142:14 \_, 1:143:7\_, 1:143:8\_, 1:144:16\_, 1:144:25\_, 1:145:15\_, 1:145:18\_, 1:154:1\_, 1:154:3\_, 1:154:6 \_, 1:154:7 provisions [34]\_ - 1:7:25\_, 1:10:24\_, 1:13:5\_, 1:13:21\_, 1:16:2\_, 1:20:1\_, 1:20:2\_, 1:30:21\_, 1:31:9\_, 1:46:18\_, 1:48:3\_, 1:80:1\_, 1:82:20\_, 1:89:3\_, 1:99:4\_, 1:99:5\_, 1:114:3\_, 1:114:9\_, 1:114:16. \_, 1:115:8\_, 1:117:1\_, 1:117:4\_, 1:117:8\_, 1:117:12 \_, 1:118:21\_, 1:120:3\_, 1:122:1\_, 1:129:6\_, 1:133:15 \_, 1:142:2\_, 1:143:5\_, 1:145:13\_, 1:145:14 proximity [1]\_ - 1:16:3 Pryor [2]\_ - 1:118:11\_, 1:160:2 public<sub>[9]</sub> - 1:35:6\_, 1:53:25\_, 1:58:17\_, 1:138:5 \_, 1:140:21\_, 1:140:23\_, 1:141:2\_, 1:141:3\_, 1:144:3 publicly [1]\_ - 1:148:8 pulls [1]\_ - 1:126:6 purport [1]\_ - 1:73:1 purported [1]\_ - 1:133:17 purportedly[1]\_ - 1:73:10 purporting [2]\_ - 1:91:4\_, 1:91:18 purports [2]\_ - 1:114:5\_,

1:137:14 purpose [5]\_ - 1:56:9\_, 1:65:7\_, 1:70:1\_, 1:72:18\_, 1:108:23 purposes [13]\_ - 1:20:4\_, 1:22:12\_, 1:22:13\_, 1:54:22 \_, 1:56:17\_, 1:70:11\_, 1:71:10\_, 1:80:5\_, 1:90:8\_, 1:116:22\_, 1:122:5\_, 1:146:25\_, 1:159:1 pursuant [10]\_ - 1:12:13\_, 1:15:4\_, 1:29:15\_, 1:31:22\_, 1:78:22\_, 1:92:15\_, 1:100:20 \_, 1:117:1\_, 1:117:3\_, 1:117:8 pushing [1]\_ - 1:11:12 put [14]\_ - 1:7:24\_, 1:12:15. \_, 1:33:7\_, 1:37:12\_, 1:91:24 \_, 1:104:1\_, 1:111:24\_, 1:113:14\_, 1:124:14\_, 1:138:7\_, 1:141:2\_, 1:145:7. \_, 1:147:20\_, 1:158:6 putative [2]\_ - 1:134:2\_, 1:138:11 puts [2]\_ - 1:47:23\_, 1:118:14

# Q

qualifies [1]\_ - 1:7:15 qualify [3]\_ - 1:7:23\_, 1:31:16\_, 1:100:9 questioning[1]\_ - 1:43:1 questions [16]\_ - 1:44:20 \_, 1:55:23\_, 1:63:1\_, 1:70:14 \_, 1:71:12\_, 1:81:3\_, 1:87:3\_, 1:91:7\_, 1:107:18\_, 1:118:24 \_, 1:133:1\_, 1:137:16\_, 1:147:12\_, 1:152:18\_, 1:155:17\_, 1:160:21 quite [13]\_ - 1:15:19\_, 1:43:19\_, 1:75:21\_, 1:91:6\_, 1:92:8\_, 1:92:21\_, 1:95:19\_, 1:104:13\_, 1:109:15\_, 1:111:2\_, 1:111:3\_, 1:129:15 \_, 1:150:13 quorum [1]\_ - 1:72:19 quote [12]\_ - 1:25:15\_, 1:33:22\_, 1:34:25\_, 1:44:16 \_, 1:46:15\_, 1:96:2\_, 1:116:25\_, 1:133:21\_, 1:135:1\_, 1:145:15\_, 1:145:18\_, 1:145:19 quoted [1]\_ - 1:118:12 quoting [3]\_ - 1:26:12\_,

1:40:5\_, 1:120:3

raise [3]\_ - 1:44:20\_, 1:114:11\_, 1:133:22 raised [5]\_ - 1:36:8\_, 1:39:2\_, 1:39:3\_, 1:131:24\_, 1:145:11 raises [3]\_ - 1:7:11\_, 1:52:17\_, 1:133:25 raising [1]\_ - 1:38:19 ranging [1] - 1:155:6 ranking [13]\_ - 1:105:13\_, 1:105:17\_, 1:105:20\_, 1:105:23\_, 1:106:2\_, 1:106:15\_, 1:106:18\_, 1:106:20\_, 1:107:2\_, 1:107:4 \_, 1:107:8\_, 1:135:9 rather [13]\_ - 1:51:5\_, 1:60:9\_, 1:61:16\_, 1:89:21\_, 1:100:3\_, 1:113:20\_, 1:122:19\_, 1:122:20\_, 1:123:20\_, 1:134:7\_, 1:134:18\_, 1:146:13 ratified [1]\_ - 1:61:9 ratifying [4]\_ - 1:61:14\_, 1:61:15\_, 1:61:25 rationale [1]\_ - 1:35:22 re [2]\_ - 1:46:12\_, 1:48:25 Re [5]\_ - 1:14:12\_, 1:14:15. \_, 1:14:18\_, 1:43:17\_, 1:84:5 reach [5]\_ - 1:17:4\_, 1:34:14\_, 1:101:25\_, 1:111:24\_, 1:137:1 reached [2]\_ - 1:31:19\_, 1:41:20 reaching [2]\_ - 1:95:6\_, 1:137:5 read [20]\_ - 1:9:22\_, 1:10:9. \_, 1:10:19\_, 1:13:19\_, 1:17:17\_, 1:19:25\_, 1:46:21 \_, 1:64:6\_, 1:81:11\_, 1:97:15 \_, 1:99:24\_, 1:101:9\_, 1:109:7\_, 1:118:3\_, 1:120:2 \_, 1:122:7\_, 1:126:9\_, 1:141:9\_, 1:149:14\_, 1:159:13 reading [9]\_ - 1:51:8\_, 1:54:2\_, 1:64:20\_, 1:65:2\_, 1:97:20\_, 1:118:2\_, 1:119:20 \_, 1:133:18\_, 1:160:15 readings [3]\_ - 1:26:3\_, 1:114:8\_, 1:114:10 real [4]\_ - 1:24:20\_, 1:121:14\_, 1:140:13\_,

1:140:15

R

realistic [2]\_ - 1:18:5\_, 1:18:9 realities [1]\_ - 1:24:20 reality [4]\_ - 1:28:9\_, 1:31:14\_, 1:101:17\_, 1:136:20 realize [2]\_ - 1:86:20\_, 1:103:16 realizes [1]\_ - 1:97:7 really [42]\_ - 1:7:24\_, 1:10:7\_, 1:12:8\_, 1:15:18\_, 1:17:23\_, 1:18:5\_, 1:19:13\_, 1:22:24\_, 1:25:17\_, 1:25:24 \_, 1:26:19\_, 1:29:3\_, 1:34:23 \_, 1:35:16\_, 1:35:17\_, 1:40:1 \_, 1:49:5\_, 1:49:10\_, 1:52:20 \_, 1:62:4\_, 1:63:11\_, 1:72:19 \_, 1:80:23\_, 1:99:16\_, 1:103:23\_, 1:109:16\_, 1:112:1\_, 1:116:18\_, 1:116:19\_, 1:117:13\_, 1:126:13\_, 1:127:6\_, 1:132:3 \_, 1:134:17\_, 1:136:6\_, 1:139:9\_, 1:139:14\_, 1:140:14\_, 1:152:15\_, 1:158:14 reason [26]\_ - 1:8:19\_, 1:8:20\_, 1:22:1\_, 1:38:17\_, 1:42:9\_, 1:53:6\_, 1:72:5\_, 1:76:6\_, 1:76:21\_, 1:77:5\_, 1:77:17\_, 1:83:14\_, 1:84:10. \_, 1:85:1\_, 1:86:6\_, 1:89:23\_, 1:95:14\_, 1:103:14\_, 1:110:6 \_, 1:114:8\_, 1:129:15\_, 1:133:18\_, 1:154:18\_, 1:154:21\_, 1:154:25 reasonable [2]\_ - 1:74:3\_, 1:78:10 reasoning [2]\_ - 1:34:14\_, 1:139:9 reasons [10]\_ - 1:11:22\_, 1:38:22\_, 1:45:17\_, 1:53:14 \_, 1:64:3\_, 1:81:2\_, 1:114:15 \_, 1:152:7\_, 1:154:15\_, 1:160:17 Rebellion [1]\_ - 1:110:12 rebuttal [2]\_ - 1:6:10\_, 1:139:1 receive [1]\_ - 1:17:25 received [2]\_ - 1:5:16\_, 1:33:18 receiving [1]\_ - 1:4:16 recent [2]\_ - 1:52:20\_, 1:86:11 recently [5]\_ - 1:73:7\_, 1:118:12\_, 1:125:21\_,

1:126:12\_, 1:133:20 regularity [1]\_ - 1:140:11 reject [2]\_ - 1:114:8\_, remove [4]\_ - 1:78:12\_, recess [5]\_ - 1:4:8\_, 1:4:12 1:133:18 regulates [4]\_ - 1:120:10 1:93:11\_, 1:109:8\_, 1:151:8 \_, 1:4:13\_, 1:70:23\_, 1:161:9 rejected [2]\_ - 1:64:3\_, removed [2]\_ - 1:75:19\_, \_, 1:120:17\_, 1:120:19\_, recognition [1]\_ - 1:12:11 1:120:20 1:115:5 1:93:16 recognize [3]\_ - 1:91:14\_, regulation [38]\_ - 1:25:2\_, rejection [1] - 1:115:9 render [1]\_ - 1:135:1 1:103:20\_, 1:156:5 1:25:8\_, 1:34:5\_, 1:36:23\_, relate [1]\_ - 1:29:19 Reno [9]\_ - 1:7:22\_, 1:37:25\_, 1:38:3\_, 1:38:6\_, recognized [6]\_ - 1:34:21 1:24:22\_, 1:67:24\_, 1:129:12 related [1]\_ - 1:30:17 1:42:15\_, 1:42:21\_, 1:43:2\_, \_, 1:67:22\_, 1:67:24\_, 1:99:9 \_, 1:129:13\_, 1:133:9\_, relatedly [1]\_ - 1:73:10 1:43:6\_, 1:47:22\_, 1:48:1\_, \_, 1:101:23\_, 1:112:8 1:134:20\_, 1:134:21\_, 1:48:6\_, 1:48:23\_, 1:49:2\_, relates [6]\_ - 1:5:18\_, 1:146:12 recommendations [2]\_ -1:49:7\_, 1:52:14\_, 1:52:15\_, 1:30:22\_, 1:30:23\_, 1:39:13 repeat [4]\_ - 1:64:25\_, 1:138:6\_, 1:138:8 1:66:19\_, 1:67:2\_, 1:67:3\_, \_, 1:104:22\_, 1:105:3 1:65:19\_, 1:153:4\_, 1:157:18 reconcile [2]\_ - 1:90:25\_, 1:67:4\_, 1:67:17\_, 1:74:5\_, relating [10] - 1:8:9, repeated [1]\_ - 1:49:22 1:143:4 1:74:13\_, 1:75:18\_, 1:78:15 1:9:19\_, 1:13:7\_, 1:13:9\_, record [8]\_ - 1:6:3\_, 1:8:8. repeatedly [1]\_ - 1:32:12 \_, 1:79:20\_, 1:135:23\_, 1:14:2\_, 1:14:15\_, 1:33:23\_, 1:148:7\_, 1:151:8\_, 1:151:12 \_, 1:32:8\_, 1:33:12\_, 1:41:17 reply [1]\_ - 1:5:2 1:144:16\_, 1:145:16\_, \_, 1:151:23\_, 1:152:5\_, \_, 1:91:11\_, 1:144:10\_, 1:146:2 report [3] - 1:110:24, 1:151:19 1:152:14\_, 1:153:2\_, 1:153:4 relationship [4]\_ - 1:17:2 1:111:1\_, 1:135:8 Regulation [1]\_ refer [6]\_ - 1:10:24\_, 1:20:8 \_, 1:28:15\_, 1:42:23\_, reporter [1]\_ - 1:91:10 1:147:15 \_, 1:54:4\_, 1:105:8\_, 1:152:21 reporting [2]\_ - 1:17:2\_, 1:106:24\_, 1:131:6 regulations [72]\_ - 1:7:22 relative [1]\_ - 1:39:19 reference [16]\_ - 1:9:4\_, \_, 1:18:6\_, 1:25:1\_, 1:25:11\_, relevance [2]\_ - 1:23:16\_, represent [4]\_ - 1:76:24\_, 1:27:11\_, 1:27:16\_, 1:28:7\_, 1:9:5\_, 1:11:4\_, 1:15:25\_, 1:104:20 1:92:16\_, 1:113:4\_, 1:157:21 1:36:23\_, 1:42:25\_, 1:47:6\_, 1:22:9\_, 1:36:11\_, 1:43:24\_, relevant[13]\_ - 1:25:8\_, 1:47:14\_, 1:47:15\_, 1:48:3\_, representation [6]\_ -1:46:5\_, 1:46:13\_, 1:57:25\_, 1:45:4\_, 1:46:9\_, 1:49:5\_, 1:58:2\_, 1:60:6\_, 1:69:20\_, 1:48:20\_, 1:49:11\_, 1:50:13 1:30:6\_, 1:30:7\_, 1:67:14\_, 1:50:2\_, 1:56:14\_, 1:60:13\_, 1:109:25\_, 1:127:21\_, \_, 1:50:20\_, 1:51:8\_, 1:52:25 1:150:4\_, 1:150:6\_, 1:150:9 1:63:6\_, 1:69:13\_, 1:96:18\_, \_, 1:66:8\_, 1:66:16\_, 1:67:11. 1:150:3 representations [5]\_ -1:111:7\_, 1:152:9\_, 1:152:20 \_, 1:70:8\_, 1:74:15\_, 1:74:23. referenced [8]\_ - 1:15:9\_, 1:27:19\_, 1:28:13\_, 1:28:15 \_, 1:75:3\_, 1:75:16\_, 1:75:22 reliance [1]\_ - 1:53:2 1:16:14\_, 1:22:22\_, 1:30:24 \_, 1:28:21\_, 1:149:20 \_, 1:75:23\_, 1:76:17\_, 1:77:1. relied [9]\_ - 1:9:7\_, 1:12:8 \_, 1:36:11\_, 1:39:20\_, represented [1]\_ -\_, 1:77:9\_, 1:77:20\_, 1:78:22 1:146:10\_, 1:161:2 \_, 1:20:9\_, 1:22:3\_, 1:35:17\_, 1:27:24 \_, 1:79:6\_, 1:79:23\_, 1:79:25. 1:52:5\_, 1:64:2\_, 1:111:18\_, references [3]\_ - 1:11:5\_, representing [1]\_ -\_, 1:80:8\_, 1:92:2\_, 1:92:3\_, 1:111:21 1:12:12\_, 1:16:10 1:140:1 1:92:5\_, 1:92:21\_, 1:92:22\_, relies [5]\_ - 1:114:3\_, referencing [2]\_ - 1:24:8 reputation [1]\_ - 1:137:23 1:93:4\_, 1:93:20\_, 1:94:4\_, 1:114:9\_, 1:114:17\_, \_. 1:46:23 1:94:22\_, 1:95:1\_, 1:99:5\_, requests [1]\_ - 1:149:22 1:116:23\_, 1:133:15 referred [4]\_ - 1:33:1\_, 1:102:20\_, 1:102:21\_, require [15]\_ - 1:27:12\_, rely [11]\_ - 1:19:8\_, 1:34:9. 1:46:18\_, 1:85:16\_, 1:92:20 1:105:12\_, 1:112:5\_, 1:50:20\_, 1:50:24\_, 1:51:1\_, \_, 1:43:18\_, 1:51:20\_, 1:52:1 1:115:23\_, 1:116:6\_, referring [3]\_ - 1:46:25\_, 1:51:4\_, 1:51:5\_, 1:54:9\_, \_, 1:52:3\_, 1:57:13\_, 1:65:21 1:119:11\_, 1:133:10\_, 1:82:15\_, 1:131:8 1:59:19\_, 1:77:10\_, 1:101:16 \_, 1:93:20\_, 1:98:6\_, 1:117:4 1:134:14\_, 1:135:5\_, 1:136:8 refers [11]\_ - 1:8:21\_, \_, 1:117:18\_, 1:123:15\_, \_, 1:148:9\_, 1:148:14\_, relying [10]\_ - 1:7:4\_, 1:11:15\_, 1:19:19\_, 1:23:10 1:123:18\_, 1:143:24\_, 1:148:17\_, 1:149:4\_, 1:18:12\_, 1:19:13\_, 1:22:20. \_, 1:52:12\_, 1:62:21\_, 1:149:4 1:149:12\_, 1:150:16\_, \_, 1:32:23\_, 1:51:13\_, 1:56:3 1:77:23\_, 1:100:5\_, 1:104:23 required [9]\_ - 1:8:23\_, 1:152:3\_, 1:152:16\_, \_, 1:57:19\_, 1:57:24\_, \_, 1:105:12\_, 1:105:16 1:13:16\_, 1:19:3\_, 1:20:23\_, 1:152:22 1:62:16 reflections [1]\_ - 1:66:23 1:31:6\_, 1:99:10\_, 1:122:15 Regulations [6]\_ - 1:7:23 remember [3]\_ - 1:108:7. \_, 1:148:2 reflects [1]\_ - 1:24:19 \_, 1:24:23\_, 1:129:12\_, \_, 1:130:2\_, 1:158:6 requirement [5]\_ req [1]\_ - 1:119:14 1:134:21\_, 1:146:12 remembers [1]\_ -1:30:18\_, 1:31:6\_, 1:79:10\_, regulatory [6]\_ - 1:40:21\_, regard [2]\_ - 1:91:25\_, 1:120:24 1:88:5\_, 1:88:10 1:95:5 1:66:2\_, 1:66:7\_, 1:76:7\_, reminders [1]\_ - 1:4:1 requirements [7]\_ -1:150:2\_, 1:158:1 regardless [2]\_ - 1:115:20. removability [2]\_ -1:29:12\_, 1:75:3\_, 1:75:5\_, Rehnquist [6]\_ - 1:96:19\_, \_, 1:117:23 1:72:11\_, 1:76:3 1:124:24\_, 1:144:14\_, 1:97:4\_, 1:97:13\_, 1:98:21\_, regs [5]\_ - 1:79:10\_, 1:93:3. removable [1]\_ - 1:121:10 1:149:2\_, 1:151:1 1:101:22\_, 1:112:8 \_, 1:94:5\_, 1:94:7\_, 1:129:19 removal [5]\_ - 1:93:8\_, requires [12]\_ - 1:6:25\_, reiterate [1]\_ - 1:39:15 regular [3]\_ - 1:27:24\_, 1:93:15\_, 1:93:18\_, 1:98:17 1:9:9\_, 1:51:2\_, 1:96:11\_, reiterating [1]\_ - 1:137:18 1:30:1 \_, 1:135:23 1:117:20\_, 1:136:8\_, 1:136:9

1.144.14.   1.145.1   1.162.2   1.192.2   1.146.1   1.167.1   1.162.2   1.146.1   1.167.1   1.162.2   1.146.1   1.167.1   1.162.2   1.146.1   1.167.1   1.162.2   1.146.1   1.167.2   1.168.2   1.169.2   1.168.2   1.				
1-15221   1-154-11			rules [1] 1:147:16	Schaerr's [1] 1:160:16
rescinding 1:75-72, 1:108-4, 1:159-15			rulings [1] 1:44:22	scheme [4] 1:79:16_,
Testing   1.19.2.1   Testing   1.19.2.4   Testing			run 🙉 - 1:19:1 1:104:1	1:120:4_, 1:124:12_,
1.13-22_1, 1.13-11.2   rescinded(p 1.15-12_4   retention(p 1.10-14_4)   rescinded(p 1.15-12_4   retention(p 1.10-14_4)   rescinded(p 1.15-12_4   retention(p 1.10-14_4)   rescision(p 1.14-12_4)   reverse(p 1.178-14_4   1.13-14_4)   reverse(p 1.178-14_4   1.13-14_4)   reverse(p 1.178-14_4   1.13-14_4)   reverse(p 1.178-14_4   1.13-14_4)   reverse(p 1.111-17_4   1.13-14_4   1.13-14_4   1.13-14_4   1.13-14_4   research(p 1.111-17_4   1.14-14_4   1.13-14_4				1:124:14
1.184				scoffed [2] 1:26:19_,
rescinding n = 1.75-2 rescission p = 1.49-7, 175.18, 175.21, 1.152-2 rescission p = 1.49-7, 175.18, 175.21, 1.152-3 reserves p = 1.176.1 review p = 1.24.15, 1.152.3 reserves p = 1.102-2 research p = 1.111.17 reserves p = 1.102-2 resign n = 1.199.7 reserves p = 1.152-1 review p = 1.174.1, 1.75.17 reserves p = 1.152.2 resign n = 1.199.7 review p = 1.151-9 review p = 1.152.2 resign n = 1.199.7 review p = 1.151-9 review p = 1.152-1				1:32:12
rescinding   1.75.2   1.193.1   1.78.16			running [2] 1:18:4_,	SCOPE [12] 1:14:25_,
Tessissions   -1449.7,   17816, -178214, -17818, -17816, -17822, -17822, -17824, -1882, -18824, -1892, -18824, -1892, -1882, -18824, -1892, -18824, -1892, -18824, -1892, -18824, -1892, -1882, -18824, -1892, -18824, -1892, -18824, -1892, -18824, -1892, -1892, -1898, -1898, -1898, -1898, -1898, -1898, -1898, -1898, -1898, -1898, -1898, -1898, -1898, -1898, -1898, -1898, -1898, -1882,	rescinding [1] 1:75:2	1:153:1	-	
1.78:18. 1.78:21. 1.19:28 Research   1 1.111:12.	rescission [5] 1:49:7_,	reverse <sub>[2]</sub> 1:78:14_,	runs (1) - 1:40:20	
Research	1:75:18_, 1:75:21_, 1:152:8	1:78:16		_, 1:116:6_, 1:142:15_,
Research p 1:110:23	_, 1:153:2	review <sub>[16]</sub> 1:24:15_,	S	1:151:25_, 1:152:2_,
173.22	Research [2] 1:110:23	1:25:14_, 1:39:8_, 1:50:3_,		1:152:14
1.732_1.73	_, 1:110:24	1:50:8_, 1:73:18_, 1:73:19_,	safe <sub>[1]</sub> 1:161:7	scour <sub>[1]</sub> 1:82:8
reserves $\eta_+ - 1.60.24$ resign $\eta_+ - 1.99.23$ reviewed $\eta_+ - 1.51.1$ sale $\eta_+ - 1.60.24$ scrutiny $\eta_+ - 1.23.6$ sealed $\eta_+ - 1.23.2$ satisfy $\eta_+ - 1.23.6$ satisfied $\eta_+ - 1.23.2$ satisfy $\eta_+ - 1.23.6$ satisfied $\eta_+ - 1.23.2$ satisfy $\eta_+ $	research[1] 1:111:17			scratch [1] 1:99:8
resignel   -1:33:9			•	
resigned p 1:33:9 resigns p 1:99:7 resolution p 1:42:6 resolve p 1:13:2 1:28:17_, 1:30:9_, 1:41:9_, revisit p 1:10:325 resolve p 1:13:2_, revisit p 1:10:325 resolve p 1:10:21_, revisit p 1:10:22_, revisit p 1:10:32_, revisit p 1:10:32_				•
resigns p 1:99:7 resolution p 1:42:6 resolve p 1:13:2, revoke p 1:10:25 satisfy p 1:10:210 SAUSA p 1:10:211 SAUSA p 1:10:210 SAUSA p 1:10:211 SAUSA p 1:10:211 SAUSA p 1:10:211 SAUSA p 1:10:211 SAUSA p 1:10:210 SAUSA p 1:10:211 SAUSA p 1:10:211 SAUSA p 1:10:211 SAUSA p 1:10:210 SAUSA p 1:10:211 SAUSA p 1:10:117	=			
resolution(ii) = 142:6				
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	resigns <sub>[1]</sub> 1:99:7			
responder	resolution [1] 1:42:6	revisit <sub>[1]</sub> 1:103:25	satisfy <sub>[1]</sub> 1:102:10	
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	resolve [6] 1:13:2_,	revoke [1] 1:49:2	SAUSA <sub>[1]</sub> 1:57:15	
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	1:28:17_, 1:30:9_, 1:41:9_,	rewind [1] 1:70:19	save <sub>[1]</sub> 1:111:17	
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	1:72:23_, 1:114:7		Savings 121 1:66:17	
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	resolved [3] 1:28:13_,		-	seated [3] 1:3:2_,
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	1:44:8_, 1:67:6		_	
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	respect [23] 1:7:2_,			second [18] 1:4:7_,
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		=		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1:34:12_, 1:37:11_, 1:38:1_,			
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	1:55:25_, 1:66:24_, 1:83:19	risk [3] 1:18:5_, 1:18:10		
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		_, 1:95:18		
1:140:15_, 1:140:17_,   1:141:11_, 1:157:23_,   1:140:17_,   1:141:11_, 1:157:23_,   1:140:17_,   1:141:11_, 1:157:23_,   1:140:17_,   1:141:11_, 1:157:23_,   1:140:17_,   1:141:11_, 1:157:23_,   1:140:17_,   1:141:11_,   1:147:11_,   1:147:11_,   1:142_, 1:160:13_,   1:142_, 1:160:14_,   1:141:11_,   1:141:12_,   1:116:1_,   1:116:1_,   1:116:1_,   1:116:1_,   1:116:1_,   1:145:11_,   1:1		risks <sub>[2]</sub> 1:18:4_, 1:19:1		
roadblock $[n] 1:103:17$ Robert $[a] 1:103:17$ Robert $[a] 1:103:17$ Robert $[a] 1:103:17$ Robert $[a] 1:110:11$ response $[a] 1:147:11$ response $[a] 1:147:11$ responsibilities $[a] 1:105:9$ responsibilities $[a] 1:105:9$ responsibility $[a] 1:105:17$ role $[a] 1:205:19$ rest $[a] 1:105:17$ responsibility $[a] 1:105:17$ role $[a] 1:205:19$ rest $[a] 1:105:17$ role $[a] 1:205:19$ rest $[a] 1:105:17$ role $[a] 1:205:19$ rest $[a] 1:105:17$ role $[a$		road <sub>[1]</sub> 1:96:1	scenario <sub>[1]</sub> 1:29:15	
Robert       - 1:12:21		roadblock [1] - 1:103:17	SCHAERR <sub>[41]</sub>	
respond $[n]$ - 1:147:11			1:112:22_, 1:113:2_, 1:113:4	
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$			_, 1:115:13_, 1:116:2_,	
1:28:10_, 1:49:14_, 1:60:11   Roger[i] 1:105:9   ., 1:119:3, 1:119:13_,   secret[i] 1:138:1   responsibilities[i]   role [i] 1:22:10_, 1:24:3   1:119:15_, 1:119:19_,   secret[i] 1:138:1   secret[i] 1:138:1   responsibilities[i]   .; 1:24:21_, 1:115:7_,   1:120:14_, 1:121:19_,   1:120:14_, 1:121:19_,   1:131:14_, 1:131:21   secretaries[i] 1:102:9   1:122:1_, 1:132:16   1:122:13_, 1:122:17_,   secretary[i] 1:61:2   s	•			
responsibilities $[4]$ role $[9]$ - 1:22:10_, 1:24:3 1:119:15_, 1:119:19_, 1:15:3_, 1:55:20_, 1:97:2_, 1:15:3_, 1:55:20_, 1:97:2_, 1:122:1_, 1:132:16 1:102:9 1:122:1_, 1:132:16 1:122:1_, 1:132:16 1:122:13_, 1:122:17_, 1:122:13_, 1:122:17_, 1:122:13_, 1:122:17_, 1:123:9_, 1:123:9_, 1:123:17_, 1:132:10_, 1:132:11_, 1:132:10_, 1:125:18_, 1:125:18_, 1:125:11_, 1:156:11_, 1:132:10_, 1:132:11_, 1:137:22 1:125:24_, 1:128:4_, 1:128:11_, 1:128:19_, 1:128:11_, 1:128:19_, 1:128:11_, 1:128:19_, 1:128:11_, 1:128:19_, 1:128:11_, 1:128:19_, 1:128:11_, 1:128:19_, 1:128:11_, 1:128:19_, 1:128:11_, 1:130:18_, 1:110:13_, 1:130:18_, 1:110:13_, 1:130:18_, 1:	•			
1:15:3_, 1:55:20_, 1:97:2_, 1:14:21_, 1:115:7_, 1:102:9 1:122:1_, 1:132:16 1:122:13_, 1:122:17_, 1:122:17_, 1:122:13_, 1:122:17_, 1:123:17_, 1		=		
1:102:9	•			
responsibility $[5]$ - 1:149:8_, 1:149:12				
Tesponsibility $[s]$ $[1.149.5]$ , $[1.68:18]$ , $[1.150:17]$ , $[1.152:11]$ , $[1.152:11]$ , $[1.152:11]$ , $[1.152:11]$ , $[1.152:11]$ , $[1.132:11]$ , $[1.137:22]$ , $[1.125:24]$ , $[1.125:24]$ , $[1.125:24]$ , $[1.125:24]$ , $[1.125:24]$ , $[1.125:24]$ , $[1.125:24]$ , $[1.125:24]$ , $[1.125:24]$ , $[1.125:24]$ , $[1.125:24]$ , $[1.125:24]$ , $[1.125:24]$ , $[1.125:24]$ , $[1.125:24]$ , $[1.125:24]$ , $[1.125:24]$ , $[1.128:11]$ , $[1.128:$				Secretary <sub>[1]</sub> 1:61:2
1:49:5_, 1:68:18_, 1:150:17_, 1:152:11_, 1:154:9	•			secretary [2] 1:110:13
rest $[2]$ - 1:11:2, 1:13:20 rested $[1]$ - 1:43:6 restricting $[1]$ - 1:14:25 restrictions $[1]$ - 1:85:8 rests $[1]$ - 1:146:13 result $[1]$ - 1:70:18, 1:70:22 retain $[2]$ - 1:14:12, 1:15:18 restricting $[2]$ - 1:14:12, 1:156:18 rest $[2]$ - 1:14:12, 1:13:20 restricting $[3]$ - 1:10:3 result $[3]$ - 1:23:11, 1:37:22 retain $[2]$ - 1:14:12, 1:156:18 rest $[3]$ - 1:14:14:15, 1:128:24, 1:128:19, 1:128:19, 1:138:19, 1:130:18, 1:129:24, 1:130:18, 1:129:24, 1:130:18, 1:129:24, 1:130:18, 1:130:25, 1:131:14, 1:130:25, 1:131:14, 1:130:25, 1:131:14, 1:130:25, 1:131:14, 1:130:25, 1:131:14, 1:130:25, 1:131:14, 1:130:18, 1:130:19,	,			_, 1:154:7
rested [1] $_{-}$ 1:43:6 restricting [1] $_{-}$ 1:14:25 restrictions [1] $_{-}$ 1:85:8 rests [1] $_{-}$ 1:146:13 result [1] $_{-}$ 1:90:11 resume [2] $_{-}$ 1:70:18, 1:70:22 retain [2] $_{-}$ 1:14:12, 1:56:18  1:127:25 $_{-}$ 1:128:2 $_{-}$ 1:140:4 Roosevelt [2] $_{-}$ 1:60:21 $_{-}$ 1:140:4 Roosevelt [2] $_{-}$ 1:60:21 $_{-}$ 1:130:25 $_{-}$ 1:131:4 $_{-}$ 1:81:11 Section [40] $_{-}$ 1:8:14, 1:9:3 $_{-}$ 1:16:9 $_{-}$ 1:8:14, 1:9:3 $_{-}$ 1:16:9 $_{-}$ 1:132:19 $_{-}$ 1:133:14 $_{-}$ 1:132:19 $_{-}$ 1:133:14 $_{-}$ 1:132:19 $_{-}$ 1:133:14 $_{-}$ 1:55:22 $_{-}$ 1:56:52 $_{-}$ 1:56:52 $_{-}$ 1:56:50 $_{-}$ 1:56:10 $_{-}$ 1:137:18 Schaerr [9] $_{-}$ 1:522 $_{-}$ 1:81:10 $_{-}$ 1:81:11 $_{-}$ 1:104:15 $_{-}$ 1:104:17 $_{-}$				section [5] 1:13:9_,
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1:128:11_, 1:128:19_,	1:55:19_, 1:58:21_, 1:81:1_,
restrictions [1] $_{-}$ - 1:85:8 rests [1] $_{-}$ - 1:146:13 result [1] $_{-}$ - 1:90:11 resume [2] $_{-}$ - 1:70:18 $_{-}$ 1:104:3	rested [1] 1:43:6			1:81:11
rests [1] - 1:185:8 rests [1] - 1:146:13 result [1] - 1:90:11 resume [2] - 1:70:18 , 1:70:22 retain [2] - 1:14:12 , 1:56:18  Rosenthal [3] - 1:23:11 , 1:131:10 , 1:132:3 , 1:131:10 , 1:132:3 , 1:131:10 , 1:132:3 , 1:131:10 , 1:132:3 , 1:131:10 , 1:132:3 , 1:48:2 , 1:50:15 , 1:54:4 , 1:55:22 , 1:56:5 , 1:56:10 , 1:57:20 , 1:58:21 , 1:80:20 , 1:137:18 Schaerr [9] - 1:5:22 , 1:81:14 , 1:82:15 , 1:87:23	restricting [1] 1:14:25			Section [40] 1:8:1_,
rests [1] - 1:146:13 result [1] - 1:90:11 resume [2] - 1:70:18, 1:70:22 retain [2] - 1:14:12, 1:56:18  Rosenthal [3] - 1:23:11, 1:131:10, 1:132:3, 1:132:19, 1:133:5, 1:132:19, 1:133:5, 1:132:19, 1:133:5, 1:133:14, 1:136:2, 1:133:14, 1:136:2, 1:55:22, 1:56:5, 1:56:10, 1:57:20, 1:58:21, 1:80:20 -, 1:80:21, 1:81:10, 1:87:18, 1:87:22, 1:88:5, 1:156:4, 1:157:21, 1:160:7, 1:112:21, 1:151:10, 1:104:15, 1:104:20, 1:104:15, 1:104:20, 1:104:15, 1:104:20, 1:104:15, 1:104:20,	restrictions [1] 1:85:8	1:110:3		1:8:14_, 1:9:3_, 1:16:9_,
result [1] - 1:90:11 resume [2] - 1:70:18, 1:70:22 retain [2] - 1:14:12, 1:56:18  result [1] - 1:90:11 result [1] - 1:60:19 rule [2] - 1:104:3, 1:133:14, 1:136:2, 1:133:14, 1:136:2, 1:133:14, 1:136:2, 1:133:14, 1:136:2, 1:57:20, 1:58:21, 1:80:20, 1:57:20, 1:58:21, 1:80:20, 1:80:21, 1:81:10, 1:81:14, 1:82:15, 1:87:23, 1:24:18, 1:70:21, 1:109:19, 1:112:21, 1:151:10, 1:104:15, 1:104:20, 1:107:15, 1:107:25, 1:107:15, 1:107:15, 1:107:25, 1:107:15, 1:107:15, 1:107:25, 1:107:15, 1:107:15, 1:107:25, 1:107:15,				
resume [2] - 1:70:18 , rule [2] - 1:104:3 , retain [2] - 1:14:12 , 1:56:18				
retain [2] - 1:70:10_, 1:70:22  retain [2] - 1:14:12_, 1:56:18  rule [2] - 1:104:3_, Schaerr [9] - 1:5:22_, 1:24:18_, 1:70:21_, 1:109:19 -, 1:112:21_, 1:151:10_, 1:410:25_, 1:104:11_, 1:156:4, 1:157:21_, 1:160:7, 1:81:14_, 1:82:15_, 1:87:23_, 1:104:11_, 1:104:15_, 1:104:20_, 1:407:45_, 1:407:25_,		route <sub>[1]</sub> 1:60:19		
retain [2] - 1:14:12 , 1:56:18		rule <sub>[2]</sub> 1:104:3_,		
1:56:18 Rule [4] - 1:11:14_,, 1:112:21_, 1:151:10_, 1:104:15_, 1:104:20_, 1:87:18 1:87:22 1:88:5 1:156:4 1:157:21 1:160:7 1:407:45 1:407:45				
1:56:18 1:87:18 1:87:22 1:88:5 1:156:4 1:157:21 1:160:7 1:407:45 1:407:25		Rule <sub>[4]_</sub> - 1:11:14_,		
retained [12] 1:19:23_,				
	retained [12] 1:19:23_,			,,

1:108:11_, 1:114:25_,	1:70:20_, 1:71:1_, 1:71:3_,	_, 1:117:22_, 1:139:14_,	signoff <sub>[1]</sub> 1:149:16
1:120:16_, 1:120:18_, 1:121:7_, 1:121:21_, 1:122:8	1:150:24_, 1:154:19	1:141:13_, 1:142:18	similar [6] 1:36:7_,
_, 1:124:13_, 1:126:17_,	Seligman's [1]	settings <sub>[6]</sub> 1:139:5_,	1:40:2_, 1:47:24_, 1:51:4_,
1:126:18_, 1:127:10_,	1:141:18	1:139:6_, 1:139:7_, 1:141:21	1:108:15_, 1:139:7
1:128:13_, 1:130:6_,	Senate [16] 1:17:25_,	_, 1:143:2_, 1:146:2	simple [1] 1:114:16
1:130:11_, 1:156:9	1:49:17_, 1:111:10_,	seven <sub>[1]</sub> 1:102:1	simply [6] 1:116:25_,
Section's [1] 1:104:21	1:111:14_, 1:121:10_,	seven-year <sub>[1]_</sub> - 1:102:1	1:118:20_, 1:133:20_,
Sections [1] 1:43:15	1:122:4_, 1:124:6_, 1:129:5 _, 1:132:7_, 1:134:10_,	several <sub>[5]</sub> 1:7:2_,	1:151:8_, 1:153:10
sections [2] 1:10:12_,	1:135:9_, 1:137:13_,	1:16:5_, 1:102:1_, 1:110:1_,	single [9] 1:36:1_,
1:16:5	1:156:25_, 1:157:1_, 1:157:5	1:118:11	1:88:19_, 1:96:23_, 1:97:15
SECURITY <sub>[1]</sub> 1:6:6	Senate-confirmed [1]	SG's [1] 1:132:2	_, 1:97:18_, 1:97:24_,
	1:124:6	shadow <sub>[4]</sub> 1:17:8_,	1:102:4_, 1:144:7
security <sub>[2]</sub> 1:29:4_,	send [1] 1:145:21	1:17:19_, 1:17:22_, 1:18:21	sit [1] 1:112:12
1:145:16	senior <sub>[1]</sub> 1:154:8	shaky <sub>[1]</sub> 1:112:17	sits <sub>[1]</sub> 1:38:22
Security [5] 1:29:16_,		shall <sub>[5]</sub> 1:79:12_,	sitting [6] 1:35:12_,
1:30:23_, 1:89:16_, 1:89:22	sense <sub>[7]</sub> 1:10:20_,	1:108:2_, 1:108:11_,	1:125:12_, 1:125:16_,
_, 1:147:19	1:11:3_, 1:20:25_, 1:70:4_, 1:100:18_, 1:123:24_,	1:108:12_, 1:154:7	1:125:19_, 1:126:25
See [25] 1:4:4_, 1:24:13	1:141:14	sharp <sub>[1]</sub> 1:70:9	situation [5] 1:13:11_,
_, 1:31:13_, 1:37:17_, 1:39:4 _, 1:39:5_, 1:40:2_, 1:50:21_,	sentence [5] 1:92:14_,	shed <sub>[1]</sub> 1:12:1	1:31:20_, 1:73:16_, 1:73:20
1:55:4_, 1:58:22_, 1:62:24_,	1:92:25_, 1:93:6_, 1:100:6_,	shifted [4] 1:21:25_,	_, 1:139:20
1:65:6_, 1:72:3_, 1:72:15_,	1:138:7	1:22:1_, 1:23:2_, 1:23:3	situations [2] 1:19:1_,
1:72:18_, 1:72:19_, 1:72:21	separate [11] 1:4:24_,	shore [1] 1:20:12	1:124:21
_, 1:79:16_, 1:92:13_,	1:19:19_, 1:20:3_, 1:21:7_,	short <sub>[2]</sub> 1:65:23_,	skims [1] 1:33:15
1:118:19_, 1:121:2_,	1:23:25_, 1:58:10_, 1:64:1_,	1:114:21	<b>sky</b> [1] 1:103:23
1:131:12_, 1:132:3_,	1:101:5_, 1:128:17_,	show <sub>[1]</sub> 1:145:8	sliding [1] 1:100:17
1:144:23_, 1:145:15	1:154:22_, 1:158:6	SiC [1] 1:156:24	slow <sub>[1]</sub> 1:75:9
seeing <sub>[1]</sub> 1:155:19	separately <sub>[1]</sub> 1:29:10		slowly <sub>[1]</sub> 1:91:10
seek [6] 1:29:16_,	separates <sub>[1]</sub> 1:100:6	side [13] 1:6:13_,	small <sub>[1]</sub> 1:66:15
1:134:4_, 1:136:8_, 1:136:10	series [6] 1:13:4_,	1:41:25_, 1:43:18_, 1:52:13 _, 1:53:11_, 1:54:15_,	
_, 1:137:7	1:53:22_, 1:65:21_, 1:66:8_,	1:60:14_, 1:62:10_, 1:67:1_,	Smith [57] 1:4:22_,
seeking <sub>[5]</sub> 1:27:12_,	1:68:11_, 1:74:18	1:68:24_, 1:147:14_,	1:12:9_, 1:20:6_, 1:20:12_, 1:26:10_, 1:26:15_, 1:26:25
1:36:18_, 1:135:16_, 1:149:6 _, 1:149:8	serious [1] 1:114:11	1:147:25_, 1:158:16	_, 1:32:11_, 1:32:16_,
seeks <sub>[1]</sub> 1:51:2	seriously <sub>[2]</sub> 1:81:13_,	side's [1] 1:69:16	1:36:19_, 1:38:16_, 1:74:17
	1:113:12	sided [1] 1:138:1	_, 1:75:12_, 1:76:7_, 1:91:4_,
seemingly <sub>[1]</sub> 1:63:11	serve [6] 1:17:7_,	sidestep [1] 1:146:8	1:91:17_, 1:94:1_, 1:97:14_,
sees [2] 1:11:2_,	1:17:25_, 1:20:7_, 1:21:1_,	sidestepping[1]	1:98:2_, 1:98:4_, 1:98:23_,
1:11:25	1:123:25_, 1:132:13	1:147:1	1:99:6_, 1:102:11_, 1:102:21
segment [1] 1:65:17	serves <sub>[1]</sub> 1:95:23	sideways <sub>[1]</sub> 1:47:10	_, 1:103:1_, 1:103:8_,
self [1] 1:35:14	Service [1] 1:110:24	_	1:103:11_, 1:103:13_, 1:106:15_, 1:107:1_,
self-evident <sub>[1]</sub> 1:35:14	session [3] 1:70:25_,	Sign [1] 1:27:12	1:109:14_, 1:113:17_,
SELIGMAN <sub>[38]</sub> 1:71:2	1:81:4_, 1:138:1	significance [8] 1:51:9	1:113:19_, 1:114:3_, 1:114:5
_, 1:74:10_, 1:74:24_,	set [17] 1:4:2_, 1:4:11_,	_, 1:109:8_, 1:116:21_, 1:117:10_, 1:117:22_,	_, 1:114:17_, 1:116:23_,
1:75:10_, 1:75:21_, 1:76:5_,	1:4:16_, 1:4:18_, 1:11:2_,	1:140:23_, 1:141:25_,	1:119:23_, 1:120:8_,
1:76:18_, 1:76:20_, 1:77:5_,	1:17:18_, 1:31:8_, 1:60:24_,	1:142:18	1:120:23_, 1:123:1_, 1:123:2
1:77:13_, 1:78:3_, 1:79:7_,	1:61:4_, 1:85:8_, 1:92:5_,	significant [20] 1:35:16	_, 1:127:7_, 1:133:15_,
1:79:18_, 1:79:22_, 1:80:1_, 1:80:7_, 1:80:10_, 1:80:12_,	1:97:25_, 1:98:22_, 1:102:5	_, 1:50:16_, 1:50:17_, 1:52:5	1:133:17_, 1:134:17_, 1:134:22_, 1:135:4_,
1:80:16_, 1:80:19_, 1:80:25	_, 1:128:5_, 1:131:9_, 1:157:4	_, 1:62:8_, 1:62:24_, 1:69:3_,	1:135:12_, 1:135:13_,
_, 1:81:19_, 1:81:22_,		1:69:15_, 1:78:24_, 1:93:12	1:136:6_, 1:136:24_, 1:137:4
1:82:11_, 1:83:7_, 1:83:9_,	set-up [1] 1:11:2	_, 1:101:3_, 1:102:15_,	_, 1:138:10_, 1:138:22
1:83:14_, 1:84:22_, 1:85:1_,	Seth [2] 1:5:9_, 1:90:21	1:102:16_, 1:102:18_,	Smith's [8] 1:75:15_,
1:86:3_, 1:87:6_, 1:87:11_,	sets [2] 1:76:3_,	1:102:19_, 1:104:16_, 1:145:251:146:5	1:105:15_, 1:113:12_,
1:87:15_, 1:87:21_, 1:88:4_,	1:120:21	1:145:25_, 1:146:5_, 1:155:11_, 1:155:14	1:114:8_, 1:121:2_, 1:130:1
1:89:5_, 1:90:14_, 1:90:17	setting [8] 1:11:8_,	signing [1] 1:50:11	_, 1:133:18_, 1:133:25
Seligman [6] 1:5:22_,	1:15:2_, 1:94:18_, 1:116:20	orgrinig <sub>[1]</sub> - 1.00.11	<b>SO.</b> . [1] 1:159:6

1:123:16\_, 1:125:8\_, 1:56:18\_, 1:59:2\_, 1:59:11\_, solely [1]\_ - 1:99:1 Sotomayor [1]\_ -1:125:11\_, 1:128:9\_, 1:62:20\_, 1:62:24\_, 1:65:4\_, 1:101:10 solicit [1]\_ - 1:61:3 1:128:18\_, 1:129:1\_, 1:65:5\_, 1:108:1\_, 1:159:15 sounds [1]\_ - 1:17:22 Solicitor [3]\_ - 1:82:25\_, 1:129:14\_, 1:129:18\_, specific [25]\_ - 1:9:4\_, 1:83:6\_, 1:143:6 source [16]\_ - 1:19:19\_, 1:129:19\_, 1:131:24\_, 1:9:15\_, 1:9:18\_, 1:13:5\_, 1:21:7\_, 1:23:25\_, 1:24:15\_, solicitor [8]\_ - 1:84:4\_, 1:133:11\_, 1:141:6\_, 1:31:9\_, 1:39:12\_, 1:42:16\_, 1:38:11\_, 1:80:24\_, 1:81:1\_, 1:84:7\_, 1:84:11\_, 1:84:12\_, 1:143:17\_, 1:144:5\_, 1:45:4\_, 1:50:12\_, 1:52:2\_, 1:83:23\_, 1:106:13\_, 1:84:20\_, 1:132:12\_, 1:144:18\_, 1:144:22\_, 1:64:7\_, 1:66:16\_, 1:67:8\_, 1:106:17\_, 1:110:15\_, 1:145:7\_, 1:145:22\_, 1:148:6 1:132:13\_, 1:132:18 1:69:22\_, 1:77:7\_, 1:82:21\_, 1:116:9\_, 1:116:10\_, \_, 1:149:24\_, 1:149:25\_, solicitors [1]\_ - 1:84:13 1:92:5\_, 1:95:17\_, 1:98:22\_, 1:127:20\_, 1:152:7 1:150:7\_, 1:150:18\_, 1:151:3 1:108:23\_, 1:109:21\_, solicitude [1]\_ - 1:88:8 sources [3]\_ - 1:20:8\_, \_, 1:152:12\_, 1:152:19\_, 1:114:2\_, 1:120:3\_, 1:144:13. someone [18]\_ - 1:24:11\_, 1:22:2\_, 1:22:9 1:152:25\_, 1:155:13\_, \_, 1:147:22 1:24:12\_, 1:32:15\_, 1:36:19 1:155:23\_, 1:156:23\_, Southern [2]\_ - 1:29:14\_, specifically [5]\_ - 1:10:24 \_, 1:49:17\_, 1:60:16\_, 1:157:12\_, 1:157:15\_, 1:59:6 \_, 1:15:14\_, 1:37:25\_, 1:48:1 1:61:18\_, 1:63:6\_, 1:63:7\_, 1:157:17\_, 1:158:13\_, sovereign<sub>[2]</sub>\_ - 1:88:7\_, \_, 1:149:12 1:67:18\_, 1:77:23\_, 1:77:24 1:158:18\_, 1:160:24 1:100:19 specifics [1]\_ - 1:17:20 \_, 1:83:17\_, 1:96:1\_, 1:97:17 special [116]\_ - 1:10:10\_, speaks [3]\_ - 1:25:2\_, \_, 1:110:8\_, 1:110:11\_, specifies [1]\_ - 1:121:8 1:15:2\_, 1:15:7\_, 1:15:8\_, 1:118:8 1:76:3\_, 1:143:8 speed [1]\_ - 1:75:13 1:15:20\_, 1:15:23\_, 1:16:5\_, somewhat [2]\_ - 1:87:18 Special [154]\_ - 1:3:8\_, 1:16:11\_, 1:16:15\_, 1:16:18. spend [3]\_ - 1:14:6\_, 1:4:21\_, 1:5:1\_, 1:5:24\_, \_, 1:98:9 \_, 1:16:20\_, 1:16:21\_, 1:35:10\_, 1:155:3 soon [1]\_ - 1:159:21 1:6:25\_, 1:7:3\_, 1:7:8\_, 1:16:23\_, 1:17:1\_, 1:17:11\_, Spiderman [1]\_ - 1:96:3 1:7:22\_, 1:7:25\_, 1:8:5\_, 1:18:2\_, 1:21:18\_, 1:21:20\_, sorry [10] - 1:71:23, sprawling[1]\_ - 1:24:23 1:8:10\_, 1:9:23\_, 1:10:18\_, 1:22:10\_, 1:23:19\_, 1:24:8\_, 1:75:10\_, 1:75:13\_, 1:79:7\_, 1:12:3\_, 1:13:25\_, 1:17:4\_, 1:24:16\_, 1:33:6\_, 1:34:6\_, square [1]\_ - 1:99:20 1:82:21\_, 1:102:25\_, 1:109:1 1:17:13\_, 1:18:11\_, 1:19:1\_, 1:35:11\_, 1:37:18\_, 1:39:19. squarely [2]\_ - 1:94:22\_, \_, 1:111:23\_, 1:121:20\_, 1:19:12\_, 1:21:16\_, 1:21:21 \_, 1:42:15\_, 1:42:16\_, 1:115:14 1:148:7 \_, 1:23:10\_, 1:24:5\_, 1:24:13 1:42:24\_, 1:43:5\_, 1:52:16\_, Srinivasan [1]\_ - 1:84:5 sort [81]\_ - 1:17:2\_, 1:19:22 \_, 1:24:23\_, 1:25:3\_, 1:25:10. 1:56:12\_, 1:56:13\_, 1:56:20 \_, 1:20:2\_, 1:23:24\_, 1:25:6\_, staffed [1]\_ - 1:27:9 \_, 1:25:15\_, 1:25:16\_, \_, 1:57:2\_, 1:57:6\_, 1:57:7\_, 1:25:13\_, 1:25:17\_, 1:30:13 1:26:18\_, 1:27:1\_, 1:27:6\_, 1:57:9\_, 1:57:12\_, 1:57:16\_, staffing [1]\_ - 1:101:18 \_, 1:30:17\_, 1:31:4\_, 1:31:8\_, 1:27:8\_, 1:27:23\_, 1:28:16\_, 1:58:1\_, 1:58:5\_, 1:58:9\_, stage [3]\_ - 1:36:22\_ 1:31:25\_, 1:32:14\_, 1:32:22 1:29:8\_, 1:30:5\_, 1:30:15\_, 1:58:11\_, 1:58:24\_, 1:58:25 1:116:20\_, 1:117:22 \_, 1:33:18\_, 1:34:22\_, 1:30:20\_, 1:31:12\_, 1:32:9\_, \_, 1:59:23\_, 1:59:24\_, 1:60:6 1:36:21\_, 1:37:14\_, 1:39:5\_, stand [4]\_ - 1:136:12\_, 1:32:24\_, 1:33:9\_, 1:33:11\_, \_, 1:60:12\_, 1:60:17\_, 1:39:13\_, 1:40:3\_, 1:40:25\_, 1:149:20, 1:153:21\_, 1:33:13\_, 1:34:11\_, 1:38:1\_, 1:60:18\_, 1:60:22\_, 1:61:3\_, 1:42:3\_, 1:42:7\_, 1:44:22\_, 1:158:25 1:40:8\_, 1:40:16\_, 1:40:20\_, 1:61:6\_, 1:61:7\_, 1:61:8\_, 1:45:11\_, 1:46:8\_, 1:46:11\_, 1:40:22\_, 1:41:16\_, 1:46:9\_, stand-alone [1] -1:61:10\_, 1:61:23\_, 1:62:1\_, 1:50:24\_, 1:52:20\_, 1:55:16 1:47:6\_, 1:47:16\_, 1:48:12\_, 1:153:21 1:65:8\_, 1:67:19\_, 1:70:6\_, \_, 1:55:17\_, 1:55:19\_, 1:56:6 1:48:21\_, 1:49:3\_, 1:49:12\_, 1:70:7\_, 1:70:8\_, 1:70:10\_, standard [5]\_ - 1:48:18\_, \_, 1:57:14\_, 1:60:11\_, 1:49:24\_, 1:49:25\_, 1:51:5\_, 1:85:21\_, 1:86:12\_, 1:92:17 1:69:11\_, 1:74:4\_, 1:79:1\_, 1:60:20\_, 1:60:24\_, 1:60:25 1:51:22\_, 1:51:24\_, 1:51:25 \_, 1:92:23\_, 1:93:1\_, 1:94:11 1:148:25 \_, 1:61:1\_, 1:62:4\_, 1:63:4\_, \_, 1:53:7\_, 1:55:14\_, 1:57:12 \_, 1:95:20\_, 1:104:12\_, standby [1]\_ - 1:63:7 1:63:7\_, 1:63:14\_, 1:64:20\_, \_, 1:57:23\_, 1:59:12\_, 1:60:3 1:105:2\_, 1:105:3\_, 1:105:22 standing [1]\_ - 1:36:17 1:66:13\_, 1:66:25\_, 1:67:15 \_, 1:60:7\_, 1:62:5\_, 1:66:3\_, \_, 1:108:2\_, 1:108:22\_, \_, 1:68:5\_, 1:68:6\_, 1:68:15\_, 1:66:17\_, 1:66:18\_, 1:67:3\_, stands [1]\_ - 1:112:17 1:109:20\_, 1:110:12\_, 1:69:2\_, 1:79:4\_, 1:89:9\_, 1:67:19\_, 1:70:4\_, 1:71:9\_, 1:110:16\_, 1:111:9\_, Stanley [1]\_ - 1:3:18 1:90:10\_, 1:93:8\_, 1:97:11\_, 1:71:11\_, 1:71:20\_, 1:71:25 1:111:13\_, 1:111:18\_, star [1]\_ - 1:60:19 1:97:12\_, 1:98:7\_, 1:108:22 \_, 1:72:1\_, 1:72:21\_, 1:73:4\_, 1:121:22\_, 1:126:7\_, 1:126:9 \_, 1:109:18\_, 1:110:1\_, start [15]\_ - 1:6:20\_, 1:8:14. 1:73:5\_, 1:74:10\_, 1:74:14\_, \_, 1:127:9\_, 1:127:10\_, 1:112:7\_, 1:114:5\_, 1:124:24 \_, 1:14:8\_, 1:14:24\_, 1:17:3\_, 1:74:17\_, 1:76:7\_, 1:76:11\_, 1:127:13\_, 1:127:21\_, \_, 1:127:15\_, 1:128:17\_, 1:22:4\_, 1:22:6\_, 1:40:24\_, 1:76:22\_, 1:76:24\_, 1:77:10 1:127:22\_, 1:128:2\_, 1:128:3 1:130:12\_, 1:130:16\_, \_, 1:77:15\_, 1:77:18\_, 1:79:2 1:41:5\_, 1:51:16\_, 1:51:17\_, \_, 1:128:4\_, 1:128:6\_, 1:134:15\_, 1:140:25\_, 1:71:6\_, 1:121:15\_, 1:139:12 \_, 1:79:11\_, 1:79:12\_, 1:128:7\_, 1:128:10\_, 1:142:24\_, 1:143:4\_, 1:145:2 \_, 1:147:13 1:79:20\_, 1:80:8\_, 1:83:25\_, 1:128:12\_, 1:128:17\_, \_, 1:146:7\_, 1:148:23\_, 1:86:6\_, 1:93:11\_, 1:101:19 started [3]\_ - 1:36:15\_, 1:140:17\_, 1:141:4\_, 1:149:7\_, 1:151:2\_, 1:151:19 \_, 1:103:13\_, 1:104:4\_, 1:155:20\_, 1:155:21\_, 1:59:8\_, 1:147:14 \_, 1:154:10\_, 1:155:18 1:105:11\_, 1:105:25\_, 1:156:23 starting [4]\_ - 1:3:7\_, sorts [1]\_ - 1:79:1 1:109:6\_, 1:110:2\_, 1:115:10 specially [10]\_ - 1:20:20\_, 1:22:7\_, 1:35:3\_, 1:70:18 \_, 1:115:17\_, 1:118:22\_,

1:157:16\_, 1:157:17\_, starts [1]\_ - 1:38:12 still [20]\_ - 1:48:9\_, 1:58:13 submitting [1]\_ - 1:70:3 1:158:9 \_, 1:59:15\_, 1:75:23\_, subordinate [1]\_ state [1]\_ - 1:86:3 Statute [1]\_ - 1:65:25 1:76:10\_, 1:85:17\_, 1:97:24 1:25:25 State [2]\_ - 1:5:14\_, 1:71:4 \_, 1:102:3\_, 1:104:1\_, statutes [65]\_ - 1:7:2\_, subparagraph[1]\_ statement [6]\_ - 1:34:14\_, 1:104:20\_, 1:105:18\_, 1:8:3\_, 1:8:12\_, 1:9:12\_, 1:78:19\_, 1:118:17\_, 1:107:6\_, 1:117:10\_, 1:119:7. 1:10:7\_. 1:10:21\_. 1:13:23\_. subpoena [4]\_ - 1:41:13\_, 1:137:19\_, 1:137:21\_, \_, 1:119:8\_, 1:128:25\_, 1:15:22\_, 1:17:17\_, 1:18:7\_, 1:143:24 1:86:9\_, 1:86:11\_, 1:139:22 1:129:2\_, 1:129:20\_, 1:18:25\_, 1:19:6\_, 1:22:19\_, Statement [3]\_ - 1:87:18 subpoenas [1]\_ - 1:134:3 1:129:22\_, 1:159:7 1:23:7\_, 1:32:22\_, 1:34:1\_, \_, 1:87:21\_, 1:88:4 stipulate [2]\_ - 1:94:1\_, subsection [1]\_ - 1:55:11 1:36:12\_, 1:36:16\_, 1:43:14 statements [5]\_ -\_, 1:45:4\_, 1:45:23\_, 1:51:12 1:94:24 subsections [1]\_ -1:143:17\_, 1:143:19\_, \_, 1:52:2\_, 1:53:22\_, 1:54:12 Stone [1]\_ - 1:105:9 1:127:17 1:144:3\_, 1:144:21\_, \_, 1:54:18\_, 1:55:1\_, 1:55:6\_, stop [3]\_ - 1:73:15\_, subsequent [1]\_ -1:58:15\_, 1:62:20\_, 1:74:18 1:144:24 1:73:19\_, 1:152:10 1:23:12 \_, 1:80:14\_, 1:80:16\_, States [42]\_ - 1:3:4\_, stopped [1]\_ - 1:41:3 subset [1]\_ - 1:128:6 1:81:17\_, 1:81:24\_, 1:87:9\_, 1:3:10\_, 1:11:6\_, 1:17:12\_, stops [1] - 1:99:7 substantial [1]\_ -1:87:10\_, 1:88:7\_, 1:88:8\_, 1:17:14\_, 1:40:12\_, 1:41:9\_, 1:88:16\_, 1:88:22\_, 1:89:9\_, 1:100:20 strategy [1]\_ - 1:79:17 1:43:13\_, 1:47:21\_, 1:47:24 1:89:16\_, 1:90:9\_, 1:92:15\_, substantive [2]\_ -\_, 1:55:20\_, 1:56:21\_, stream [1]\_ - 1:4:4 1:95:1\_, 1:109:19\_, 1:116:19. 1:57:10\_, 1:57:15\_, 1:57:17. 1:127:18\_, 1:128:15 streaming [1]\_ - 1:6:5 \_, 1:118:20\_, 1:119:18\_, \_, 1:57:24\_, 1:58:5\_, 1:71:22 subvert [1]\_ - 1:120:8 stressing [1]\_ - 1:100:6 1:119:21\_, 1:119:23\_, \_, 1:81:6\_, 1:84:16\_, 1:84:17. succession [1]\_ - 1:32:1 1:122:14\_, 1:131:11\_, stretch [5]\_ - 1:17:4\_, \_, 1:87:25\_, 1:91:2\_, 1:91:25 1:133:14\_, 1:133:18\_, sudden [2]\_ - 1:65:3\_, \_, 1:92:17\_, 1:95:12\_, 1:33:24\_, 1:34:19\_, 1:55:16 1:139:10\_, 1:139:19\_, 1:90:10 1:102:17\_, 1:102:19\_, stretching [2]\_ - 1:123:15. 1:140:15\_, 1:140:21\_, sufficient [11]\_ - 1:32:17\_, 1:102:20\_, 1:103:2\_, 1:103:6 \_, 1:123:18 1:141:2\_, 1:141:8\_, 1:153:14 \_, 1:108:12\_, 1:109:3\_, 1:49:21\_, 1:67:25\_, 1:74:6\_, strike [1]\_ - 1:48:6 \_, 1:156:12\_, 1:158:7 1:134:6\_, 1:135:2\_, 1:135:16 1:78:2\_, 1:78:3\_, 1:78:21\_, strikes [1]\_ - 1:133:7 statutorily [3]\_ - 1:57:17\_, \_, 1:137:9\_, 1:153:22\_, 1:80:4\_, 1:80:21\_, 1:144:10 1:68:25\_, 1:138:17 striking [2]\_ - 1:14:19\_, 1:154:2\_, 1:154:5\_, 1:154:23 \_, 1:156:21 status [3]\_ - 1:63:8\_, statutory [44]\_ - 1:8:4\_, 1:93:9 sufficiently [2]\_ - 1:64:14. 1:31:4\_, 1:33:21\_, 1:37:3\_, \_, 1:96:15 1:114:14\_, 1:122:12 strong [5]\_ - 1:8:17\_, 1:40:15\_, 1:40:21\_, 1:40:24 1:8:20\_, 1:13:10\_, 1:80:25\_, statute [73]\_ - 1:9:15\_, suggest [4]\_ - 1:32:12\_, \_, 1:41:16\_, 1:42:14\_, 1:85:16 1:10:2\_, 1:10:21\_, 1:12:12\_, 1:97:23\_, 1:103:8\_, 1:105:23 1:42:20\_, 1:45:25\_, 1:47:11 1:12:23\_, 1:13:13\_, 1:14:5\_, stronger [2]\_ - 1:80:24\_, suggested [4]\_ - 1:18:22 \_, 1:50:23\_, 1:52:20\_, 1:53:6 1:15:5\_, 1:16:5\_, 1:20:15\_, 1:85:17 \_, 1:40:25\_, 1:64:2\_, 1:144:3 \_, 1:64:22\_, 1:65:20\_, 1:23:23\_, 1:24:10\_, 1:37:22 strongly [1]\_ - 1:33:8 suggesting [3]\_ -1:68:13\_, 1:68:20\_, 1:80:17. \_, 1:37:25\_, 1:39:16\_, structure [11]\_ - 1:11:2\_, 1:100:19\_, 1:145:22\_, \_, 1:80:19\_, 1:83:23\_, 1:50:25\_, 1:51:1\_, 1:51:4\_, 1:72:8\_, 1:72:19\_, 1:74:16\_, 1:158:16 1:84:20\_, 1:88:18\_, 1:89:18 1:53:25\_, 1:55:3\_, 1:64:1\_, 1:82:18\_, 1:113:14\_, \_, 1:90:2\_, 1:114:1\_, 1:114:9 suggestion [1]\_ -1:64:14\_, 1:65:25\_, 1:67:17 1:114:10\_, 1:120:9\_, \_, 1:115:7\_, 1:118:21\_, 1:114:15 \_, 1:68:3\_, 1:71:12\_, 1:72:7\_, 1:120:15\_, 1:121:12\_, 1:119:25\_, 1:120:2\_, 1:120:4 sunset [1]\_ - 1:120:25 1:72:9\_, 1:72:10\_, 1:73:25\_, \_, 1:120:9\_, 1:124:12\_, 1:130:5 1:74:2\_, 1:74:5\_, 1:74:12\_, superior [29]\_ - 1:7:17\_, 1:124:23\_, 1:126:14\_, struggling [1]\_ - 1:39:5 1:74:13\_, 1:78:15\_, 1:82:9\_, 1:26:5\_, 1:26:25\_, 1:32:6\_, 1:126:16\_, 1:133:22\_, studied [1]\_ - 1:23:13 1:82:19\_, 1:83:1\_, 1:85:3\_, 1:32:10\_, 1:32:15\_, 1:32:16. 1:149:24\_, 1:154:23\_, 1:85:11\_, 1:85:18\_, 1:85:22 subcategories [1]\_ -\_, 1:73:9\_, 1:73:12\_, 1:74:7\_, 1:157:13\_, 1:159:8\_, 1:161:1 \_, 1:89:7\_, 1:89:25\_, 1:92:1\_, 1:88:19 1:122:5\_, 1:122:19\_, 1:123:2 steer [1]\_ - 1:47:15 1:99:3\_, 1:99:4\_, 1:104:7\_, \_, 1:123:7\_, 1:123:10\_, subject [7]\_ - 1:25:11\_, 1:104:14\_, 1:104:16\_, step [16]\_ - 1:4:10\_, 1:123:14\_, 1:123:16\_, 1:25:18\_, 1:29:9\_, 1:74:11\_, 1:104:25\_, 1:105:7\_, 1:106:6 1:48:14\_, 1:50:14\_, 1:51:8\_, 1:123:21\_, 1:124:9\_, 1:132:5 1:74:23\_, 1:136:15\_, 1:138:8 \_, 1:107:7\_, 1:109:21\_, 1:51:10\_, 1:91:16\_, 1:91:17 \_, 1:134:9\_, 1:134:18\_, submission [2]\_ - 1:7:10. 1:109:22\_, 1:111:8\_, \_, 1:91:19\_, 1:91:21\_, 1:134:23\_, 1:135:14\_, \_, 1:69:25 1:114:10\_, 1:114:13\_, 1:93:23\_, 1:101:6\_, 1:136:3 1:137:11\_, 1:138:17\_, 1:121:18\_, 1:123:10\_, submissions [1]\_ -\_, 1:136:12\_, 1:152:9 1:138:21 1:124:7\_, 1:127:9\_, 1:131:5 1:107:22 steps [5]\_ - 1:29:4\_, supervised [4]\_ - 1:49:16. \_, 1:133:2\_, 1:138:19\_, submit [4]\_ - 1:34:23\_, 1:29:17\_. 1:78:24\_. 1:91:16 \_, 1:77:24\_, 1:135:19 1:154:21\_, 1:154:23\_, 1:97:13\_, 1:153:19\_, \_, 1:145:17 supervision [16]\_ -1:156:8\_, 1:157:15\_, 1:160:25 Steven [1]\_ - 1:5:6

1:25:11\_, 1:46:21\_, 1:46:24 tapes [1]\_ - 1:115:2 \_, 1:47:7\_, 1:48:4\_, 1:58:3\_, target [1]\_ - 1:95:17 1:58:13\_, 1:61:21\_, 1:79:22 targeted [1]\_ - 1:97:23 \_, 1:134:13\_, 1:135:11\_, 1:135:12\_, 1:135:22\_, task [10]\_ - 1:96:23\_, 1:148:18\_, 1:152:11 1:96:24\_, 1:97:15\_, 1:97:18 \_, 1:97:24\_, 1:99:1\_, 1:102:4 supervisory [3]\_ - 1:58:7. \_, 1:68:18\_, 1:132:11 \_, 1:102:6\_, 1:102:9 tasks [2]\_ - 1:98:22\_, supplant[1]\_ - 1:130:11 1:102:5 supplemental [2]\_ tax [1]\_ - 1:155:20 1:5:16\_, 1:160:23 team [1]\_ - 1:5:25 support [8]\_ - 1:5:2\_, 1:5:9 Teapot [3]\_ - 1:60:23\_, \_, 1:40:16\_, 1:74:3\_, 1:78:9\_, 1:144:10\_, 1:147:4\_, 1:111:7\_, 1:156:25 1:160:15 technical [1]\_ - 1:44:23 supporting [2]\_ - 1:71:5\_, techniques [1]\_ - 1:89:18 1:113:11 Ted [1]\_ - 1:101:24 supportive [1]\_ - 1:141:23 temporary [10]\_ - 1:96:9\_, supports [5]\_ - 1:19:15\_, 1:96:20\_, 1:100:3\_, 1:102:3 1:19:17\_, 1:36:19\_, 1:86:25 \_, 1:103:15\_, 1:103:18\_, \_, 1:103:18 1:112:8\_, 1:123:23\_, 1:124:4 suppose [2]\_ - 1:59:22\_, \_, 1:132:15 1:63:4 Tennessee [1]\_ - 1:154:1 Supreme [45]\_ - 1:12:6\_, tense [4]\_ - 1:19:18\_, 1:13:14\_, 1:23:2\_, 1:33:10\_, 1:19:23\_, 1:21:6\_, 1:69:21 1:34:13\_, 1:36:11\_, 1:42:12 tension [3]\_ - 1:7:12\_, \_, 1:42:19\_, 1:43:8\_, 1:44:3\_, 1:90:25\_, 1:97:7 1:45:11\_, 1:45:13\_, 1:47:22 tensions [1]\_ - 1:91:15 \_, 1:52:11\_, 1:58:13\_, tenure [8]\_ - 1:92:19\_, 1:63:10\_, 1:65:19\_, 1:71:22 \_, 1:74:6\_, 1:84:16\_, 1:88:5\_, 1:94:3\_. 1:98:14\_. 1:98:17\_. 1:93:17\_, 1:94:13\_, 1:98:6\_, 1:98:18\_, 1:99:22\_, 1:100:6 1:98:9\_, 1:101:25\_, 1:103:25 term [39]\_ - 1:9:22\_, 1:11:7. \_, 1:111:12\_, 1:114:15\_, \_, 1:12:16\_, 1:13:19\_, 1:117:19\_, 1:118:6\_, 1:120:1 1:15:20\_, 1:15:22\_, 1:16:8\_, \_, 1:120:6\_, 1:124:22\_, 1:17:4\_, 1:53:12\_, 1:54:15\_, 1:126:12\_, 1:134:5\_, 1:54:20\_, 1:55:10\_, 1:55:18 1:136:16\_, 1:136:17\_, \_, 1:58:24\_, 1:59:23\_, 1:136:21\_, 1:136:25\_, 1:59:24\_, 1:61:6\_, 1:64:6\_, 1:137:3\_, 1:137:20\_, 1:140:3 1:81:13\_, 1:82:9\_, 1:88:2\_, \_, 1:152:4\_, 1:160:5 1:88:13\_, 1:88:19\_, 1:89:1\_, surgeons [1] - 1:100:2 1:89:2\_, 1:89:6\_, 1:90:3\_, surprise [1]\_ - 1:89:18 1:90:6\_, 1:109:8\_, 1:126:9\_, 1:126:11\_, 1:130:2\_, 1:141:4 Synar [2]\_ - 1:93:13\_, \_, 1:141:11\_, 1:141:19\_, 1:112:2 1:141:20\_, 1:141:22\_, synonymous [1]\_ -1:153:15 1:154:10 terminate [2]\_ - 1:33:9\_, 1:49:2 Τ terminated [2]\_ - 1:96:25 \_, 1:102:7 table [1]\_ - 1:35:12 terminates [1]\_ - 1:75:15 tad [1]\_ - 1:75:9 terminology [8]\_ talks [3]\_ - 1:48:2\_, 1:49:14. 1:20:19\_, 1:20:22\_, 1:21:19 \_, 1:154:3

tap [2]\_ - 1:106:15\_,

1:106:16

\_, 1:21:25\_, 1:23:1\_, 1:43:22

terms [21]\_ - 1:6:12\_,

\_, 1:59:2\_, 1:61:13

1:16:24\_, 1:19:18\_, 1:25:24 \_, 1:26:21\_, 1:29:2\_, 1:32:9\_, 1:35:7\_, 1:39:18\_, 1:47:5\_, 1:47:19\_, 1:52:24\_, 1:54:16 \_, 1:64:22\_, 1:64:25\_, 1:79:9 \_, 1:98:5\_, 1:142:16\_, 1:144:10\_, 1:151:25\_, 1:154:14 test [4]\_ - 1:32:7\_, 1:40:21 \_, 1:97:8\_, 1:155:10 testimony [2]\_ - 1:26:13\_, 1:28:12 tests [1]\_ - 1:73:2 text [35]\_ - 1:8:3\_, 1:8:4\_, 1:8:12\_, 1:10:6\_, 1:14:21\_, 1:15:21\_, 1:18:19\_, 1:18:24 \_, 1:22:18\_, 1:23:17\_, 1:24:4 \_, 1:27:15\_, 1:28:6\_, 1:28:7\_, 1:28:25\_, 1:34:1\_, 1:36:15\_, 1:39:16\_, 1:40:17\_, 1:45:22 \_, 1:51:12\_, 1:53:8\_, 1:62:10 \_, 1:62:12\_, 1:62:14\_, 1:63:11\_, 1:64:17\_, 1:89:25 \_, 1:119:14\_, 1:119:18\_, 1:124:23\_, 1:133:14\_, 1:139:10\_, 1:139:19\_, 1:144:24 text/history[1]\_ - 1:41:1 textual [17]\_ - 1:13:15\_, 1:15:12\_, 1:19:5\_, 1:20:13\_, 1:23:6\_, 1:31:5\_, 1:33:16\_, 1:37:12\_, 1:39:2\_, 1:39:25\_, 1:44:5\_, 1:53:17\_, 1:59:20\_, 1:60:4\_, 1:62:9\_, 1:66:13\_, 1:81:14 textually [2]\_ - 1:12:25\_, thanking [1]\_ - 1:71:6 THE [255]\_ - 1:3:2\_, 1:3:11 \_, 1:3:15\_, 1:3:19\_, 1:3:24\_, 1:4:8\_, 1:4:14\_, 1:6:4\_, 1:6:8 \_, 1:6:15\_, 1:6:18\_, 1:6:20\_, 1:7:7\_, 1:7:15\_, 1:7:19\_, 1:9:25\_, 1:10:4\_, 1:10:11\_, 1:11:4\_, 1:12:1\_, 1:12:18\_, 1:12:22\_, 1:13:22\_, 1:15:7\_, 1:15:24\_, 1:16:15\_, 1:16:18 \_, 1:16:20\_, 1:17:22\_, 1:18:5 \_, 1:18:17\_, 1:19:11\_, 1:20:19\_, 1:21:3\_, 1:21:11\_, 1:21:15\_, 1:22:5\_, 1:22:21\_, 1:23:9\_, 1:24:2\_, 1:24:14\_, 1:25:1\_, 1:25:22\_, 1:27:10\_, 1:27:15\_, 1:28:4\_, 1:29:5\_, 1:30:11\_, 1:31:3\_, 1:31:14\_, 1:32:5\_, 1:32:19\_, 1:34:11\_, 1:35:20\_, 1:36:4\_, 1:36:21\_, 1:37:2\_, 1:37:21\_, 1:39:7\_,

1:40:6\_, 1:40:13\_, 1:41:14\_, 1:41:17\_, 1:42:19\_, 1:43:22 \_, 1:44:14\_, 1:45:22\_, 1:46:12\_, 1:46:16\_, 1:47:5\_, 1:47:13\_, 1:48:17\_, 1:49:7\_, 1:50:10\_, 1:50:18\_, 1:50:23 \_, 1:51:6\_, 1:51:11\_, 1:52:7\_, 1:52:19\_, 1:52:24\_, 1:53:8\_, 1:54:12\_, 1:54:19\_, 1:54:25 \_, 1:55:24\_, 1:56:25\_, 1:57:19\_, 1:57:25\_, 1:58:8\_, 1:58:15\_, 1:58:22\_, 1:59:15 \_, 1:59:20\_, 1:60:5\_, 1:61:12 \_, 1:62:3\_, 1:62:14\_, 1:63:9\_, 1:64:16\_, 1:65:12\_, 1:65:14 \_, 1:65:16\_, 1:66:15\_, 1:67:11\_, 1:68:4\_, 1:68:8\_, 1:69:8\_, 1:69:19\_, 1:70:3\_, 1:70:13\_, 1:70:16\_, 1:70:24 \_, 1:74:9\_, 1:74:22\_, 1:75:9\_,  $1:75:18\_,\ 1:76:2\_,\ 1:76:15\_,$ 1:76:19\_, 1:77:3\_, 1:77:9\_, 1:77:21\_, 1:79:3\_, 1:79:9\_, 1:79:21\_, 1:79:24\_, 1:80:6\_, 1:80:9\_, 1:80:11\_, 1:80:13\_, 1:80:18\_, 1:80:23\_, 1:81:17 \_, 1:81:20\_, 1:82:4\_, 1:83:5\_, 1:83:8\_, 1:83:12\_, 1:84:19\_, 1:84:25\_, 1:85:25\_, 1:87:2\_, 1:87:8\_, 1:87:14\_, 1:87:17\_, 1:88:1\_, 1:88:21\_, 1:90:5\_, 1:90:15\_, 1:90:18\_, 1:91:9\_, 1:92:13\_, 1:95:7\_, 1:96:4\_, 1:96:10\_, 1:97:20\_, 1:98:5\_, 1:99:18\_, 1:100:17\_, 1:101:15\_, 1:102:12\_, 1:102:24\_, 1:104:6\_, 1:104:9 \_, 1:105:5\_, 1:106:6\_, 1:106:12\_, 1:106:23\_, 1:107:17\_, 1:107:19\_, 1:107:22\_, 1:109:4\_, 1:109:6 \_, 1:110:15\_, 1:110:19\_, 1:111:4\_, 1:112:18\_, 1:112:21\_, 1:112:25\_, 1:113:3\_, 1:115:12\_, 1:115:22\_, 1:116:5\_, 1:116:9 \_, 1:117:17\_, 1:117:25\_, 1:118:25\_, 1:119:2\_, 1:119:9 \_, 1:119:14\_, 1:119:18\_, 1:120:12\_, 1:121:18\_, 1:122:10\_, 1:122:14\_, 1:123:6\_, 1:123:12\_, 1:124:16\_, 1:125:15\_, 1:125:22\_, 1:126:4\_, 1:127:21\_, 1:127:25\_, 1:128:9\_, 1:128:16\_, 1:128:21\_, 1:129:9\_, 1:129:18\_, 1:130:14\_, 1:130:23\_, 1:131:3\_, 1:131:8. \_, 1:131:23\_, 1:132:16\_, 1:133:3\_, 1:133:12\_,

1:155:1

1:160:3

treated [9]\_ - 1:21:16\_,

\_, 1:119:7\_, 1:138:17\_,

1:138:20\_, 1:158:23\_,

1:81:21\_, 1:82:10\_, 1:113:23.

4 405 40 4 407 47
1:135:18_, 1:137:17_, 1:138:24_, 1:141:15_,
1:138:24_, 1:141:15_,
1:142:5_, 1:142:22_,
1:143:10_, 1:145:1_, 1:147:6
_, 1:147:8_, 1:147:18_,
1:148:3_, 1:148:10_,
1:148:20_, 1:149:3_,
1:149:15_, 1:150:3_,
1:150:10_, 1:150:19_,
1:151:10_, 1:151:22_,
1:152:13_, 1:153:1_,
1:153:6, 1:153:20_, 1:153:24
_, 1:155:24_, 1:157:7_,
1:157:13_, 1:157:15_,
1:157:25_, 1:158:4_,
1:158:11_, 1:158:22_,
1:159:7_, 1:159:21_,
1:159:24_, 1:160:23
Theodore [2] 1:60:21_,
1:110:3
theoretically[1]
1:136:2
therefore [3] 1:115:25_,
1:116:15_, 1:152:6
thinking [1] 1:38:23
thinks [1] 1:151:15
third [3] 1:91:2_, 1:97:8
_, 1:114:6
Thomas [1] 1:110:25
thorough [1] 1:111:2
thorough <sub>[1]</sub> 1:111:2
thoughtful [1] 1:7:10
thoughtful <sub>[1]</sub> 1:7:10 thoughts <sub>[3]</sub> 1:49:13_,
thoughtful [1] 1:7:10
thoughtful <sub>[1]</sub> 1:7:10 thoughts <sub>[3]</sub> 1:49:13_,
thoughtful [1] 1:7:10 thoughts [3] 1:49:13_, 1:87:17_, 1:89:11 three [18] 1:5:3_, 1:5:20.
thoughtful [1] - 1:7:10 thoughts [3] - 1:49:13 -, 1:87:17 -, 1:89:11 three [18] - 1:5:3 -, 1:5:20 -, 1:58:6 -, 1:61:3 -, 1:66:6 -,
thoughtful <sub>[1]</sub> - 1:7:10 thoughts <sub>[3]</sub> - 1:49:13_, 1:87:17_, 1:89:11 three <sub>[18]</sub> - 1:5:3_, 1:5:20_ _, 1:58:6_, 1:61:3_, 1:66:6_, 1:66:16_, 1:96:21_, 1:97:8_,
thoughtful [1] 1:7:10 thoughts [3] 1:49:13_, 1:87:17_, 1:89:11 three [18] 1:5:3_, 1:5:20_, 1:58:6_, 1:61:3_, 1:66:6_, 1:66:16_, 1:96:21_, 1:97:8_, 1:97:13_, 1:97:14_, 1:101:22
thoughtful [1] - 1:7:10 thoughts [3] - 1:49:13_, 1:87:17_, 1:89:11 three [18] - 1:5:3_, 1:5:20 _, 1:58:6_, 1:61:3_, 1:66:6_, 1:66:16_, 1:96:21_, 1:97:8_, 1:97:13_, 1:97:14_, 1:101:22 _, 1:102:8_, 1:102:9_,
thoughtful [1] - 1:7:10 thoughts [3] - 1:49:13., 1:87:17., 1:89:11 three [18] - 1:5:3., 1:5:20. -, 1:58:6., 1:61:3., 1:66:6., 1:66:16., 1:96:21., 1:97:8., 1:97:13., 1:97:14., 1:101:22 -, 1:102:8., 1:102:9., 1:113:22., 1:114:14.,
thoughtful $_{[1]-}$ - 1:7:10 thoughts $_{[3]-}$ - 1:49:13., 1:87:17., 1:89:11 three $_{[18]-}$ - 1:5:3., 1:5:20. ., 1:58:6., 1:61:3., 1:66:6., 1:66:16., 1:96:21., 1:97:8., 1:97:13., 1:97:14., 1:101:22., 1:102:8., 1:102:9., 1:113:22., 1:114:14., 1:157:24., 1:158:1., 1:158:8
thoughtful [1] - 1:7:10 thoughts [3] - 1:49:13., 1:87:17., 1:89:11 three [18] - 1:5:3., 1:5:20. -, 1:58:6., 1:61:3., 1:66:6., 1:66:16., 1:96:21., 1:97:8., 1:97:13., 1:97:14., 1:101:22., 1:102:8., 1:102:9., 1:113:22., 1:114:14., 1:157:24., 1:158:1., 1:158:8 three-factor [1] - 1:97:8
thoughtful [1] - 1:7:10 thoughts [3] - 1:49:13 -, 1:87:17 -, 1:89:11 three [18] - 1:5:3 -, 1:5:20 -, 1:58:6 -, 1:61:3 -, 1:66:6 -, 1:66:16 -, 1:96:21 -, 1:97:8 -, 1:97:13 -, 1:97:14 -, 1:101:22 -, 1:102:8 -, 1:102:9 -, 1:113:22 -, 1:114:14 -, 1:157:24 -, 1:158:1 -, 1:158:8 three-factor [1] - 1:97:8 throughout [4] - 1:10:12
thoughtful [1] - 1:7:10 thoughts [3] - 1:49:13., 1:87:17., 1:89:11 three [18] - 1:5:3., 1:5:20. -, 1:58:6., 1:61:3., 1:66:6., 1:66:16., 1:96:21., 1:97:8., 1:97:13., 1:97:14., 1:101:22., 1:102:8., 1:102:9., 1:113:22., 1:114:14., 1:157:24., 1:158:1., 1:158:8 three-factor [1] - 1:97:8
thoughtful [1] - 1:7:10 thoughts [3] - 1:49:13 -, 1:87:17 -, 1:89:11 three [18] - 1:5:3 -, 1:5:20 -, 1:58:6 -, 1:61:3 -, 1:66:6 -, 1:66:16 -, 1:96:21 -, 1:97:8 -, 1:97:13 -, 1:97:14 -, 1:101:22 -, 1:102:8 -, 1:102:9 -, 1:113:22 -, 1:114:14 -, 1:157:24 -, 1:158:1 -, 1:158:8 three-factor [1] - 1:97:8 throughout [4] - 1:10:12
thoughtful [1] - 1:7:10 thoughts [3] - 1:49:13 -, 1:87:17 -, 1:89:11 three [18] - 1:5:3 -, 1:5:20 -, 1:58:6 -, 1:61:3 -, 1:66:6 -, 1:66:16 -, 1:96:21 -, 1:97:8 -, 1:97:13 -, 1:97:14 -, 1:101:22 -, 1:102:8 -, 1:102:9 -, 1:113:22 -, 1:114:14 -, 1:157:24 -, 1:158:1 -, 1:158:8 three-factor [1] - 1:97:8 throughout [4] - 1:10:12 -, 1:10:15 -, 1:51:20 -, 1:144:3
thoughtful $[1]$ - 1:7:10 thoughts $[3]$ - 1:49:13_, 1:87:17_, 1:89:11 three $[18]$ - 1:5:3_, 1:5:20_, 1:58:6_, 1:61:3_, 1:66:6_, 1:66:16_, 1:96:21_, 1:97:8_, 1:97:13_, 1:97:14_, 1:101:22_, 1:102:8_, 1:102:9_, 1:113:22_, 1:114:14_, 1:157:24_, 1:158:1_, 1:158:8 three-factor $[1]$ - 1:97:8 throughout $[4]$ - 1:10:12_, 1:10:15_, 1:51:20_, 1:144:3 thrown $[1]$ - 1:99:18
thoughtful $[1]$ – 1:7:10 thoughts $[3]$ – 1:49:13 –, 1:87:17 –, 1:89:11 three $[18]$ – 1:5:3 –, 1:5:20 –, 1:58:6 –, 1:61:3 –, 1:66:6 –, 1:96:21 –, 1:97:8 –, 1:97:13 –, 1:97:14 –, 1:101:22 –, 1:102:8 –, 1:102:9 –, 1:113:22 –, 1:114:14 –, 1:157:24 –, 1:158:1 –, 1:158:8 three-factor $[1]$ – 1:97:8 throughout $[4]$ – 1:10:12 –, 1:10:15 –, 1:51:20 –, 1:144:3 thrown $[1]$ – 1:99:18 thrust $[2]$ – 1:139:3 –,
thoughtful $_{[1]}$ - 1:7:10 thoughts $_{[3]}$ - 1:49:13., 1:87:17., 1:89:11 three $_{[18]}$ - 1:5:3., 1:5:20, 1:58:6., 1:61:3., 1:66:6., 1:66:16., 1:96:21., 1:97:8., 1:97:13., 1:97:14., 1:101:22., 1:102:8., 1:102:9., 1:113:22., 1:114:14., 1:157:24., 1:158:1., 1:158:8 three-factor $_{[1]}$ - 1:97:8 throughout $_{[4]}$ - 1:10:12., 1:10:15., 1:51:20., 1:144:3 thrown $_{[1]}$ - 1:99:18 thrust $_{[2]}$ - 1:139:3., 1:155:5
thoughtful $[1]$ - 1:7:10 thoughts $[3]$ - 1:49:13_, 1:87:17_, 1:89:11 three $[18]$ - 1:5:3_, 1:5:20, 1:58:6, 1:61:3, 1:66:6, 1:66:16, 1:96:21, 1:97:8, 1:97:13, 1:97:14, 1:101:22, 1:102:8, 1:102:9, 1:113:22, 1:102:9, 1:113:22, 1:158:1, 1:158:8 three-factor $[1]$ - 1:97:8 throughout $[4]$ - 1:10:12, 1:10:15, 1:51:20, 1:144:3 thrown $[1]$ - 1:99:18 thrust $[2]$ - 1:139:3, 1:155:5 ticket $[1]$ - 1:94:14
thoughtful $_{[1]}$ - 1:7:10 thoughts $_{[3]}$ - 1:49:13., 1:87:17., 1:89:11 three $_{[18]}$ - 1:5:3., 1:5:20, 1:58:6., 1:61:3., 1:66:6., 1:66:16., 1:96:21., 1:97:8., 1:97:13., 1:97:14., 1:101:22., 1:102:8., 1:102:9., 1:113:22., 1:114:14., 1:157:24., 1:158:1., 1:158:8 three-factor $_{[1]}$ - 1:97:8 throughout $_{[4]}$ - 1:10:12., 1:10:15., 1:51:20., 1:144:3 thrown $_{[1]}$ - 1:99:18 thrust $_{[2]}$ - 1:139:3., 1:155:5
thoughtful $[1]$ - 1:7:10 thoughts $[3]$ - 1:49:13_, 1:87:17_, 1:89:11 three $[18]$ - 1:5:3_, 1:5:20, 1:58:6_, 1:61:3_, 1:66:6_, 1:66:16_, 1:96:21_, 1:97:8_, 1:97:13_, 1:97:14_, 1:101:22, 1:102:8_, 1:102:9_, 1:113:22_, 1:114:14_, 1:157:24_, 1:158:1_, 1:158:8 three-factor $[1]$ - 1:97:8 throughout $[4]$ - 1:10:12, 1:10:15_, 1:51:20_, 1:144:3 thrown $[1]$ - 1:99:18 thrust $[2]$ - 1:139:3_, 1:155:5 ticket $[1]$ - 1:94:14 Tillman $[4]$ - 1:5:9_,
thoughtful [1] - 1:7:10 thoughts [3] - 1:49:13 -, 1:87:17 -, 1:89:11 three [18] - 1:5:3 -, 1:5:20 -, 1:58:6 -, 1:61:3 -, 1:66:6 -, 1:66:16 -, 1:96:21 -, 1:97:8 -, 1:97:13 -, 1:97:14 -, 1:101:22 -, 1:102:8 -, 1:102:9 -, 1:113:22 -, 1:14:14 -, 1:157:24 -, 1:158:1 -, 1:158:8 three-factor [1] - 1:97:8 throughout [4] - 1:10:12 -, 1:10:15 -, 1:51:20 -, 1:144:3 thrown [1] - 1:99:18 thrust [2] - 1:139:3 -, 1:155:5 ticket [1] - 1:94:14 Tillman [4] - 1:5:9 -, 1:7:10 -, 1:90:22 -, 1:155:5
thoughtful [1] - 1:7:10 thoughts [3] - 1:49:13 -, 1:87:17 -, 1:89:11 three [18] - 1:5:3 -, 1:5:20 -, 1:58:6 -, 1:61:3 -, 1:66:6 -, 1:66:16 -, 1:96:21 -, 1:97:8 -, 1:97:13 -, 1:97:14 -, 1:101:22 -, 1:102:8 -, 1:102:9 -, 1:113:22 -, 1:114:14 -, 1:157:24 -, 1:158:1 -, 1:158:8 three-factor [1] - 1:97:8 throughout [4] - 1:10:12 -, 1:10:15 -, 1:51:20 -, 1:144:3 thrown [1] - 1:99:18 thrust [2] - 1:139:3 -, 1:155:5 ticket [1] - 1:94:14 Tillman [4] - 1:5:9 -, 1:7:10 -, 1:90:22 -, 1:155:5 tilting [1] - 1:63:4
thoughtful [1] - 1:7:10 thoughts [3] - 1:49:13 -, 1:87:17 -, 1:89:11 three [18] - 1:5:3 -, 1:5:20 -, 1:58:6 -, 1:61:3 -, 1:66:6 -, 1:66:16 -, 1:96:21 -, 1:97:8 -, 1:97:13 -, 1:97:14 -, 1:101:22 -, 1:102:8 -, 1:102:9 -, 1:13:22 -, 1:114:14 -, 1:157:24 -, 1:158:1 -, 1:158:8 three-factor [1] - 1:97:8 throughout [4] - 1:10:12 -, 1:10:15 -, 1:51:20 -, 1:144:3 thrown [1] - 1:99:18 thrust [2] - 1:139:3 -, 1:155:5 ticket [1] - 1:94:14 Tillman [4] - 1:5:9 -, 1:7:10 -, 1:90:22 -, 1:155:5 tilting [1] - 1:63:4 title [3] - 1:15:23 -, 1:38:14
thoughtful [1] - 1:7:10 thoughts [3] - 1:49:13 -, 1:87:17 -, 1:89:11 three [18] - 1:5:3 -, 1:5:20 -, 1:58:6 -, 1:61:3 -, 1:66:6 -, 1:66:16 -, 1:96:21 -, 1:97:8 -, 1:97:13 -, 1:97:14 -, 1:101:22 -, 1:102:8 -, 1:102:9 -, 1:113:22 -, 1:14:14 -, 1:157:24 -, 1:158:1 -, 1:158:8 three-factor [1] - 1:97:8 throughout [4] - 1:10:12 -, 1:10:15 -, 1:51:20 -, 1:144:3 thrown [1] - 1:99:18 thrust [2] - 1:139:3 -, 1:155:5 ticket [1] - 1:94:14 Tillman [4] - 1:5:9 -, 1:7:10 -, 1:90:22 -, 1:155:5 tilting [1] - 1:63:4 title [3] - 1:15:23 -, 1:38:14 -, 1:154:6
thoughtful [1] - 1:7:10 thoughts [3] - 1:49:13 -, 1:87:17 -, 1:89:11 three [18] - 1:5:3 -, 1:5:20 -, 1:58:6 -, 1:61:3 -, 1:66:6 -, 1:66:16 -, 1:96:21 -, 1:97:8 -, 1:97:13 -, 1:97:14 -, 1:101:22 -, 1:102:8 -, 1:102:9 -, 1:113:22 -, 1:102:9 -, 1:113:22 -, 1:14:14 -, 1:157:24 -, 1:158:1 -, 1:158:8 three-factor [1] - 1:97:8 throughout [4] - 1:10:12 -, 1:10:15 -, 1:51:20 -, 1:144:3 thrown [1] - 1:99:18 thrust [2] - 1:139:3 -, 1:155:5 ticket [1] - 1:94:14 Tillman [4] - 1:5:9 -, 1:7:10 -, 1:90:22 -, 1:155:5 tilting [1] - 1:63:4 title [3] - 1:15:23 -, 1:38:14 -, 1:154:6 Title [14] - 1:7:2 -, 1:8:1 -,
thoughtful [1] - 1:7:10 thoughts [3] - 1:49:13 -, 1:87:17 -, 1:89:11 three [18] - 1:5:3 -, 1:5:20 -, 1:58:6 -, 1:61:3 -, 1:66:6 -, 1:66:16 -, 1:96:21 -, 1:97:8 -, 1:97:13 -, 1:97:14 -, 1:101:22 -, 1:102:8 -, 1:102:9 -, 1:113:22 -, 1:14:14 -, 1:157:24 -, 1:158:1 -, 1:158:8 three-factor [1] - 1:97:8 throughout [4] - 1:10:12 -, 1:10:15 -, 1:51:20 -, 1:144:3 thrown [1] - 1:99:18 thrust [2] - 1:139:3 -, 1:155:5 ticket [1] - 1:94:14 Tillman [4] - 1:5:9 -, 1:7:10 -, 1:90:22 -, 1:155:5 tilting [1] - 1:63:4 title [3] - 1:15:23 -, 1:38:14 -, 1:154:6

```
1:13:19_, 1:16:3_, 1:18:20_,
1:30:21_, 1:120:10_,
1:127:12_, 1:127:20_,
1:128:8_, 1:130:6
 today [32]_ - 1:3:14_,
1:4:19_, 1:5:23_, 1:6:13_,
1:6:16_, 1:6:23_, 1:20:4_,
1:23:22_, 1:27:21_, 1:28:17.
_, 1:29:22_, 1:36:20_,
1:39:16_, 1:40:19_, 1:61:14
_, 1:61:22_, 1:62:2_, 1:71:7_,
1:71:8_, 1:90:24_, 1:91:6_,
1:92:15_, 1:93:24_, 1:95:25
_, 1:104:23_, 1:107:14_,
1:113:8_, 1:118:8_, 1:130:1
_, 1:133:24_, 1:134:15_,
1:161:2
 Todd [1]_ - 1:3:13
 together [3]_ - 1:20:1_,
1:141:9_, 1:147:4
 tolerated [2]_ - 1:124:18_,
1:124:20
 tomorrow [1]_ - 1:98:1
 took [3]_ - 1:51:11_,
1:146:7_, 1:158:16
 tool [1]_ - 1:126:13
 top [1]_ - 1:68:6
 topic [2]_ - 1:145:12_,
1:155:25
 touch [2]_ - 1:147:11_,
1:156:2
 touched [4]_ - 1:77:21_,
1:140:20_, 1:146:6_,
1:154:19
 toward [1]_ - 1:35:25
 towards [3]_ - 1:25:7_,
1:35:25_, 1:88:12
 track [1]_ - 1:51:12
 tracking [1]_ - 1:49:8
 tracks [1]_ - 1:91:22
 Trademark [1]_ - 1:50:7
 traditional [1]_ - 1:79:17
 transcript [1]_ - 1:144:23
 transform [3]_ - 1:151:20
_, 1:153:11_, 1:157:10
 transition [1]_ - 1:153:13
 Transportation [1]_ -
1:9:17
 traveling [1]_ - 1:113:9
 travels [1]_ - 1:161:8
 treasury [1]_ - 1:89:21
```

treat [8]\_ - 1:45:16\_,

\_, 1:140:6\_, 1:150:21\_,

1:83:12\_, 1:118:4\_, 1:140:5

treating [2]\_ - 1:38:18\_, 1:140:7 treatise [9]\_ - 1:42:2\_, 1:118:8\_, 1:118:10\_, 1:118:12\_, 1:118:14\_, 1:118:17\_, 1:119:6\_, 1:160:7 \_, 1:160:15 treats [1]\_ - 1:40:2 tremendous [1]\_ -1:137:25 trends [1]\_ - 1:25:7 trial [4]\_ - 1:41:13\_, 1:138:3 \_, 1:138:4\_, 1:138:5 tried [2]\_ - 1:122:25\_, 1:123:1 trio [1]\_ - 1:131:8 trouble [1]\_ - 1:34:15 true [24]\_ - 1:20:16\_, 1:44:2 \_, 1:46:3\_, 1:48:3\_, 1:48:23\_, 1:51:21\_, 1:54:5\_, 1:75:11\_, 1:82:19\_, 1:83:21\_, 1:85:20 \_, 1:88:1\_, 1:98:8\_, 1:130:18 \_, 1:135:4\_, 1:137:4\_, 1:146:20\_, 1:153:10\_, 1:157:14\_, 1:157:22\_, 1:157:23-, 1:158:20 Trump [15]\_ - 1:3:5\_, 1:3:13\_, 1:6:14\_, 1:91:1\_, 1:91:19\_, 1:97:15\_, 1:97:17 \_, 1:101:3\_, 1:103:11\_, 1:105:18\_, 1:105:19\_, 1:106:19\_, 1:107:13\_, 1:107:14\_, 1:110:8 Trump's [3]\_ - 1:4:20\_, 1:22:13\_, 1:91:14 try [6]\_ - 1:17:4\_, 1:20:13\_, 1:34:17\_, 1:107:5\_, 1:139:12 \_, 1:147:10 trying [4]\_ - 1:16:7\_, 1:43:5 \_, 1:104:4\_, 1:149:10 turn [12]\_ - 1:5:24\_, 1:13:22 \_, 1:45:22\_, 1:46:12\_, 1:49:21\_, 1:80:14\_, 1:87:2\_, 1:91:5\_, 1:100:25\_, 1:103:12 \_, 1:109:16\_, 1:119:18 turned [2]\_ - 1:115:10\_, 1:134:25 turning [2]\_ - 1:48:1\_, 1:77:21 turns [2]\_ - 1:37:18\_,

1:150:1 twice [1]\_ - 1:94:20 two [49]\_ - 1:6:23\_, 1:7:25\_, 1:11:3\_, 1:15:15\_, 1:16:14\_, 1:20:1\_, 1:24:24\_, 1:38:17\_, 1:38:19\_, 1:39:10\_, 1:39:11 \_, 1:39:13\_, 1:39:17\_, 1:41:7. \_. 1:41:8\_. 1:49:13\_. 1:53:11. \_, 1:55:5\_, 1:57:6\_, 1:60:4\_, 1:61:3\_, 1:64:3\_, 1:71:8\_, 1:71:21\_, 1:75:1\_, 1:80:19\_, 1:84:23\_, 1:91:16\_, 1:100:1 \_, 1:100:7\_, 1:100:22\_, 1:102:6\_, 1:108:3\_, 1:111:1 \_, 1:111:9\_, 1:113:17\_, 1:114:2\_, 1:114:8\_, 1:114:16. \_, 1:117:4\_, 1:121:25\_, 1:126:11\_, 1:130:21\_, 1:133:14\_, 1:133:15\_, 1:147:4 type [23]\_ - 1:10:17\_, 1:11:1\_, 1:11:20\_, 1:11:24\_, 1:13:14\_, 1:13:15\_, 1:17:4\_, 1:19:2\_, 1:19:3\_, 1:28:12\_, 1:29:11\_, 1:29:21\_, 1:35:18 \_, 1:38:9\_, 1:39:21\_, 1:58:9\_, 1:60:7\_, 1:63:3\_, 1:72:18\_, 1:79:4\_, 1:118:14\_, 1:139:24 \_, 1:141:24 types [9]\_ - 1:15:15\_, 1:16:14\_, 1:28:15\_, 1:29:12 \_, 1:29:13\_, 1:32:21\_, 1:45:12\_, 1:145:23\_, 1:152:23 U U.S [63]\_ - 1:10:12\_, 1:10:16\_, 1:18:3\_, 1:21:2\_, 1:24:11\_, 1:29:2\_, 1:29:13\_, 1:29:15\_, 1:31:15\_, 1:31:20. \_, 1:31:22\_, 1:32:1\_, 1:38:16.

\_, 1:51:1\_, 1:51:2\_, 1:66:10\_, 1:66:11\_, 1:77:16\_, 1:82:8\_, 1:83:8\_, 1:83:20\_, 1:87:4\_, 1:103:4\_, 1:103:5\_, 1:110:7. \_, 1:113:15\_, 1:113:23\_, 1:114:14\_, 1:115:18\_, 1:117:7\_, 1:120:10\_, 1:120:20\_, 1:121:5\_, 1:121:8 \_, 1:121:15\_, 1:121:17\_, 1:121:23\_, 1:122:2\_, 1:122:9 \_, 1:123:3\_, 1:123:5\_, 1:123:7\_, 1:123:13\_, 1:123:19\_, 1:123:23\_, 1:124:8\_, 1:124:12\_, 1:125:12\_, 1:125:16\_, 1:125:19\_, 1:126:25\_, 1:128:25\_, 1:129:3\_, 1:129:6

\_, 1:130:9\_, 1:130:12\_, 1:132:15\_, 1:134:5\_, 1:136:14\_, 1:137:21\_, 1:138:10\_, 1:157:22 U.S.C<sub>[6]</sub>\_ - 1:10:3\_, 1:31:23\_, 1:43:13\_, 1:47:22 \_, 1:104:15\_, 1:114:3 ultimate [3]\_ - 1:49:4\_, 1:150:16\_, 1:152:11 ultimately [5]\_ - 1:22:19\_, 1:24:3\_, 1:25:19\_, 1:33:10\_, 1:49:15 Ulysses [3]\_ - 1:60:16\_, 1:106:1\_, 1:156:6 umbrella [5]\_ - 1:88:13\_, 1:89:6\_, 1:89:9\_, 1:89:19\_, 1:99:4 unanimous [1]\_ - 1:72:19 unchallengeable[1]--1:146:15 unchallenged[1]\_ -1:139:6 unclear [1]\_ - 1:126:7 unconstitutional [2]\_ -1:93:19\_, 1:146:23 unconstitutionally [2]\_ -1:68:14\_, 1:156:13 uncontested [1]\_ - 1:43:1 under [37]\_ - 1:19:20\_, 1:19:24\_, 1:25:22\_, 1:26:24 \_, 1:29:23\_, 1:38:9\_, 1:42:15 \_, 1:43:14\_, 1:46:6\_, 1:48:15 \_, 1:58:13\_, 1:59:9\_, 1:66:8\_, 1:91:3\_, 1:101:4\_, 1:108:1\_, 1:113:24\_, 1:114:12\_, 1:119:5\_, 1:123:14\_, 1:134:1 \_, 1:135:5\_, 1:136:5\_, 1:136:19\_, 1:137:10\_, 1:138:9\_, 1:138:15\_, 1:139:5 \_, 1:140:23\_, 1:143:6\_, 1:146:16\_, 1:151:6\_, 1:152:22\_, 1:156:24\_, 1:159:15 undermine [1]\_ - 1:69:24 undermines [1]\_ -1:113:13 understood [7]\_ - 1:28:11. \_, 1:28:12\_, 1:63:3\_, 1:85:14 \_, 1:105:11\_, 1:149:21\_, 1:155:5 undisputed [2]\_ - 1:34:20 \_, 1:140:12 unfair [1]\_ - 1:26:4 uniformly [2]\_ - 1:41:9\_, 1:125:15

unique [8]\_ - 1:92:3\_, 1:92:18\_, 1:92:19\_, 1:94:3\_, 1:94:13\_, 1:94:20\_, 1:106:3 \_, 1:110:5 Unique [1]\_ - 1:94:8 uniqueness [3]\_ - 1:94:17. \_, 1:112:4 United [45]\_ - 1:3:4\_, 1:3:10\_, 1:5:7\_, 1:11:6\_, 1:17:12\_, 1:17:14\_, 1:40:12 \_, 1:41:9\_, 1:43:13\_, 1:47:21 \_, 1:47:24\_, 1:55:20\_, 1:56:21\_, 1:57:10\_, 1:57:15. \_, 1:57:17\_, 1:57:24\_, 1:58:5. \_, 1:71:22\_, 1:81:6\_, 1:84:16. \_, 1:84:17\_, 1:87:25\_, 1:91:25\_, 1:92:17\_, 1:95:12 \_, 1:102:17\_, 1:102:19\_, 1:102:20\_, 1:103:2\_, 1:103:6 \_, 1:108:12\_, 1:109:3\_, 1:113:7\_, 1:134:6\_, 1:135:2 \_, 1:135:16\_, 1:137:9\_, 1:153:22\_, 1:154:2\_, 1:154:5 \_, 1:154:23 united [1]\_ - 1:91:2 universe [1]\_ - 1:151:24 University [1]\_ - 1:110:21 unlawful [1]\_ - 1:4:21 unlawfully[1]\_ - 1:84:17 unless [6]\_ - 1:44:7\_, 1:93:8\_, 1:136:11\_, 1:137:15. \_, 1:156:12\_, 1:160:21 unwarranted [2]\_ -1:48:15\_, 1:151:6 up [38]\_ - 1:4:2\_, 1:4:11\_, 1:6:10\_, 1:11:2\_, 1:17:18\_, 1:20:12\_, 1:36:17\_, 1:49:24 \_, 1:51:13\_, 1:53:1\_, 1:55:15 \_, 1:58:25\_, 1:60:24\_, 1:61:4 \_, 1:66:13\_, 1:76:16\_, 1:84:6 \_, 1:85:23\_, 1:86:11\_, 1:92:11\_, 1:94:9\_, 1:97:8\_, 1:99:20\_, 1:104:13\_, 1:104:22\_, 1:107:20\_, 1:111:4\_, 1:111:14\_, 1:112:7 \_, 1:126:9\_, 1:133:13\_, 1:140:2\_, 1:143:10\_, 1:145:13\_, 1:147:12\_, 1:149:11\_, 1:157:4\_, 1:159:21 update [1]\_ - 1:151:3 updated [1]\_ - 1:100:13 upheld [1]\_ - 1:148:4

uphold [1]\_ - 1:74:2

upshot [1]\_ - 1:76:11

urge [1]\_ - 1:138:22

urging [1]\_ - 1:36:14 Urquidez [1]\_ - 1:44:14 useful [3]\_ - 1:66:23\_, 1:110:15\_, 1:111:3 uses [7]\_ - 1:13:8\_, 1:54:15\_, 1:81:4\_, 1:82:9\_, 1:89:25\_, 1:109:23\_, 1:154:13 usual [1]\_ - 1:4:1

## ٧

Valeo [1]\_ - 1:102:16

valid [5]\_ - 1:53:5\_,

1:106:21\_, 1:107:12\_, 1:117:4\_, 1:140:7 validity [4]\_ - 1:33:17\_, 1:34:5\_, 1:44:17\_, 1:67:5 validly [8]\_ - 1:43:2\_, 1:113:19\_. 1:115:11\_. 1:115:15\_, 1:117:4\_, 1:118:23\_, 1:134:7\_, 1:134:8 Valley [1]\_ - 1:154:1 value [2]\_ - 1:26:7\_, 1:118:15 varied [1]\_ - 1:22:14 variety [1]\_ - 1:124:3 various 191\_ - 1:10:12\_. 1:18:6\_, 1:18:7\_, 1:58:3\_, 1:66:18\_, 1:87:9\_, 1:105:12 \_, 1:122:14\_, 1:122:15 venued [1]\_ - 1:18:14 verb [1]- - 1:21:6 Verdugo [1]\_ - 1:44:14 Verdugo-Urquidez[1]\_ - 1:44:14 versus [9]\_ - 1:9:1\_, 1:16:21\_, 1:35:21\_, 1:46:10 \_, 1:47:10\_, 1:49:6\_, 1:50:14 \_, 1:109:12\_, 1:143:15 vest [3]\_ - 1:83:16\_, 1:112:2\_, 1:136:17 vested [5]\_ - 1:63:19\_, 1:64:9\_, 1:71:11\_, 1:93:15\_, 1:156:19 vesting [22]\_ - 1:9:25\_, 1:12:23\_, 1:12:24\_, 1:54:12 \_, 1:54:19\_, 1:54:21\_, 1:54:22\_, 1:55:2\_, 1:81:17\_, 1:81:21\_, 1:82:1\_, 1:82:8\_, 1:82:16\_, 1:87:10\_, 1:88:22 \_, 1:89:7\_, 1:89:9\_, 1:89:20\_, 1:90:10\_, 1:141:14\_, 1:153:15 video[1]\_ - 1:4:16

1:19:11\_, 1:24:2\_, 1:24:14\_, 1:25:15\_, 1:30:14\_, 1:37:2\_, 1:53:5\_, 1:55:12\_, 1:87:4\_, 1:96:13\_, 1:109:6\_, 1:109:13. \_, 1:109:15\_, 1:109:16\_, 1:118:1\_, 1:120:4\_, 1:122:8 \_, 1:122:9\_, 1:126:4\_, 1:127:22\_, 1:128:16\_, 1:130:15\_, 1:132:16\_, 1:137:11\_, 1:141:15\_, 1:152:22\_, 1:157:18\_, 1:158:12\_, 1:159:16\_, 1:160:16 viewed [5]\_ - 1:61:7\_, 1:63:6\_, 1:122:1\_, 1:124:4\_, 1:124:8 viewing[1]\_ - 1:128:2 views [1]\_ - 1:25:15 violations [1]\_ - 1:75:19 virtually [2]\_ - 1:46:20\_, 1:46:24 void [1]\_ - 1:86:11

view [32]\_ - 1:4:9\_, 1:7:17\_,

## W

wait<sub>[2]</sub>\_ - 1:56:25\_, 1:104:18 walk<sub>[1]</sub> - 1:111:2 wall [1]\_ - 1:108:9 Walsh [1]\_ - 1:125:2 Waltine [1]\_ - 1:3:5 wants [7]\_ - 1:41:2\_, 1:54:7\_, 1:54:8\_, 1:79:11\_, 1:94:13\_, 1:126:21\_, 1:131:14 warrant<sub>[1]</sub>\_ - 1:29:17 warranted [1]\_ - 1:67:20 Watergate [6]\_ - 1:52:15 \_, 1:65:13\_, 1:65:14\_, 1:111:22\_, 1:112:1\_, 1:115:2 ways [5]\_ - 1:18:10\_, 1:28:22\_, 1:75:1\_, 1:77:8\_, 1:89:14 weekend[1]\_ - 1:161:7 weeks [1]\_ - 1:124:1 weight[2]\_ - 1:25:15\_, 1:93:22 weird [1]\_ - 1:52:11 Weiss [5]\_ - 1:51:24\_, 1:63:10\_, 1:77:15\_, 1:125:21 \_, 1:126:23 well-defined [1]\_ - 1:18:6 whatsoever<sub>[2]</sub>\_ - 1:33:2 \_, 1:118:21

whereas [3]\_ - 1:57:8\_, 1:107:13\_, 1:139:24 whichever[1]\_ - 1:71:17 whiskey[1]\_ - 1:60:17 Whiskey [2]\_ - 1:60:17\_, 1:110:12 White [1]\_ - 1:139:17 white [1]\_ - 1:100:21 whoa<sub>[2]</sub>\_ - 1:102:23\_, 1:112:7 1:159:21 whole [6]\_ - 1:34:8\_, 1:42:6\_, 1:113:14\_, 1:120:8 \_, 1:120:19\_, 1:149:19 1:133:10 wholly [2]\_ - 1:27:3\_, 1:72:12 wide [2]\_ - 1:124:3\_, 1:155:6 wide-ranging [1]\_ -1:155:6 1:132:14 wield [1]- - 1:138:16 wielded[1]\_ - 1:31:13 wielding[1]\_ - 1:100:19 wields [1]\_ - 1:79:5 William [2]\_ - 1:97:13\_, 1:120:5 1:124:22 Williamson [1]\_ - 1:120:5 winding[1]\_ - 1:6:10 wins [1]\_ - 1:19:6 wish [4]\_ - 1:13:23\_, 1:52:10\_, 1:133:3\_, 1:161:7 1:150:7 wishing [1]\_ - 1:4:9 wit [1]\_ - 1:154:20 wondering [2]\_ - 1:19:13. \_, 1:30:14 WOODWARD [2]\_ -1:3:17\_, 1:6:17 Woodward [2]\_ - 1:3:18\_, 1:6:15 word [40]\_ - 1:10:1\_, 1:10:11\_, 1:11:10\_, 1:12:23 \_, 1:13:6\_, 1:13:8\_, 1:21:3\_, 1:34:16\_, 1:37:6\_, 1:55:2\_, 1:56:13\_, 1:57:6\_, 1:62:16\_, 1:62:20\_, 1:63:2\_, 1:63:17\_, 1:63:23\_, 1:64:4\_, 1:64:13\_, 1:68:5\_, 1:81:4\_, 1:81:8\_, 1:81:13\_, 1:81:23\_, 1:82:5\_, 1:88:10\_, 1:88:12\_, 1:88:15 \_, 1:88:22\_, 1:89:25\_, 1:90:9 \_, 1:90:12\_, 1:94:20\_, 1:100:4\_, 1:101:9\_, 1:108:6 \_, 1:109:23\_, 1:131:2\_, 1:135:19 words [11]\_ - 1:13:3\_,

1:63:12\_, 1:88:5\_, 1:88:10\_, 1:90:10\_, 1:99:23\_, 1:100:21 \_, 1:106:17\_, 1:108:3\_, 1:142:19\_, 1:156:9 works [1]\_ - 1:74:16 world<sub>[1]</sub>\_ - 1:125:24 worried[1]\_ - 1:126:15 wrangling[1]\_ - 1:33:19 wrap [4]\_ - 1:107:20\_, 1:133:13\_, 1:143:10\_, wrote [4]\_ - 1:93:24\_, 1:101:9\_, 1:110:21\_,

## Υ

year [8]\_ - 1:26:18\_, 1:102:1\_, 1:106:8\_, 1:106:10. \_, 1:106:20\_, 1:107:15\_, yearly[1]\_ - 1:85:9 years [10] - 1:56:6, 1:68:14\_, 1:72:3\_, 1:72:15\_, 1:85:15\_, 1:86:11\_, 1:86:20. \_, 1:99:14\_, 1:101:24\_, York [2]\_ - 1:23:10\_, 1:59:6

## Z

zero [2] - 1:150:4\_, zooming [1]\_ - 1:27:10